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ARMORED TRAIN GUARDS SHOT DOWN UNRESISTING MINERS

WITNESS TELLS OF THE UNPROVOKED KILLING OF MEN AND WOMEN.

SENATOR IS SHOCKED

MINE OPERATOR DIRECTED FIRE OF HIRED FIGHTING MEN.

MACHINE GUNS WERE USED

Investigation of the West Virginia Coal Strike Brings Startling Charges to Light.

Charleston, W. Va., June 14.—Inquiry by the senate committee investigating the coal mine strike today centered about a single battle in the coal strike in the Paint and Cabin Creek districts. Almost all day the committee heard statements concerning the attack on Holly Grove, the strikers' camp, from an armored train which was run up into the strike district on February 7.

The committee was astounded at the testimony of Lee Calvin, an ex-mine guard, who was one of the men in the armored train when the strikers' camp was fired on, Cisco Estep, a miner, was killed, and Mrs. Annie Hall wounded. Calvin was called by the attorneys for the miners and told a sensational story of the attack. After relating he had been a "chief guard" on Cabin Creek and had left the district because of the shooting there, he said that Sheriff Bonnerhill and Quinn Morton, a mine operator, had prevailed upon him to join in the party going up Cabin Creek valley.

"There were ten or twelve men in the armored car," said Calvin, "and when we got to Paint Creek Junction all of them began getting rifles ready. They tried to give me a rifle, but I told them I had no shooting to do. The brakeman came through the train and turned down the lights.

Shot Through Windows.

"He told us not to raise the windows, but to shoot right through the windows. I was peeping out of an open window and as we came up to Holly Grove I saw a stream of fire start out of the baggage car where the machine guns were mounted. The stream kept up as we went through Holly Grove.

"As we passed I saw three or four flashes of fire from the tents."

He didn't see any shots from the tents before the shooting began from the train.

"I just heard the engine whistle blow 'toot-toot' and the shooting from the train began. I am positive the shooting first began from the baggage car."

The witness said that Quinn Morton was on the train. When the train had passed the miners' camp at Holly Grove, he said, Morton came running back through the car and shouted:

"Back up the train and we will give them another round."

"I think the sheriff told him something about there being women and children up in those tents and he wouldn't shoot," said the witness.

Senator Martine Enraged.

At this statement Senator Martine of New Jersey almost leaped from his chair.

"What sort of a man is this man Paul Morton—I mean Quinn Morton?" he shouted. "Is he an ordinary American citizen that he could order such a thing?"

Attorneys for the coal operators were on their feet and in a moment the committee room was in confusion.

"Mr. Morton will be brought before your committee," shouted Attorney Jackson, "and you will see him and talk with him."

"God help me then," remarked Senator Martine.

The attorneys for the operators protested vigorously against Senator Martine's remarks and after some argument they were told by the committee that they would be given an opportunity to cross examine Calvin and to call witnesses in rebuttal.

"The senator ought not to say that," said Mr. Jackson.

"I just can't help it," said Senator Martine.

"Under examination by Mr. Belcher, the witness repeated the statement that Quinn Morton came through the car hollering "Back up the train and we will give them another round."

Armored Train on Guard.

He said that when the train reached Mucklow, just above Holly Grove, the men in the armored car remained there for three days until after the last "battle of Mucklow."

Calvin told the committee that he warned the company bookkeeper, named Bobbett, who was killed in the battle, not to go up into the hills that day.

"I was there when they brought him back on a stretcher," he said, "him and the others who were shot in the battle."

The witness declared that Chesapeake and Ohio detectives had "slugged him" in a Charleston hotel because he had quit the company.

Women and men who showed traces of years of arduous toil digging coal from the West Virginia mountains told the committee their side of the controversy.

It was a tale of a peaceful community of happy, contented people transformed into a theatre of war, and the members of the senate committee sat back with startled gravity as witness after witness told the story of the strike. Attorneys for the striking miners in presenting their case called many men and women of the hills to tell the committee of the at-

Continued on Page 2.

BRIDGIE WEBBER IMPROVING

Gunman Stabbed in Back Said to Be in No Danger From the Wound.

New York, June 14.—"Bridgie" Webber, the Rosenthal murder case witness, who was stabbed early today and taken to a hospital suffering from weakness through loss of blood, was believed tonight to be well on the road to recovery.

His wound, which is in the back and was inflicted, according to "Bridgie" by a boy who stepped up behind him while he was on the way to the Astor Place subway station after having attended an East Side function, is only about an inch deep and no serious results are anticipated.

Webber at first expressed the fear that the tip of the knife with which he had been stabbed had been poisoned, but no indications of infection have so far appeared.

In view of threats that were reported to have been made against witnesses for the state in the Becker trial, a rigid investigation of the attack on Webber is being made by the police department.

At District Attorney Whitman's office today it was said that even a fatal wounding of Webber or any other of the prosecution's witnesses against Becker and his four gunmen would not hamper the state should new trials be granted. The sworn testimony of "Bridgie" could readily be used should he not be able to testify in person.

Hazers and Friends Are Reinstated At the A. & M. College

Although no official announcement from the Agricultural and Mechanical college of Texas has been made, information has reached Waco that at the commencement exercises the faculty voted to reinstate the boys who were dismissed from college because of the hazing incident and the strike which occurred at the same time.

It will be remembered that several hundred went on strike and all were dismissed, in addition to twenty-seven who were expelled for hazing. Among these were several Waco boys. All have been reinstated and will be allowed to re-enter the college in September, after taking a pledge to not engage in hazing.

Austin Rumor Is Bralley Has Been Offered A. & M. Head

Austin, June 14.—It is rumored about the capitol today that the presidency of the A. and M. college to succeed Col. R. T. Milner, resigned, has been offered to F. M. Bralley, state superintendent of public education.

Mr. Bralley is not in the city, therefore the report cannot be confirmed. This is in line with the forecast made several times in the Waco Morning News.

No Rain Today and Weather Is Warmer

WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF A BEE GOT UP INSIDE YOUR PANTS?
Z-Z-Z
Z-Z-Z

"Mercury gettin' away from me, but I can't help it." And Dr. I. Block shrugged his shoulders to show how helpless he was. "Been giving you mighty fine weather this week, but the thermom climbed to 92 degrees yesterday, the warmest weather since Monday. There's not a bit of rain in sight."

Local Temperatures.

Local temperatures, furnished by Dr. I. Block, voluntary weather observer, for the twenty-four hours ending Saturday at 7 p. m.: Maximum 92, minimum 62, barometer 29.2, humidity 42. Today warmer with no indications of rain.

Washington Forecast.

Washington, June 14.—Arkansas—Fair and continued warm weather for Sunday, and probably Monday.

Louisiana—Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

East Texas—Probably fair Sunday and Monday.

Oklahoma — Fair and continued warm Sunday and probably Monday.

West Texas—Fair Sunday and Monday.

British Polo Players in Action With Americans

Right to left—Capt. R. G. Ritson, Capt. Cheape, F. M. Freake, Capt. A. N. Edwards and Capt. V. U. Lockett.

AMERICA WINS POLO

DEFEATS BRITISH TEAM BY NARROW MARGIN AFTER DESPERATE PLAY.

Will Retain International Trophy—A Crowd of 35,000 Watched the Game.

Meadowbrook Club, Westbury, L. I., July 14.—By the narrow margin of one-quarter of one goal, the American polo team won the second and deciding game of the international cup series at the Meadowbrook club this afternoon and thereby retains the trophy another year.

The score was 4½ to 4¼. The United States four and the English challengers for one hour engaged in the most desperate kind of play. Polo of the type shown by both the fours this afternoon has never been seen heretofore in either national or international contests in this country.

The spectacle thrilled the crowd of 35,000 persons, which rooted like a typical baseball crowd.

The clever team play shown by the Americans Tuesday was missing, and the English showed better team attack, even their British ponies playing the game as though they knew international honor was at stake. It was only by daring flashes of individual play that the Americans finally were able to win.

The substitution of L. E. Stoddard for "Monte" Waterbury and the moving back of Larry Waterbury to No. 3 caused a noticeable break in the American team play. Neither Waterbury nor Stoddard appeared to get in communication and repeatedly missed the goals.

At 4:15 the English ponies were paraded by the stands. The thirty-three mounts, each in charge of a groom, made a striking picture as they pranced along the side boards.

Following the cup challengers' ponies came the American ponies, twenty-five in number. They wore numbered saddle cloths corresponding to the playing position of the rider.

At 4:30 the players of both teams came on the field and proceeded to warm up.

Play in the first period was begun at 4:38.

First Period—Referee Strowbridge threw the ball in and Captain Freake took it out of the scrimmage. It was driven quickly to the English side but only for a few seconds. Then back and forth the willow was carried by excellent team work by both British and American players. The Americans were on the defensive. The English drove hard and at 4:45 Captain Cheape made the first goal. Lockett carried the ball all the way up the field, but Whitney stopped him.

Second Period—Cheape just missed another goal, riding through after the ball. The play at first was close to the American goal. Milburn rushed in and carried it to center, aided by Waterbury. Waterbury missed a goal. Lockett took the ball away from Stoddard and prevented a goal. A foul was called against Whitney. Cheape carried the ball down, but struck wide of the goal.

Third Period—The Americans were on the defensive. Milburn just saved the ball from being a safety. Stoddard, Waterbury and Milburn carried the ball to the English side, but Milburn missed two goal chances. Stoddard scored the first goal for the Americans.

Fourth Period—The play in the beginning was in the English field. Both Ritson and Lockett missed strokes at critical moments. Stoddard scored the second goal for the Americans. This was immediately followed by the third American goal. Whitney played a few moments with a broken mallet.

Fifth Period—The Englishmen drove the ball on the American side but the latter got it away from the challengers close to the home goal. After milling a couple of minutes, a goal for England was made by Cheape. Then followed a rush down the field, the challengers driving the ball. Cheape made the second goal and then missed his third goal. Larry Waterbury missed a goal by about one foot on a drive of sixty yards. Captain Ritson saved a goal by scoring a safety.

Sixth Period—Lockett missed an easy goal. Cheape missed a free field shot for a goal. A British goal was made by Cheape after some very desperate playing. The men rode shoulder to shoulder down the field. This was immediately followed by another

Continued on Page 2

The Old American Polo Team Called Back to Defend the Title Against British

Lower left hand corner is Stodda rd; mounted is Devereux Milburn; upper right hand corner, Larry Wo odbury; in the circle, Harry Payne Whitney, captain.

MORGAN OPPOSES MONOPOLY

Bacon Says Steel Corporation Not Intended to Restrain Competition.

New York, June 14.—Robert Bacon, a director of the United States Steel Corporation, former ambassador to France and former member of the firm of J. P. Morgan and company, testifying today as a witness for the defense in the hearing of the government suit to dissolve the corporation, described negotiations which led up to the formation of the corporation and corroborated the testimony of Judge Gary that the idea of obtaining a monopoly or suppressing competition were not discussed by its organizers.

"Mr. Morgan said that under no consideration would he take part in an organization that would restrain competition or be considered a monopoly," said the witness. "Mr. Morgan believed that if he could take part in the organization of this corporation it would be the crowning achievement of his business career. He believed that the effect of the corporation would be tremendously beneficial to the industrial fabric of the country.

"Judge Gary, chairman of the corporation, has carried out Mr. Morgan's ideas," he said in conclusion. "He has changed the old methods. He has abolished the old order of warfare and destructive competition and has been responsible for new conditions in other industries as well as steel."

Mr. Bacon was a director of the Illinois and Federal Steel companies before they were acquired by the corporation and figured in the organization of the parent company. He resigned from its directorate in 1903 and was re-elected in 1912, he said.

Texas Trade Boosters Sail.

Galveston, June 14.—Fifteen trade evangels left this morning on the chartered steamer Preston for a visit of a month to countries of Central America. They will visit the Panama canal before returning.

Galveston, Houston, Fort Worth and Handley, Texas, are represented.

The party will be away until July 15. Honduras, Guatemala, Panama and other countries will be visited with a view of closer trade relations with Texas.

OPPOSED TO ANTI-TRUST LAW

United States Chamber of Commerce Fights Exemption of Farmers and Labor Unions.

Washington, June 14.—By a heavy majority, the constituent members of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, in referendum votes, announced tonight, opposed the exemption of labor and agricultural organizations from prosecution under the anti-trust law, as provided in the sundry civil bill, and favored the establishment of a permanent tariff commission.

The appropriation in the sundry civil bill for enforcement of the anti-trust law is made with the prohibition that none of the funds shall be used for the prosecution of labor or agricultural combinations. The bill is about to go to President Wilson for his signature and the result of the business men's vote on the subject will reach him about the same time that the bill does.

The business men contend that an offense against the provisions of the anti-trust law are no less an offense when committed by combinations of labor or agriculture than when committed by business combinations and that a prohibition of the use of the funds appointed for prosecuting offenders of the law amounts to a form of absolution from penalty for violating laws that are unrepealed and unamended, on the statute books.

The business men through the organization federated in the chamber voted with practical unanimity for a permanent tariff commission, which would be bi-partisan in character, nominated by the president and confirmed by the senate with authority to gather information but without power to make recommendations except when called for by the body having power to institute tariff legislation.

The referendum had been forty-five days in process of development.

The vote was 669 to 9, the former representing sixty-nine organizations in thirty-five states; the latter four organizations in three states.

For the tariff commission the vote stood 715 to 9 in favor of the commission, the former representing 183 organizations in thirty-seven states; the latter six organizations in six states.

AMERICA MUST LEAD WORLD PEACE

BRYAN SAYS NATION WILL HEAD THE CRUSADE AGAINST WAR.

25 NATIONS ARE TO AID

Makes Declaration at Flag Day Exercises in the National Capital.

Washington, June 14.—Secretary Bryan was the chief orator today at the flag day exercises conducted in the interior court of the postoffice department, Secretary Lane presided.

During one hour all the employes of the department paid homage to the colors and assembled in the archways of each of the eight floors of the big court. The postmaster general took part in the exercises.

"The American flag and world peace" was Secretary Bryan's subject. He vividly pictured his ideal of a world of friendly nations among which war would have no place and told his auditors that steps were now being taken to insure universal peace.

"Only this morning," he said, "I received assurance from the empire of Japan of its desire to renew with the United States its general arbitration treaty. Before next Christmas I am expecting that at least 25 nations will have concluded with this country treaties by the terms of which controversies which cannot be adjusted otherwise may be referred to a disinterested international tribunal, thus practically insuring peace and justice between the United States and all of the great nations of the world.

"Love is a stronger force than fear. It is the proud boast of this nation that our flag is loved rather than feared. No gun ever mounted is as strong as a great thought. Great thoughts are the controlling force of the world, and love is the basis of every great thought."

Concluding in an apotheosis to the flag, Secretary Bryan compared the ideals represented respectively by Christ and Pilate:

"The power of the unarmed men of Galilee is represented by that flag and no man will dare to put it on the side of Pilate, who was the embodiment of force. Let us always make it a symbol of the nation's purpose—a purpose pure enough to be represented by such a flag.

"The ideals of this nation shall be greater than its armament and it always shall represent a cause so just that it will bear the blessing of Almighty God."

STATE. REGULATES SAVINGS

Federal Government Does Not Control the Postal Deposits of Deceased.

Washington, June 14.—It is not within the power of the federal government to regulate the disposition of savings of a deceased depositor in postal savings banks, but the subject lies entirely within the control of the state which was the domicile of the dead depositor, declared Comptroller of the Treasury Downey in an opinion today to Postmaster General Burleson. The opinion practically reversed an opinion by former Attorney General Wickersham and nullifies regulations drafted by the board of trustees of the postal savings system which authorized postmasters to pay after the deduction of funeral expenses the postal savings of a deceased depositor to any persons to whom they had bequeathed or in case of a beneficiary ahd not been named, to pay the amount to blood relations in a designated order of precedence.

The former attorney general and the board of trustees, said the comptroller, whose opinion is apparently final, failed fully to consider the fact that the states have the right to and do regulate descents and methods by which property may be disposed of otherwise than as provided on the various "statutes of descents."

Release American Yacht.

Washington, June 14.—The American yacht Columbia, seized by the Japanese authorities for unlawful entry into the closed port of Nagahama has been released and what threatened to be an international incident has disappeared.

Withdraws from Race.

San Marcos, June 14.—Daniel Watson of San Marcos, member of the lower house of the legislature, today withdrew from the contest for the unexpired term of Former Senator Weinert of the Twenty-first senatorial district, leaving the race to James Harley of Seguin. The election is set for July 19.

IRON AND STEEL RAW MATERIALS ON FREE LIST

ACTION OF SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE MEANS $2,000,000 ANNUAL REVENUE LOSS.

METAL SCHEDULE IS CUT

Average Reduction of Ten Per Cent on All Finished Steel Products.

Washington, June 14.—The transfer to the free list of the tariff bill of iron and steel raw materials with an estimated dutiable value of more than $600,000,000 a year was approved today by the majority members of the senate finance committee. This increased the senate's additions to the Underwood free list to an aggregate annual loss of $2,000,000 in revenue, making the total estimated annual revenue loss from the free list about $27,000,000.

After an entire day spent on the sub-committee's report of the metal schedule, Chairman Simmons announced that it had been widely cut, nearly every item of the schedule being reduced. To the free list were added pig iron, ferro manganese, steel blooms, slabs and billets. On all finished teel products an average reduction of 10 per cent was made from the Underwood rates.

Lead, zinc and aluminum were left to be disposed of Monday.

Aluminum will be changed from an ad valorem to a specific tariff basis and the duty will be reduced, but will not be transferred to the free list as many advocated. Aluminum experts will be called in Monday to go over the committee's proposed specific rates.

All structural steel, which was made dutiable at 12 per cent in the Underwood bill, has been reduced compensatory to the free listing of raw materials, the average rates being about ten per cent ad valorem. The raw materials were placed on the free list largely because they were controlled by the United States Steel corporation.

Bill Nearly Complete.

Senator Simmons said the administration features of the bill, which have presented such a problem, would be acted upon Monday or Tuesday, and that the bill would be ready for the caucus by Wednesday or Thursday. It was agreed by many of the democratic senators that it would have been well had there been no attempt at this session to revise the tariff adminitrative regulations. Inasmuch as the house bill has many changes and the senate has considered the subject for many weeks, it finally was determined that the revision task should be completed.

All democrats of the finance committee made no secret of their wish that it would have been possible to retain the Payne-Aldrich administrative provisions until a commission could make a thorough study of the subject.

On Monday the committee will take up the agricultural and sundries and the free list. It is predicted the caucus will make few changes and that debate on the measure can begin in the senate by Wednesday, June 25.

REBELS NEGOTIATE LOAN.

Citizens of Matamoros Called on for One Hundred Thousand Pesos.

Brownvills, June 14.—Efforts are being made by constitutionalists at Matamoros to negotiate a loan of one hundred thousand pesos from the citizens of Matamoros. Twenty citizens in Brownsville approached on the matter and an attorney representing several succeeded in obtaining promise of fifty thousand pesos.

It is believed the balance will be raised as citizens fear their property will be damaged or destroyed if the loan is not forthcoming.

Sautena company, a Mexican land syndicate owning thousands of acres of land in the state of Tamaulipas, has loaned the constitutionalists 50,000 pesos, obtaining full release of cattle held pending the closing of the loan.

G. A. R. and Confederates.

Nashville, June 14.—Mrs. Alexander B. White of Paris, Tenn., president general of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, has received an unexpected response to a circular sent to chapters, urging their aid for Confederates desiring to attend the Gettysburg reunion.

General Eli Torrance of Minneapolis, former G. A. R. commander, has responded with two drafts for $120 and $20 respectively to be used in sending veterans of Lee's army.

Five University Professors Are Arrested for Vivisection

Philadelphia, June 14.—Warrants were issued here today for the arrest of five professors and surgeons of the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania for cruelty to animals in connection with vivisection of dogs. This constitutes the second step in legislation by the women's society for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Recently, Dr. Sweet of the University, was arrested on a similar charge.

The defendants, who must appear before a police magistrate next Saturday, are: Dr. Allen Smith, formerly dean of the medical school; Dr. Edward Tyson Reichert, professor of physiology; Dr. Alonzo Engelbert Taylor, professor of physiological history; Dr. Richard Mills Pearce, Jr., professor of research medicine, and Alfred M. Richards. It is said that warrants for other members of the faculty probably will be issued in a few days.

John R. K. Scott, counsel for the women's society, said tonight: "This proceeding is not based on vivisection of animals, but the needless cruelty and neglect of the animal after it has been submitted to experiments and operations."

It has been brought to the society's attention that a dog has been subjected to such an operation as breaking of the spine, removing parts of the brain and stomach, and the animal was placed on the cement floor and no attempt made to relieve its suf-

TITLE INSURANCE

No. 20

This is an age of progress, old ideas and sysems give way to more modern business methods. There is but one alternative—man must keep up with the procession or be crushed by its irresistible onward sweep. Are you using up-to-date business methods or are you just plodding along in the same old rut traveled by your ancestors? Do you carry your own fire insurance, are you carrying life insurance for the protection of your family, are you carrying title insurance on your real estate? If not, ask yourself the question, CAN I AFFORD TO TAKE THE RISK? If you do this, we feel no hesitancy in saying that you will wonder why you have not had your title insured long ago.

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AMERICA WINS POLO

Continued from Page 1

goal by England made by Freake. Whitney back-handed the ball down toward the English goal and Waterbury followed it up and drove it through, scoring for America. Another American goal was made by Stoddard just at the ring of the bell.

Seventh period—Milburn fell from his horse in an early scrimmage, but was not hurt. Immediately afterward Ritson scored a goal, but it was not allowed. Lockett was charged with a foul for crossing Waterbury. Ritson saved a goal for his side. Milburn then saved a goal for the American side. Waterbury missed a goal by inches. No scores.

Eighth Period—Both teams came on the field with fresh ponies. Lockett opened with a poor drive and Whitney recovered the ball and missed a goal. Waterbury in two strokes carried the ball from midfield and missed a goal by two feet. Lockett blocked Stoddard's shot and saved a goal. Stoddard drove the ball over the side boards at a critical moment. Freake, with a free field, missed a splendid chance for a goal. Ritson missed a goal. Both teams played desperately. The bell rang without either side scoring in the last period.

Demands Better Militia.

Austin, June 14.—More efficient service is to be demanded of the state militia, and in consequence of the tightening up of the requirements by the United States war department, Adjutant General Henry Hutchings is notifying all organizations of the Texas National Guard of the requirements. Those companies failing to come up to the standard will be mustered out of the service.

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WACO, TEXAS

V. V. PARR IS COLONEL

PROMOTION LIST IN MILITARY DEPARTMENT AT A. & M. COLLEGE.

Commandant Announces the List of Officers in the Cadet Corps.

College Station, June 14.—The annual promotion list for the corps of cadets at the Agricultural and Mechanical college has been announced by Lieutenant Levi G. Brown, commandant.

The promotions follow:

To be colonel, V. V. Parr.

To be lieutenant colonel, W. N. Reed.

To be majors, A. A. Lenert, A. C. Miller and E. L. Tanner.

Captain and adjutant, M. H. Kotsebue.

Captain and quartermaster, F. H. Schmidt.

Captain and Commissary, L. H. Powell.

Captain and Ordinance officer, E. Gibbons.

First lieutenants and battallion adjutants, F. W. Hoofner, C. F. Emmett, P. T. McGinnis.

Second lieutenants and quatrermasters, H. A. Wear, A. H. Irby, J. A. Peterson.

Regimental sergeant major, A. W. Kinnard.

Regimental quartermaster sergeant, E. M. Peters.

Regimental color sergeant, C. E. P. Wisrodt.

Regimental commissary sergeant, G. W. Adriance.

Regimental ordinance sergeant, W. H. Bates.

Chief trumpeter, A. A. Sherley.

Battallion sergeants, major—H. F. Ellis, E. O. Francisco, M. O. Crisp.

Captains, M. K. Kotzebue, G. P. Knox, F. L. Scott, M. B. Tinker, O. J. James, W. G. Beasley, G. F. Jordan, L. E. Powell, F. H. Schmidt, H. P. Mayers, E. Gibbens, J. M. Vosseler, H. H. Stelzig, J. B. Snider, W. S. Broome, B. C. Ball, H. M. Brundrett.

First lieutenants, F. W. Hoopfner, O. P. Emmett, F. T. McGinnis, G. E. Booth, E. L. Ayers, C. A. Bigers, J. C. McDowell, F. Gorginski, T. W. Jones, H. E. Braunig, C. B. Warren, F. B. Parkman, E. L. Bradley, C. D. Camp, T. C. Davis, S. H. Slay.

Second lieutenants, H. A. Wear, A. H. Irby, J. A. Peterson, A. L. Jennings, B. Green, W. E. Farthing, J. J. Herrington, V. H. Miller, G. I. Lane, N. S. Taliaferro, J. C. Goodwin, W. O. Bower, D. T. Killough, J. E. Rhodes, M. E. Rollins.

First sergeants, E. N. Hogue, R. H. Allen, J. S. Bugbee, L. Brown, B. H. Dickie, C. S. Wilson, S. F. Clark, G. H. Dunning, I. H. Mowery, G. H. Sengelman, C. F. Warren, O. N. Greene, C. J. Davis.

Sergeants, W. E. Braumiller, R. L. Branson, G. C. Palmer, R. E. Turnage, F. W. Cawthon, K. Mason, M. A. Mose, D. D. Bruton, J. H. Moore, C. W. Williams, A. R. amCpbell, M. W. Smith, G. W. Mitchell, L. J. Skeeler, H. H. Garmill, C. C. Hudspeth, W. C. Coleman, J. H. Browder, F. O. Montague, P. W. Clarkson, R. L. Young, J. M. Thornton, W. L. Reynolds, H. M. Mayo, M. E. Hill, S. C. McCarty, R. A. Bouknight, H. T. McCollum, J. E. Bell, E. H. Persons, W. S. Gillespie, W. B. Francis, E. R. Hiland, H. E. Yeary, L. E. Holloway, D. W. Scott, R. L. Trew, G. W. Sansom, W. H. Smilie, J. O. Collins, R. W. Stiles, H. J. Morgan, J. A. Sapor, J. F. Hadon, F. Hargett, J. V. Yeary, O. M. Overstreet, E. R. Girardeau, W. O. Glaze, L. B. Hobbs, J. M. Robertson, O. G. Host, R. C. Black, P. T. Crown, J. H. Tignor, C. C. Sanders, J. L. Sanders, G. Hudson, J. H. Smilie, E. P. Jennings, B. H. Faber, R. E. Densmore, R. A. Densmore.

Corpoarls, C. M. Easley, W. L. Autan, A. D. Bruce, G. C. Moffett, A. Dickie, O. S. Gray, J. S. Megford, W. H. Erskine, A. L. Hogue, P. H. Olson, J. N. Coleman, W. A. Collins, T. F. Keasler, S. D. Skeen, J. R. Alexander, L. C. Dennis, J. V. Curnutte, J. C. Short, J. L. Foster, C. L. Cornett, C. A. Fuoss, H. S. Berringer, A. Rudasill, B. W. Anderson, W. R. Nisbet, A. C. Bull, J. P. Garrity. A. D. Johnson, F. R. Coleman, A. Moses, E. C. Tipps, U. Stephens, D. M. Gallman, V. L. Crawford, H. H. Seele, J. P. Peutet, C. Ballard, J. S. Scofield, R. H. Wooten, S. B. Haynes, B. A. Joplin, F. C. Ehlinger, H. L. Peyton, J. W. Vance, C. E. Davis, M. D. Killough, R. A. Hall, C. E. White, H. E. Miller, P. B. Metcalfe, J. B. Cover, L. M. Buckner, A. S. Lawrence, L. N. Little, L. H. Hagaman, R. W. Lockridge, C. E. Rust, A. R. Miller, C. H. Barnett, J. D. Law, J. A. Connor, A. J. Skeen, T. S. Porter, S. M. Williams, T. K. Morris, M. S. Pedigo.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

PHARMACY BOARD IN A REPORT

System of Examination Effective in Raising Standards of Efficiency.

Austin, June 14.—The annual report of the state board of pharmacy was received here today and filed. The report shows that during the fiscal year ending June 1, 1913, that the receipts of the organization amounted to $8,011.70, and the disbursements $6,817.22, leaving a balance on hand at this date of $1,194.58.

The report also calls attention to the fact that in accordance with the plan promulgated by the state board to eliminate the permit men of Texas from the rolls of the board and make it possible to issue a certificate to every permit man in the state, had been efficacious. About fifty per cent of the permit men have attended two special examinations for their sole benefit. The report states that they made exceptionally good grades.

"The conditions of pharmacy in general are materially improved and the foundation laid for greater progress for the future, as Texas is now in perfect harmony with all the progressive states and issues only two kinds of certificates and assistant pharmacist's certificates."

Tomatoes raised on Milam county truck farms are fresher, sweeter and better.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

Milam county grows the finest grown—try them.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

OIL COMPANY WINS SUIT

Withdrawal of Million Dollars' Worth of Land by Taft Is Held Illegal.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 14.—The government suit against the Midwest Oil company, a test suit involving the title of a million dollars worth of oil land in California and Wyoming was dismissed today by Judge John A. Riner of the United States district court. While the government sought to recover only 4,000 acres of land in this suit, the issues involved cover thousands of acres of other California and Wyoming lands withdrawn by President Taft's sweeping order of 1909 designed to conserve the country's oil resources and especially to afford the government a supply of fuel oil for the United States navy.

President Taft made the withdrawal upon the assumption that he had the power to act for the protection of the oil deposits. His authority was questioned and congress by the act of June 25, 1910, affirmatively gave him the power to make the ereservations. The lands then were withdrawn. Between the first and second withdrawals, however, a great number of settlers went upon the lands.

Judge Riner held that the act of congress authorizing the withdrawal was not retroactive.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

TRIED TO BRIBE A SENATOR

Californian Offers One Thousand Dollars for Job as Postmaster of Santa Barbara.

Santa Barbara, Cal., June 14.—C. Ercanbrach was arrested today on a federal indictment charging him with an attempt to bribe United States Senator John S. Works.

Ercanbrach wanted the appointment of postmaster here and is alleged to have written a letter to Senator Works offering $1000 if the appointment was procured for him.

Ercanbrach's letter was turned over to the department of justice at Washington by Senator Works and sent to United States District Attorney McCormick here. An indictment was returned by the grand jury.

Ercanbrach is a carpenter who is considered fairly well to do. No one thought he had political aspirations or wanted the postmaster's post He was surprised when the warrant of arrest was served, charging an attempt to bribe a public officer. He admitted he had written to Senator Works, and added:

"But I didn't know it was a crime to offer to pay a congressman for getting a political job. I thought that was common practice."

In his letter Ercanbrach gave banking and commercial references as to his responsibility. He was taken to Los Angeles tonight.

Buy Milam county tomatoes—they are better.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

FEDERALS LOOT MADERA.

Huerta Volunteers Go to Defense of Chihuahua—Patrols Withdrawn.

El Paso, June 14.—After looting the town, 400 federal volunteers evacuated Madera yesterday. Madera is an American lumber center in Chihuahua state. The volunteers had orders to hasten to Chihuahua City, the surrender of which has been demanded by the constitutionalist troops. The patrols north and south of the town have been withdrawn.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

CADETS ENTER WEST POINT.

New Class Sworn in at Government Military Academy.

West Point, N. Y., June 14.—One hundred and sixty-four cadets or "plebs" were today sworn in at West Point. They are the men who passed examinations held throughout the country in May of this year.

Among the number reported was a Chinese and a Filipino. The cadets will live in barracks until after July 18, when they will move into camp with the battalion.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

BREAKS WORLD RECORD.

Amateur High Standing Mark Bettered at Club Meet.

New York, June 14.—At the New York Athletic club track meet at Travers Island today, Leo Goehring of the Mohawk Athletic club made a new world's amateur standing high jump of 5 feet, 5 3-4 inches. Bruno B. Brodd of the Irish-American team made a new American amateur record of 169 feet, 10 1-4 inches in throwing the javelin.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

OPEN TEMPLE DEPOT.

New $30,000 Katy Passenger Station Is Completed.

Temple, Tex., June 14.—The new $30,000 passenger station built here by the M., K. & T. railway was opened to the public today for the first time and will hereafter be used regularly. The building is of rough rectangular shape, being 42 feet by 185 feet, of brick surmounted by a sixty-two foot brick tower. Work commenced on same on January 3 of this year.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

WILSON AGAIN NAMED

SUGAR LOBBYIST SAYS PRESIDENT ASSURED HIM OF GOOD WILL.

Printing Clerk Claims Public Documents Are Tampered With.

Washington, June 14.—Henry T. Oxnard, the millionaire vice president of the American Beet Sugar company, testified today before the senate lobby committee that he estimated he had spent on an average of $20,000 a year in Washington for the last twenty-three years on behalf of the beet sugar industry. He declared that not a cent had been spent illegally. Each year, he declared, he came to the capital to watch legislation and see his friends among the senators.

When W. E. Hathaway of the Michigan Beet Sugar company took the stand hostilities broke out between Senators Reed and Nelson. Mr. Reed insisted on having the witness answer one way and the witness persisted in answering another. The Minnesota senator finally took a seat with the audience. Senator Nelson returned when Mr. Reed finished his examination.

Mr. Hathaway read several letters that passed between himself and W. H. Wallace and H. A. Douglas, explaining what they understood the position of President Wilson to be on sugar before the election. Douglas wrote Hathaway that on September 20, 1912, he had seen Mr. Wilson and had been assured that the beet sugar interests need have no fear.

"You need not be one bit afraid of me, sir," Mr. Douglas quoted the president as saying.

Henry Oxnard, vice president of the American Beet Sugar company, testified as to his activities in Washington. He declared he had held most of his stock in beet sugar companies because of fear of free sugar. He and his brother had owned jointly $4,000,000 of beet sugar stock in companies and had $1,400,000 invested in cane sugar in Louisiana.

Anselm Wold, the senate printing clerk, testified about the orders for printing "Sugar at a Glance," an anti-free sugar document prepared by Truman G. Palmer, representing beet sugar interests, and circulated free under the franking privilege of Senator Lodge. The committee has developed testimony on whether Palmer was permitted to change the document after the senate had ordered it printed. Turning to Senator Overman, Wold referred to a previous conversation about the incident and added:

"I told you then somebody had been monkeying with orders here, and I still think so."

TRAIN KILLS TWO IN AN AUTO

Wife Dead, Husband Dying, as Result of Crossing Collision on Katy.

Waxahachie, Tex., June 14.—Mrs. F. A. Ryan of Dallas is dead and Mr. Ryan fatally injured as a result of their automobile being struck by a southbound M., K. & T. passenger train near Forreston early this morning. Mr. Ryan travels for a drug company of Dallas.

He and Mrs. Ryan were on their way to Galveston in their automobile to spend their vacation. They stopped at Waxahachie this morning for breakfast, and when crossing the tracks just north of Forreston the machine was struck by the train and almost demolished. Mrs. Ryan was unconscious when picked up, but Mr. Ryan still is conscious.

The train stopped and took them to Italy, where Mrs. Ryan died soon after her arrival. Mr. and Mrs. Ryan formerly lived at Waxahachie, coming here from Sherman.

Home Treatment for Sallow, Wrinkled Skin

A. C. F. asks: "What should I do for my sallow complexion, and how can I get rid of my wrinkles?"

Sallowness is best removed by removing the skin itself. This is effectually accomplished by the use of ordinary mercolized wax, which causes the offensive outer skin gradually to peel off, in fine particles, scarcely noticeable to the naked eye. Within a week or so you will have an enviable complexion, the new skin exhibiting a healthful, youthful tint incomparable with artificial coloring. Get an ounce of this wax at your drug store, apply at night like cold cream, only don't rub it in. Wash it off in the morning with warm water.

For your wrinkles try a solution of powdered saxolite, one ounce, dissolved in a half pint witch hazel. Bathe your face in this every morning for awhile. The result will surprise you.—Beauty's Mirror.

KRESS'

5, 10 and 25 Cent Store

7th Anniversary Sale

JUNE 16th to 23rd

Seven years ago we opened our first store in Waco. It was a success from the start. The people appreciated our big values and the business grew by leaps and bounds until we were compelled to seek larger quarters. Two years ago we built our own building, which is said to be one of the finest and best equipped buildings of its kind in the South.

We want you to become better acquainted with our exceptional merchandise values and our superior facilities for serving you. Make Kress' your headquarters when down town. Meet your friends here. Cool off under our numerous fans. Rest in our rest room. Listen to the music. Refresh yourself at our sanitary ice water fountain. Look around and see the latest novelties from the markets of the world. Everything you buy at Kress' is guaranteed satisfactory or money returned.

Each year at the anniversary of our opening we conduct a week's sale at which time we offer merchandise of extra good quality at exceptionally low prices.

Read over our list of specials for this great sale and see these goods displayed in our windows.

Monday, June 16
9 a. m.
Embroidery
values up to $1.39
25c Yd.

Tuesday, June 17
9 a. m.
Combinetts
value $1.00
25c Each

Wednesday, June 18
9 a. m.
Enamelware
values up to $1.75
10, 15 and 25c

Thursday, June 19
9 a. m.
Extra Fine Laces
values up to $1 yard
25c Yd.

Friday, June 20
9 a. m.
Wash Bowls and Pitchers
values $1.50
25c a Piece

Saturday, June 21
9 a. m.
Aluminumware, & Fine China
values up to $1.50
25c Each

Visit Our New Grocery Department and Cut Down the High Cost of Living

"WATCH KRESS' WINDOWS"

Tupaco Floor Sweep

TURNER PAPER COMPANY

Jesse R. Joyner, Mgr.

Old phone 695; New phone 383

209 South Fourth St.

W. J. DORSETT

Standard Goods
Lowest Prices

Carpenters' Tools, Sporting Goods, Bicycles

Get in Line---Get the Best

610 AUSTIN AVENUE

ARMORED TRAIN GUARDS SHOT DOWN UNRESISTING MINERS

Continued from Page 1

tack on the strikers' camp at Holly Grove. The attorneys for the mine operators insisted they would show that the train was fired on from the town before the machine guns in the armored car were turned loose.

Tell of Death Special.

The advent of the "death special," as the miners termed it, or the "bull moose" train, as it was called by the operators, was the principal subject of the inquiry this afternoon, following a general condemnation by witnesses of "the mine guards," who were brought into the district by the operators and whom former Governor Glasscock said he considered the principal cause of the trouble when he declared martial law.

A detailed description of the armored train was obtained from Harry Arthur, who was employed by the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad as a brakeman on the train. He described the steel sheeting which encased the baggage car of the train and the two machine guns which were mounted so as to give the greatest possible range through the protected doors of the car.

Woman Was Shot.

Mrs. Annie Hill, who limped into the committee room, told the committee how she shielded her three little children from the bullets by hiding them in the chimney corner of her little home at Holly Grove when the armored train made its appearance.

She said she had been shot through the limbs and the bullet had gone through a Bible and a hymn book on her parlor table. W. R. Dunnard told the committee that a man with whom he was talking on a Cabin Creek train was shot from a closed car after an argument with a mine guard. No criminal action had ever resulted from the shooting so far as he knew.

Sydney Byers, a miner, said the people in the strike district were terrorized by the behavior of the "mine guards" who paraded through the district fully armed. Ralph McNeil, of Eskdale, declared he had been mistreated by guards, and Harvey S. Campbell, a former special agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, said he had ridden on the "bull moose" train and had been ordered to shoot if stones were thrown at the train.

"'If you shoot, shoot to kill,' was our order."

Rouse Bennett, another special agent, gave similar testimony.

NAME SPANISH CABINET.

Count Romanones Announces Portfolios of New Ministers.

Madrid, June 14.—Count Alvaro De Romanones formed a new Spanish cabinet in which the portfolios were distributed as follows:

Premier, Count Alvaro De Romanones; minister of foreign affairs, Lopez Munoz; minister of the interior, Duke of Alba; minister of finance, Suarez Inclan; minister of war, General De Luque; minister of marine, Amalio Jimeno; minister of public works, Rafael Gasset; minister of public instruction, Pedro Rodriguez De La Borbolla; minister of justice, Ruiz Jimenez.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

SENTENCED TO DIE

The Hour: 9 a. m.

The Day: Wednesday, June 25

? ? ?

Full Page Advertisements

Could not begin to summerate the wonderful array of specialties and novelties we are showing. They cover every article of proven merit known to the trade, whatever you see advertised.

IN THE MAGAZINES

You will find in our magnificent assortment.

The Grocery So Different

Eight Phones—All No. 6.

Society Personals.

Mrs. J. B. Logue of Houston is on a visit to her mother, Mrs. J. J. Holloway, on North Nineteenth.

Miss Beryl Poole is in Midland.

Mrs. N. A. Steadman of Austin is a guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Allen, Abeel Place.

Miss Pyrena Allen of Vermont avenue is with Mrs. Deen in Austin.

Miss Louise Gayle of Terrace Row is in San Antonio for a week with Gibson Gayle.

Mrs. J. E. Yantis, Fifteenth and Barnard, is entertaining Miss Helena Yantis of Athens.

Her sister being very much improved, Mrs. William Talley of Austin avenue is at home from Greenville.

The recent visitor to Mrs. F. G. Guittard, South Seventh, Miss Amsler, is again at home in Shiner.

Miss Fanny Graves, a teacher in the public school, is making a home visit in Smithville before going for summer study at Harvard University.

Mrs. Mattie D. Willis of South Fourth is at home from Bryan.

Little Miss Ruth Reeves of North Twelfth returns today from a visit to Marlin.

Mrs. Lee Neblett of Washington street is in Corsicana.

Miss Lucile Hill, who made visits en route home from National Park, Washington, is now due.

Mrs. R. G. Wendland is expecting to leave on Monday for a few days at Wootan Wells.

Miss Lucile Bruton and Mrs. Holmesley of Midland, who had been with their sister, Mrs. J. W. Orand on Columbus street, left on Saturday for Comanche.

Among the late week home comings was that of Mrs. W. N. Orand with Mr. and Mrs. Carter Eubank, who had spent a few days with relatives in Houston.

Mrs. Charles T. Kirkpatrick of Greenville is the guest of Mrs. Sidney Gay, West Columbus.

Mrs. J. R. Davis of Seventeenth and Franklin is in Oklahoma since Saturday.

Mrs. J. G. Kimball, who has spent two weeks among her relatives here, is again at home in Temple.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baine of West Austin are at home from Fort Worth.

After visits with Mrs. J. C. Lattimore and Mrs. W. H. Pool, Mrs. C. C. Compere of Abilene is with Mrs. Eugene Compere of Eighth and James, until her departure for home on Wednesday.

The Misses Laura and Lora Pool, who visited Miss Carrie Pool on Speight street, are again at home in Cedar Hill.

The Misses Maggie Leach and Constance Allen of Hico are with Mrs. S. P. Brooks on Speight street, for the Baylor summer school.

Among Saturday's departures was that of Mrs. W. T. Abernathy of Austin avenue. She accompanied Mr. Abernathy to Iowa Park.

Buy Milam county vegetables—they are better.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

Milam grapes, raised in Milam county are the finest flavored of all Texas grapes.

For the best French Dry Cleaning of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments—

PHONE

McGUIRE

We also do Pressing.
Work called for and delivered.
721-723 Washington.
O. Phone 612. New Phone, [illegible]
We Solicit Your Patronage.

Have You Failed To Do Your Full Duty?

If you have not joined the crusade to fight flies in Waco, you most assuredly have not done your duty, neither to yourself, your family nor your home.

We have the loaded shotguns at 10c. Three of these guns will rid any ordinary house of flies if used properly.

Morrison's Old Corner Drug Store

The Biggest and the Best in Texas.

WATCH OUR SHOW WINDOWS TODAY.

Current Events

In Woman's Sphere

BOTH PHONES 1968. KATE FRIEND, Editor

MORROW STREET MISSION TO MEET ON MONDAY

On Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock circle number five of the Morrow Street Missionary Society will entertain in the home of Mrs. Satterlee, 700 North Ninth.

THE FRIDAY NIGHT DANCE AT THE HUACO CLUB

The usual pleasures of the Huaco club were enjoyed on Friday night, but by not so many since the large outing at the Fish Pond rather depleted ranks.

MISS GRETA WILLIAMS IS SOMEWHAT BETTER

Following her severe operation in Birmingham, Alabama, relatives and friends here have been anxious. For several days nothing hopeful was received, but the last message to Mrs. Allan Sanford which came on Saturday announced altogether favorable symptoms.

MR. AND MRS. HARRY BAINE HAVE GUESTS FOR DINNER

Into their attractive little home out on Austin Heights, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Baine have welcomed dinner guests since the homecoming of Mrs. Baine from Fort Worth. The occasion was quite informal, those enjoying the hour being: Miss Eddie May Riggins, William Carpenter, with Mr. and Mrs. George Zizinia.

A JOLLY OUTING AT THE FISH POND

Society turned out doors with Friday evening, when a jolly crowd accompanied by a darky band gathered out at the Fish Pond. Some drove out early and enjoyed supper on the lakeside. These were joined by after-supper guests when the evening was spent with dancing in the boat house. About thirty were in the party.

MRS. BART MOORE HOSTESS FOR HER EUCHRE CLUB

The extra game of the Young Married Ladies' Euchre club came on Friday with Mrs. Bart Moore hostess. This was out of the ordinary day owing to the expected absence from the city of Mrs Moore A few were asked in to play substitute hands other than which Mrs. Moore entertained only the club. One of these substitutes, Mrs. Irvine Colgin, made the high score. Mrs. Charles Hamilton made the high consolation cut. Both trophies were summer silk hose. The next game comes on Wednesday at 4 o'clock, with Mrs. J. E. Allison, Columbus Heights.

THE ROSE NECKLACE FROM OUR HOME PARK

It is now disclosed that the little Eighteenth street neighborhood is rightly named. Three times has it been christened, the last being Rose Park.

As the rose blooms grew old, Mrs. W. S. Rathel has caught the leaves and in consequence five of her friends have the muchly coveted strands of rose beads at their summer fan guard. Mrs. Rathel has been quite a success, one of the first in the city to introduce this art from California. She is now waiting until another violet season to make some of the violet necklaces.

WE BEG YOUR PARDON—MOORE AND NOT BURNS

Perhaps you think the Morning News is not read. The experience of Saturday proved to the contrary. And perhaps you think the Waco women are not posted upon old-fashioned poetry. This all comes from the writer's having ascribed the verse concerning the sunflower to Robert Burns and not to Thomas Moore, where it should be assigned. The News of today could scarce be edited for the calls to the telephone inquiring if the editor had not been made aware of a mistake. The editor was aware and she pleaded guilty, but was pleased that so many noted the error.

TWO GAY HOUSE PARTIES ARE OUT FROM THIS CITY

Over in Dallas, Mrs. Fred Tennant is entertaining for two weeks a gay house party from Waco, her guests being the Mesdames Loraine Rogers of Temple, J. W. Bondurant of Tyler, with the Misses Jane Moore and Erle Evans. In addition, the Mesdames Ernest Cortines and Norman Burwell of Dallas are showing courtesy to these guests.

From Albany has come the word that Miss Gladys Sedwick is giving her eight girls from Waco some novel and highly enjoyable experiences. These are fishing, picnicking, ranch visits and otherwise not one moment without its good time. The homecoming occurs with Wednesday.

In the party are Misses Nell Orand, Florrie Neale Cooper, Dorothy Cox, Helen Miller, Pauline Breustedt, Louey Taylor, Charlotte Shumate, Camille Searcy and Louise Webb of Albany.

MRS. W. G. HOLT HAS FORT AVENUE CLUB

Mrs. W. G. Holt entertained the Fort Avenue "42" club last Thursday night instead of the usual afternoon hour. In this she complimented the husbands of the club members. Six tables were used. Mrs. E. J. Neale received the guest prize, a framed picture. Mr. Neale was given a sack of marbles for the lowest score. Mrs. J. M. Curry received the club pin. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Backstrom, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Hays, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Kirksey, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hanna, Mr. and Mrs. John Monague, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Neale, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Surber, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Dobbins, Mr. and Mrs. John Gilmore, Miss Gilmore, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stolte Jr., Mesdames T. J. Smith, M. L. Wilson, A. C. Bostick, J. M. Curry.

Mrs. M. B. Kirksey will be hostess next Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Holt served ice grapejuice during the game and cream and cake at the close.

MISS FRIEDMAN ENTERTAINS HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES

Miss Leah Adele Friedman entertained delightfully Sunday evening, it being her sixteenth birthday anniversary and at the same time in courtesy to the four Jewish graduates, Misses Bess Freeman and Amelia Lewine and Benjamin Freeman and Isidore Fred.

The house was decorated in the High School colors, white and yellow; also Shasta daisies, the class flower. An advertisement contest was played and enjoyed by all. The winners of the prizes were Benjamin Freeman and Jack Shelberg. Singing and dancing were among the evening's enjoyments. The Misses Pauline and Hannah Friedman, Jennie Novich, assisted Mrs. Friedman in entertaining for Miss Leah for the evening.

The guests present, including the hostess were Misses Ray Marks, Sadye Hawtof, Bertha Alexander, Lena Applebaum of Houston, Lenore Hirshberg, Libbie Davidson, Amelia Lewine, Leah Lippard, Grace Faisag, Edith Adelman, Flo Cohen, Bess Freeman, Jennie Suravitz, Bertha Berkman, Jennie Novich, Bess Long, Ouida Vaughn, Rose Stoloroff of El Paso, Sara Ellis, Hannah and Pauline Friedman; Mesdames R. S. Wood and Hattie Oppenheimer; Messrs. Joe Herman, Jack Shelberg, Lew Nathan, Harry Wood, Morris Fichtenbaum, William Marks, Isidore Fred, Gus Fred, Sidney Strauss, Joe Roscoe, Lape Lazarus, Alex Kowalski, Albert Lipman, Benjamin Freeman, Adam Raisig, Manuel Freeman of Indianapolis, Morris Fred and Phil Crown.

SOME TOURIST PARTIES ARE NOW FORMING

Every season seems to bring its particular fad, if such prevailing sentiment may be so designated. This year the Wacoans are taking more than kindly to forming home parties for their summer trips. More than one of these is already off.

On Wednesday the Mesdames Joel Westbrook, A. B. Cowan and A. V. Cross are leaving with the Misses Westbrook for an extended sojourn among the California resorts.

On Monday the Mesdames Bart Moore and Layton Puckett with little Misses Jane Dodd Moore and Jennie Webb Puckett, are going down for a few days at Wootan Wells. It is expected that others from here will join them.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Wood, Wilson Wood, Dero Wood, Mrs. Kimmitrer and Miss Ruth Lennox are to leave for California in two weeks, to be absent until cooler weather.

Mr. and Mrs. James Riley, with probably Mrs. William Breustedt and Miss Pauline Breustedt, are arranging an automobile tour around the Great Lakes later in the season.

The departure of Mesdames Crespi and Lee Cowan also of the Taylor-Beaty party, are previously chronicled, so are the several Waco parties for Europe. More are to come later in the season.

MRS. VIRGINIA RYAN HAS CLOSING RECITAL

On Friday evening the auditorium at the library was well filled with a representative audience. These were parents and friends of the pupils who compose the piano class of Mrs. Virgina Ryan, also special friends of Mrs. Ryan. While all the class did not appear on the program, sufficient did to make a very pleasing evening of music. Dainty programs were handed, and a baby grand piano supplemented the usual more indifferent instrument at the library. While the audience enjoyed the music, because it was good music, the students were more interested in the scholarship awards which Mrs. Ryan made. It is her custom to offer a year's scholarship to the pupil who, through the entire year makes the best grade. Also, for the less advanced students is the offer of a half year scholarship. The announcements at the recital gives the full year tuition to Miss Beatrice Miller and the half year to Gertrude Haythornewhite. In close second were Misses Emma Morehead and Moneta Stribling. Mrs. Ryan presented seventeen from among her students there being among them two boys. Marion Martin and McCord McIntyre. The others who did both themselves and their teacher credit are: Misses Roverta Spencer, Beryl McIntyre, Marguerite McGinty, Louise Womack, Pearl Warner, Emma Morehead, Thalie Stribling, Helen Crawley, Gertrude Haythornewhite, Beatrice Miller, Erline Stoval, Monetta Stribling, Katherine Garland, Marie Blocker, Ima Board.

MISS LELIA HENRY A BRIDE IN CITY OF WASHINGTON

Through the thoughtfulness of Mrs. Robert Lee Henry, the friends of the Henry family here are afforded the description in detail of the marriage of Miss Lelia May Henry. All the Washington papers give prominent space to this event, the Star going further with a full size portrait of Miss Armstrong of Pittston, Pennsylvania, the bride's only attendant.

Details of Ceremony.

As those here who received invitations are aware, the ceremony was at an early evening hour in the Washington home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry. The minister was from the Baptist church, which the Henrys attend. The bride was escorted to her husband in waiting by her father, Robert Lee Henry, and she was attended by a single maid, Miss Armstrong of Pennsylvana. Bruce Leighton, a fellow naval officer, attended the groom, Ensign Farmelee. A large reception supplemented the ceremony. Following this there was departure for a honeymoon period in Charlevoix and other Michigan resorts. Mr. and Mrs. Parmelee will then go to San Diego, California, where the naval appointment of Ensign Parmelee lies.

Dress and Decoration.

All the press notices stress the beauty of the home decorations. These were the fern, the smilax, the palm, the white Killarney, and the peony. The smilax made a wall lattice, and the rose buds the banked home altar over which hung a chime of the wedding bells from a peonied smilax archway. The stairway was the support to the natural rambler rose in white, climbing among natural oak leaves in their fresh spring luster. In the supper room the white gave place to the tone of bridesmaid pink. Here, the prevailing of Killarneys in hanging baskets was carried to a beautiful decorative picture. The other rooms about which stood relatives and the most intimate friends were set with less formal decoration.

The full army regulation dress with Ensigns Parmelee and Leighton added to the brilliancy of the wedding tableau. The bride robe was cut from white charmeuse and elaborately enriched by duchess lace, tiny clusters of orange blossoms and pearl drops catching the lace on the skirt. The lace reappeared on the bodice, where the sleeves fell into the angel flare. The bouquet of bride's buds showered with valley lily sprays and gardenias was carried. A corsage bunch of the orange buds was noticed under the tulle drapery to the entire form, even to the length of the spreading Watteau train. The veil was held by a cap of the point lace. This was exchanged for a suit of blue charmeuse worn with a jaunty little hat, which repeated the tone of blue in the suit.

The maid's costume showed a white chantilly lace princess over a cameo pink slip. One of the papers described her appearance as wearing a gown "charmingly constructed." The hem found a trailing of the art rosebud which she held by the armful in nature, a pink Killarney. The rosebud touch was also seen on her bodice and the ends of her graceful sash.

Mrs. Henry's gown was of lavender and white charmeuse with lace garniture.

Mrs. Louis Tyler of Dallas, the aunt of the bride, was assistant hostess in a costume of blue brocaded charmeuse under chiffon trimmed with crystal. Mrs. Tyler is notably one of the best groomed women in the state.

Reception Follows.

A number of callers were received immediately after the ceremony. These included some of the notables in Washington society, among them being Secretary and Mrs. William Jennings Bryan, Secretary and Mrs. Daniels of the United States navy, the entire Texas congressional delegation, and others. Of more personal note were the Misses Enrique Smith and Frances van Boddie of this city, together with other prominent friends of the bride, young women connected with the prominent families of Washington. Many of the groom's naval friends were also present.

The press makes no mention of the wedding gifts. It goes without saying that these were numerous and handsome and that the cards of many friends from Waco were noted in the collection.

Are You FAT?

I was ONCE I Reduced MYSELF

I was Fat, Uncomfortable, Looked Old, Felt Miserable, suffered with Rheumatism, Asthma, Neuralgia. When I worked or walked, I puffed like a Porpoise. I took every advertised medicine I could find. I Starved, Sweated, Exercised, Doctored and changed climate, but I ruined my digestion, felt like an invalid, but steadily gained weight. There was not a single plan or drug that I heard of that I did not try. I failed to reduce my weight. I dropped society, as I did not care to be the butt of all the jokes. It was embarrassing to have my friends tell me I was getting Stout, as no one knew it better than myself.

SOMETHING HAD TO BE DONE.

I began to study the cause of FAT. When I discovered the cause I found the remedy. The French Method gave me an insight. I improved on that. Removed the objectional features, added more pleasant ones, and then I tried my plan on myself for a week. It worked like Magic. I could have

SCREAMED WITH JOY

at the end of the first week when the scales told me I had lost ten pounds by my simple, easy, harmless, Drugless Method. It was a pleasure then to continue until I regained my normal self in size. I feel fifteen years younger. I look fifteen years younger. My Double Chin has entirely disappeared. I can walk or work now. I can climb a mountain. I am normal in size. I can weigh just what I want to weigh. I am master of my own body now. I did not starve, but eat all I wanted to. I did not take Sweat Baths. I did not Drug. I used no Electricity, or harmful exercise, but I found the Simple, Sane, Common Sense WAY of reducing my weight and I applied it. I have tried it on others. My Doctor says I am a perfect picture of health now. I am no longer ailing. I am now a happy, healthy woman. Now I am going to help others to be happy. I have written a book on the subject. If you are fat, I want you to have it. It will tell you all about my Harmless, Drugless Method. To all who send me their name and address, I mail it FREE, as long as the present supply lasts. It will save you Money, Save you from Harmful Drugs, Save you from Starvation Diets, Harmful Exercise, possibly save YOUR LIFE. It is yours for the asking without a penny. Just send your name and address. A Postal Card will do, and I'll be glad to send it so that you can quickly learn how to reduce yourself and be as happy as I am. Write today, as this advertisement may not appear again in this paper.

HATTIE BIEL, 991 Barclay, Denver, Colo.

REMARKABLE JUNE SALE BEGINS TOMORROW MORNING AT 8.30.

Perhaps the most wonderful sale ever held in Central Texas opens tomorrow morning at THE GOLDSTEIN-MIGEL CO.

It is their first 15-DAY JUNE MARK DOWN SALE in their new building and the 27TH ANNIVERSARY. The members of the firm and corps of trained assistants have been working for weeks past to make this sale the Greatest Merchandising Event ever held in Waco.

In all departments of this modern store ALL ARTICLES are marked down (except a few restricted goods) and the prices are so low and the values so great that this sale is sure to attract larger crowds than any similar event ever held in Texas.

Read The Goldstein-Migel Co. double page advertisement on pages 8 and 9 today. It is a unique reflection of the remarkable values this sale offers.

Go down to The Goldstein-Migel Co. tomorrow and spend the day. The store is light, airy, cool and pleasant to shop in. Delightful Rest Rooms for Ladies and Children, with maids in attendance. A comfortable place to read, write and rest.

The new Soda Fountain serves pure refreshments and light, satisfying lunches, at moderate prices. New sanitary drinking fountains dispense pure fresh water Free on all floors.

Go early tomorrow and every day if possible. It will pay you. Extra salespeople, wrappers and cashiers have been employed and you will secure perfect service as well as extraordinary bargains.

The superior quality and enduring beauty of our Sterling Silver has given it distinct prestige for Wedding and Anniversary Gifts; it is the silver that looks better to you with every year of possession; the silver that stands through your changing ideals and remains to be spoken of fondly in years to come, as your "family silver." The extreme variety of patterns and pieces make selections an ease and pleasure.

NAMAN & GOLDSMITH THE JEWELERS

Wedding Gifts

Purchased From This Store Assure

the purchaser and the recipient of having secured the **highest quality** and **latest designs** obtainable.

You are invited to call and inspect our new offerings of Cut Glass, China and Silverware.

Armstrong & Pfaeffle

The Quality Jewelers.

625 Austin Street.

Society Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Fraser will, with the coming week, be at home to their friends in their bungalow on Sanger avenue.

Since Flag Day came on Saturday, the display was a revelation to the little folks from the country, many of whom had never seen Old Glory. As they drove in and noted the flags before the homes and on the streets, their eyes grew wide with wonder.

Friends at home have received the itinerary cards of Mrs. Minnie Carroll King, which were mailed as her steamer plied out of New York harbor. Her trip as there outlined is one well worth while.

Mrs. Melissa Maxwell is with her daughter, Mrs. A. J. Armstrong, on South Seventh for the summer. Miss Maxwell is also of the household until her departure for summer study in the North.

Really, if we can afford it, the proper cover for the kitchen floor is the hardwood finish. This can be kept in a more sanitary condition.

The amateur is certainly confronted with perplexity when it comes to making her rose bed. One experienced grower will say by all means give the rose plenty of water. Along comes the next to say, never keep the roots of a rose too moist, lest they decay. What is the poor piece of ignorance to do?

Remember there is a law against reckless driving when you see the delivery boy dashing down the street to the cruelty of his poor animal.

The Waco women seem tired of tag day. Why not the several charity organizations unite for a mammoth county fair for the early fall? These net as much as a thousand dollars. Such a fund would provide against the continuous giving during the winter months.

The next semi-social session of the Mary West chapter will be with Mrs. Araminta Branson, Terrace Row, assisted by the members of Mrs. Branson's circle.

The first word has come from Mr. and Mrs. Wilder Anthony since their arrival at home on the Wilder ranch in Wyoming. They encountered a snowstorm in Denver and Mrs. Anthony is having other experiences altogether new to a Texas girl.

No one word so far concerning the Glorious Fourth. Suppose we all petition Commissioner Caufield to inaugurate the night band concerts at Cameron park as the city's celebration? In the meantime, tell the little folks over again the story of the Boston tea party and the other incidents which brought about the observance of this nation's holiday.

A number of mothers are centered with interest in the Y. M. C. A. camp at Valley Mills. Their boys are sending post cards to tell of all sorts of good times.

If Lady Macbeth is correct that health and digestion wait on appetite, the out-door meal which generates this appetite should be encouraged. It is claimed that for two months in every warm season, the family dining room should be al fresco.

Will we ever end the cause for Eve's eating the apple? And will we ever let our poor ancestral mother sink into silence? The beauty parlors now claim that Eve was their first patron—that she did not choose the orange or the pear, or the citron, all of which must have been in the Garden of Eden, but she walked straight to the apple and ate of it because apples are good for the complexion.

Can you name the "sting" which leads you to read a book to the end? Of cours you can, for it is interesting.

The mesh bag and the bracelet watch seem to be in perennial favor with the society women. The bracelet will be an invariable adjunct to the summer tourist costume. By the way, did you know you could take your own watch and have it set to a bracelet for travel?

One word of caution is now in order for the mother. Teach your child the moment he can talk, the street and number of his home. In these days of crowd and push down town and of the enlarged shops, the little ones may stray away. If they are provided with this bit of knowledge many a pang of anxiety can be alleviated.

Mrs. Harry B. Mohler of Brownsville, formerly Mrs. Nellie Ambold, is in the city. She is the immediate guest of Mrs. H. J. Blanchard on North Sixth, but will be claimed by her many friends in other parts of the city during her visit.

It is now the season for the erudite wielders of the pen to tell how to spend the vacation. This writer has her advice, too, and it is, spend it just as you please. What delights one bores another, and the vacation period is the time for absolute do-as-you-please.

Now comes the season for the joke maker across the ocean to get busy at the expense of the tourist. The American tourist is the butt of it all. We hope, though, it will not come to the Waco traveler to become liable. The latest is on two Americans who went to Westminster Abbey. They agreed one to walk outside around the Abbey, while the other did likewise with the inside. In this way they could get through quicker. Now is not this the limit for poking fun?

Since President and Mrs. Wilson are to hie them to a summer home called Harlenkenden, the query comes, how is the word pronounced? Who can answer? Surely some of those who have mingled with the Indian names of that section of the country can do this.

We hear the whisper of a surprise party coming. Now, do not ask us, for we are not going to tell one word more.

The members of the Young Married ladies' bridge club will bear in mind that the game with Mrs. Harvey Richey on Tuesday will be played at half-after nine on Tuesday morning.

Twenty-five per cent of industrial accidents, it is estimated, are due to insufficient illumination.

Are You a Lover of Books!

THEN THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS MEANT FOR YOU.

The Ten Most Popular, Most Widely Read and Best Selling Books:

"The Valiants of Virginia"—By Hallie Erminie Rives, $1.35. Author of "Hearts Courageous," "The Castaways," etc.

"Parrot ⅞ Co."—Harold McGrath, $1.30. Author of "The Man on the Box," "Half a Rogue," etc.

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"Jno. O'Jameston"—By Vaughan Kester, $1.35. Author of "The Prodigal Judge," "The Just and the Unjust," etc.

"War"—By Jno. Luther Long, $1.30. Author of "Madame Butterfly," "Seffy," etc.

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Publishers and Booksellers.

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TODAY.

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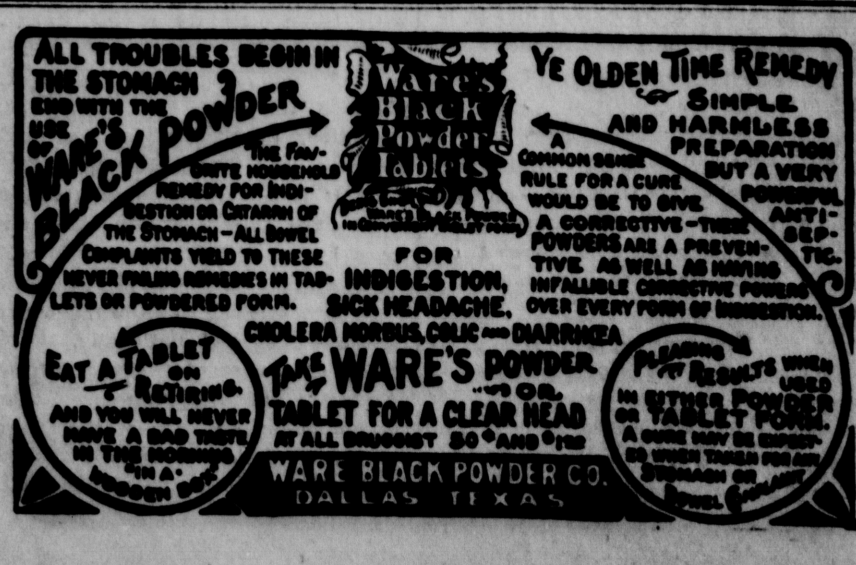

ALL TROUBLES BEGIN IN THE STOMACH END WITH THE USE OF WARE'S BLACK POWDER
THE FAVORITE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR INDIGESTION OR CATARRH OF THE STOMACH—ALL BOWEL COMPLAINTS YIELD TO THESE NEVER FAILING REMEDIES IN TABLETS OR POWDERED FORM.
WARE'S Black Powder Tablets
YE OLDEN TIME REMEDY SIMPLE AND HARMLESS PREPARATION BUT A VERY POWERFUL ANTISEPTIC.
A COMMON SENSE RULE FOR A CURE WOULD BE TO GIVE A CORRECTIVE—THESE POWDERS ARE A PREVENTIVE AS WELL AS HAVING INFALLIBLE CORRECTIVE POWERS OVER EVERY FORM OF INDIGESTION.
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TRAVELING AGENTS.
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WACO GROWS AND PROSPERS

In the business pages of this issue of The Morning News, rich in the detail of achievement in Waco's building and business for many months and all alive with report of present conditions, there is gratification for all in the city and there is inspiration for all whose chiefest interest is in the growth of the city.

In these pages on the authority of the business men and builders themselves Central Texas is shown the steady, dependable growth of its metropolis. For not only is there much building of big buildings toward—a modern hotel projected, first of all; business blocks extended and business houses adding to their height—but there is big building of small buildings; there is much building of houses. Without this steady adding to the residence sections the larger construction would be possible, of course, but it would be ill-advised. The surest indication of Waco's sterling progress is this building of homes; each week sees the number increase substantially. On this city-wide, assured growth the hotel is being built, individuals, firms and corporations are improving their property throughout the business section, new brick construction is promised to a most gratifying extent.

This is the inspiration to business men and property owners of Waco to enlarge and advertise widely their business and holdings; this should be the inspiration to the city's business organizations to advertise Waco to the limit of the financial support they can summon by earnest, untiring effort; to bring Waco every industry, every agency worthy of the city's patronage and disposed to enter into the business life and growth of the community. This should be the inspiration to the city government to project public improvements more widely than ever before in the city's history; we are certain that the intelligent presentation of an intelligent plan of general betterment will receive the endorsement of the taxpayers and enlist their co-operation—for whatever will make Waco a better place to live in will increase the value of their ownings. Waco is growing—generally because of the efforts of its progressive business men, but sometimes in spite of itself. And while, as today, its progressive business men are in the majority of those with a "say" in its affairs, Waco will continue to grow—not as rapidly as it would grow were all its property owners to co-operate for progress, but, still, grow steadily, encouragingly.

It is to be noted that a firm, prosperous season is reported for all descriptions of business and that merchants, real estate men, manufacturers are glowingly optimistic for the future of Waco and their own concerns.

A city good to live in and a city to prosper in is in the making here.

Mr. Carnegie has reached the time o' life when he can afford to be not only a free trader, but a free giver; but isn't it rather ungrateful in him in his old age to renounce the Protection that was so good to him in his activest years?

The minister of foreign affairs from Brazil-where-the-nuts-come-from was dined Thursday by Secretary Bryan and the correspondents showed unusual forbearance in not mentioning the liquids served.

With the lobby investigation he caused and with his unexpected visits to the capitol the president is finding the senators out in more ways than [illegible]

SAVING THE BABIES.

"Eighty societies have combined in the Babies' Welfare Association which is organized to save the babies in New York. There the city furnishes scores of nurses and there are 76 stations where modified milk is dispensed," reports the Baltimore Sun in behalf of the great-hearted campaign it is waging in co-operation with free milk societies and other humanitarian organizations "To Save the Babies" of its city, through the hot months. In Texas cities there is not acute, heart-rending poverty to anything near the extent it obtains in the larger communities of the East and North. There may be less need of free milk funds and charitable public supervision of the care and feeding of infants of the poor during the summer, but the need of municipal control of the milk supply at this season is as pressing in this as in any other region. In the past year or so State authorities and specially employed experts in city sanitation and food supply have found that milk in some of our cities is made ready for delivery to shops and homes and eating places under conditions that are by no means what they should be. Expert inspection has resulted in information given the public that refrigeration methods, for example, are improper if not altogether lacking; that sanitary provision, too, is not made against contamination by dust and dirt. Results of some of the bacteriological tests under these conditions of preparing and keeping for sale have been alarming and the condition itself has been reported inexcusable, the result of indifference or ignorance. Where ignorance is the cause, local health boards and their inspectors are at fault peculiarly. Certainly they are at fault where they have not forced the indifferent dealer to observe the public health regulation of his business. Every city that has a milk inspection ordinance should enforce it; every health board should volunteer for the enforcement of State food regulation in regard to the milk supply. Every city that is without such an ordinance should pass one now and see to its enforcement genuinely. Women's clubs, especially mothers' clubs, should see to it the milk inspection ordinance is enforced. Here is a matter that cannot be sidetracked under any consideration of politics; vote-getting must not enter into the question of enforcing milk supply regulations. It is a question of saving the babies.

After the police chief of Los Angeles advocated equal suffrage as a means of lessening crime in the community, the International Association of Police Chiefs elected Maj. Richard Sylvester, of Washington, its president. Recalling the unrestrained rowdyism attending the suffrage parade in the capital on March 3, and its aftermath of investigation for Sylvester, we wonder what he thought of Chief Sebastian's recommendation.

ONE WEEK'S ADVANCE IN EQUAL SUFFRAGE CAUSE.

It is not to be said that the women of Illinois have obtained "equal" suffrage at the hands of their legislature, but something better than half a loaf has been accorded them. The bill completed of passage by the house Thursday, decisively voted and to be signed by a Democratic governor who has long advocated enfranchising women, gives them the right to vote for statutory officials, including presidential electors, but not for constitutional officers and the most important are, of course, among these last—governor, members of the legislature and federal senators. But they have much to be grateful for; the list of statutory officers covers a wide range in the government of the State and its political subdivisions. Illinois women asked for the ballot for quite the same reasons women of other States have endeavored to get their legislatures to submit this constitutional amendment and their national organization is doing its utmost in behalf of the Chamberlain resolution to submit to the States an equal suffrage amendment to the national constitution. Illinois ranks next to New York in number of women who labor and the desire to have voice and vote in the regulation of labor conditions has long been strong with these. Recent events, investigations and the expression of opinion by thinking men thereon have emphasized the need of woman's participation, in Illinois, in the public ordering of these conditions. We think it is a question of a very few years until Illinois grants equal suffrage by constitutional amendment.

There must be powerful encouragement to the leaders of the movement, in the States and nationally, in the report of the senate equal suffrage committee in Washington, Friday recommending adoption of the Chamberlain resolution to submit the enfranchising amendment to the States. Not so much in the tribute the chairman, Senator Ashurst, wrote in the report to the character of women generally, as in the committee's conclusion that all tests of advisability of extending the suffrage to them are satisfactorily met, in its judgment, should the women's organisation rejoice. The committee finds that women as a class will vote whenever full opportunity is offered; they will attempt to comprehend the questions on which they vote; attempt to be informed of the character and fitness of those for whom they vote—an essential that, it can be said, is not in the mind of the average voter, if we remember the complexion of the public service in ring-controlled cities—vote against dishonest persons; oppose dishonest measures; refuse directly or indirectly to accept or give a bribe; place country above party—what of the rank and file of male voters in this respect?—recognize the result of an election as the will of the people and therefore as the law, and continue to fight for a righteous, although defeated, cause so long as there is a reasonable hope of success.

And when the ballot shall be given women generally, it may be stressed, there will be more elections that result veritably in the expression of the will of the people, not in the expression of the desires of the bosses through ballots purchased with money or patronage or business favors from illiterates, near-illiterates, debtors and citizens who place private pull and the need of pull above community welfare; "reform" will be chronic, lasting; not acute, instable, faked. "The granting of the elective franchise to women would add to the strength, efficiency, justice and fairness of government," runs this report of a committee of the United States senate, the highest lawmaking body in the world. "The class of voters sought to be enfranchised by this resolution....fully, fairly and in good faith measures up to the requirements" we quoted above.

And whatever originally may have been the attitude of the politicians in California concerning the extension of office-holding, as well as franchise, to women in that State, the fact remains that in California and other equal suffrage States according these rights—rights, not privileges, as the Senate committee's report points out—there is now chiefly praise for the good wrought by the new order. One must credit as sincere the praise the chief of police of Los Angeles voiced Thursday before the International Association of Police Chiefs convention in Washington, for the proof in his city that equal suffrage has been a deterrent of general and petty crime.

The week past has been notable in the advance of the equal suffrage cause in this country. And there is every reason to believe the cause is making steady head in all States—even in the South.

The encyclopaedianly omniscient Mr. Fred Haskin's Thursday offering was, "Care of the Feeble-Minded." On Friday he contributed, "Macaroni and Noodles." Of course Mr. Haskins intended no connection, but there was one, though he did put effect before cause.

"INSIDIOUS."

The president's original description of the behavior of the anti-tariff bill lobby, it has developed, was as practical and informed as it was scholarly. The scent started by him on the lobby's trail was weak for many days, but when it became bad it was horried. So "insidious" would now seem to fit, if indeed it is not too mild. The behavior in question has an end in the government service directly, as well as in the "people's service" directly by concern with the doings of members of the senate. The testimony of Mr. Palmer, who represents in Washingtin the frequently perturbed and disturbed beet sugar industry, is of a sort that must cause a general sitting erect and close attention to the remainder of the investigation prompted by Mr. Wilson's comment. Things are happening with a vengeance.

Mr. Palmer's information, even for a beginning, seems to us serious enough. That the government printing office and the postoffice department have been "goated" in the means employed by the lobby against free sugar, and that the people have been paying the bills for the dissemination of arguments against the very project the administration is now seeking to effect, are pitifully plain. "Sugar at a Glance" has an interesting and unsavory history. Other matter against free sugar, after authorisation for printing as public documents, was doctored to suit the ends of the beet sugar interests' agent and became actually the literature of the interests; a document was prepared by him and mailed under frank. "Members of the committee," the report of this testimony advises, "expressed surprise that anyone should in any way change anything authorised to be printed by the senate." The change occurred a year ago, but as an illustration of method it apparently may be brought down to date; it conveys to the public rather startling news of how interests lobbying with congress are enabled even to employ the resources of government conduction for their purposes. It shows that big men in congress, among the biggest, can be "used" without their knowledge, possibly, that they are being used.

This investigation has developed too much that is serious, now, to be less than searching down to the last detail. True, the Palmer incidents are not directly involved in the present tariff revision situation, but in them is so much of revelation of the lengths to which the lobby will resort that it should be determined whether the current lobby is getting in the same kind of work. Meanwhile the nation has another distinctly unpleasant illustration of rank abuse of the franking privilege.

How fares the Hon. J. Ham's movement to convince the public that Mr. Turveydrop, not Beau Brummel, is his ideal?

GUBERNATORIAL GLEE.

R. T. Milner has resigned as president of the Agricultural and Mechanical College. Governor Colquitt will not weep, at any rate. What prompted the president to resign, we know not.—Austin Statesman.

So close to the throne, young Sir, and do not know that they who will not nod assent in all are not wanted at court?

No; the Hon. Oscar Colquitt will not weep for the departure of Colonel Milner. Rather will his face know a grimace of delight that may not be displaced.

The Statesman unwittingly is frank.

If Cip. Castro really does want to settle down in an American city we have not the least objection to his choosing Paterson or Lowell.

MORE WORK FOR THE SHERIFF?

"If the proposed tariff on paper is seriously advocated, it is the first attempt in the Underwood bill to revise the tariff upward," twits the Chicago Tribune, noting dispatches from Washington a few days ago that intimated a duty of $2 a ton will be put on news paper. These dispatches furnish "food for considerable speculation" and accordingly the Tribune thus speculates:

"The repeal of the paper duty three years ago, by allowing foreign paper to compete with the trust made product, reduced the price to every newspaper in the country. It also affected the earnings on the watered stock of the paper trust. The question which naturally arises in mind from reading the dispatches from Washington is whether the purpose of the duty is to help the paper trust or to punish the newspapers. Or is it merely a threat of reprisal against the newspapers in case they give too much publicity to the stories of tariff lobbyists in Washington? The ways of the tariff reformer are hard and the ways of the lobbyist are deep."

And the tricks of both are vain. "The World's Greatest Newspaper" has guessed it—the purpose of the duty is to help the paper trust or to punish the newspapers or to threaten reprisal for too much expose of the frank-using, public-document-altering, "insidious" ones. Aw, g'wan! put your $2 duty on news paper—and let this congress pass another amendment to the last postal appropriation act excluding newspapers that may protest against such duty from the "privilege" and "discrimination" of the second-class rating. Perhaps the esteemed senior senator from California would consent to introduce the amendment.

A competitor of the International Harvester "trust" testified in the Chicago trial of its methods that the big corporation was "business-like and fair." Can this be possible?

REASSURANCE—AND PREVENTION.

The statement of Secretary McAdoo, "in response to numerous inquiries from bankers," that the government would have $500,000,000 of emergency currency ready to meet the needs of the crop-moving situation, if necessary, was well-timed. And there is as much interest as timeliness in his reminder that this promise is made solely against the concern of banks as to their probable need, not because Wall Street has been apparently in tight place in the money market due to the recent general decline in stocks. The reported interpretation by New York banks of this statement by the secretary of the treasury—a reassurance to the legitimate interests—is the country's interpretation, and no other can be placed on it. It is the result of information, Mr. McAdoo emphasizes, from bankers themselves that some stringency as to time loans "might be experienced in moving crops and if the banks were assured relief could be had they would be able to meet the situation."

This statement should not only be the reassurance claimed for it by the inquiring bankers, of value to business generally and with the effect, as it is reported out of New York, "of releasing large amounts of time money in which a severe stringency was threatening," but it should have the all-important effect of making it clear to the financial control in the investment centers that the government — the administration — is watching closely the ordering of general business in connection with the legislation projected and court decisions returned at Washington, thoroughly determined and advised as to the prevention of any serious detriment to the legitimate business interests of the country. The farmers shall not be made to suffer under the possible manipulations of Wall Street antagonistic to the policies of the administration, through stringency of money for the moving of crops due to the condition of the stock market as the result of such manipulation. The government is prepared to combat with sufficient money to carry these legitimate interests any pressure the banks might feel in a serious business scare or during the intermittent appearance of a panic bugaboo.

The next president of the A. and M. college will be very much in the hands of his friends, not the college's.

Equal suffrage passes the Illinois legislature. Bravissimo! What will Governor Dunne do?

Texas Viewpoints

Well?

Ida Husted Harper says that in Old Testament Times the women wore trousers, and the men wore skirts and long hair. Don't despair, Miss Ida. We're heading that way again.—Amarillo News.

Ida, did she but stop to think, would not so frequently assume that "now I know the good old times are dead" attitude toward the positions and responsibility of the sexes. In Old Testament days her garb was the least of lovely woman's troubles — especially toward the start of that interesting but uncertain chronicle. The skirts and long hair and the whiskers betokened her l and m's superiority, strength and sanctity—the longer the whisker and the more luxuriant the hair and the more ornate the skirt, the greater were these qualities and conditions with him. We admit he must have been a difficult hombre to abide with; Hagar would have been justified, for instance, in getting busy with a camel club. Surely Ida would not recommend a reversion? Think of some of the fair young 'uns in her crowd being asked to wait seven years for a husband; think of others being compelled to do heavy work about the house! No, Ida; stick to and in the one-legged trouser of the late day and cease hankering for the elongated bloomers of the early.

Railroad Wrecks.

Perhaps it was Wall street that took the frisk out of Frisco.—San Antonio Express.

Yes! And this is the same bunch that put the rent in the Orient.—San Angelo Standard.

The Express might also busy itself, with profit to its locality, to the extent of inquiring who threw the rock at the Rockport—San Antonio & Mexico.

Callan Condemns Cards.

We have it on good authority that when the officers made that raid on a gambling place in Del Rio and had some prominent citizens dodging, that Austin Callan was not in the game. In fact, it was a five-cent ante game and Austin couldn't get in.—Eagle Pass News-Guide.

Why should Editor Callan play poker in Del Rio and take all sorts of chances? Isn't producing a paper in Menard gamble enough?

Comparisons Are Odorous.

Harry Johnston, who mixes it with the exchanges for the Houston Post, is not only a good writer, but he has an abundance of nerve. The idea of even a good writer running his stuff between Judd Lewis' column and George Bailey's paragraphs. We had as soon try to take a beauty prize in a contest with two of Houston's red-headed widows.—Menard Messenger.

Harry's likeness also is at the brow of his column, these days. His mixing is good and his invention is better. His acquaintance with and friendship for the writers of Texas Press is dependable and pleasant and his nature, in print, is even and unselfish. He can take as good as he gives and doesn't need a blueprint to understand a "jolly." No jaundice in Harry's, and no conceit. We see neither compliment nor nerve in his comment and clippings being placed between Baileyana and Lewisiana; these stand by themselves and speak for themselves. If his work should drop into Bailey's bailiwick by mistake it still would be recognized and if Lewis's lines should edge into Johnston's joshes none would confuse the two—not a chance!

Heresy!

The "lowest taxation" is the boast of the town that is not progressing. The day when that was a winning card has passed. Of course no one wants or will even suggest an exorbitant tax. All that is wanted is a tax that grows as property values increase. When that is done the town grows, needed public improvements are made and there is a hustle that stands for something.—Corsicana Sun.

Every town has its ancient and unhonored artillery company whose small arms are hammers and whose armory is the boxes and barrels of the shop of one of the old-time members. Undoubtedly the next meeting of this organization in Corsicana will resolute agin the Sun's progressive platform as "new-fangled and undemocratic."

Let's Have a New Crop.

Now that Tom Finty has saved the legislature from starvation and placed the members thereof on an adequate salary, the crop of legislative and State senatorial candidates will probably be increased very materially. There are undoubtedly more men in Texas willing to help make the laws at $1,200 per annum than at $300, there being a difference, although trifling, of some $900, and almost everyone will admit that $900 is some trifle as trifles go.—The Bulldog (Dallas Press Club).

$1,200 per each would not be overpay for the sort of solons we would like to see in the Statehouse. But let Texas have a complete change of outfit. It now has too many lawmarrers who are paid too much and would be paid too much no matter what they were paid. They cost the State incalculably more than their mileage and per diem. (Journals of the business organizations of Texas please copy.)

The Poets Laureate.

(Kansas City Star.)

Southey, Wordsworth, Tennyson and Austin were the English poets laureate of the last hundred years. Robert Southey was commissiond in 1813. Alfred Austin died in 1913.

"Poets are born, not made." An exception is that some poets laureate are made. The laurel has crowned a wide range of brows. The late Mr. Austin was not of the pedigreed Parnassus strain, in the estimate of his contemporary poets. In the Oxford Book of English Verse, selected by A. T. Quiller-Couch, no verses of his are included. But if some other poet or critic had compiled that anthology, perhaps Austin would have been represented. William Watson probably would have been more kind; for, in the tribute following the laureate's death, Watson said he was "a writer of lyrics among the most beautiful of his time." The tribute, however, is to be taken in connection with the time of its utterance, immediately following the brother poet's death—the time when, if ever, men speak generously.

The late laureate's best lyrics do not compare with the best of Tennyson's. They do compare favorably with the best of Southey's. There was much similarity in the careers of Austin and Southey. Each was a better writer of prose than of poetry, and each gained his laureateship as the result of favor won by other than poetic writing. Each was the contemporary of poets greater than himself—though in the matter of being outranked Southey was less fortunate than Austin. Only one poet of great genius, Swinburne, might have succeeded Alfred Tennyson. But Southey was the laureate when Byron, Shelley, Keats, Coleridge and Wordsworth—and others lesser though great—were making the most splendid period of English poetry since the Elizabethan time.

Bob Southey! You're a poet—Poet
  Laureate,
 And representative of all the race;
Although 'tis true that you turn'd out
  a Tory at
 Last,—yours has lately been a common case,
And now, my Epic Renegade! what are
  ye at?

Indeed, Southey was so representative of all the race of laureates, that it is difficult to get away from him in a brief review of laureates. Byron gave him other slaps. He wrote once, "I was introduced to Southey—the best-looking bard I have seen for some time. To have that poet's head and shoulders I would almost have written his Sapphics."

To turn Tory or be a Tory is a common case with laureates. One remembers Browning's "The Lost Leader," a lament at Wordsworth turn from the early revolutionist into the late standpatter:

Just for a handful of silver he left us;
Just for a ribbon to stick in his coat.

The great Lord Tennyson had the Toryism of culture. Not that culture may not be democratic. Simply that in his case it was not. Nor was it with the lesser Alfred Austin. As a vigorous pamphleteer and "leader" writer against Gladstone, Austin gained the friendship of Victoria. What chance with the virtuous if complacent queen had Swinburne, who shocked even old Thomas Carlyle, against Alfred Austin, who never jarred a canon of established taste, to say nothing of an English institution?

An English institution. The laureateship itself is that. It is not to be believed that King George will let it fail. It has been a crown office since 1619 in James I's reign. Before that its manner of selection was varied—by king's favor or university's nomination. Chaucer was the first of the line. Of great names there follow, Edmund Spencer, Ben Johnson, John Dryden, Wordsworth and Tennyson. Smaller celebrities there were—and some small, but not celebrated. In thus considering the weight of poetic names it is curious to recall that Alfred Austin, as a critic, placed the laureate, Tennyson, in the third rank of English poets. There are printed on this page some of the representative poems of Austin. In your judgment what rank do they win for Tennyson's successor?

Waco and The Morning News

Overworked Imagination.

By way of headline the Waco Morning News announces "Waco at Baltimore." Are we to presume that that one little railroad car moved the town?—Austin Statesman.

The Dent in Denton.

Fort Paragrapher Harris sagely observes that Roosevelt is the man who took the "wet" out of Newett. This playing on words has reached such a raging mania that we're looking for some inquisitive person to ask who put the "dent" in Denton. And we have our reply prepared. He's "gone" and the dent is almost gone, also.—Denton Record and Chronicle.

McGuirk Hurrahs Houston.

Signs of life in New Orleans.—Houston Post.

Of all the fulsome flattery—Waco News.

Flattery, no! Sights mixed, yes! The genial fellow was gazing into the mirror-like surface of the Buffalo Bayou when someone dropped a brick into it and caused the skyscrapers to wobble.—Calvert Picayune.

Another Sedan, Mayhap.

It occurrs to us Paris bankers had better have their millions against the time Germany becomes importunate rather than dump them into Mexico as a permanent investment termed by courtesy a "government loan."—Waco Morning News.

Of course, it would depend largely on just what form this "importunate" conduct of Germany assumes.—Beaumont Journal.

Waco Girls in the Swim.

Austin has our deepest sympathy. Most of her heart-crunchers are now in Celestial Corpus, teaching the waves a lesson in color. Needn't worry, though, we have plenty of dignified chaperones and there are worlds of other girls from Dallas, Houston, Fort Worth, San Antonio and Waco, all making out they don't know how to swim.—Corpus Christi Caller.

Another Interpretation.

To save the face of some of the elderly dames and middle-aged business men we have seen attempting the "turkey trot," someone in society and in charity ought to get up a "cow slip."—Waco News.

While we quite agree with the sentiments, we think the means suggested will prove too meagre. A cowslip would be inadequate. A pair of elephant blankets would be more hiding.—Marshall Messenger.

He Will.

It appears that while Texas slumbered and her legislature slept the managing editor was made a notary public—he atcually wants business therefor, therein and thereunto.—Waco Morning News.

This is a case of the "office hunting the man," about which so much has been heard, and as Jim Hays Quarles has been selected by a unanimous vote, it is to be hoped he will find time to devote his energies to the proper discharge of his official duties.—Fort Worth Record.

No "Criticism" in It.

Possibly the exchange editor of the Houston Post was once a printer and has not forgotten the value of making phat when he can "pick up" an extra em, or the Waco Morning News would not have found this cause for criticism:

"The versatile and never-peeved exchangist of the Houston Post gives our old pal, Joseph Emerson Smith (no less), genius of the San Antonio Express, two "m's" in his intermediate cognomen. Since Joe was not named for the Sage of Concord it really doesn't matter if Harry doubles every consonant, and Joe is entitled to as much as he can get—of everything."—San Antonio Express.

Ole to Jeff: On Mike.

We don't care what you say about Mike, but for the love of us don't try to get us to judge a beauty show. We have just had a little experience in baby shows and we have quit the beauty show business altogether.

Just think of the trouble we would have in a matter of this kind. There is Jim with his sartorial splendor and a style of beauty particular unto himself—a style he acquired when for many years he was taking beauty hints from Colonel Jeff McLemore himself. He has taken those hints, has become beautiful and now he has a good wife to see that he grows evermore in beauty.

And then Mike—his style of beauty is Massachusetts style. We have never been that far east and don't know just how to decribe his particular characteristics. But we have from reliable sources that he is beautiful. He has even been called dear and that is going some.

Please quit trying to make trouble for us.—Austin Statesman.

TO AMERICA.

What is the voice I hear
 On the wind of the Western sea?
Sentinel, listen from out Cape Clear
 And say what the voice may be.
 'Tis a proud, free people calling loud
  to a people proud and free.

And it says to them, kinsmen, hail,
 We severed have been too long.
Now let us have done with a wornout
  tale—
 The tale of an ancient wrong,
 And our friendship last long as love
  doth last and be stronger than
  death is strong.

Answer them, sons of the self-same
  race
 And blood of the self-same clan;
Let us speak with each other face to
  face
 And answer as man to man,
 And loyally love and trust each other
  as none but free men can.

Now fling them out to the breeze—
 Shamrock, thistle and rose—
And the star-spangled banner unfurl
  with these—
 A message to friends and foes,
 Wherever the sails of peace are seen
  and wherever the war wind
  blows.

A message to bond and thrall to wake;
 For, wherever we come, we twain,
The throne of tyrant shall rock and
  quake
 And his menace be void and vain,
 For you are lord of a strong, young
  land and we are lords of the
  main.

Yes, this is the voice on the bluff
  March gale:
 We severed have been too long.
But now, we have done with a worn-
  out tale—
 The tale of an ancient wrong;
 And our friendship last long as love
  doth last and be stronger than
  death be strong.

—Alfred Austin.

TEXAS FLAG REPLACES TOTEM AT OLD HISTORIC SPRING PARK

Exercises Commemorating Reminiscences of Pioneer Days Held Near "Old Spring" Observe Flag Day.

DAUGHTERS ACHIEVE END OF A LONG FIGHT

"Old Spring" Now Free of Chains of Commercialism. Mackey and Neff Address Crowds—Little Girls Stand Sponsor for Flag.

By Dinsmore W. Hume.

Where the totem of the Waco Indians, with its fantastic carvings, once reared its snubby height, the single star of Texas on its field of red and blue now floats. The "Old Spring" on the river bank at Bridge street has come into its own.

The celebration yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock at the "Old Spring" park marked a double event—recognition of the part played in Waco's history by the watering place, and observance of national flag day.

Some time ago Henry Downs chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, commenced a widespread campaign to free the once beautiful spot of its burden of commercialism and make it again, as far as possible, into the bubbling, jumping fountain around which flickered the camp lights of the American nomads of the pioneer days, threading forest and traveling schooner-wise over the open lands to Texas and the southwest. The Daughters' fight and their final triumph is an old story to which the climax came yesterday.

The exercises were simple. When the cosmopolitan gathering had swelled from a few stragglers to several hundred people, Rev. C. T. Caldwell, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, pronounced the invocation.

Mayor J. H. Mackey then addressed the gathering.

He recalled the time when the "Old Spring" park had been cluttered with a laundry, then with a bottling works; how the old spring had been pressed into the grimy service of commerce, its waters muddied and yellowed, the whole site littered with waste materials, and repugnant to the eye.

Then he told of the park being turned over by the city to the Daughters here, detailing the work they had accomplished to bring the park to its present state.

The mayor ended his address by briefly recalling the many incidents of the pioneer days, when the "Old Spring" played a most prominent part in making Waco the Waco of now, taking its beginning from a few scattered wigwams of the tribe of Indians which gave the city its name.

Following Mayor Mackey, Pat Neff, former county attorney, spoke.

The attorney prefaced his address with a history of the Texas flag and the part that the banner plays in state and national life. The first flag that Texans fought under was made by the hands of women, and on this account, he said, it was appropriate that the feminine touch should have brought the "Old Spring" back to its former condition, and that the flag to be raised over the spring should have been an idea conceived and furthered by women.

He paid tribute to the memory of the early Wacoans who first settled around the old watering spot, and who formed the nucleus of the present Central Texas metropolis. Perhaps, he said, more marriages were due to the existence of the spot than to any other single thing of early Waco Village days. History, too, he declared, entwines itself with the recollections of the "Old Spring." According to honored tradition, the war chiefs of Texas, when it existed as a Mexican province, a rebellious country without a name, a republic, and last, a newformed state, have discussed matters of state within sound of its murmur.

With the conclusion of Pat Neff's speech, two little girls, dressed in white, Margaret Hoskins and Jane Dodd Moore, mounted the rough platform at the foot of the pole and stood sponsor for the new banner as it was pulled to the top of the tall staff. When the first breeze half unfolded the flag, a chorus of school girls sang "Texas." Patriotic airs were played by the Baylor band. Bayless Earle acted as master of ceremonies during the exercises.

The flag was the gift of the Goldstein-Migel company, while the pole was given by the Southern Traction company.

ORIGIN OF FLAG DAY.

Governor of New York First Designated June 14.

(By W. Roy Christian.)

The Flag Day festival is one of the youngest of the national anniversaries and its annals are meager in comparison with the patriotic history of such celebrations as Independence Day and other national holidys. The first official recognition of Flag Day was made by the governor of New York, who gave orders that on June 14, 1897, the nation's flag should be unfurled over all the public buildings of the state. June 14 was chosen because on that date, just one hundred and seventeen years ago, the flag of the union was formally adopted by congress.

Robert Morris, the famous financier of the revolution, made the suggestion to congress and the following was adopted, "Resolved, that the flag of the thirteen United States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white in a blue field, representing the new constellation."

In 1897 the city of Philadelphia also observed the new holiday, and in the years that have followed the custom has spread rapidly over the entire nation. Today there are but few public buildings that do not hoist the Stars and Stripes on June 14.

Betsy Ross.

When the "flag" is mentioned the name of Betsy Ross always comes to the hearer's mind. Following the discussion in the assembly of patriots for a suitable emblem for the embryonic nation a committee was appointed, accompanied by George Washington, to find a designer. The committee went to the home of "Betsy" Ross at 239 Arch street, Philadelphia, on the 23rd day of May, and also on the 4th of June, 1776, and left orders for a flag to be made from the designs and suggestions submitted. The modest "Betsy" replied that she did not know that she could make it, but would try. The success of her efforts is shown by the resolution by congress adopting the next year the flag as she made it.

Old Glory.

"Old Glory" is a synonym for the flag that has become more popular than any other designation. No one seems to be able to trace definitely the origin of the appellation, but James Whitcomb Riley, the Hoosier poet, has put into verse an explanation that crystalises the ideas of every patriotic American.

"And it spake with a shake of the voice and it said:
By the driven snowwhite and the living blood-red
Of my bars and their heaven of blue o'er head—
By the symbol conjoined of them all, skyward cast,
As I float from the steeple or flap at the mast,
Or drop o'er the sod where the long grasses nod—
My name is as old as the glory of God,
. . . So I came by the name of Old Glory."

Change of Date Suggested.

The fact that the public schools, for whom the custom ought to be one of the greatest lessons of the year for the children, are usually all adjourned for the vacation by June 14, has led to the suggestion that the date ought to be changed. September 11 has been thought of as a more suitable and entirely appropriate because it is the anniversary of the day that the American flag was first let to the winds by Washington at the Battle of Brandywine, according to instructions from congress.

Educators are coming more and more to realize the necessity of a definite teaching of patriotism in the public schools and well planned exercises for this day afford an unexcelled opportunity for instilling the principles of pariotism and loyalty for the flag.

Opinions of Other Countries.

Visitors to America from other countries who have had opportuity to witness Flag Day exercises by the school children have always congratulated America on her flag festival. H. G. Wells, the famous English novelist, recently had this to say of a school day observance he witnessed in New York city:

"It's a thing I am glad not to have missed. I recall a large, cool room with a sloping floor, tier rising above tier of seats and desks, and a big class of bright-eyed Jewish children, boys and girls, each waving little American flags to the measure of the song they sang, singing to the accompaniment of the piano on the platform beside us. 'God bless our native land' they sang—with considerable variety of accent and distinctness, but with a very real emotion.

"After a thrilling little drill they repeated the following finely worded oath of allegiance: "Flag of our republic, inspirer of battle, guardian of our homes, whose stars and stripes stand for bravery, purity, truth and union, we salute thee! We, the natives of distant lands, who find rest under thy folds, do pledge our hearts, our lives, and our sacred honor to love and protect thee, our country, and the liberty of the American people forever.'

"It was the most touching thing I had seen in America."

Many of the schools prepare elaborate programs for the occasion. A popular celebration is an attractive drill of a number of little girls dressed in red, white and blue dresses and marched in order to make a living flag; the raising of the flag with a salute and an oath of allegiance from the children, the history of the emblem told in an attractive manner, patriotic recitations and songs, and the national anthems.

A Key Quotation.

Henry Ward Beecher, in a Flag Day address, gave as an introduction to his speech a statement that might be termed a key quotation for June 14.

"A thoughtful mind, when it sees a nation's flag, sees not the flag but the nation itseig; and whatever may be its symbol, its insignia, he reads chiefly the flag of government; the principles, truths, the history, which belong to the nation."

Flags of the Union.

Very few people know much about the flags under which the troops of the United States have fought. Gherardi Davis of New York, has found the subject very fascinating, so much so that he has produced a book in which the romance if the American flag stands forth in absorbing text and attractive plates. The book is put out in a very limited edition.

Mr. Davis calls his book "The Colors of the United States Army." It covers the period of our history from 1789 to 1912, although the subject prior to 1789 is touched upon. As he says in his introduction, he has made only an attempt at a brief history of the colors of the United States army. He found not only that very little had been written on the subject, but also that the gathering of material for the work was not an easy task. Even the records of the war department are very incomplete, while those of the regiments are more so.

In speaking of the colors of the regulars, Mr. Davis says:

"In the past not much attention has been paid to them and they have not been reversed as are the colors of the German, Russian and Austrian armies, even when men without number gave their lives to save them in action. There is nothing in the modern army color to indicate anything connected with the history of the regiments, as is the case in most European armies.

Bit of Flag History.

A curious bit of flag history has been dug from the records and old newspapers by Mr. Davis. He has found that the Stars and Stripes was very generally used at sea after its adoption as the United States flag by congress in June, 1777. On land, however, the present flag of the United States seems not to have been so generally flown. As late as 1780 Mr. Davis found General Washington was in correspondence with the war board in a series of letters which indicated that the question of national colors was still undecided.

Mr. Davis has seen a number of flags which existed before 1834 and from them he has presented a clear idea of what general patterns were probably in use in those years.

Oldest Regimental Flag.

The oldest regimental flag of which he has any knowledge is that of the Fourth Infantry ((1796), and he makes it the first plate in his book. The flag is of yellow silk ornamented with a scroll of light blue on which is the name of the regiment in gold letters, an ornamentation closely resembling the one in the colors of the Rhode Island regiment of Revolutionary days. Mr. Davis believes that the pattern just described may safely be said to have been carried as a regimental flag until 1841. The silk was often yellow or white, but there appears to have been no rule about the shade.

The War of 1812 no doubt brought out a lot of new colors, due to the organization of new regiments and the reorganization of many regiments of infantry which were disbanded in 1802, but of their details little is known. Relics of that war include infantry regimental colors to the number of thirty.

Origin of Thirteen Stripes.

An interesting fact about the origin of the thirteen stripes and the thirteen stars is here related. On the colors of the First regiment of light artillery (1812 or earlier) the shield has the letters "U. S." on the blue chief and bears fifteen stripes. There are seventeen stars above the eagle's head and the motto "E Pluribus Unum" does not appear. With few exceptions, Mr. Davis says, all the colors prior to 1834 showed the same details of design. The number of stars varied. He explains the fact thus:

"By act of congress of 1792 the flag of the United States was to have fifteen stripes and fifteen stars and this remained so until 1818, when congress provided that the stripes should be thirteen in number, the stars, however, to increase in number as the states increased. This explains the fifteen stripes on the arms of this and other colors prior to 1818. The number of stars above the eagle is not always an accurate guide to the date of the flag, for the reason that new stars were not always added to the colors on the admission of new states.

The general regulations for the army issued in 1834 contain the first description of army colors to be found in the war department. Mr. Davis finds the descriptions of sufficient interest to put into his book. The garrison flag is described thus:

Garrison Flag.

"It is to be made of bunting, not to exceed forty feet fly, and twenty feet hoist. To be composed of thirteen horizontal stripes of equal breadth, alternately red and white, beginning with the red. In the upper quarter, near the staff, will be the Union, composed of a number of white stars, equal to the number of states, distributed over a blue field, one-third of the length of the flag, and to run down to the lower edge of the fourth red stripe from the top."

Mr. Davis has produced an interesting book on a subject about which little is known and which few have heretofore studied. The plates with which the work is illustrated are very helpful to a thorough understanding of the text. Those which are colored were made from water colors done by Mrs. Davis and the author.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

Old Spring Linked With Waco's History--to Be Freed of Harness

(By Miss Mary Ross.)

When the country surrounding the city of Waco was a trackless wilderness, known only to wandering tribes of Indians, who had been gradually driven from the East, first by contending tribes and later by the invasion of civilized peoples from foreign lands, the wonderful spring, the "Old Sprng," on the west bank of the Brazos rver, became a resting place for every wanderer or traveler.

Those who have known the spot for the past few years only can imagine the beauty of the place pictured by those whose early recollections center about the Old Spring. Even some, who knew it before the hard hand of commerce interferred, had lost sight of its location until a few of the patriotic women of Waco determined that it should be unearthed and preserved as should any spot that has so largely contributed to the comfort, pleasure and benefit of those who came before and made possible a progressive city. Now that so much has been accomplished, it is fitting that our minds should go back to the early traditions and try to imagine something of its appearance.

The soil along the banks of the Brazos is said to be as rich as that of the Nile, and from the trees along the stream one can well believe it. While the east bank is of clay and sand, a strong ledge of hard limestone underlies the western bank, and it is from this rocky wall the big spring gushed forth to mingle its pure, soft waters with the yellowed stream below. The very earliest statements are that the pool of water was overhung by a bank covered with ferns. Just in front was the rocky ledge across which the water rushed, making a leap into the river with such force that a man could not withstand it. A large fallen tree lay across the way, and there it was the Indians would go for a plunge in the river, standing on the log and allowing the water to throw them out into the stream. At that time the river was deep, not having been filled with the washings of sand and silt from cultivated lands in the valley now on either side. The banks of the river were covered with ferns, the pools and nooks were grown up in rushes and rank grasses; bamboo and briar vines made a tangle of foliage from tree to tree; dogwood, haw and wild plum blossoms made sweet the air in springtime. On the riverside below the spring were tall trees, their arching branches hung with grape and trumpet vines. Above the spring the woods extended to the rolling valley beyond where great live oaks and gnarled post oaks were scattered.

That it was an unusually fine spring is shown by the many references to it in the early history of Central Texas, and as the country became dimly known in far-away places, it was the point to which the traveller directed his course, knowing that here would be found an abundance of water and shade.

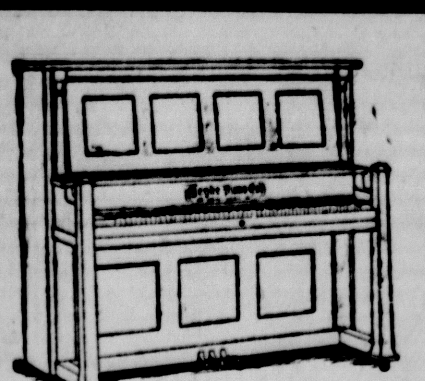
There are many traditions of how the different tribes of Indians contended for this location, first one and then another gaining possession, perhaps to be driven away by still another tribe, until it finally was known as the village of the Waco Indians, and from them this city takes its name. There is a pathetic story of an old Indian woman who was too feeble to continue the journey westward with her tribe—the tribe no one remembers—and was left with a certain quantity of food beside the spring, either to die when she no longer had food or strength, or to be taken by some other tribe, should a wandering band pass that way. Only the old spring knows the conclusion of her story. It is said that the Indians used to take one suffering from the delirium of fever or a clouded mind to where the sound of falling water would be constantly in the ear. They believed the soothing effect of the sound of water as it rippled and played would cure any mind troubled by fever or fear. So it is possible that the Old Spring has not only slaked the thirst of countless red men, but has also soothed and relieved trouble or sickness.

After the white man had settled in the country east of here and the Indians had pushed their way still further toward the setting sun, the land was found to be good, and consequently the white man wanted it for own. The knowledge that river and spring afforded such an ample supply of water became widely scattered, and parties of pioneers from states beyond the Mississippi made this spot their destination. Trains of wagons would come here to camp, and then scatter to other parts of the country, some going on to the prairie lands, others taking up the rich bottom lands along the river. Many a meetnig of long sepaarted friends took place at the camp fire, and often mmebers of the same family who had been lost to each other for years would be reunited, when a new party would arrive from the east, for, in those days, when a letter might be many months on its way to the one to whom it was directed, it was possible for even the nearest and dearest to lose sight of one another.

The first settlers in the little village were known to be most hospitable, so the deserving were sure of a warm welcome. To numbers who had withstood the unaccustomed fatigue and hardships of a trip overland from Tennessee, Kentucky, Alabama or even further away, it meant more than a mere welcome. It meant tender care in illness and comfort in bereavement, for many a time some little child, a tired mother, or a father, who had braved so much to bring his family to a new land, found final rest at the end of the journey, or was only held back from death by the simple remedies and watchful care of newfound friends in the vilalge. As the village assumed larger proportions, the spring was still the principal source of good water. It was hauled to the homes in barrels mounted on rough sleds for ordinary use, and the stock belonging to the people were led down a winding path to the drinking place. After awhile, a stopping place for transients was built and a ferry plied across the river, landing just about where the west end of the suspension bridge now is. Trading posts were established through the country, freighters and stage drivers made possible the carrying of supplies and passengers from place to place, but Waco was still the center, and no one came or went who was not attracted by the wonderful spring and its fine water, so that this became more and more to be known as a good place to settle on account of being "well watered."

In counting over the many things that have been conducive to the upbuilding of Waco, how often the Old Spring has been overlooked. One of the most successful business men here has said that after a long trip across the country on horseback, in search of a place to locate after having tried other towns, he arrived in Waco just at sunset, tired, hot and dusty. He saw the spring, took his horse and two dogs there for a drink, refreshed himself, and immediately made up his mind that where there was such an abundant supply of water, free to all, was the place to make his home. He has never regretted his decision, and is among those who yet live to rejoice in the reclaiming and preservation of this spring.

It is the most unaccountable thing in the history of any city that there should be someone who is completely blinded to the best interests of others, and ultimately of himself. It may not perhaps be possible to decide just who was responsible for the first thought that utility and beauty are incompatible, but be that as it may, the day came when the Old Spring was harnessed and put to work. It was no longer free to sing in unison with the birds; it was not allowed to laugh back at the children who played along the bank or swung in the big grape vines; it could not hear the satisfied sigh of the tired horse which had drunk his fill at its brim; it could no longer reflect the dancing light of the campfire or the bright stars above in the evening. No, that was too free, that was not bringing in silver or gold to line a pocket with. The water was going to waste, it must be utilized. What became of the ferns? They were trampled and crushed. They were torn up and flung away. What became of the trees? They made firewood or timbers for buildings. Soon there was a wall of brick, there was a snorting and puffing engine, there was the hum of machinery, and only a deep, sullen reservoir of water to show where the spring had been. Dust and hat from a city street replaced the cool, damp shade. running watr, gave only a glance at tracted by a beautiful grove and clear, running water, gave onl ya giance at what might have been a tank of water pumped from the river, never dreaming that nature had blessed us with one of her richest gifts only to have it misused and almost destroyed. Such desecration is sometimes called a city's "short-sighted policy," and is passed over without further comment, but fortunately there were those among us who could remember and were wiling to sacrifice and be criticised in order Where did the vines and rushes go? that the Old Spring might be reclaimed and protected and the surroundings restored as nearly as possible. The work that has been done is well done, and time will show the wisdom of this restoratoin. Already is it becoming known in the outside world that there is a remarkable supply of water at Waco, that it is a good place to enter business, because there must be an abaundant supply where such a spring could outlive the treatment that had been accorded it for many years. This should even appeal to those who think principally of utility, for, if such a comparatively small thing can add to the commercial prosperity of a city, at least some credit should be given to those who do not allow all sentiment to be crushed out of their lives and can still lift a voice and lend a hand to preserve things beautiful in nature to be a joy to the appreciative and a source of pleasure and a benefit in every way possible.

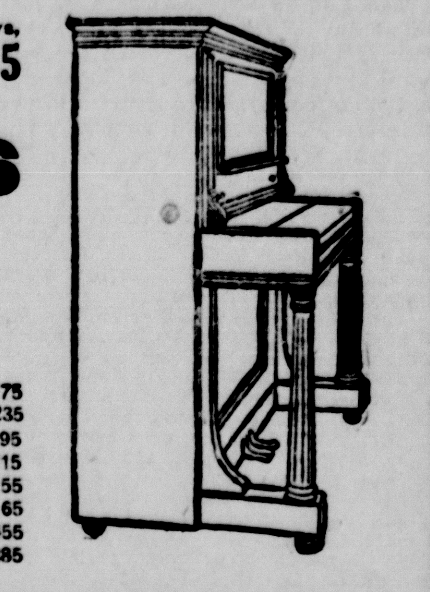


HERE IS THE PIANO
You Have Wished for

Just the one you have often said you wanted. A sweet, mellow tone, beautifully designed, finished in Mahogany or Oak, with copper wound bass strings, full metal plate ivory keys. In fact a fine instrument. The price is only $285

HERE IS ANOTHER

Just a little finer, with a rich mellow tone, Mahogany case, ivory keys, bushed tuning pins, metal plate. You could not wish for a better instrument for the price of $325



Many Bargains
IN SLIGHTLY USED
PIANOS

$400 Chickering, good shape, for only	$175
$350 Emerson, Mahogany Case, for only	$235
$300 Whittier, good parlor Piano, for only	$195
$350 Concord Piano, Oak case, for only	$215
$325 Camp & Co., Mahogany Case, for only	$155
$400 Grand Square Piano, ebony case, for only	$ 65
$600 Player Piano, Oak Case, for only	$455
$700 Player Piano, Mahogany Case, for only	$385

Come at Once, Phone or Write if You Wish to Get the Best Selection

Store Open Evenings Until 9 O'Clock

Leyhe Piano Co.

709-711 Austin Steeet
THE LARGEST PIANO CONCERN IN TEXAS
G. H. JACKSON, Vice President and Manager, WACO, TEXAS

SHH! LADIES! SECRET TO DARKEN FADED GRAY HAIR--USE SAGE TEA

Sage Mixed With Sulphur Restores Natural Color and Lustre to Hair.

Why suffer the handicap of looking old? Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance.

Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Either prepare the tonic at home or get from any drug store a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," ready to use; but listen, avoid preparations put up by druggists as they usually use too much sulphur, which makes the hair sticky. Get "Wyeth's" which can always be depended upon to darken beautifully and is the best thing known to remove dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair.

By using Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur no one can possibly tell that you darkened your hair. It does it so naturally and evenly—you moisten a sponge or soft brush, drawing this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time which requires but a few moments. Do this at night, and by morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two its natural color is restored and it becomes glossy and lustrous and you appear years younger.

Can You Make Good Bread? Are Your Biscuits Like Mother Used to Make?

IF YOU CAN MAKE GOOD BREAD WE WANT YOU TO TRY

Belle of Waco Flour

If you can't, try it and see how quickly your bread improves. Go to your grocer tomorrow and order a sack; see that he gets it for you; then try it. It's the Best Flour Your Money Can Buy. It don't cost any more than the other kind. Get it.

Waco Mill and Elevator Co.
MAKERS OF "BELLE OF WACO FLOUR"

HISTORY OF THE EXPRESS SERVICE

THE EMPIRE COMPANY IS THE LAST TO BID FOR FAVOR.

JUDGE MEEK SUSTAINS IT

Story of How the Carrying of Parcels Became a Business in This Country.

The Empire Express company, just organized in Texas, is the latest carrier of that character to bid for service in this country, and by a decision of Judge Edward R. Meek in the federal court at Dallas Thursday, the M. & K. T. railroad must provide facilities for it to do business.

There was no such thing as an organized express service in the United States seventy-five years ago. Last year the half dozen great express companies of America carried more than 200,000,000 parcels.

The express idea was originated by a keen witted Boston Yankee, William F. Harnden. He had been a railroad conductor on the old Boston and Worcester, which later became a part of the Boston and Albany line. His health failed and he cast about for something easier to do. He could ride on the railroads for nothing owing to his acquaintance among railway men. The crytallization of his idea was an advertisement which appeared in the daily newspapers of New York and Boston on February 23, 1839.

This advertisement said that "William F. Harnden has made arrangements with the Providence railroad and the New York Boat company to run a car through from Boston to New York, and vice versa, four times a week. He will accompany the car himself, take care of all small packages that may be entrusted to his care and see them safely delivered." Then followed his office address: 9 Court street, Boston, and 1 Wall street, New York.

Harnden did not have any car except in his imagination. But he had one perfectly good valise and this sufficed to hold all the packages he received at first. He styled himself "the original expressman," an appellation that he clung to until he died. His backer was a New York hotel man.

At first the business was discouragingly small. Harnden lost about $600 in the difference between income and outgo in the first half year. His backer, however, heartened him up when he was discouraged. He pointed out to him that there would be a lot of packages from abroad for delivery in New York and Boston as soon as the Cunard line had established its service from Liverpool to Boston. When this was done the express business took a fresh start and prospered.

Harnden's first competitor was a Vermont grocer, Alvin Adams, the founder of the Adams Express company. Harnden's ill health mastered him before he had been three years in the express business, and he died without even dreaming of the huge industry he had founded. Harnden's partner, Wells, started a line between Albany and Buffalo. William C. Fargo, an ex-railroad man, was Wells' agent at the latter point. The two formed a partnership in the early '50s, and the Wells Fargo & Co.'s express was born. Even from the first, for some unknown reason, the comma was omitted after Wells.

By that time a number of express companies had been formed, so many in fact that they were merging together into larger and larger combinations and were extending their lines continually. The American Express company was established by Livingston & Co., and Wells & Co. in 1850. In 1854 Harnden's old concern was taken in by the Adams Express company and the end men in the minstrel shows began to ask: "For whom was Eve made?"

In those booming days, when the gold rush to California was on and the flood of treasure had to be carried eastward, the express companies got an impetus that assured their permanence. Now their field has broadened far beyond the mere carrying of packages, although that still is an enormous industry. An express company today will act as your agent for doing any sort of business authorized by law, from redeeming pawned articles to issuing bills of exchange or drafts that are good all over the world.

LOAN FUND FOR STUDENTS.

Geo. W. Brackenridge Offers University $25,000.

Austin, June 11.—President Mezes, of the University of Texas, announced at the annual commencement exercises of the university Tuesday that Col. George W. Brackenridge of San Antonio has tendered the university the sum of $25,000 for the establishment of a loan fund. This fund will be in addition to the Cullen F. Thomas fund, which is now being established. The Brackenridge fund will be open to loans to women students who are specializing in either architecture, medicine or law. It has been only in recent years that the women students of the University of Texas have availed themselves of the opportunity of entering the professional schools. At present there are two women students in the law department, a score in the engineering school specializing in architecture; while the medical department has for many years had several women registered. Colonel Brackenridge's gift is one of the steps taken by the friends of education in Texas to further the possibilities of the poor boys and girls of the state to receive a higher education.

FLOOD KILLS 300.

Inundations Cause Heavy Loss of Life in India.

Bombay, June 14.—Floods cost the lives of 300 in the peninsula of Cathiawar to the north of Bombay on the Arabian sea. The inundations were caused by heavy rains.

Suffragette Again Jailed.

London, June 14.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst was arrested again today and taken to Holloway jail. She had been released on license on May 31, owing to ill-health brought about by a hunger strike while she was serving her sentence of three years penal servitude.

A Money Saving Event of Tremendous Advantage to the People of Central Texas

We Are Determined to Clean Up Broken Lots and Have Been Merciless in Our Price Cutting. Every Department Is Represented by Splendid Assortments of Staple Merchandise. Don't Fail to Attend This Bargain Feast.

Clean Sweep Sale of Handkerchiefs and Neckwear

A big assortment of Sample Handkerchiefs in plain hemstitched and embroidered corners; also colored borders. Regular 5 and 7 1-2c, for.. **4c**

Beautiful sheer Linen and Shamrock Lawn Handkerchiefs, embroidered corners, scalloped edge and hemstitched hem. Worth 25c, Clean Sweep Sale **10c**

Ladies' Bulgarian Collars, embroidered in all colors. Regular 29c, Clean Sweep Sale **19c**

A sample line of Handkerchiems, very sheer linen and best quality shamrock lawn, with scalloped edge, hemstitched hem, lace edge; also very neat embroidered corners; a nice Handkerchief for making jabots. Worth up to 50c, Clean Sweep Sale.. **29c**

Windsor Ties in Satin face and silk back; colors, red, light blue, light pink and white, red, black, dark blue and plaids. Regular price 25c, Clean Sweep Sale **21c**

Clean Sweep Sale of Notions

Pearl Buttons, flat top with two eyes. Regular 10c, Clean Sweep Sale, per doz. **5c**

Bullet Button, superior ocean pearl. Regular 35c and 40c. Clean Sweep Sale, perdozen **25c**

Ladies' White Wash Embroidered Belts with pearl buckles; regular 15c and 25c. Clean Sweep Sale, each **5c**

Finishing Braid, assorted colors, 4 and 5 yards on piece; 5c values. Clean Sweep Sale, each **2 1/2c**

Sanitary Belts, all elastic. Worth 50c. Clean Sweep Sale, each **35c**

Odd lot of Back Combs and Barrettes. Worth up to 50c. Clean Sweep Sale, each **5c**

Peerless Hair Curlers, 6 on a card. Regular 25c per card. Clean Sweep Sale, per card **15c**

Ladies' White Kid Belts, extra quality. Clean Sweep Sale **50c**

Clean Sweep Sale of Trunks

Special prices on Trunks for Vacation Season; all canvas covers, reinforced hardwood strips, leather and steel covered corners, brass-trimmed, extra large trays, full cloth lined, heavy sole leather straps.

28x18 Regular Price $4.00, Sale Price **$2.89**

30x18 Regular Price $5.50, Sale Price **$3.89**

32x19 Regular Price $6.00, Sale Price $3.98
34x23 Regular Price $8.50, Sale Price $6.35
36x24 Regular Price $9.00, Sale Price $6.89
40x26 Regular Price 16.00, Sale Price $12.69

SCOTCH LAWNS

A new shipment of colored lawns, ideal fabric for mid-summer wear, a pleasing array of designs and colorings, including pink, blue, black, red and lavender checks and stripes. They are absolutely fast, wear like the 10c grade; Clean Sweep Sale, per yard **4c**

Clean Sweep Sale of Ribbon

A High, Lusty Satin Glace Silk Black Ribbon in all colors. Regular price 35c. Price, per yard **29c**

A fine Ribbon for Hair Bows in Checks and Stripes; colors, Black, Red, Blue and Pink. Regular 25c a yard. Special, a yard **19c**

A large assortment of Ribbon in Taffeta and Satin Faced—colors, Black, Red, Copenhagen, Light Blue, Brown, Yellow and Lavender. Price per yard **10c**

Ribbon Special—a good lot of Ribbon in dark colors; Satin and Taffeta from 2 to 4 1-2 inches wide. Clean Sweep Sale, the yard.................... **3c**

A nice line of Ribbon from 1-2 to 1 inches wide. Clean Sweep Sale, per yard.................... **1c**

Clean Sweep Sale of Table Table Linen

BLEACHED TABLE LINEN.

Bleached Table Linen in new floral designs, 60 inches wide. Clean Sweep Sale Price, a yard... **25c**

CLEAN UP ON NAPKINS.

Large size Mercerized Table Napkins, size 22x22. Worth $1.50. Clean Sweep Sale price, per dozen **98c**

TOWELING.

Plain and Border Towel Crash, worth 10c, Clean Sweep Sale, the yard **7c**

36-INCH WHITE CORDUROY.

Full yard wide Corduroy, late style welts; a regular 25c seller. Clean Sweep Sale Price, the yd **19c**

Clean Sweep Sale of Lace and Embroidery

A broken lot of Baby Irish Insertion in White and Cream, all different designs, from 1-2 inches to 2 inches wide. Regular prices 15c, 25c, 35c per yard. Special Clean Sweep Sale at One-half price.

A big assortment of Linen Cluny Lace and Insertion to match, in white and linen color; very effective for linen and tissue dresses. Regular price 10c to 12 1-2c yard. Clean Sweep Sale for **8c**

A line of Pure Linen Lace and Insertion to match in beautiful pattens, from 3 to 7 inches wide. Regular 45c to 50c yard. Clean Sweep Sale **39c**

Baby Irish and Ratine Banding in white and cream, all new designs—a big bargain:

Regular $1.25 yard, Clean Sweep Sale 89c
Regular $1.50 yard, Clean Sweep Sale $1.28
Regular $2.00 yard, Clean Sweep Sale $1.54

Clean Sweep Sale Calicoes and Domestics

Good grade White Flannel, the yard..21c

Good heavy Bleached Sheeting, 81 inches wide, the yard 23 1-2c

Apron Gingham in blue, red, brown and black checks, the regular 8 1-2c, the yard 6 1-2c

Dress Gingham, all standard brands, regular 15c grade for 12c; regular 12 1-2c the yard 11c; regular 10c, the yard... 9c

Bleached Sheets, good grade, 72x90, 55c; 81x90.. 65c

42x36 Pillow Cases 10c

Good Cotton Check for Quilt Lining, a yard 5c

Standard colors in Dress and Shirting Calico, special only 4 1-2c

Best Calico, all standard brands, regular 7 1-2c, the yard 6c

Clean Sweep Sale From Our Wash Goods Section

SILK TISSUES.

Silk and Cotton Materials; these are washable and a much favored fabric for evening dresses. Colors: Old Rose, Nell Rose, Heliotrope, Maize, Pink, Blue and White. Worth 25c a yard, Clean Sweep Sale **19c**

WHITE PERSIAN LAWNS.

36 and 40-inch Persian Lawns; worth 25c and 35c a yard. Clean Sweep Sale price, the yard **15c**

WHITE DRESS LINEN.

36-inch White Dress Linen, launders well; a 35c grade. Clean Sweep Sale, the yard **25c**

MOTOR SUITING AND RAMIE LINEN.

36-inch Linen Suiting and 45-inch Ramie Linen in Oyster White, Natural, Pink and Blue. Worth up to 65c a yard. Clean Sweep Sale price, the yard.... **39c**

SOFT COTTON FOULARDS.

Cotton Foulards in dark and light grounds; attractive patterns. Worth up to 25c a yard. Clean Sweep Sale, the yard **14c**

IMPORTED ZEPHYR GINGHAM.

An attractive collection of Zephyr Gingham in Brown, Gray, Green and Red Plaids; also Blue and Pink Checks. These are worth 25c a yard. Clean Sweep Sale price the yard **19c**

FANCY WHITE LAWNS AND VOILES.

1 counter lot Fancy Lawns and Voiles; worth up to 35c a yard. They are slightly soiled from handling. Price to Clean Sweep, the yard **10c**

TURKISH BATH TOWELS.

Extra large Bath Towels, unbleached, hemmed and fringed; they are worth 21c. Big Clean Sweep Sale each **15c**

BORDERED HUCK TOWELS.

36-inch Huck Towels, with red border, a god weight and generous size. Clean Sweep Sale **$1.00**

WINDOW SHADES.

1 lot Window Shades, worth up to 35c; good colors. Clean Sweep Sale **21c**

NOTTINGHAM LACE SCARFS.

54-inch Nottingham Lace Scarfs, plain centers, fancy borders; worth 35c. Clean Sweep Sale price **25c**

Steel Shears, nickle plaited, made of good steel. Clean Sweep Sale, per pair .... 10c, 15c and **25c**

Clean Sweep Sale From Our Wash Goods Section

Silk Stripe Voile in Pink, White, Tan, Black, Canary, Blue and Lavender. Worth 35c a yard. Clean Sweep Sale price, a yard **25c**

LACE CURTAIN NETS.

Curtain Nets, 30 inches wide, a bargain at 15c. Clean Sweep price, the yard.. **10c**

SILK POPLIN.

36-inch Silk Poplin, fine for summer traveling costumes; colors: Tan, Navy, Hindu, Grey, Black and Red. Worth $1.00 a yard. Clean Sweep Sale price, yard.. **65c**

Fancy Folding Fans, painted and carved sticks, floral designs and silver tinted, with cord and tassel. Regular 25c. Clean Sweep Sale, each **19c**

CLEAN SWEEP SALE TOILET ARTICLES

Nail Files of the best steel, large or small. Regular 25c. Clean Sweep Sale **19c**

Manicure Scissors of a fine quality steel. Regular 50c grade. Clean Sweep Sale, per pair ... **39c**

Sanitol Tooth Powder and Paste, regular 25c price, for **17c**

One pound can Talcum Powder, regular 25c, for **21c**

Famous

MISTROT-CALAHAN CO. PROPS.

Where a Dollar Does its Duty.

Hunt Jones Manager

CLEAN SWEEP SALE TOILET ARTICLES

Dr. Raymon's Tooth Powder, also Williams', Colgate's and Sozodont. Regular price 15c, for **9c**

A great lot of Clothes Brushes with ebony and cherry backs. Regular 25c sellers, price...... **19c**

A mixed lot of Combs and Pyrolin, Stag, Excelsior, etc. Regular 10c, for **5c**

Blue Seal Vaseline, a great family remedy for burns, wounds, etc. Regular 5c, price **3c**

CLEAN SWEEP SALE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Corset Covers, neatly trimmed with lace and embroidery, neck finished with beading and ribbon. Clean Sweep Sale price	21c
Ladies' Princess Slips, a big assortment to select from, embroidery and lace trimmed. Clean Sweep Sale price	98c

Sale Starts Monday, June the 16th at 8:00 a. m.

Clean Sweep Sale Ladies' and Children's Knit Underwear

Ladies' Knit Combination Suits, light, elastic form-fitting and daintily trimmed with torchon lace; knee length, circular leg, "Can't Slip" shoulder straps. Clean Sweep Sale	39c
Ladies' fine Gauze Vests, with "Sta-Up" shoulder straps, silk taped, daintily trimmed with crochet. 50c value. Clean Sweep Sale	39c
Children's "Nazareth" Waists, horn buttons, sateen facing, trimmed with lace. Regular 25c. Clean Sweep Sale, each	19c
Ladies' fine Ribbed Vests of light weight Lisle, medium wide shoulder straps, taped neck and arms. Regular 25c, Clean Sweep Sale	19c
Ladies' Ribbed Lisle Pants, extra wide knee, lace trimmed. Regular 50c, Clean Sweep Sale, pair	39c
Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Vests, narrow shoulder straps, taped neck and arms. Values to 25c. Clean Sweep Sale, each	5c
Ladies' Ribbed Vests, light weight, taped neck and arms—"Knit-to-Fit." Regular price 15c. Clean Sweep Sale	11c

TOILET ARTICLES.

Nail Files of the best steel, large or small. Regular 25c. Clean Sweep Sale	19c
Manicure Scissors of a fine quality steel. Regular 50 grade. Clean Sweep Sale, per pair	39c
Sanitol Tooth Powder and Paste, regular 25c price for	17c
One pound can Talcum Powder	9c

Clean Sweep Sale Waists

Lawn Waists, low neck and short sleeves, trimmed with Embroidery and Lace Insertion and Tucks. $1.25 values. Clean Sweep Sale price	89c
—Ladies' Silk Shirts in Navy and White only. $3.00 values. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.59
Ladies' Voile Waists with Dutch neck and short sleeves and assorted stripes, with trimmings of Baby Irish Lace and Buttons. $2.50 values. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.98
Ladies' Waists—A big assortment in this lot, made of White Voile, Lingerie and Lawn, neatly made and trimmed with lace edge, tucks and lace and Embroidery Insertion. Low neck and short sleeves. $1.50 values. Clean Sweep Sale price	98c
Ladies' Fancy Tailored Waists, trimmed in pearl buttons with lace in the sleeves and neck. $2.00 values. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.89
Ladies' Lingerie Waists, trimmed with Embroidery and Pin Tucks, with low neck and short sleeves. Regular price $2.00. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.58
Lingerie Waists, short sleeves and Dutch neck, trimmed with Cluny Lace Medallions and Insertion. $2.00 values. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.48
Ladies' Lawn Waists, neatly trimmed with lace and embroidery, with high and low necks. $1.25 values. Clean Sweep Sale	49c
Ladies' White Linene Shirts in strictly tailored style, low neck and short sleeves, trimmed in piping of contrasting color. Regular $1.25 values, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.19

Clean Sweep Sale Corsets

Henderson Corsets. We have a large assortment of styles of the Henderson Corset, which is one of the best Corsets on the market—a style for each figure—stout, slender and medium, all the latest models.

Reg. Price per Pair.	Clean Sweep Sale Price.
$1.00	$ .89
1.50	1.29
2.00	1.89
2.50	2.29
3.00	2.48

We have an extra value in Henderson Front Laced Corset, compares with the regular $3.50 grade. Clean Sweep Sale price	$2.39
W. T. Corsets in the latest style, non-rustable boning with ambertine lined clasp and is fitted with "Kant-Kum-Off" hose supporters. Regular $1.00. Clean Sweep Sale, per pair	79c

Kabo.—We have the several styles of the Kabo Corsets for stout, slender and medium figures in extra long and medium skirt length and busts, neatly made and finished at top with embroidery.

Regular.	Clean Sweep Sale Price.
$1.00	$ .89
1.50	1.29
2.00	1.89
2.50	2.29
3.00	2.48

CLEAN SWEEP SALE LADIES' SHOES

Ladies' $4.00 Brown Vici Kid Button Oxford with flexible welt sole. Clean Sweep Sale	$3.00
Ladies' $3.50 Suede two-strap Sandal, Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50
Ladies' $4.00 Champagne Buck, Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50
Ladies, $3.50 Tan Pump with tailored bow, Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50
Ladies' $3.50 Patent Kid Blucher Oxford, Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50

SPECIA LPRICES IN LADIES' LOW FOOTWEAR.

Ladies' $3.50 4-button Kid Oxfords, Clean Sweep Sale	$3.00
Ladies' $3.50 Vici Kid Oxford, plain toe and Cuban heel. Clean Sweep Sale	$3.00
Ladies' $3.50 White Buck 4-button Oxfords, with Milo buttons. Clean Sweep Sale	$3.00
Ladies' $4.00 Tan Pump, Cuban heel, with flat bow of same. Clean Sweep Sale	$3.00
Misses' $2.50 Velvet 2-strap Sandal, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.65
Misses' $2.00 Patent Ankle Strap Sandal, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.65
Misses' $2.00 Russia Calf Ankle strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.39
Ladies' $4.00 Dark Blue Ooze Pump, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.85
Misses' $2.00 Patent Ankle Strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.39
Misses' $2.50 Patent 2-strap Sandal, Clean Eweep Sale	$1.65
Misses' $2.50 one-strap Black Suede Sandal, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.65
Misses' $2.50 Velvet 2-strap Sandal, Clean Sweep Sale	61.65
Misses' $2.00 Russia Calf, angle strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.39
Misses' $1.50 Russia Calf, ankle strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.00
Misses' $1.50 Tan Kid, ankle strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.00
Misses' $1.75 Patent, ankle strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.00
Misses' $1.50 patent, instep strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.00
Misses' $1.50 Vici Kid, instep strap, Clean Sweep Sale	$1.00
Ladies' $3.50 Tan button Oxford, plain toe, Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50
Ladies' $4.00 Black Suede Pump with bow of same. Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50
Ladies' $4.00 4-button Velvet Oxford, Clean Sweep Sale	$2.50
Ladies' $2.50 Vici Kid Blucher Oxford, in all sizes and different heighth heels. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.85
Ladies' $2.50 Gun Metal 4-button Oxford, low heel. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.85

Clean Sweep Sale Ladies' and Children's Hosiery

Ladies' Pure Silk Hose, full fashioned, double linen soles, high spliced heels and extra long garter top. A superior quality; white only. Regular $1 Hose, Clean Sweep Sale price	75c
Ladies' Pure Thread Silk, high spliced heels, linen soles and silk garter top; Pink, Blue, Lavender, Green, Tan and Gray. $1.50 grade, Clean Sweep Sale	75c
Ladies' Black Lisle Hose—out size with double heel and toe and garter top. Black only. Regular 50c grade, Clean Sweep Sale	35c
Ladies' Fine Gauze Lisle Hose; reinforced heels and toes and double garter tops. Regular 50c; black only. Clean Sweep Sale	37c
Ladies' Silk Lisle Hose in fancy colors, plain and daintily embroidered with silk; colors Pink, Blue, Oxblood, Green, Rose and Navy. 50c grade. Clean Sweep Sale, a pair	29c
Odd lot of Ladies' Colored Cotton Hose; medium light weight; Pink, Blue, Wine and Lavender. Regular 10c per pair. Clean Sweep Sale	4c
Misses' Mercerized light weight ribbed Hose in Pink and Blue; regular 25c. Clean Sweep Sale	18c
Children's light weight cotton Socks; Pink, Blue and Brown. Regular 10c. Clean Sweep Sale a pair	5c
Misses' light weight Ribbed Lisle Hose; unbleached soles with double heel and toe. Regular 25c. Clean Eweep Sale	17c
Ladies' Pure Silk Hose, full fashioned, double linen soles, high spliced heels and extra long garter top. A superior quality; white only. Regular $1.00 Hose. Clean Sweep Sale	75c
Ladies' Pure Thread Silk Hose, high spliced heels, linen soles and silk garter top; Pink, Blue, Lavender, Green, Tan and Gray; $1.50 grade. Clean Sweep Sale	75c

Clean Sweep Sale Millinery

Ladies' Sailors in rough straw braid, colors Red, Brown, White and Burnt. Values up to $2.50. Special	89c
Misses' Fancy Braid Hats, neatly trimmed with small flowers and ribbons of contrasting colors. Special	$2.98
Ladies' Trimmed Hats in Chip, Milan and Hemp Braids, in the latest shapes and trimmings. Special price	$4.48

Clean Sweep Sale Ladies' Gloves

Odd lot of Long Silk Gloves, twelve and sixteen button length. Small sizes only in Black, White and Grey. Regular $1.00. Per pair	29c
Ladies' Short Silk Gloves, double tipped, with two-clasp Fasteners. Black, White, Blue and Grey. Values up to 75c. Special	19c
Ladies' Plain White Linen Parasols with embroidered borders, plain and fancy carved handles. Fancy Pongee Parasols in all assorted colors, plain stripes and polka dots with fancy borders of contrasting shades. $1.50 values	89c
Children's Hats in Milan Straw, muchroom shapes, neatly trimmed with ribbon, in assorted shades. Clean Sweep Sale	98c
Children's and Misses Lingerie Lace Hats in Polk Bonnet and Mushroom shape. $1.50 and $2 styles. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.19

Famous
MISTROT-CALAHAN CO. PROPS.
Where a Dollar Does its Duty.
Hunt Jones Manager

Clean Sweep Sale Children's Wash Dresses

Children's Dresses, neatly made of White Lawn, low neck and short sleeves, some trimmed with lace insertion and tucks. Others trimmed with embroidery. Clean Sweep Sale	$1.19
Children's Dresses made of Repp in Tan and Light Blue, collars and cuffs braided with contrasting colors. Light and dark colored Gingham, trimmed with white Corduroy collars and cuffs; assorted sizes. Clean Sweep Sale price	$1.89
Children's Linene Dresses made of Tan and Blue Linene, braided with contrasting colors. Sizes 8 to 16. Clean Sweep Sale price	$1.48

CLEAN SWEEP SALE SUMMER DRESSES.

Ladies' Wash Dresses, made of plain and fancy stripe Percale and Gingham, neatly finished with piping, buttons and insertions. Clean Sweep Sale price	$1.89
Ladies' White Voile Dresses, plain and embridered Voile, trimmed with lace insertion and piping of contrasting colors. $5.00 values for	$3.48
Ladies' and Misses White Corduroy Dresses, neatly made and trimmed with braid and buttons. Clean Sweep Sale price	$2.48
Ladies' Tissue Gingham and Natural Color Linen Dresses, trimmed with lace and buttons and pipings of contrasting colors. Clean Sweep Sale price	$3.48
Ladies' Tailored Skirts, made of all-wool materials. In this lot are plain and fancy stripe Serges, Whipcords, Panamas and Fancy Mixtures. Assorted sizes. $6.50 values. Clean Sweep Sale price	$3.98
Ladies' Wash Skirts, white and natural color linen, tailored and pleated styles, button trimmed. Clean Sweep Sale price $1.48 to	$2.19

NO HEADWAY FOR HUERTA IS SHOWN

FOREIGN OBSERVERS BELIEVE HE WILL HAVE DIFFICULTY RESTORING PEACE.

REBELS ARE GAINING DAILY

Country Is Plunged in Anarchy—Three Military Operations—Press Changes Its Tone.

Mexico City, June 14.—In the three months General Huerta has been President of Mexico he has made no substantial headway against the rebels, according to the opinions of close and impartial observers of the situation in this republic. Unless there is made a radical change in the conduct of the government's campaign against its enemies, or unless the rebels become much weaker than they are today, foreign observers believe that Huerta will have great difficulty in restoring peace to Mexico. As for the rebels, they have grown steadily stronger since General Huerta became president, and now there is scarcely a state in which their mobile columns have not been operating in defiance of the government's superior armament and organization.

"The country is plunged in anarchy," said "El Diario," a pro-government paper, recently. "Brigandage holds sway in a large portion of the national territory; defeated in one place, the bands reappear in another, and they carry their audacity to the point of defying the federal divisions in their headquarters." The usual expression in the local papers, however, is of a different character. For the most part they reflect the carefully studied optimistic tone of the officers at the national palace, who make much of defeats administered here and there, and often fail to make any mention at all of rebel victories.

Three Military Operations.

The military operations of the government have been divided into three general campaigns, one in the south against the followers of Zapata, conducted by General Juvencio Robles; another whose center is Guaymas, in Sonora, and the third, directed from Monterey against the rebels operating in the states of Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas. In addition to these defined campaigns the government troops are riding here and there over a dozen states, forcing their way from one point to another, only often to find, when they arrive at their destination, that the rebels have cut in behind them, or have torn the country to pieces on either side of their line of march.

In the south Robles promised to exterminate in a few weeks the "bandits" led by Emiliano Zapata. He was instructed by the war department to use the methods of Weyler in Cuba; to concentrate in a few points all noncombatants, and then devastate with fire and cannon the remaining villages and towns, killing his prisoners, except those whose physical strength appealed to him as material for the regular army, but before Robles could get his plan under way, Zapata was attacking him in his headquarters, and since then it has been an open question which side would be the victim of the Weyler method. The region to the south already is practically devastated. Haciendas on which enormous sugar cane crops formerly were grown, are today fast returning to jungle growths, and the warfare in which the followers of Zapata have engaged now for almost three years appears to be causing them to revert to some wild and savage type.

The Guaymas campaign began well. General Medina Barron marched forth, but only to return after defeat, and it was almost two weeks after the battle at Santa Rosa before the government admitted the reverse, meanwhile characterizing as untrue the press dispatches from the border.

Aubert Is Recalled.

The campaign directed from Monterey has resulted in the recall of General Trucy Aubert who, apparently, was unable to suppress the rebels under command of Venustiano Carranza or even to retake and reopen the railroad between Monterey and Laredo, Texas. His successor has done no better. The rebels have extended their field of operations until small towns from the gulf coast of Chihuahua are entered, seemingly, almost at will.

Conditions in the central states are little if any better. In its desire to clear up the "border situation" and open the railroads in order that the United States may have a higher opinion of the general situation, the government has confined most of its energies to the two northern campaigns.

Opposed to the rebels is the army of Huerta, a more numerous organization than any Mexico has ever seen. But in its ranks as "volunteers" are thousands of men "recruited" from the jails of the country and from prisoners captured in battle. The recent success of the government in securing a loan, however, will enable it to pay its soldiers, buy ammunition and other supplies, and otherwise conduct its military campaigns with greater energy. As a result conditions in Mexico are bound to be disturbed for some time to come.

Press Changes Front.

The press of the capital, which bristled with anti-Americanism in the early days of May following recognition by several nations and the failure of the Washington government to fall in line, has suddenly changed front. Wiser counsel seems to have prevailed, and now a conciliatory tone is distinctly noticeable. A campaign to bring about a boycott of American products has fallen flat, and a proposed popular demonstration of disapproval of Washington's non-recognition of the Huerta government has been called off. Today there are no evidences of any anti-American agitation in Mexico City.

Spaniards Kill Moors.

Alhucemas, Morocco, June 14.—Nineteen Moorish soldiers were killed and sixty wounded in a single volley fired by the Spanish cruiser Reina Regente, according to an official dispatch received here today. It says:

"A large party of Moors boarded the Spanish gunboat General Conoha after the crew had been taken off when she went ashore Thursday near here. They were pillaging the vessel when the cruiser Reina Regente came up and fired her entire broadside among them killing nineteen and wounding sixty.

ASSESSOR ONLY ONE WHO GUESSES

PROFESSIONAL MEN HAVE ACCURATE SYSTEM OF WEIGHT AND MEASURE.

TAX OFFICER IS A GUESSER

Somers System News Has Timely Article on Worth of Exactness in Values.

In view of the fact that Waco has recently adopted the Somers system of equalizing tax values, the following article from the Somers System News, as to necessity for "system" instead of guess-work, is very timely:

Is there any civilized process, on which great results depend, that is performed in such a slipshod way as the average tax appraisal?

The teller counts; the surveyor measures; the freight man weighs; the contractor figures; the chemist analyzes.

The assessor is the only man who guesses.

Imagine a life insurance company whose agents guessed at the probable length of life in store for each applicant, and fixed the rate of premium which each must pay.

Such an agent might be a rigidly honest man, and yet it would be strange if he did not sometimes fix more favorable rates for his friends than for clients whom he disliked or did not know at all.

Similarly it must be borne in mind that the assessor who does a seeming injustice between taxpayers has nothing to guide him but his impulses, and it would be strange if he did not yield to human nature once in a while.

We can all see where a life insurance company would arrive which lacked mortuary tables, and was dependent upon agents' guess-work. It would go out of business.

The government cannot go out of business. That is the only reason why ordinary assessment methods pass muster.

This parallel also affords an answer to those who assert that land values are too indefinite to be measured by mathematical rules.

Is anything under heaven more uncertain than human life? Yet actuaries more than 100 years ago reduced the probabilities of human life to a set of mathematical tables. When W. A. Somers performed the same service for the assessing world, he dealt with a subpect infinitely more certain and more susceptible of mathematical treatment. Sources of value are simple and understandable when rightly approached. Community opinion of unit values varies but little, and the distribution of that value to various properties is simply arithmetic.

The uncertain factors which confuse ideas of value are:

The emergencies or whims which lead men to pay for a property more than it is worth or to sell for less.

Confusion between value and use. Land value is the measure of opportunity. Prosperity is the measure of what men make of their opportunity. Presumably an assessor values property, not men, yet it seems instinct with them, when considering two properties of equal value, to assess the higher tax against the one that it put to the more profitable use. They are fining the owner for his enterprise.

However, the effect of scientific appraisal everywhere is to standardize sale values by creating a related standard for judgment concerning every parcel of property. Standardizing land values is not different from standardizing any other sort of values. The crucial thing is to fix a unit for the common expression of opinion. If you ask a number of produce dealers to bid for 50 bushels of potatoes, their estimates based upon a certain value per bushel will be nearly identical. If you ask them to bid for a PILE of potatoes, their ideas of price will be confused by misconception of quantity and their bids may differ widely.

After all, the chief criticism of old-fashioned appraisal methods in this—it is the one fiscal process which has no unit of quantity, which therefore ignores units and jumps to totals.

ABLE TO FIX THE BLAME.

How Memphis Commission Government Gives Citizens Information.

Once a month the Memphis Commission Government, a municipal magazine, is published by the city of Memphis. This is nothing unusual nor is the fact that that form of government has been adopted by the Tennessee town. The interesting and instructive feature of the publication is the use made of the first page of the magazine. On it are printed instructions to citizens as to the rules for the conduct of the city government. For instance, citizens are told to call up a certain telephone number if the garbage is not removed promptly, and another number if the street lamps are not lit, and so on. For every class of complaint the telephone number of the department which is responsible for the condition, is given.—Brooklyn Standard Union.

Woman and Her Hat.

(London Opinion.)

A woman cannot stick a hat on her head as you stick a stamp on a letter. There is an ingenious machine that sticks stamps on letters at the rate of several thousands an hour. But nobody has invented a machine for sticking hats on the heads of women. A man can buy a hat in five minutes, but no woman would dream of buying a hat in less than an hour. Often a woman will acquire a splitting headache in the attempt to find one hat to suit her out of a hundred, and not seldom she carries away the headache without a hat on it. The hat hunt is only a small part of the daily agony of shopping, and yet a man would rather cut his throat than engage in a hat hunt as a dispassionate spectator. Men prefer to hunt the fox or the stag, the tiger or the lion, the grizzly or the grouse. A tiger hunt is not nearly so perilous as a hat hunt.

To protect feminine bathers' hair [illegible] in the surf a New York man has [illegible] a cap, made of a single piece [illegible] and fastened with ornament[illegible] at the ears.

[illegible] have invented a pneu[illegible] to permit the main door of [illegible] to be opened from a distant [illegible]

W. L. BACON, Superintendent.
Mrs. J. A. Dannenbaum, Mgr. Millinery Salon
J. A. Dannenbaum, Manager Men's Wear.
Debbie Woods, Manager Ladies' Hosiery, Etc.
Mike Strauss, Head Men's Clothing.
R. E. Parker, Manager Ladies' Ready-to-Wear
J. O. Crawford, Floorwalker, Third Floor
Pearl Rolen, Head Staples, Etc.
H. Caldwell, Mgr. White Goods, Linens, Etc.
[illegible], Manager Fourth Floor
C. G. Mills, Manager Soda Fountain
Jemima Welch, Head Paper Patterns
Pearl Landrum, Manager Jewelry, Toilet Articles
F. A. Roemer, Manager Rugs and Draperies
F. Randal, Floorwalker, Second Floor
H. R. Boggess, Manager Notions, Cut Glass, Etc.
Mrs. Mary S. Tyler, Mgr. Laces, Embroideries, Etc.
M. S. Brooks, Mgr. Silks, Dress and Wash Goods
Inman Roberts, Manager Boys' Wear.
Harry Hoffman, Manager Footwear Dept.
Fannie Strother, Head Mail Order Department
William Goss, Head Wrapping Department
Mrs. Wm. Boyd, Secretary to President
H. POMEROY CARLOCK, Advertising Manager.

Mrs. J. W. Fike, Head Corset Department
Mrs. Laura Carpenter, Head Ladies' Suits
J. F. Herring, Men's Hats and Clothing.
Mrs. A. P. Fox, Head Notions, Etc.
Mrs. Julia Lewis, Head Ladies' Parasols
Wm. Teagel, Head Ladies' Footwear
Sadie Leiberman, Head Ladies' Coats
H. L. HIRSCHFELDER, Office Manager.

Gladys Collins, Head Stationery and Books
Pauline Wright, Head Millinery Designer
C. M. Price, Head Silks, Second Floor
Annie Mae Bell, Head Dress Trimmings
Mrs. Harry Hunter, Head Ladies' Undermuslins
J. V. Newman, Head Wash Goods
Mrs. Lula Boyd, Head Ladies' Costumes
W. R. BARRE, Display Manager.

OUR 27TH ANNIVERSARY JUNE MARK DOWN SALE

15-Day Sale Opens Monday

All Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Marked Down

Everything Reduced From 15% to 50%

On our beautiful third floor we offer remarkable values. Nothing is reserved. Everything goes at wonderful reductions. Values the greatest we have ever known. Prices the lowest in Texas. Don't miss this sale. Just a few examples given below.

DRESS SKIRTS $2.98—200 Ladies' Wool Dress Skirts in all new materials. Black, navy, and all colors. Values up to $7.50. June Sale $2.98

LADIES' WAISTS 98c—5000 New Lingerie and Voile Waists in the very latest styles. Extra Values at $1.49 and $1.75. Special for June Sale 98c

Wool, Eponge, Silk and Ratine Tailored Suits Half Price

$17.50 Tailored Suits .... $ 8.75
$25.00 Tailored Suits $12.50
$35.00 Tailored Suits $17.50
$50.00 Tailored Suits $25.00

A Few Examples of the Reductions on Ladies' Silk and Party Dresses

$10.00 Silk Dresses .... $ 6.25
$20.00 Silk Dresses $12.35
$25.00 Silk Dresses $14.85
$40.00 Silk Dresses $22.65

Ladies,' Misses' and Juniors' Ratine and Fancy Voile Dresses Reduced

$5.00 Linene Dresses $2.98
Up to $10.00 Dresses $4.49
Up to $15.00 Dresses $5.98
Up to $20.00 Dresses $8.65

Our Entire Stock of Coats in All Materials Are Marked Down

THE GOLDSTEIN-MIGEL CO.
"WACO'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE."

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Ladies' Waists

All Lingerie, Voile, Crepe de Chine, Japanese Silk, Cotton Crepe and Handsome Novelties Marked Down.

$1.25 WAISTS—In Lingerie and Voile. June Sale 75c
UP TO $1.75 WAISTS—In Voile and Lingerie. June Sale 98c
$2.50 WAISTS—In Lingerie and Voile. June Sale.... $1.49
$3.00 WAISTS—In Lingerie and Voile. June Sale.... $1.98
$5.00 SILK SHIRTS—Washable styles and Jap Silk Waists, in June Sale $2.98

All Hair Switches Reduced
$8.50 Hair Switches $3.98
$5.00 Hair Switches $2.98
All Better Values Reduced

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Undermuslins

Hundreds of dozens just received specially for this sale. Best values ever offered in Texas. Come early.

LADIES' DRAWERS 19c—Good Cambric with big ruffles, tucks and hemstitched. 25c value. June Sale 19c
GIRLS' GOWNS 23c—50 dozen Cambric Night Gowns in regular 35c values. All sizes. June Sale 23c
UNDERMUSLINS—Big assortment in Ladies' Gowns, Chemise, Corset Covers, Combinations and Petticoats.

75c Undermuslins 39c
85c Undermuslins 49c
98c Undermuslins 59c
$1.25 Undermuslins 89c
Up to $1.75 Undermuslins 98c
$2.00 Undermuslins $1.29
All Knit Underwear Reduced

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Children's Wear

GIRLS' WHITE DRESSES 98c—Sizes 6 to 12 years. $2 values. June Sale 98c
WHITE DRESSES $1.49—Sizes 6 to 14 years. $2.50 values. June Sale $1.49
WHITE DRESSES $2.98—Sizes 6 to 14 years. $4.50 values. June Sale $2.98
PRINTED LAWN DRESSES 49c—and Gingham styles in 98c values, 2 to 6 years; June Sale 49c

Order By Mail

Mail Orders filled from this or any other June Mark Down Sale Advertisements at prices named. We have an expert shopper in charge who gives each order careful, prompt and personal attention. Orders amounting to $3.00 or more shipped charges prepaid by Parcel Post or Express. The prices in this Advertisement are the lowest ever known in Texas. New, choice merchandise far below regular value. Order at once.

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Silks, Woolens, Cotton and Wash Goods

Daylight Department, 2nd Floor

All piece goods marked down. The best values ever offered in Texas. We show only a few examples of the remarkable reductions.

FANCY SILKS 39c—Including Foulards, Messalines and Taffetas. 3000 yards in 59c values. June sale the yard 39c
65c RATINES, the yard 43c
$1.25 RATINES, the yard 98c
COTTON VOILES 29c—50c and 75c Imported Printed Cotton Voiles. June Sale, the yard 29c
BROWN LINEN 22 1-2c—36-in. wide and 35c value. Shrunk. June Sale, the yard 22 1-2c
7 1-2c APRON CHECK GINGHAMS 4 1-2c
CHANGEABLE TAFFETAS 43c—Regular $1.00 Silks, 36 inches wide, June Sale, the yard 43c
$1.00 BLACK TAFFETAS, yard 59c
$1.00 PONGEES, the yard 69c
BORDERED VOILES—All Dress Patterns in the newest Novelties and values from $8.50 to $22.50. In June Sale at .... HALF PRICE
15c PRINTED BATISTES, yard 9c
25c PLAIN COLORED VOILES, yard 15c
15c PRINTED MADRAS, yard ..10c

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Ribbons, Hdfs. Etc.

TAFFETA RIBBON 14c—200 pieces 5 inches wide. Regular 25c quality. June Sale, the yard.. 14c
LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS 4c—500 dozen plain and embroidered corners and initials. Some pure linen, worth 10c. June Sale each 4c
LADIES' HANDKERCHIEFS 8 1-2c—500 dozen assorted extra sheer linen with embroidered corners. Worth 15c. June Sale each.... 8½c

[illegible]
S. HIRSCHBERG, VICE PRES.
L. H. GOLDSTEIN, SECY. & TREAS.
L. MIGEL, VICE PRES.
I. A. GOLDSTEIN, PRES.

The Forces Behind This Unusual Sale

A Fifteen Day Selling Event Without an Equal in Texas

To celebrate the first Fifteen Day June Mark Down Sale in our new building and the 27th Anniversary, we show in this advertisement the people and the prices destined to make this sale the greatest merchandising event ever held in Central Texas. For months these assistants have planned and worked with wonderful enthusiasm to make our 27th Anniversary June Mark Down Sale the greatest in the history of the business. Nothing has been left undone to show you greater assortments, better values and lower prices than ever before.

With over fifty departments offering remarkable values, it is impossible to print all the prices even in this double page advertisement. However, everything is marked down regardless of value. This is the great stock reducing time when all summer merchandise must be moved out. For fifteen days your dollars will do double duty. Extra salespeople, wrappers and cashiers have been employed to give you perfect service. Read the prices carefully and come early Monday and every day if possible. It will be worth your time.

Tell Your Neighbors and Write Your Relatives About This Sale

$400,000 Worth of New Goods Marked Down for This Event

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Ladies' and Children's Hats Half Price

READY-TO-WEAR HATS—All Hats, including Gage, Phipp's and other makes at ...... HALF PRICE
UNTRIMMED HATS—All untrimmed shapes in Milan, Hemp, Chip and Leghorns go at... HALF PRICE
ALL HATS MUST GO—Every hat and shape in this department must be closed out before our managers go East. Prices the lowest ever known. Shop Early. Beautiful Third Floor.
TRIMMED HATS—All Ladies' Trimmed Hats in over 500 different styles and prices, $2.50 to $25, go at .... HALF PRICE
CHILDREN'S HATS—All trimmed and untrimmed hats in all styles in June Sale at .... HALF PRICE
RIBBONS REDUCED—All Silk and Velvet Ribbons in this department reduced during June Mark Down Sale .... 25 PER CENT

White Goods, Table Linens and Staples

13 YARDS CAMBRIC $1—Soft finish, 36-in. wide. Regular 10c quality. June Sale, 13 yards $1.00
12 YARDS LONGCLOTH $1.40—12 yards in piece 36-in. wide. Regular $2 value. June Sale 12 yards.. $1.40
TABLE DAMASK 19c—Bleached and mercerized. 30c value. Yard. 19c
TABLE DAMASK 69c—Pure linen, 70-in. wide and 90c value. Yard 69c
$1 Bed Spreads 79c
72x90 50c Sheets 39c
12 YARDS MUSLIN $1.00—36in. Hope and Lonsdale Muslin in 12 1-2c quality. June Sale 12 yards... $1.00
CHECKED DIMITY 7c—27-in. wide and regular 10c value. June Sale, yard 7c
WHITE LAWN 5c—27-in. 8 1-3c White Lawn in June Sale, yard.. 5c
WHITE DRESS LINEN 21c—Union White Dress Linen, 36-in. wide and 35c value. June sale, yard..... 21c
10c Huck Towels, the doz....... 75c

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Laces, Embroideries and Art Goods

SWISS EDGES—And Cambric Edges and Insertion in our choicest matched sets. All broken sets of our finest embroideries. June Sale at .... HALF PRICE
DRESS NETS 25c—44-inch Dress Nets, tucked and plain, in Pink, Helio, Brown, Navy, Green and Red. Values $1 to $2. June Sale, the yard 25c
25c EMBROIDERY FLOUNCES 10c
ART GOODS—One lot of Novelty Art Goods, consisting of pin cushions, Cretonne Boxes, Handkerchief and Glove Cases, etc. All in June Sale at .... HALF PRICE
LACES AND TRIMMINGS—One big lot of Laces and Fancy Trimmings in Ratine, Venice, Applique, Chantilly, Filet and Fancy Silk Points. June Sale at HALF PRICE
UP TO 15c EMBROIDERIES, 5c

Entire Stock of Footwear Reduced

PUMPS AND OXFORDS FOR MISSES AND CHILDREN—In Patent Colt, Patent Kid and Gunmetal. All styles and lasts for Big Misses, Misses and Children. Reductions in June Mark Down Sale as follows:

$2.50 values $2.24
$2.00 values $1.80
$1.50 values $1.35
$1.25 values $1.13

LADIES' OXFORDS $2.50—A big assortment of Pumps and Oxfords in button and lace in Pat. Colt. Gunmetal, Russian Calf and Brown Velvet. All good new styles. Welt and Turned Soles. Up to $4 values, June Sale $2.50
MEN'S OXFORDS $3.25—A big value in button and lace E. T. Wright styles. These were made specially for us in Russian Calf, Pat. Colt and Gunmetal. Very best leathers. Regular $5 values. June Sale $3.25

15-Day Sale Opens Monday

All Men's Clothing, Hats Etc., Reduced

Up to $25.00 Men's Suits $12.50

100 Men's Assorted Suits, one and two of a kind. These were left over from spring business and sold regularly from $18.00 to $25.00. Your choice as long as they last during this June Mark Down Sale beginning Monday at $12.50

UP TO $3 TROUSERS $1.75.—200 pair bought specially for this sale, in value from $2.50 to $3. June Sale price........ $1.75
$2 STRAW HATS 98c—Men's Sample Straw Hats, in rough and split straws; exceptional $2.00 values. During June Sale, choice.. 98c

All Benjamin, M. Stern and L. System Clothing Reduced 10% to 25%

Remarkable Values in Men's Furnishings

100 Doz. $1.00 Shirts .... 65¢
50 Doz. 50¢ Suspenders .... 25¢
Men's 8¢ Handkerchiefs .... 4¢
25¢ Linen Handkerchiefs .... 14¢
35¢ Extra Size Hdkfs. .... 25¢
$2.00 Fibre Suit Cases $1.38
All Men's Jewelry Reduced 25%
50¢ Elastic Seam Drawers .... 35¢
100 Doz. 35¢ Neckties .... 19¢
25¢ Balbriggan Undershirts .... 19¢
25¢ Athletic Undershirts .... 15¢
Men's 50¢ Silk Sox .... 25¢
10¢ Sox, All Colors .... 6¢
All Men's Furnishing Goods Reduced

All Men's Wear of Every Description Reduced. Nothing Reserved

THE GOLDSTEIN-MIGEL CO.
"WACO'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE."

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Boys' Clothing

BOYS' SUITS $2.50—100 Suits, one or two of a kind in regular $5 value. June Sale...... $2.50
WASH SUITS—250 samples in Mother's Friend make. Sizes 2 1-2 to 9 years. Regular prices $1 to $5. June Sale at about.. HALF PRICE
50c Blouses, June Sale........ 39c
Boys' 25c Underwear, garment.. 15c
50c Rompers, all styles........ 39c
Boys' 25c Athletic Undershirts.. 10c

Our New Dress

People are not the only ones who can wear new clothes. A store and even a newspaper can dress up-to-date. Progressive Department Stores dress up their advertisements with original display type which make them distinctive and easy to recognize. The headlines in this advertisement are different from any other in this paper. This type is known as "Vanden Houten," and will be used exclusively in all our Times-Herald and News Ads.

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Chinaware Etc.

CHINA PLATES 12 1-2c—25 dozen fine Austrian China Plates, cups and Saucers, with gold rims, worth up to 35c. June Sale, each piece 12½c
CUPS AND SAUCERS 10c—50 dozen China Cups and Saucers worth 25c. June Sale 10c
WATER TUMBLERS 3c—100 dozen plain Water Tumblers worth 60c dozen. June Sale each........ 3c

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Ladies' Hosiery Etc.

LADIES' LISLE HOSE 25c—200 dozen fine Lisle with double heels and toes. Black, white and tan. Best 35c value. June Sale the pair 25c
SILK BOOT HOSE 39c—100 doz. for ladies. Double heels and toes; in black, white and tan. Best 50c value. June Sale, pair 39c
LADIES' SILK HOSE 79c—50 dozen samples in black, white and tan. $1.50 value. June Sale, the pair 79c
LADIES' SUEDE GLOVES 39c—16 button Gloves in black, white and natural. 65c value. June Sale, the pair 39c

All Ladies' Silk Gloves in 2, 16 and 20-button lengths reduced.

All Parasols Marked Down

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Toilet Goods Etc.

LADIES' MESH BAGS $1.75—100 large size Mesh Bags in $3 value. June Sale, each.... $1.75
HAT PINS 39c—Large assortment of Solid Gold Top Hat Pins in 50c value. June Sale, each.. 39c
HAND BAGS 49c—100 Hand Bags worth $1.00, in June Sale, each 49c

25 Per Cent Discount on all Solid Gold Jewelry and Watches.

25 Per Cent Discount on all Knives, Scissors and Razors.

PERFUMES AND SOAPS—We carry the largest and best assorted stock in Waco. Special Prices during the June Mark Down Sale on all Perfumes, Soaps and other Toilet Articles except a few restricted goods. Big Values in this Department.

Don't Miss This Great Sale

JUNE MARK DOWN SALE
Rugs, Mattings, Congoleums, Draperies

Daylight Department, 2nd Floor

Every thrifty housekeeper will attend this remarkable sale. We are working hard to make this the greatest sale in our history. The prices named here will act as examples in price cutting.

UP TO 40c JAP MATTINGS, 25c
UP TO 25c CHINA MATTINGS, 16c
LACE CURTAINS—During June Sale all Lace Curtains in every style and quality at.... ONE-THIRD OFF
$1.75 27x54 in. Velvet Rugs.... $1.10
$3.00 27x54 in. Ax. Rugs $1.75
AXMINSTER RUGS $6.85—Seamless styles, 4 1-2 x 7 1-2 feet. June Sale $6.85
65c CONGOLEUM BORDERS, 39c
Heavy Silk Draperies, half price.
PORTIERES—During June Sale our immense line of Portieres will be sold .... ONE-FOURTH OFF
$5.00 36x72 in. Reversible Rugs $3.65
$4.00 36x72 in. Ax. Rugs...... $2.85
BRUSSELS RUGS $11.45—Seamless styles, 9x12 feet. Good $15.00 value. June Sale $11.45
WILTON RUGS $39.00—We must convert all our high-class Wilton Rugs into cash. Sizes 9x12 feet. We offer a remarkable collection at prices you cannot afford to pass. Up to $55 values in the June Mark Down Sale, Choice $39.00

D. H. Cotton, Auditor, Mezzanine Floor
A. H. S. [illegible], Head Men's Footwear
Mrs. [illegible], Head Ladies' Jewelry
[illegible], Head Children's Footwear
[illegible], Head Men's Neckwear, Etc.
[illegible], Head Art Goods
[illegible], Manager Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, Etc.
[illegible], Head Woolens, Second Floor
[illegible], Head Toilet Articles
Mrs. [illegible], Head Ladies' Hosiery
[illegible]
Mrs. W. T. Williams, Head Ladies' Millinery [illegible]
[illegible], Ladies' Skirt Department
G. G. Davidson, Bookkeeper, Mezzanine Floor
[illegible] Gordon, Head Ladies' Dresses
Ola Boyd, Head Ladies' Kimonos, Etc.
B. H. Wiley, Cashier, Mezzanine Floor
Mrs. J. Oppenheim, Head Ladies' Skirts
Mattie Watson, Head Children's Wear
N. P. Warren, Traffic Manager
Lena Raine, Head Ladies' Gloves
[illegible] Rubinsky, Head Ladies' Knit Underwear

TREE PLANTING AS IT SHOULD BE

ARCHITECTURAL VALUE TO A STREET AS SIDEWALK IS ARRANGED.

CITY SHOULD REGULATE ALL

City Forester of Pittsburg Discusses a Phase of Civic Beauty—Three Places for Walk.

(By James L. Grimes, City Forester, Pittsburg, in American City.)

The architectural value of a street depends upon the manner in which the sidewalk has been arranged. A street otherwise correctly planned and constructed may be ruined by a wrongly placed sidewalk. The reason why streets present numerous examples of poorly placed walks is that property owners are permitted freedom in the matter of sidewalk laying. Many city ordinances do not state where a walk shall be laid in the allowed space, and the result, therefore, is that a property owner places his sidewalk wherever he desires.

The position of a sidewalk affects fundamentally the successful accomplishment of street tree planting. There are but three places where a walk may be placed: about the center of the allowed space, against the curb or against the property. On account of a widespread ignorance of the importance of the matter, the general method is to place it directly in the center, or within two feet of the curb.

A 60-foot street has a sidewalk space 12 feet in width, while a 50-foot street has one of 10. Allowing for a 5-foot flagstone, the space remaining for parking is 7 feet or 5 feet respectively. This space, if kept intact, provides sufficient room for the successful planting of any species of shade trees. If, however, the walk is put down in the center, the 7-foot and 5-foot spaces are split in two sections, both of which are inadequate for the proper growth of a good tree. The habit of placing walks in the center, therefore, allows a perfectly good strip of land between the curb and walk, or between the walk and property, to be wasted, and the custom should be abolished. There remains a choice between the two other locations, concerning which opinion is divided. It is important for the future appearance of the street that an agreement upon one of these two disputed positions should be reached, otherwise a decidedly irregular walk will be the result.

The position of trees must now be either inside or outside the walk. It is agreed that inside planting improves the appearance of the property, but adds little to the appearance of the street; that outside planting improves directly the street alone. The advocates of curb sidewalks and inside planting state the following advantages: The trees require no guards, and the roots have more room; the trees are out of danger from vehicles; it does away with the keeping up of the outside parking space; more moisture is supplied the young trees, and there is less injury inflicted by wires, leaking gas and sewer mains.

Most of these claims are logical, but the street still shows a barren look, and an excessive width of paving without a break. Therefore, if the street is to be considered first, the proper position for the sidewalk is against the property, while the trees are placed near the outside line of the walk. The advantage of placing the sidewalk as far away from the curb as possible are as follows: The excessive expanse of bare asphalt is broken, thereby beautifying the street; pedestrians are not subject to being splashed by automobiles and trucks—the most serious indictment against curb-placed sidewalks; the shade trees hide, to a very great extent, the hideous poles lining the curb; the roots of trees are not so liable to injure the lawns of property holders by growing too close to the surface.

Where inside planting exists, the terraces of lawns are bare of grass owing to excessive shade, and from the habit of persons resting upon them during hot weather.

The matter of sidewalk laying, at least in residence districts, should be placed directly under the Board of Shade Tree commissioners. No uniform result can ever be attained by allowing property owners to place them at will. A shade tree board is concerned directly with all the space lying between curb and property. Most shade tree acts grant jurisdiction as to cutting and proper replacing of walks where necessary for the planting of trees. This clause is sufficient to empower a commission to exercise jurisdiction over the laying of walks, and if the power is utilized the result will be beneficial to the section by the greatly improved and systematic appearance of the streets.

Nationality and Feet.

National characteristics are apparently impressed upon every part of the body; even the feet are found to vary with the nationality. The French foot is narrow and long. The Spanish foot is small and elegantly curved, thanks to its Moorish blood, corresponding to the Sastillian's pride of being "high in the instep." The Arab's foot is proverbial for its high arch. The Korean says that a stream of water can run under the true Arab's foot without touching it. The foot of the Scotch is high and thick, that of the Irish flat and square, the English short and fleshy. When Athens was in her zenith the Grecian foot was the most perfectly formed and exactly proportioned of any of the human race. Swedes, Norwegians and Germans have the largest feet; Americans the smallest.—London Family Doctor.

The Joy of Discovery.

What is it that confers the noblest delight? What is that which swells a man's breast with pride above that which any other experience can bring to him? Discovery! To know that you are walking where none others have walked; that you are beholding what human eye has not seen before; that you are breathing a virgin atmosphere. To give birth to an idea—to discover a great thought—an intellectual nugget, right under the dust of a field that many a brain-power has gone over before. To find a new planet, to invent a new hinge, to find the way to make the lightnings carry your messages. To be the first—that is the idea.—Mark Twain.

"Here's the Answer"
To the Great Health Problem

When you do not feel as well as you should—when you lack appetite, energy, strength and ambition—when the liver is lazy and bowels clogged, causing sickness and suffering, you should try a bottle of

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS

Nature needs assistance today and to neglect the matter only invites sickness and trouble. The Bitters has helped thousands of sickly people and will help you, too—especially so in cases of

POOR APPETITE
SICK HEADACHE
FLATULENCY
CONSTIPATION
DYSPEPSIA
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
AND MALARIA

At Your Service!

The New
Adams Hotel
WACO, TEXAS

Remodeled to Meet the Requirements
of the Most Particular People

Located in the Heart of the
Shopping District

A. D. Adams, Prop.
Cor. 4th and Austin

State Deaf Meet Here to Perfect Formation Plans

A convention of the deaf of the state has been called by the Brazos club, to meet in Waco July 3-5, for the purpose of permanently organizing a state association of the deaf. The idea of the association is to promote the welfare of the deaf.

For some years there has existed an association of this order. It was organized at Houston in 1909. It is the intention of those behind the revival of the organization to put more life into the work and to accomplish more of the results originally intended. Prospects at present indicate a large attendance and the association will probably be incorporated.

Thursday night, July 3, a reception will be tendered the delegates. The convention will be formally called to order at 9 o'clock next morning at the Board of Trade rooms. Tilden Smith, president of the Brazos club, will preside as temporary chairman, and Harry Ford will be temporary secretary. Mayor Mackey will be asked to deliver an address of welcome in behalf of the city of Waco. Harvey Ford will welcome the delegates in behalf of the Brazos club.

Many matters will be discussed which are of importance to the association. The last day of the convention will be given over to pleasure. A trolley ride will be taken and a visit made to Cameron park, where dinner will be served.

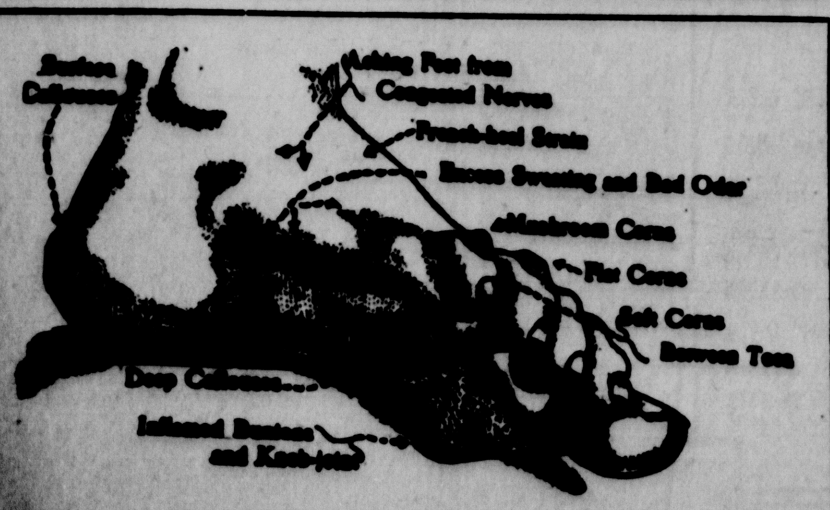
It is thought 200 delegates will attend the convention. A fund to take care of the expense of the convention has been raised, the citizens responding liberally.

VETERANS MEET TODAY.

Captain Johnson Will Tell of His Army Experiences.

Capt. C. L. Johnson will deliver the principal address to the Confederate veterans at their regular monthly meeting this afternoon. His subject will be in the nature of a review of the experiences he encountered while in the army. The regular monthly business of the camp will be transacted. An invitation has been extended by the commander and adjutant to the public.

In one year 4472 hours of sunshine are possible, but few places on the globe have experienced the maximum.



Bunion
Callouses
Aching Feet from Congested Nerves
French-heel Strain
Excess Sweating and Bad Odor
Mushroom Corns
Flat Corns
Soft Corns
Between Toes
Deep Callouses
Inflamed Bunions and Knob-joints

Tells Positive Cure for All Foot Troubles

[illegible] has proven that nearly [illegible] troubles originate from a [illegible] cause· that of injured tis- [illegible] The following information [illegible] welcomed by thousands of [illegible] of daily foot torture. No [illegible] how many patent medicines [illegible] tried in vain, this treat- [illegible] was formerly known [illegible] will do the work. [illegible] time. Get it at once. [illegible] two tablespoonfuls of [illegible] compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet for a full fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effects are marvelous. All pain disappears instantly and the feet feel simply delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. Bunions, aching feet and sweaty, smelly feet get immediate relief. Use this treatment a week and your foot troubles will be a thing of the past. Calocide works through the pores and removes the cause. Any druggist has Calocide in stock or will get it from his wholesale house. Don't be influenced to take something else instead. A twenty-five cent box is said to be enough to cure the worst feet.

WOULD PROTECT CHILD

SEVEN-YEAR-OLD GIRL SAID TO BE IN HOUSE OF ILL FAME.

Lambdin Takes Legal Steps to Protect Her and Provide a Good Home.

To remove her from alleged immoral associates, William Lambdin, secretary of the United Charities, yesterday filed complaint in the juvenile court against "One Daisy" a seven-year-old girl, charging her with being a dependent child. The complaint alleges that the child "is being kept in a house of ill fame and is being forced to associate with immoral persons."

The girl is said to be seven years of age. She is the daughter of an inmate of a house on Second street. Secretary Lambdin has secured a good home for the girl, and he made application to the juvenile court to have her declared a dependent child, in order that she might be turned over to persons who have expressed a desire to give her a home.

COURTHOUSE DULL.

Higher Courts Quit, but Marriage Licenses Are in Demand.

Business at the county courthouse was unusually mild yesterday. The Nineteenth district court, which is holding the June term, was not in session; the Fifty-fourth district court has adjourned till the September term, and there was very little business in county court.

The justice courts were busy, as usual on Saturday, also the county clerk's office and the constable's office had a busy day. Saturday is a banner day in the matrimonial line in the clerk's office and the day is also a rushing one for the constable's office, as there are many arrests for minor offenses made on the last day of the week.

HELD FOR AUTO THEFT.

"Took Car to Rdie Around Town Awhile."

Frank Seago, negro, charged with the theft of an automobile, was bound over to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of $500 bail, when given an examining trial in Justice J. J. Padgett's court. Seago is alleged to have taken a $6,000 machine belonging to H. H. Shear from the residence garage. He and two other negroes are said to have driven the car from 2 o'clock in the morning until daylight. On the witness stand the negro said he "took the car out to ride around awhile."

Appeal Verdict.

Appeal from the county court verdict was taken yesterday in the suit of Stewart Produce Co. vs. Hamilton-Turner Grocery Co. A jury in the county court during the present term returned a verdict in favor of the defendant company. Motion for a new trial was overruled, and yesterday appeal was taken to the court of civil appeals. Suit was brought against the Hamilton-Turner company for $440, on the allegation this amount was due the Stewart company as part of a sale of potatoes belonging to the plaintiff and made through the defendant company.

Mexicans and Whites Fight.

A free-for-all fight between Mexicans and whites took place at a Katy construction camp north of the suspension bridge yesterday. The constable's department arrested two persons and complaints of disturbing the peace were filed.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT COURT.

Tom L. McCullough, Judge.
R. V. McClain, Clerk.

No session of court held.

COUNTY COURT.

George N. Denton, Judge.
J. W. Baker, Clerk.

No orders taken.

PROBATE COURT.

George N. Denton, Judge.
J. W. Baker, Clerk.

Contest of the probation of the will of David Pogue, deceased, by Fannie Pogue, continued for hearing until Tuesday. Contest is instituted by Mrs. Pogue on the grounds that deceased was not competent of mind to execute a will at the time his last will was made. Pogue left his half of the community property to his sisters. His wife was not mentioned in the will.

In the estate of Mary B. Scott, deceased, George W. Scott, administrator, final report of administrator examined and approved and administrator discharged and estate closed.

In the estate of Frank and Fred Seith, minors, the bond of the guardian in the sum of $4,000 was approved.

JUSTICE COURT.

J. J. Padgett, Judge.

Frank Seago bound over to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of $500 bail on a charge of theft.

Harvey M. Richey, Judge.

Bert Williams, disturbing peace, $13.55.

SUITS FILED.

County Court.

Owens Lumber Co. vs. Seigler & Snell, asking damages in the sum of $1,000. The petition alleges defendants are indebted to plaintiffs in the sum of $881.66 on promissory note and $7.30 on account. Ten per cent attorney's fees are asked.

Justice Richey's Court.

A. P. Sims vs. Mrs. J. L. Conner, note.

City Loan and Realty Co. vs. Beulah Shelton.

Justice Padgett's Court.

Southwest Film Co. vs. J. L. McKinney, note and mortgage.

Baldwin Piano Co. vs. S. M. Johnson, note.

Marriage Licenses.

Joe L. Betting and Miss Clara Shaw.

Virgie Roberts and Miss Lounda Badagero.

Enrique Flores and Miss Guana Morena.

Raymond Friedholm and Miss Josephine Martin.

Dee Nix and Miss Cora Koepf.

Sam Newton and Morsell Erwine.

I WAS BADLY BLOATED

I Could Not Get My Shoes on, My Feet and Legs were so Swollen.

Mrs. Jennie Randall, R. F. D., Enfield, Mass.

Dropsy is usually caused by organic disease. It may be the heart, or liver, or kidneys. Sometimes the lungs. But there is a form of dropsy that is caused by thin blood. The serum of the blood exudes into the tissues, causing dropsy. It is a very serious condition sometimes, but there is much more prospect of relief, since there is no organic disease behind it. The blood is thin for want of proper assimilation of food. The digestion may be poor. In these cases Peruna is a very excellent remedy.

Read what Mrs. Randall says:

"I have been a sufferer from bright's disease nearly six years; also chronic catarrh for a much longer time. One doctor said there was no help for me.

"Then I wrote the Peruna Medical Department. My body was badly bloated and my feet were so swollen and sore I could not get my shoes on. Now the swelling is gone and I can wear my shoes with comfort all the time. At the time I first wrote them, when I stepped on my feet it felt as if there were pins piercing the instep of them. I suffered excruciating pain and ache in my back and limbs. Since taking Peruna and Manalin I have been greatly benefited. I shall not cease to recommend Peruna whenever I have on opportunity."

People who object to liquid medicines can now obtain Peruna Tablets.

You need Shur-ons if you need glasses

Your eyes may feel dry and tired and you rub them for relief. The rubbing only causes the conditions to become worse. The proper thing to do is to wear glasses that will correct the defect, then the lubrication will be sufficient to moisten the eye ball and give you almost instant relief from that scratching and itching sensation. The place to get the glasses accurately prescribed for your eye defects is 324 Austin street, at the big electric spectacle sign. Dr. W. B. Georgia & Co., Optometrists and lens grinders, opposite Sanger's new store.

READ
The Double Page Ad
On Pages 8 and 9
TODAY.
The Goldstein-Migel Co.

TO ELECT OFFICERS TUESDAY

Down Town Club Will Soon Establish Its Headquarters.

Members of the Down Town club will select officers and complete details of organization at a meeting to be held Tuesday evening at 8:30 o'clock at the Young Men's Business league rooms. All members of the club are requested to be in attendance.

The Down Town club has just been organized, details having not been worked out. The club promises to be one of the popular organizations of the city.

Club rooms will be established and other details will be discussed following the selection of officers.

Enlists Two Men.

Two enlistments were made last week by Station Officer L. Brady of the navy department here. The successful applicants were William G. Purdy of Gorman and Charles Taylor of Temple. They are now at Dallas, taking the final physical and medical examinations.

Automobile Licenses.

M. L. Smith, Waco, 4-cylinder 40-horsepower Cutting.

Motorcycle Licenses.

W. B. Thompson, 2-cylinder 7-horsepower Indian.

Physician Gives Recipe for Gray Hair

A Well Known Physician and Author Gives Simple Home Recipe That Will Darken Gray Hair.

Dr. Stanton Burroughs, the well-known physician and author, recently made the following statement: "Gray hair can be easily darkened by the following simple recipe which you can mix at home. To 7 ozs. of water add a small box of Barbo Compound, 1 oz. bay rum and 1-4 oz. glycerine. Apply it to the hair every other day until the desired shade is obtained. It not only is an excellent hair darkener but at the same time removes dandruff and other ills of the scalp. I use it myself and have no hesitance in recommending it to my patients. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost.

SILVER DECLINES IT

AFTER CONSIDERING THE ELECTION AS BISHOP COADJUTOR OF THIS DIOCESE.

Submits His Resignation to the Conference of Clergy and It is Accepted.

Rev. H. Percy Silver, who was elected to the office of bishop coadjutor of the Protestant Episcopal church for Texas at the recent sixty-fourth council of the clergy and laymen, held in this city but which honor was not definitely accepted by Mr. Silver at the time, submitted his resignation yesterday to the conference of the clergy in Houston and the declination was accepted.

It was a general impression at the time that Mr. Silver's nomination was unanimous, but this was a mistake. Because certain delicate principles were involved in the election it was urged by Mr. Silver's friends that the nomination be made without dissent, but the vote stood thirteen to seven and the motion for unanimity was immediately withdrawn.

Mr. Silver had held the election under advisement and made no definite decision until he submitted the declination to the conference in session yesterday. Rev. W. P. Witsell, rector of the parish of St. Paul's of this city, is a member of the standing committee of the conference which accepted the resignation.

With reference to the election and explanatory to the principles involved, the following editorial appeared in "The Livng Church:"

"A delicate question is raised by the election in Texas of the Rev. H. Percy Silver to be bishop coadjutor. Only a few months have elapsed since the presiding bishop officially certified that confirmation of the same priest to be bishop coadjutor of Kansas had been refused by the bishops through the slow process of voting by mail. That the causes which led the majority of the bishops to refuse their assent to the will of the diocese of Kansas must be equally operative in connection with the request of the diocese of Texas, is, of course, unquestioned. That it was a delicate and distasteful duty to those of the bishops who felt unable to vote affirmatively in view of the fact that Mr. Silver's personal character was unchallenged, may be readily surmised. The net result of the incident was the establishment of the precedent that a divorced priest, though blameless in whatever causes may have led up to the divorce, ought not, for the good of the church, to be elevated to the episcopate.

"That we must begin anew, as though this precedent had not been set, we deem to be most unfortunate. The precedent set by the bishops of righteousness, and we were far from being assured, in the former contest, that it was required by the highest view that could be taken of the purity of the marriage relationship or of the ideals of the episcopate. But on practical grounds of expediency, at least, the precedent has been set. To overthrow it immediately after would be to introduce an element of vacillation into the policy of the church that would be most deplorable. If Mr. Silver ought not to be bishop coadjutor of Kansas he ought not to be bishop coadjutor of Texas; and though, on a close vote—it was reported that he lacked only two votes of confirmation before—it is always possible that circumstances may shift the majority from one side to the other, we should deem it little short of a calamity for confirmation to be given, and the precedent be reversed by the narrow majority that could alone be anticipated as within the range of possibility. And even if that were done, the injustice of giving to Texas what was refused in Kansas, under precisely identical circumstances, must be apparent to each member of a standing committee and each bishop who must be called upon to confirm or to annul this election.

"For these reasons, and again disclaiming any personal unfitness in the character of the priest chosen in this manner, we deem the election in the diocese of Texas to be an embarrassment."

MUSICAL RECITAL MONDAY

Attractive Program Will Be Given by Miss Wallace at the Library.

A musical recital will be given in the auditorium of the public library under the direction of Miss Zuma Wallace tomorrow evening at 8:30 o'clock. The following program has been arranged for the musicale:

"The Wayside Rose"..........Fischer
Henrietta Nagel.
"The Fourth Valse"..........Rummel
Francis Scott.
(a) Duett—Humoresque (Primo)..
..........................Dvorak
(b) Con Amore............Beaumont
Polly Smith.
Tarantelle ....Mills
Lillian Starr.
Toccatelle ... .Dupont
Thelma Woodward.
Recitation—"The American Flag"..
..........Francis Rodman Drake
Francis Scott.
"The Butterfly" ......F....Lavallee
Dora Adams.
(a) "One Spring Morning"......Nevin
(b) "The Cuckoo"......Lisa Lehman
Helen Owen.
Pizzicati ....Delibes-Joseffy
Burl Bryan (5th Grade Medal).
Songs (a) "Oh, Tell Me, Nightingale" ....Lisa Lehman
(b) "A Lovely Little Dream"....
....Coleridge-Taylor
Miss Mable Quay.
Scherzo in E Minor.....Mendelssohn
Nellie Lee Hill.
Rondo in E flat..............Weber
Helen Owen (7th Grade Medal)
"The Erl King"........Schubert-Liszt
Edith Adelman.
Song—"The Lost Chord"....Sullivan
Mr. O. N. Redman.
Rondo Capriccioso......Mendelssohn
Mrs. Haddix.

Building Permits.

Waco Mill and Elevator company, Second and Jackson streets; three-story brick addition; estimated cost, $3000.

W. T. Clifton, 608 North Twenty-second street; seven-room dwelling; estimated cost $3000.

Dan Ford, Lyle street between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets, 5-room house; estimated cost $2500.

Estate of Henry George Smith
Deceased

Smith, age 37, drowned with wife. Left three children all boys—and estate of $30,000.00. No other known relatives. Court names a Guardian, a stranger. As boys came of age their shares were paid them. No Trust Estate to protect them during their early years of business ignorance. One boy was swindled in a Western land scheme; dropped his all. Another boy "blew" his for fast living. The last lost on Wall Street his share. All could have been avoided by a Trust Estate protecting the boys until they had learned the value of money. If you will call tomorrow morning and ask for Mr. Rotan, he will be glad to advise you without charge. All consultations strictly confidential. If hour is not convenient, 'phone or write, making confidential appointment.

The Bankers Trust Co.
WACO, TEXAS

TURNER PAPER COMPANY
Wholesale Paper and Paper Bags.
Ask Mr. E. O. Turner or Mr. Joyner for prices.
Jesse R. Joyner, Mgr.
Old phone 695; New phone 383
209 South Fourth St.

READ
The Double Page Ad
On Pages 8 and 9
TODAY.
The Goldstein-Migel Co.

FRIENDS HONOR ETTELSON

Shaft to His Memory Will Be Unveiled at Hebrew Rest This Afternoon.

Friends of the late Ben Ettelson, who died July 16, last year, will assemble at Hebrew Rest cemetery this afternoon to participate in the unveiling of a monument to his memory. Rabbi I. Warsaw will deliver the funeral oration. Mr. Ettelson was among the best known men of Central Texas and was actively interested in various commercial enterprises in the state. The family has extended an invitation to friends to be present.

Kids Hear Stories At Cameron Park

Miss Carrie Wemyss, who succeeded Miss Lota Pharr as entertainer for the children, told the regular Saturday story at Cameron park yesterday afternoon. Miss Wemyss is a graduate from the department of expression at Baylor. She entertained the little fellows with an appropriate story. A large number were present, and they enjoyed the outing as well as the story.

Hill, Signed By Carson, Wins 13 Straight Games

El Paso, Tex., June 14.—Hill, the left hander signed recently by Manager Carson of Waco, won his thirteenth straight victory. He allowed only two hits.

Hill was signed by Carson Friday. W. R. Davidson was advised of the addition to the pitching staff at the time but did not learn the name of the new man at that time.

Hill is a left hander and is more than welcome to the Skippers on that account and with the record he has been making for himself in the west he looks like a veritable find.

Mr. Davidson said yesterday: "Carson has simply been wild on account of not being able to land a left hander. The addition will give us six pitchers, but we have no utility man and we will be within our limit as to the number of men we carry."

Hill will join the Navigators Monday.

Railroad Personals.

C. M. Payn, traveling transportation inspector for the Katy, was here yesterday.

Elbert Blair, general freight and passenger agent of the Texas Central, left yesterday afternoon for Dallas, where he will spend Sunday.

Something New

The well known beverage, POSTUM, now comes in New Form

Called

Instant Postum

A delicious drink—absolutely free from the coffee drug, caffeine

A level teaspoonful of Instant Postum in an ordinary cup of hot water dissolves instantly and makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future.

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesnt require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water.

NEW EPOCH IN DEVELOPMENT OF WACO NOW BEGINS

CONSTRUCTION WORK ON HOTEL GIVES IMPETUS TO NEW WORK AND THE FUTURE IS PROMISING

Logical Location Means a Great Deal for Waco—Town Has Been Held Back by Large Holdings of a Few—Takes on New Life—Views of Men of Affairs.

By James Hays Quarles.

With the commencement of work on the Riggins hotel, a new epoch in the history and in the development of Waco has begun.

It is true that Waco is one of the oldest towns in Texas and that some towns have been born, have waxed strong in youth and have become of full stature in municipal growth since Waco was organized as a vilalge, yet Waco remained dormant in growth, in progress and development. There are many reasons for these things, and it is not necessary to go too deeply into the causes. We know that the accumulation of large holdings by some individuals who failed to recognize the benefit of improvement has had something to do with it; we know that the lack of development of the holdings of several large estates has had something more to do with it, and while I do not subscribe to the oft-repeated statement of many here that what Waco has long needed "was a few first-class funerals," I do believe that we have needed some sort of development ginger or "high life" to arouse these dormant owners and dormant estates to the need for their assistance in starting the progress.

Has Logical Location.

That Waco was foreordained to be one of the best towns in Texas, is assured by the very excellent location from a logical standpoint. She is situated upon the banks of one of the largest streams in Texas; a river that is capable of development as a navigable stream and which could have long since been navigable had the many put forth half the efforts that have been put forth by the few; she is in the center of an agricultural section that is as rich as the valley of the Nile in fertility and that is as productive per acre as any soil in the universe; she is admirably located as to health and to comfort; she has nature's reservoir of pure artesian water beneath her and indiginous trees are so prolific in growth that her confines are a virtual park; she is built upon such solid ground and solid rock that her breast is fit for the foundations of the highest buildings, and geographically so located that transstate and transcontinental railroads and public highways must touch and cross to extend to other sections. She is in easy touch of the coal fields and the oil fields; she has an abundance of fuel at [illegible] merchants [illegible] trader will call for.

We are endeavoring in this issue of The Morning News to show the present development of Waco. Not only are the actual building facts shown, but responsible men in this city are quoted to show the conditions that now exist. The lumbermen, the real estate men and the architects tell just what is being done in actual development. That the hotel has much to do with the beginning of this epoch, no one will deny. The Praetorian building has something to do with it, the coming of the interurban has a part in it and the Katy terminals is a factor.

Amicable Came First.

We must not overlook the fact that the Amicable building has been with us for some time. This skyscraper is one of the factors of the city. When Artemas R. Roberts proposed to build a twenty-two-story house here in Waco, the credulous took it as a joke; when he said he would tear down a brick building in order to get a site, others became more credulous and as the building began to show its growth, and progressed story by story, there were bets whether it would ever reach the top. But Roberts is a man of pluck and indomitable will. He did not plan without knowing what he could accomplish, and his success in that building venture made much for the city of Waco. Waco owes him praise and applause for his share in the development of the city. Time will not wear away the building he has erected now, nor will storm or fire destroy it. It is fixed in this town for all time.

Hotel Means Much.

Why do we say the hotel has opened a new epoch?

Because it is a big development project. It means the expenditure of about a half-million dollars. The construction company proposes to employ an army of men in the work; they must live here while they are at work and they will buy their clothes, their meat and bread, their cigars and tobacco, their shoes and their hats in this city. They are of a class of labor that is well paid, and in the spending of it they require the best the tradesman can offer.

When the hotel is finished it will represent an investment of $400,000; added to this will be the $75,000 which will be necessary for furnishnig and equipping. In addition to this a contract has been closed for a deep well. Mr. Riggins proposes to sink a well 2,100 feet deep on the hotel site, and to try for hot water. This well alone will cost $10,000 to $12,000. If hot water is obtained it will be an advertisement for Waco; it will draw people here who will come for its mineral benefits.

Better Than Houston.

In my opinion, Waco today shows a better condition than Houston from the standpoint of taxable wealth. It was but recently announced from Houston that the total taxable wealth is $97,000,000. Compare this with Waco. The Somers system has fixed the values in Waco of real estate, houses and franchises at $37,000,000. To add to this will be the personal property valuations which will total $10,000,000. This means $47,000,000 and in these totals there is no account taken of the insurance companies and the banks and trust companies yet to be put on the rolls. Last year these companies were taxed on their paid up capital, surplus and undivided profits then accrued. This year there is an increase over last year, which will run the total assesed values at over $50,000,000. Houston claims a population of 110,000; Waco claims a population of 35,000. If Waco has more than half as much taxable wealth than Houston, and one-third the population, it shows more wealth per capita here. We can also safely say that Waco's wealth is more widely divided as to the town. Houston has much of its wealth consolidated in a few blocks, say the Bender hotel, the Rice hotel, the Chronicle building, the Scanlan building, all representing big investments, within a few blocks of each other. Waco has one skyscraper included in her wealth.

Commercial Organizations.

But to be fair to some of the factors which have been responsible for the new epoch, I want to say that this increase in activity is not spontaneous. While now is the psychological moment for Waco to take on new life and new energy, it has not been without some effort to get it started, and due credit muts be given to the members of the Chamber of Commerce and the Young Men's Business League. These two commercial organizations have been energetic, they have been producers of activity and through their work Waco has taken on this energy that is making for the development now. I believe they are too little appreciated by the majority of the people, and in my opinion there should be greater contributions to their work from the men who own the business houses and own the dirt that is rapidly turning over.

Demands on the Telephone.

A factor that shows that Waco is growing is the increased facilities which are required now for the telephone business in Waco. I am told that the wire center of the city is changing; that means that the residence section is spreading to distant confines; that it is moving further out and that more lines are needed to accommodate the people. Both companies are extending their facilities in the exchanges and in cables.

E. W. Marshall's View.

I asked E. W. Marshall to give me a statement why Waco real estate can be considered to be at conservative prices. Mr. Marshall is one of the best qualified men in Waco to discuss this subject. He has been long a member of the board of equalization of the city. He is of the firm of Marshall, Neblett & Zisinia, large handlers of real estate, and he has personally given his attention to the real estate movement. He answers thus:

"The value of investment real estate should be determined by the capitalization of its income, and this income apportioned in two parts; one the direct or monthly rental income, the other the indirect or enhancement value of the real estate itself. The ratio of these two factors vary largely in different cities and are determined solely by confidence in the future development of the community.

"As a concrete illustration, if an investor should estimate that in Waco enhancement values for five-year periods should average 5 per cent per annum, he should be satisfied with 5 per cent direct income giving him a gross net income of 10 per cent per annum.

"For instance, eight years ago there was little hope for Waco's future. In competition with loan rates a certain storehouse that rented for $50 per month was sold for $6,000 or on a 10 per cent net basis. On a 5 per cent basis this same house would be worth $10,000; so far so good, but the house is now renting for $200 per month, and on the same basis should be worth $40,000. The owner estimates its value at $30,000, leaving $10,000 of real value not yet absorbed by increased prices.

"Should confidence compel a 4 per cent income basis, or rents increase, values of investment real estate will automatically seek the level of such conclusions."

What Riggins Thinks.

I asked J. W. Riggins to give me answers to two question: First, why Waco real estate will increase in value; second, why Waco will be the greatest city in Texas. Mr. Riggins ought to know the subjects. He has traveled from coast to coast; he has visited the growing towns of the West, about which the most talk is now heard; he has visited towns in the beginning and in the making, and he knows something of the things about which he has been asked. Mr. Riggins said:

"Real estate values in Waco are about on a par with the small city of 20,000 people with very poor environments, therefore location, environment and business conditions mean a great advancament of real estate values in the near future in Waco. I think $2500 a front foot from the Square to Eighth street will be a reality within two years, $1500 a front foot above Eighth street will be a reality before The Riggins is completed on the corner of Austin and Eighth streets. These conditions and advancements will apply to all the business district of Waco. In any other town the size of Waco the property on any business street would be very much higher, and if I had the space by figures and facts compared with the prices in other towns the proof would be abundant.

"There are fully 1,000,000 people within Waco's trade territory. History sustained by the statistics will show that there is usually one town in such a trade territory having 20 per cent of the population constituting the commercial center of that community. Waco has that situation which would mean 20 per cent of 1,000,000 people, or 200,000 people in Waco.

"People learn early that the aggregation of population means an aggregation of wealth and the existence of both in a city means the maximum facilities for the enjoyment of life and the transaction of business and people who desire to live in a given territory to do business prefer to live in the largest city in that territory. Waco will be that city.

"If there is any reason why Fort Worth and Dallas treated as a unit having 25 per cent of the populatino of their trade territory treated the same as the Waco trade territory, then the same reasoning would give Waco a population of 200,000 people. The same argument is true of San Antonio and Houston.

"When we located the Ma[illegible]ple at Waco it was shown that [illegible]ally the members of the Grand Lodge located at Waco to reach Waco would travel 60,000 miles less than to reach Houston. What is true of passenger traffic is true of freight traffic, which accounts for the very large volume of busines stransacted in Waco.

"Undoubtedly Waco in the near future by the lock and dam system will have a water rate which will give her the decided advantage of any city in Texas. It is a fact that Waco is within five and a half miles of the center of the population of Texas today. With a water rate bringing cheap transportation we will be in the center of practically 4,000,000 people, and the logical location for the biggest business in Texas will be Waco. There is no other city in the United States with the environment that Waco has, she stands alone, her advantages are almost fabulous in this respect, and as the public awakens to these facts the business will come to Waco. With publicity the public minds and eyes will be opened and then watch Waco grow. A great many facts and figures could be given supporting the above. However they are so apparent they need no further argument."

Having quoted these authorities, we present here the views of many others in Waco who have the subject before them.

Views of Peyton Randle.

Peyton Randle says: "During the past three years values in Waco real estate have not only doubled and thribbled but in many instances even more than this. Of course a great deal of this was caused by the natural expansion in money. But whatever the cause, to those exercising judgment as well as those who have not, the profit has been there just the same, and many have been made rich by this increase in values.

"Very near four years ago when I started in the real estate business I felt that I could see this condition ahead as there had been a great development in Texas cities as well as over the entire state, and I always felt assured when I recommended that a piece of property be purchased that I sold my clients, they were not only safe in their investment but would make a handsome profit. Of course a great many people have stood and refused to buy, using the old slogan of what we need in Waco is 'outside capital.' We have heard this from every corner and from every sage who has discussed the future value of Waco dirt. It seems never to have occurred to them that Dallas, Fort Worth and San Antonio have been built up by men who have accumulated small fortunes in small towns and who have moved to these cities. We can't expect any syndicate or investor to drop in to Waco with ten or twenty million dollars to invest miscellaneously. But we may expect the men from smaller towns who have accumulated small fortunes to move to Waco. On account of its desirability as a place to live Waco is naturally a home-town, with its beautiful, broad streets, well shaded and well paved. The moral atmosphere is admitted to be better than the moral athmosphere of any other city in Texas of like or larger size. This in itself is a great thing to [illegible] to come to Waco to [illegible]. We have splendid schools and churches and a fine lot of people.

"Of course we must have something for the people coming in here constantly to do, and that means we must have more factories. The Chamber of Commerce will raise $100,000 for this purpose. In my opinion it is the most essental move before us, since we have secured the hotel which was of vital importance. The time will come when the people who have the welfare of Waco at heart will realize how great a thing and how noble the men were who have put in so many untiring efforts to bring this about. Almost a year ago I made a wager with a friend of mine that there would be a modern hotel built while E. W. Marshall was president of the Chamber of Commerce, as I knew that he was interested in building a hotel for Waco, and I felt that he could not fail. When this magnificent building towers ten stories to the sky his great ambition will have been accomplished. So when he had Mr. Riggins interested in building the hotel which has been an ambition of Mr. Riggins for perhaps many years, I just felt sure that my bet had been won. With Mr. Marshall, Mr. Wright and Mr. Riggins, as well as the directors of the Chamber of Commerce and the Young Men's Business league working harmoniously together you see what a great thing has been accomplished and you will appreciate the value of the hotel to Waco more than you have any idea of at the present time. There is sure to be good, substantial, modern improvements put upon the property in that vicinity now that business houses have crossed Eighth street. In fact I know of several owners who figure on putting up buildings in the vicinity of the new hotel property. Property in this location cannot but be a good investment.

"Of course at the present moment money matters are a little tight, but since the government on Wednesday offered to the banks of the United States to issue five hundred million dollars in emergency currency, there is more confidence and the bankers are more willing to make commitments for future investments than they have been up to the present. But in the natural course of events Waco will go forward and come into her own just as she has been doing in the past few years, and I cannot see any occasion for any decided slump in the value of real estate except perhaps in the high prices of vacant lots in the close in residence district. As soon as the Southern Traction company is able to develop the system with modern cars, I feel sure that all our people will realize that it is better to own a lot in the outside district where they can own more ground, buy more cheaply and put the additional money in the house that they would put into a lot closer in.

"We have a great many men who have made money in real estate operating along conservative lines, that are not known among the general public. One young man in the coal business, who is perhaps one of the most astute young business men in the state, has made in the neighborhood of $125,000 in Waco property; another man has made over $150,000 in real estate when things were dull in Waco, and of course has made a great deal since in the general enhancement of values. A young Waco lawyer has made upwards of $100,000, and there are others and others who have made even more. Lots have made from $25,000 to $75,000 operating along conservative lines, and I cannot help but believe that investors exercising the proper foresight can do the same thing in the future, as Waco has not developed anything in the past like it will in the future.

"The thing to do is to invest in the town where you know the values. Keep Waco money in Waco and Texas money in Texas, should be the slogan of every business man, as here is where our interest lies."

Exension of Business Area.

H. M. Baine said: "The present business area of Waco, I dare say, is more congested than that of any city in the state of Texas. This congestion must be alleviated and to my mind, same will be brought about in the bringing of Franklin street into a retail district from Fourth to Eighth streets, and particularly that section lying between Sixth and Eighth. At present six of Waco's banking institutions are on Franklin street, between Fourth and Sixth streets, aside from the savings banks in connection therewith.

"The erection of the Higginson building on the corner of Fifth and Franklin and the improvements on the Watt properties, converting [illegible] Franklin street side into business houses, both of which are practically assured, will be of great assistance on Franklin between Fifth and Sixth.

"The new Primm building, Sixth and Franklin, has as its tenants the Katy ticket offices and all of the express companies in the city. With the completion of the eight story Praetorian building at Sixth and Franklin and the four story Hill building at Eigth and Franklin, contracts for both having been let and work on the latter begun, Franklin will fairly teem with purchasers in the way of a retail district. Aside from the passing and the once-in-a-while patronage, the occupants og the Praetorian building will greatly augment the already heavy traffic of this thoroughfare, and that restaurants, moving picture shows, barber shops, drug stores and the like will be in much demand there is no doubt. Too, all of the buildings in this particular section of Franklin street will be new and modern structures, as compared with the less modern and older ones which for some time to come will remain on lower Austin street. The development on the side streets already in progress will further cement Austin and Franklin streets together; this being particularly so on Sixth street on account of the Weibush, Marshall and Praetorian buildings and on Eigth street on account of the hotel, the Hippodrome and the four-story Hill building. While the Hippodrome building will be some 50 feet from the corner, its effect will doubtless be felt on Eigth street and upper Austin as well. The new Masonic temple, Eighth and Washington, which will have stores underneath and facing on Eighth, as well as Washington, will assist very perceptibly in marking the defines for a business section, three blocks wide, extending from the Square to Eighth street. Compared with other Texas cities this should accommodate a city of from forty to forty-five thousands population. It is imperative that the retail district pass Eighth street, particularly on Austin, Franklin and Washington, in the way of the western extension of our most prominent streets, if Waco is to be a city of sixty thousand or more and it is predicted by the most conservative that these figures will be reached in a comparatively short time."

Outlying Lots Settling Up.

J. B. Callahan said: "Start at the Amicable building and go in any direction toward the outlying sections and on every side new homes in all stages of construction meet the eye. Yet scarcely a vacant house is to found. To the wise realty promoter and shrewd business man this is the surest sign of a city's substantial growth, and safest guide in planning future dealings. There can be no semblance of a boom while these conditions exist. It is in the section that but a short time ago were considered 'too far out' that the building activity seems to be greatest. Those sections are rapidly becoming thickly settled communities, and property there for residence purposes is in much greater demand than property closer in. In fact the custom so prevalent in most of the cities of the country to get far out has reached Waco as is evidenced by the costly homes being constructed on the ex- [illegible] northwestern end of the city. This custom has as yet hardly taken a hold on Wacoans, checked as it has been in the past by poor car service and short lines, but with the coming of the Southern Traction company with its progressive methods and rapid extension of its lines in all directions the next few years will find this custom as deeply rooted here as in other cities.

"I have handled editions and developed property in five states, and am familiar with values in every city of 10,000 or over in Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Texas, but I know of no city of the size of Waco where outlying property values are as low as in Waco today. The prices which seem high to many local people are really very low compared with prices in other cities of this size. It is for this reason that outsiders, acquainted with values in their home cities, buy readily on learning prices here, and on observing the very conditions that brought about tremendous increases in realty values in the cities with which they are familiar. Waco's growth is steady and substantial and sure to be continual, and we look for many years of activity here."

Suburban Porperty Good Investment.

C. P. Link of Koch & Link of Highland Place Addition—Many investors in real estate are overlooking opportunities in vacant suburban property in Waco. It seems that the majority of people are keen for business property as an investment, which is good and substantial, but there are so many guilt-edge investments in vacant lots, which within a very short time will have the same values that close-in property now has.

"Anyone who will stop and think and do a little figuring, can see where a few thousand dollars properly invested in vacant lots will earn more in profit than the same amount tied up in one rental property.

"The new suburban additions that have been added to Waco within the last two years compare in every respect with the other cities of our great state. The owners of the different additions are offering all of the modern conveniences that can be had with downtown property.

"Waco's growth within the past two years has been steady, which makes it safe, sound and practical, and with all the natural resources that she has, there is no other city in the state that has such flattering prospects."

John Sleeper's Views.

When asked by a representative of The Morning News to account for Waco's present era of prosperity, and whether or not it was a permanent growth, John Sleepr said: "For seven or eight years before the present awakening of Waco there was a net earning of about $300,000 annually in the city, and practically the entire amount was sent away for investment every year. Some of it stayed in Texas, going to the Panhandle country, some of it went to Beaumont, much of it went to Mexico, and part of it went to the East. Practically none of it was invested in Waco. The city was simply being drained and nothing put back in excess of the current or running expenses. There was little done to develop the city's resources, and capital was not induced to come here.

"In the past three years local investors have awkened to the fact there is a great field for profitable investment right at home. The insurance companies were the first to lead off and their confidence in the future of Waco begot confidence on the part of smaller investors. As a result the $300,000 annual net earnings of the city were put back, increasing its earning capacity and giving Waco people Waco money to spend, instead of having it sent all over the world where those who had a hand in its accumulation never realized its benefits.

"To sum up the whole matter, Waco is developing itself. In the past three years there have been roughly more than 1,000,000 good Waco dollars invested in Waco real estate, Waco building and in Waco improvement, all of which was formerly sent away. Waco has come into nothing more than her own."

Not to Late Yet.

T. J. Primm said: "I think that the people of Waco, with the wonderful amount of improvements under headway and being contemplated, and, to cap it all, a ten-story hotel, ought to feel like a bunch of new converts at a Methodist camp meeting. Get out and let everybody know the good things that are coming Waco's way. Give us another good crop in Texas this year, which now looks as though it was assured. The citizen who has failed to secure a piece of Waco dirt will feel awful lonesome, and will never be able to tell how it happened, and how it was possible for him to overlook such a plain proposition. The way Waco is forging to the front and the rapidity with which skyscrapers are multiplying in her limits, it will soon be so unless one has an office in a skyscraper and owns a flying machine, he will be a back number and out of the running. It looks to me that Waco dirt is a pick-up yet, and in less than two years Franklin and Austin street property will be covered with business houses as far up as Ninth. The opportunity is still open. Reach out and secure a piece of good old Waco dirt."

The Best Is Yet to Come.

G. M. Knebel—June as a rule is one of the dull months in the real estate business, but this is not the case this year. Realty has been very active during the week just closed—I have closed a number of nice deals during the week, most of them being close in prospective business property. The tone of the real estate market is much stronger this week than it was last week. I think that one of the main causes for this increased activity was in settling the hotel question. The outlook for Waco's future was never so bright as it is now—the interurban will soon be completed, the M. K. & T. yards are going to be the biggest thing of the kind in the southwest. The Katy has only just started on the great work that they are going to do in Waco. Railroad men who know, who are high up in the Katy system, know and have so stated that the improvements for Waco have hardly commenced; the Katy has yet great things in store for Waco which at this time she cannot announce. I only mention a few of the big things under way which are giving stability to the real estate market; this with the big crop assured for this fall, I fully believe that the coming fall and spring will see such activity in real estate and such an advance in values the like of which one would hardly dream of. The men who can see ahead, above the heads of a lot of croaking toads, men who read the signs of the times, and then follow good judgment, are the men who have made big money in Waco real estate and will continue to do so. The time to buy Waco real estate is now—for property can be bought at a much less price now than within a short time when the decided advance in price is sure to come. There are a few good propositions yet to be had on Austin, Franklin, Washington, and some of the cross streets on which money will be made; we can only guess how far the business section of Austin street will go out; Franklin street is building very fast, Washinfton street is following closely; a new bridge will soon have to be built over the Brazos to take care of the

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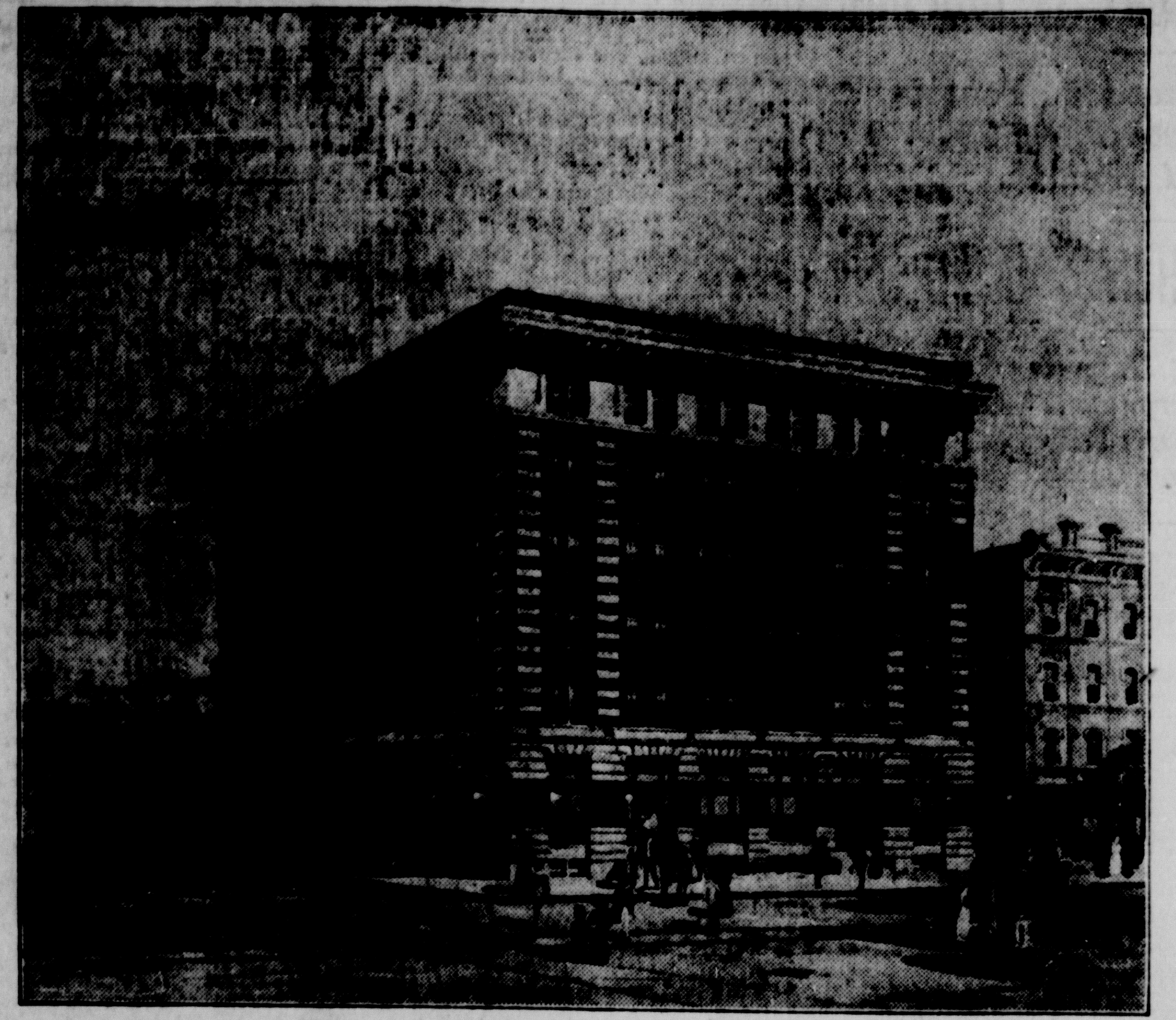
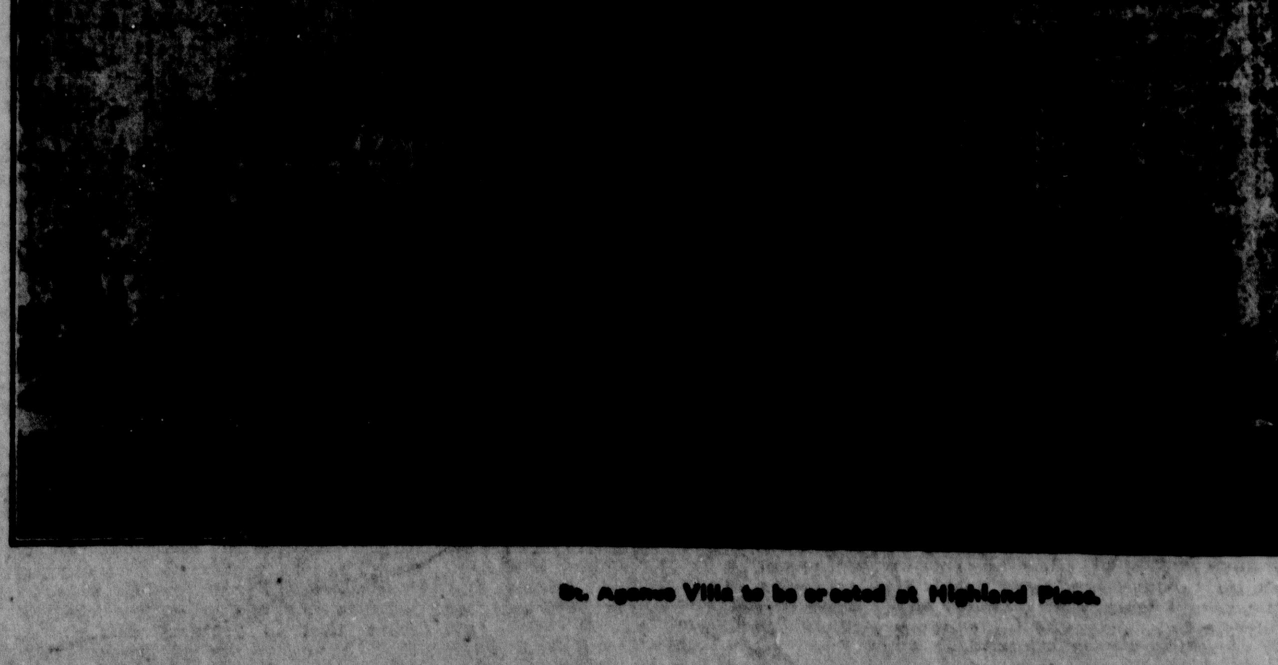
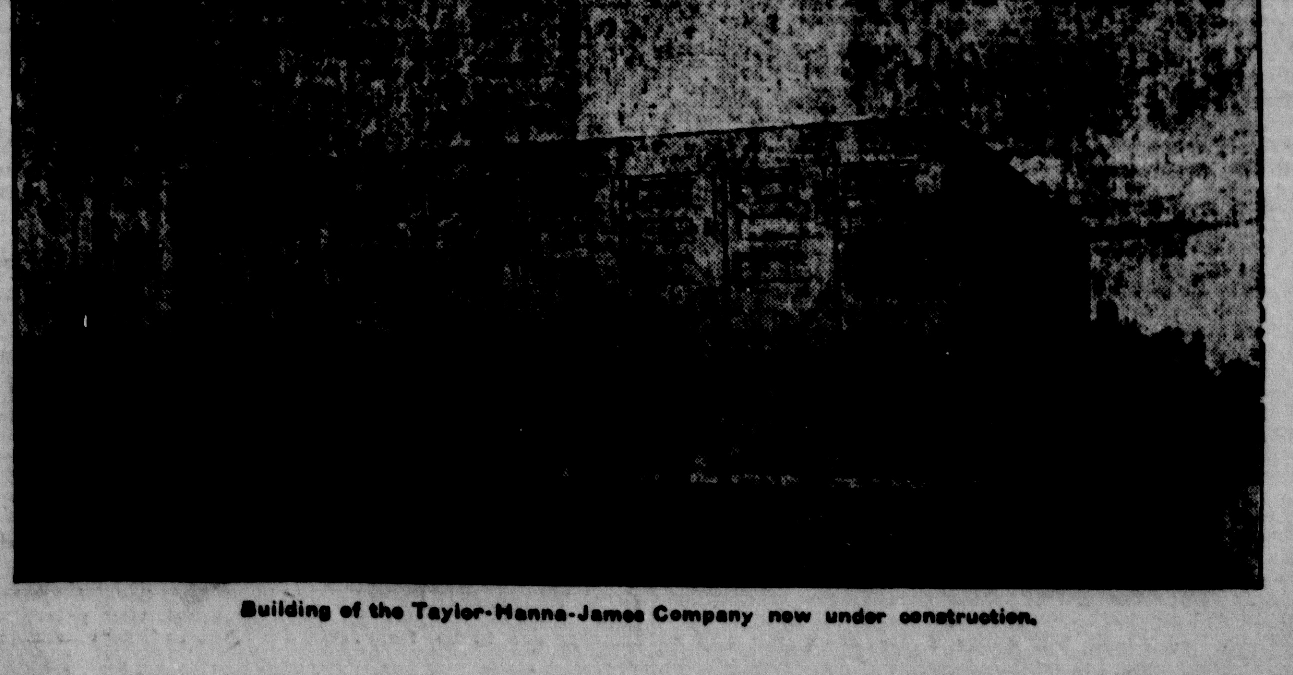


Proposed Building of the Behrens Drug Company to be located at the corner of Fourth and Mary streets.



St. Agamus Villa to be erected at Highland Place.



Building of the Taylor-Hanna-James Company now under construction.

NEW CONSTRUCTION IN WACO SHOWS INVESTMENT IN BUILDINGS

Hotel, Praetorians, Masonic Temple and Other Houses Indicate More Than a Million Added Wealth.

BUSINESS HOUSES AND HOMES BEING BUILT

All Character of Work Being Done Is of Substantial Material and Will Be Permanent Improvements—Getting Many New and Modern Fronts.

Three quarters of a million dollars have been taken out in city building permits in Waco during the first five and a half months of this year. In addition to this, fully a quarter of a million dollars more is to be spent in building improvement, tentative plans for which are now being drawn. While much construction work will be done in the residence district, the nicrease is principally to the downtown of the city.

Crowning the building activity is the erection of the $400,000 Riggins Hotel at Eighth and Austin streets, work upon which ha snow begun. The new hostelry will be ten stories in height, constructed of concrete, reinforced with steel, and absolutely fireproof. There will be over two hundred rooms, each luxuriously furnished and the most equipped with baths.

In the hotel will be installed only the most modern of equipment. Hot and cold water will circulate over the building, electric elevators will transport guests from one floor to another, and the dictates of comfort will be fully catered to with the completion of the building.

The hotel finished, Waco will have the newest and most completely equipped hostelry in the Southwest. The building is the project of J. W. Riggins, promoter. Construction work will be done by the Westlake Construction company, the building firm that erected the eighteen-story Rice hotel at Houston.

The Praetorians.

One hundred and fifty thousand dollars is to be expended immediately in the construction of an office building in Waco by the National Order of Praetorians.

The structure will stand at the northwest corner of Sixth and Franklin streets. It will be eight stories in height, seven above the ground and a half basement. The building will be just opposite the state home of the Masonic order, and will be the most costly and the highest building on Franklin street.

The building will be of concrete and reinforced steel. It will face fifty feet on Franklin street and eighty-five feet on Sixth street.

Construction work is expected to begin before August. Plans have been practically approved by the national officers and building committee of the order, and are now being gone over by the superintendent of building, who is in the employ of the company.

Construction work will be done under the supervision of the superintendent of building. The Praetorians, in the construction of the buildings they have erected, do not let a contract for the work, but have the work done under the supervision of a competent supervisor of building, on a per cent basis. This method will be adopted for the Waco building. The supervisor is now working out the details of the plans for the structure, and it is expected that he will come to Waco within a short time to begin preliminary work. Actual construction work will be well under way by the middle of summer.

Eight floors of the building will be fitted out for offices and business establishments. The first floor will either be leased to a bank or a drug company. Applications for the lease have been made by a number of people. The upper floors are to be fitted out for modern business offices. Not even the lodge rooms of the Praetorians will be located in the building, all floors being devoted to rental space.

It is estimated the structure will cost $150,000. However, this amount may be exceeded.

The location of the Praetorian building in Waco places here two large buildings owned by insurance companies. The Amicable came first, and the Praetorian is the second.

It has been the intention of the building committee of the Praetorians to erect a building in Waco for some years. The lot at Sixth and Franklin was purchased several years ago with this intention. However it was permitted to remain almost unused, having only a small building on it. Some three months ago the local order of Praetorians entertained C. B. Gardner of Dallas, president of the national order, and members of the building committee. At that time the need of additional office buildings and the suitable location of the property of the Praetorian lot for such a structure was impressed upon the national officers. A promise was exacted that the Praetorians would build a building on the lot commensurate with the need of the city. A few weeks later information came from the home office at Dallas that the building would be eight stories in height and that construction work would begin as soon as the plans were approved.

John Sleeper Building.

An illustration of the spreading out of the retail district of Waco is to be found in the number of good businesses that are opening up on Austin avenue west of Sixth street. For a number of years the buildings between Sixth and Eighth on Austin brought little revenue to their owners and did not justify putting in modern fronts. The business of Waco was confined to a few blocks further downtown and retailers were afraid to risk moving out of this section.

Recently new firms have come into Waco and room was needed. The two blocks above Sixth now present as attractive appearances as those further down and are just as busy. The owners have improved their property, big business are coming in and the upper section of the business district presents an active appearance.

The great addition to this part of these two blocks is the building now under way which will house a department store at 609 Austin avenue. The building is being put up by John Sleeper at a cost of $10,000. The structure is to be modern in all respects. The front will be one of the most attractive in town. The building will contain two stories and a basement, the front finished in white tile and pressed brick. Extra large plate glass windows will be put in, with a solid glass display case at the center entrance. Prism glass will be put in overhead. The concern is to put in $15,000 worth of permanent fixtures. The frontage will be forty feet, running back 165.

With the coming of the five and ten cent stores, this block began to take on an appearance of business and during the past year the section has been coming forward as a business block. With the new hotel assured Waco's retail district is taking on the appearance that a city of 40,000 people should have.

University Apartments.

Dr. Carl Lovelace is soon to erect a beautifully designed two-story building called "University Apartments" on Speight street just in front of the side entrance of Carroll chapel at Baylor university. The building, which will be 50x70, will have a basement and be fitted throughout with the latest in first class apartment plumbing conveniences and steam heat. Birch D. Easterland, the architect, has designed the structure with the idea of it being a piece of art and a credit to the university environment. The front will be constructed on the semi-mission style of stucco, tile and bronze. On each side of a lobby entrance there will be massive globe lights. In the center of the entrance there will be a stone fountain. The first floor will be devoted to business, there being three doors leading from the lobby respectively into a barber shop, haberdashery and meat market. Baylor has no first class dormitories and the erection of the apartments will be especially welcomed by the university.

Commence on New Home.

Nash-Robinson Lumber Co. is preparing to move its lumber yards to property which they have acquired between Franklin and Mary, running from Sixteenth to Seventeenth street.

The firm is moving to the new location partly on account of switching facilities. A switch has already been put in. The business will be enlarged, ten lots being in the piece of property. It has a frontage on Mary street of 350 feet and on Franklin of 150 feet.

The entire plant will not be moved immediately, the present retail building on Austin being retained for a while. The sheds will probably be moved immediately. The large block of land, which the company owns on Austin running through to Franklin, is to be sold. It is the intention of the firm to make the move extend over a period of several months, each building being erected on the new location according to the needs of the business.

The concern is one of the most conservative in Texas and is making the change because its officers realize the advantage of the locality to which they are moving for trackage purposes.

Completing the Castle.

The "Castle Abeel," a massive old residence of stone, begun twenty years ago and having one of the most interesting histories of perhaps any home in the city, is being completed after a long interval by the present owner, Albert Abeel.

Originally the structure was planned and started by John Tennant, a stone contractor, who had, like John Ruskin, a fondness for artistic homes built to stand for years. The walls reach down to the rock strata, and three feet thick at the base. Most of the work at first was done by Tennant himself at odd times, getting the stone from Ohio and different parts of Texas. When Tennant gave up the undertaking he had finished practically one story. A few years ago R. A. Hanrick, of this city, purchased the "castle" and added some more to what had been done. Recently the property came into the possession of Alfred Abeel, and Roy E. Lane was employed to draw up plans for the completion. Mr. Lane's plans call for certain alterations from the original design and a general enlargement. Owing to the difficulty in finding stone to match the material it was necessary to open a quarry at Mineral Wells, Texas. Composing the inner walls the architect said that he had found eighteen different kinds of stone.

When the "castle" is completed it will be a palatial residence, standing at the extreme of West Austin avenue like a formidable tower guarding the outskirts of the coming metropolis, but must in a few years be merged into the other magnificent residences of the avenue as the progressive march of Waco swings out her border line.

Ward School for North Waco.

A new ward school will be erected this summer in North Waco at a cost of $44,663, exclusive of architect's fees. The building will be the best arranged ward school building in the state. The plans were made by Superintendent J. C. Lattimore with a view to adding to the building as needed and with all additions will care for between 1000 and 1200 children. One of the features will be an auditorium made by throwing three rooms together. With all additions the building will contain 26 rooms. It will be two stories in height with a basement containing shower baths, engine room and toilets.

Improve Other Schools.

The city will spend on this building and on improvements to be made in other wards approximately $65,000.

At the South Third street school two rooms and a basement are to be added. Steam heating apparatus will be installed. At South Eighth four rooms and a basement will be put to the present building. A steam heating system will be installed. The Sanger avenue school will be remodeled, four rooms and a basement being added. This school will also have a steam heating plant installed. A steam heating plant will be put in the Columbus street school. The colored school on North Seventh will be improved.

Sidewalks for Schools.

On sidewalks and curbing around the schools the city will spend $3600 this summer.

At North Fourth street school 600 square feet of sidewalk will be laid; at Columbus street, 1200 square feet; at South Eighth street, 1900 square feet of sidewalk and 250 feet of curbing; at East Waco, 2900 square feet of walk and 250 feet of curbing; at Brooks avenue, 7550 square feet of sidewalk and 900 feet of curb; at Sanger avenue, 3000 square feet of walk, and at Bell's Hill 3750 square feet of walk and 560 feet of curb.

New Masonic Temple.

The Masonic Temple on the corner of Eighth and Washington, now in process of construction, when completed will be one of the most artistic buildings in the city. The main frontage will be on Washington and will be adorned with massive Greek doric columns supporting an entablature at the top of the second story. The building will occupy 110 feet on Washington and 70 on Eighth, and will be erected at a probable cost of $65,000.

Divisions for the first floor will be made for five business concerns, three store entrances being to the front and two on the side. The second floor will be equipped for two complete lodge halls, having cloak rooms, lavatories, and all modern assembly room conveniences. All local Masons will meet in the upper story, which will be fitted up in a style in keeping with the artistic nature of the building. T. Brooks Pearson is the designer of the structure.

Modern Trolley Terminal.

Southern Traction company will soon erect on the corner of Fourth and Washington a large modern terminal station with large waiting rooms, offices and car sheds. The building will occupy 150 feet on Washington and extend back 100 feet. Both white and colored waiting rooms are planned with artistic entrances. Cars will enter from the back side so that in bad weather the passengers can step right from the platform into the waiting interurban.

In addition to the ticket office and rest rooms on the first floor, there will be baggage and express rooms and a room for lockers and other conveniences of the employes. The second story will be devoted largely to the traffic and local departments. George Burnett of this city is the designer of the station and also of all the construction along the line from Dallas to Waco.

City Building $300,000 Plant.

The filtration plant of the Waco water works now under construction will furnish the city with 7,000,000 gallons of water daily, and is so arranged that the amount of supply can be increased. The plant will cost $300,000.

The water, after being treated at the plant, will enter the city mains purified to 99 per cent.

Work at the filtration plant is progressing rapidly. The limestone rock through which the contractors had to dig for the foundation, and in which the big pits have been sunk, made the work somewhat slow. A large force of men is at work on the site of the new plant, Third and Vermont, and building will start soon. The pump building and filter plant will be two stories, equipped with an elevator to facilitate the handling of the chemicals. The plant, with a little added machinery to what will be first put in, can be made to supply filtered water to a city of 100,000 population.

Store and Office Building.

Excavation and foundation work for the Weibusch building on the corner of Austin and Sixth is practically completed. The building will extend 43 feet from the corner on Austin and back to the alley on Sixth street, and will be four stories with a full story basement. The front will be of terra cotta, pressed brick and bronze work. The upper stories will be fitted up as business offices, having electric elevator service, steam heat and other modern conveniences. The Jurney Drug company will occupy the corner of the first floor and the Leyhe Piano company the remainder of the same floor.

George Burnett, of this city, designed the building.

Sanger Bros. Extending.

Sanger Brothers are in process of extending their retail department store up to the corner of Fourth and Austin streets. This addition will incorporate what was formerly the "Old Corner" Drug store and the front part of the Adams hotel, making a total of a hundred feet frontage on Austin avenue. This will give one of the largest display fronts of any department store in the state. The front will be of plate glass and marble, and the awning of artistic bronze.

Sangers' New Building.

Sanger Brothers are making extensive improvements in both their wholesale and retail departments. A building is being erected fo rthe use of the wholesale department at the corner of Third and Washinfton at a cost of $50,000. The building is to be three stories high and 90x190 feet. It will be modern in every respect, well lighted and ventilated. Part of the new addition will be used as display rooms and part for warehouse purposes. The building is attractive outwardly and adds to that section of town.

An automatic sprinkling system for fire prevention purposes is being installed throughout the new building and the old wholesale.

When the additions to Sanger Brothers' wholesale and retail have been completed the concern will have a frontage of 990 feet, which is more than many of the largest stores in the country.

Three-Story Wholesale House.

Taylor-Hanna-James Company are erecting at the corner of Second and Mary a large building of three stories and basement to be used for a wholesale grocery. The structure will have 140 feet of frontage on Second and extend back 88 feet on Mary. The plans call for a modern building in every respect, and an expenditure of approximately $50,000. Milton W. Scott is the architect.

Increase Size of Church.

Plans for addtions and remodeling that will materially change the present appearance of the Seventh and James Baptist church and greatly augment its utility as a church building have recently been completed in the office of Birch D. Easterland. The plans call for a class room addition of two stories, a basement to be used for church parlors, and the construction of commodious balconies.

Movie Shows Improved.

Both the Ideal and Crystal motion picture theatres are having extensive improvements made to their entrances. The fronts will be enlarged to give space for roomy lobby entrances built in the attractive style that has become popular with the first class "movies" of the larger cities.

Building Big Warehouse.

Work on the excavation of a two-story warehouse and basement to be erected for Mrs. H. Behrens on the corner of Seventh and Jackson has commenced. The building will front on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas tracks and will be a first class warehouse. T. Brooks Pearson designed the structure.

Modern School for North Waco.

North Waco is soon to have a modern school building with the very latest equipment, when the structure at the corner of Twentieth and Jackson near the old T. C. U. campus is completed. There will be two stories and basement, constructed of natural stone and brick with reinforced concrete halls and corridors. T. Brooks Pearson, who is designing the edifice, says that it will be a first class school building in every respect.

Another Wholesale Grocery.

Plans for a two-story brick building with a deep basement to be constructed for S. M. Hamilton are out for bids this week. The building is to be located at the corner of Third and Jackson streets and will be used as a wholesale grocery by Hamilton-Turner company. Plans were drawn by T. Brooks Pearson.

Three-Story Apartment.

At Eleventh and Franklin streets the Koller building of three stories is soon to be erected. The building will be a high class rooming house with modern designed apartments. T. Brooks Pearson, the architect, says that excavation for the foundation will probably begin in ten days.

Streeter Hotel on Sixth.

Work on the Streeter hotel on Sixth street, between Austin and Washington, was begun a few days ago. When completed the building will consist of four stories and basement, with modern hotel equipment, and will be a factor in solving Waco's much discussed hostelry question. There will be forty-five guest rooms, most of them containing bath with circulating hot and cold water. The hotel will have its own private telephone exchange and an electric elevator. The lobby will be large and decorated in an artistic manner, and the ground floor will be devoted to sample rooms. Roy E. Lane, of this city, is the designer of the building.

Side Street Improvements.

The test of a town is the extension of business buildings on the side street, and illustrative of the fact that Waco business is not confined to a string of houses on one street comes news from Architect Roy E. Lane that a modern business building is to be erected just off of Austin avenue. The particulars have not been given out, but the building will be 100x100, and modern in every respect.

R. H. Hill's New Building.

Excavation for a modern four-story building of Prof. R. H. Hill, to be used for an up-to-date business college, has already been commenced on the corner of Franklin and Eighth streets. The structure will have 120 feet frontage on Franklin and 75 on Eighth. Most of the material has been purchased and the architect, Roy E. Lane, says that the building will be the best of any business college in the state.

American Express Building.

Work on the $10,000 brick freight depot to be erected by the American Express company opposite the Katy passenger station will be commenced within the next three weeks, according to local Agent Frazier. The building will occupy the site on which was formerly situated the old Katy water tank.

The structure will be 100 feet long by 50 feet wide. It will be used as a storage for outgoing and incoming freight.

Archenhold Building.

S. and M. Archenhold are constructing a modern building at 415 Austin avenue on the site formerly occupied by their one-story structure. The new building will have three floors and a basement, besides a mezzanine floor which will be occupied by the offices, giving five separate floors. The structure will be up-to-date and an attractive front will add to the block on Austin. It is to be occupied by the Archenhold Company and will cost $30,000.

Y. M. C. A. Being Remodeled.

The Young Men's Christian association is spending $27,000 on their building at the corner of Sixth and Washington streets. The improvements which are now being made will include a swimming pool, an additional floor for dormitory purposes and added lobby room. The building originally cost $26,000. With the improvements the plant will be one of the best Y. M. C. A. buildings in the state.

Builds $40,000 Hostelry.

A three-story hotel with spacious basement is in process of construction on Eighth street between Jackson and Mary near the New Katy hotel, which is just about complete. The building will have a frontage of 65 feet on Eighth and extend back 100 feet. It will contain 66 guest rooms and large lobby. The hotel will be modern throughout, being equipped with steam heat, circulating hot and cold water and electric elevator. When completed the architect, Edward H. Reed, says that the building will be first class in every respect. It costs about $40,000. The hotel will be called the "Goodman."

"St. Angela Villa."

The sisters of Saint Mary are going to erect a $200,000 building at the Highland Place to be known as the "Saint Angela Villa." Edward H. Reed, the designer, has prepared a model from the plans and the miniature resembles the state capitol with its large side wings, elaborate entrance and picturesque dome. The architecture is classical. There will be four stories above a basement story, and when finished it will be about the largest school building in the city. Work will commence probably July 1.

Horne Building Nears Completion.

The J. E. Horne building, now under construction, will cost $17,500. It will be a modern store building, with marble and copper front. While part of the building was not damaged by the fire, which swept the half block recently, the structure will be practically a new building. It is 50x165 feet and two stories in height, a matter of 17 and 14 feet in the clear.

The east half of the building will be occupied by the Hill Printing company.

Renovate St. Charles Hotel.

Walter G. Lacy, who has recently purchased the St. Charles hotel, has completed plans for extensive improvements. The new hotel, as designed by the architect, George Burnett, will contain about 45 additional rooms and will be six stories high. The rooms will be equipped with hot and cold circulating water system and have individual baths.

Build "Gayety" Theatre.

Plans are complete for a new theatre to be erected north of the City Hall for L. M. Gay, and work will begin in the next ten days. The building will be 50x165 feet with an auditorium seating 800 people, and will cost approximately $50,000. The foyer will be 24 by 30 feet with tile floor and elaborate decorations. Mr. Gay has very appropriately named the new theatre the "Gayety." George Burnett is the author of the plans.

Increase Store Facilities.

The addition to the Herrick Hardware company at a cost of $22,500 will be completed within the next sixty days. The building will be modern with an attractive front, two stories and a basement. In addition to the modern store building now occupied by the firm there will be 24,750 square feet of floor space in addition. The building will face Washington street as well as the square. The frontage will be 50 feet, running through 160 feet.

Three-Quarters Million Dollars In Building Permits for Waco

At the rate of three per day the city has been recording building permits since Jan. 1 for new structures, remodelling, additions and other improvements to the value of Waco property. Permits representing $730,362 in new buildings have been registered in the city hall for the past five months.

Some of the largest permits are:

Masonic Temple, store and lodge, valued at $55,000.

Taylor-Hanna-James Co., wholesale grocery house, valued at $37,000.

Sanger Brothers, two brick buildings and basements, valued at $39,000.

Luedde & Riley, hotel, at Eighth and Jacksto streets, improvements valued at $10,000.

Goodman Hotel, three stories, on South Eighth street, valued at $38,000.

Archenhold, four stories and basement, valued at $22,000.

McClelland estate, remodelling, valued at $25,000.

An analysis shows the following figures by months:

	Total Valuation.	No.
January	$ 157,020	77
February	191,227	92
March	103,850	77
April	101,995	82
May	176,270	85

Coming of the Interurban Will Change Map of East Waco

The coming of the interurban is already making itself felt in a shifting of business conditions, especially in East Waco. Elm street will in all probability be given entirely over to local retail trade, nd the merchants who have been catering to the country business will move off the car line, and the marketing which has heretofore been done on Elm will go with the merchants. Elm street has for some years been the principal cotton market of the city, possibly not excepting the square. With the coming of the interurban this business will not be lost, but transferred to another part of East Waco.

In view of these conditions S. H. Clinton has a store building started on Taylor street, one block from Elm, facing south, where he will conduct his general merchandise business and the purchasing of cotton. The new store building will be 50x100 feet and will cost $3500.

This move marks a new era in East Waco. With its increased population up-to-date retail stores will occupy Elm street and Taylor and other streets will offer a market place for the farmer that can not be had on Elm with its car lines. The merchants can not go north of Elm on Dallas or [illegible], as both will probably have cars. Taylor street is close in, and has never been built up.

Wholesalers Say Business Is Growing in All Lines

C. H. Cox & Co.—"With the development of territory, business has materially increased, and in spite of strong competition. Evidently there are many sweet-toothed people in our territory, as the candy output for the last [illegible] months has shown phenomenal growth."

Ed Turner of Turner-Coffield Co.—"Both territory and sales force have had to be increased this year. Business shows big returns over last two or three years."

J. M. Penland of Waco Drug Co.—"Five months of 1913 compared with the same number of months last year shows that business has increased almost one hundred per cent. Less than two years ago the company bought a lot here and built its home. The real estate value has increased at least fifty per cent. It has also been necessary to make additions to the force. Prospects are very encouraging."

J. R. Milam of the Cooper Grocery Co. says—"Compared with the past five years, business this year has been very satisfactory, showing healthy returns and increases."

H. C. [illegible] of the [illegible] Drug Co.—"While business has been good in the past, the increase of the present year will amount to at least twenty-five per cent.

"One of the biggest things toward making this year one of results has been the heavy rainfall in West Texas around [illegible]. The crops will be enormous. This firm has been doing business in these sections since its foundation twenty-five years ago. Lately we have extended our territory considerably. The plant's facilities will be materially increased when the firm's new building at Fourth and Mary streets is completed."

C. A. Sherman of the Herrick Hardware Co.—"Since the first of January, 1913, the business of the Herrick Hardware company has increased over fifty per cent. It has been necessary to expand both sales organization and territory. The company started June 1, [illegible], with three salesmen; it now has [illegible]. Store space has also been increased four times that of the building in which we started."

Frank James of Taylor-Hanna-James Co.—"While the firm is but two years old, it has been necessary to increase capital and another increase is now contemplated. The old present home has been outgrown, the increase in volume of business calling for our new building at Mary and Second streets."

[illegible] McLendon of McLendon Hardware Co.—"Twenty-eight people are in our employ, city house and included—an increase of twenty per cent of the working staff of last year. In purchasing, territory and business volume has also grown.

"This is the largest hardware concern under one roof in Texas, but additional room is still needed. We use 350 feet of railroad track. The concern is not incorporated, on the other hand, it is a family affair. Members of the company are George E. McLendon, S. F. McLendon, Ralph McLendon, A. P. McLendon, Mrs. J. S. McLendon, Mrs. H. H. Adams and W. H. Torian. It commenced business nine years ago."

LUMBERMEN SEE IT

THEY SAY THERE IS A BETTERMENT IN THE TRADE IN WACO.

Class of Houses Being Constructed is Above the Average—Many Contracts Now Made.

Reports from the lumbermen are that the demand is good for building material and that a great deal of construction is in progress and much planned that has not been announced.

Lumber men know better than any other business enterprise the full extent of building, and they are very well pleased with the conditions of trade at present. It is expected that this will keep up all summer.

Brazelton-Pryor Company.

The Brazelton-Pryor Lumber company say the building material they have furnished for residence building in the last month continues about the same as the past sixty days, but the downtown building shows a decided increase. They say a comparison of the business for the past ninety days as compared to the same three months two years ago is astonishing.

The grade of lumber that is being used in all building is much better than has heretofore been used in construction in Waco. The building that is going on is not only more but is of a much better quality.

Many New Ones in Prospect.

C. L. Johnson of C. L. Johnson & Sons, said: "Building conditions in Waco are in a healthier condition at present than they were sixty days ago. Never has there been as much building done in the business section of the city as is going on at present. The building that is being done now means solid improvement to Waco. The town has always been in need of more business room. There is little building of cheap homes in the residence section of the city by real estate men. The building that is being done is of a legitimate nature and does not indicate a lot of floating paper. We have closed contracts for two three-story buildings in the business district that have not yet been made public. The decided increase in the last thirty days of downtown building is the healthiest sign Waco's era of improvement has shown."

No Cheap Houses.

Cameron & Co. say there has been more building done in Waco in 1913 than in any other similar period in the history of the city. The building that is going on in the downtown district shows that the growth of Waco is permanent. The building of cheap houses for speculation is dropping off. The building that is being done in the residence section is of high-class homes.

High Grade Construction.

Nash, Robinson & Co. say that there is more high-grade construction going on in Waco than ever before. They mention the letting up of building of cheap residences for speculation and the permanent work in the business section.

Cammack Sees Progress.

A. I. Cammack of the Owens Lumber Company says: "There has been more building of homes in Waco in the last six months than in any other six months in the history of the city. Not only are there more homes under construction but the class of houses that are being built are far better than at any other time.

"It is gratifying to see that people who want homes, have determined as a rule to build the best. The grade of lumber that is being sold for all purposes averages of a much higher quality than ever before."

ARCHITECTS SEE GROWING FUTURE

ALL SAY THE BUILDING ACTIVITY IS GREATER NOW THAN EVER BEFORE.

GOOD WORK IS BEING DONE

Demands Are For Superior and Substantial Construction — All Are Busy in Making Plans.

No class of men in the town know more about the possible growth in the way of permanent improvements than the architects. They must be called on for the plans when there is building. All the Waco architects say that never before has there been such an era of building as now.

Waco's Sky Line.

Roy E. Lane said: "In another twelve months the general appearance of the business section of Waco will be entirely changed. Our envious neighbors will no longer be able to taunt us on being a one building town.

"In my own office I have three four-story buildings now under construction; namely, the four-story and basement, steel frame Archenhold building between Fourth and Fifth on Austin, the four-story hotel on Sixth street for Mrs. Streeter, and the four-story and basement college building for Prof. R. H. Hill at the corner of Eigth and Franklin, fronting 120 feet on Franklin street.

"The new Horne building at Sixth and Austin streets will be a credit to Waco with its elaborate marble, tile and copper front.

"On Bridge street Edward S. Klein is erecting a modern brick business building of two stories.

"The New Katy hotel on South Eighth street is quite an addition to that end of town. Numerous residences of substantial construction and creditable design are either under erection or contemplated.

"In other offices are the new Masonic building, the Weibush building, new school houses, and warehouses and manufacturing buildings.

"One result of the building activity of the past few months has impressed me as indicating that Waco is entering into a career of enlarged development which means that she is destined to rival Dallas and Houston in the next few years.

"It is a fact that in just the past few months buildings of substantial character have been and are now being erected on what have been considered side streets. This means that Waco can not be longer classed as a one street country town. Of the better class of structures erected off from Austin street, out of my office alone are the following: Hill Printing and Stationery building on South Sixth street for E. W. Marshall and Dr. B. L. Scott; office building for C. L. Johnson & Son on South Eighth; Katy hotel on South Eighth for G. H. Luedde and Anderson Riley; then under construction the hotel on north Sixth street for Mrs. Geo. D. Streeter and the college building on South Eighth for Prof. R. H. Hill.

"Eighth street has undoubtedly improved more within the past few months than any other down town street, and will in my opinion be the principal side street within the next twelve months.

"The new Riggins hotel and the Hippodrome at Eigth will draw business westward on Austin and the Hill building, Primm building and the Preterian office building, all on Franklin, mean that we will shortly have another east and west retail street rivaling Austin.

"Rumors are that a modern fireproof building of considerable pretentions may soon be erected on Fifth and Franklin for the Down Town club.

"In view of the fact that the trend of business development is undoubtedly westward, it seems to me that now is the time, before ascending property values makes it too costly, to acquire a large tract for a city civic center. Waco needs a new city hall and a new fire department headquarters. If a tract could be secured say between Ninth and Thirteenth on Austin for a combined city hall, fire department, etc., it would be a great thing for the development of the city. The present city hall square could be used as a market square. Other cities have put off this move till they had to condemn expensive property and had to pay huge sums for locations.

"At this time Waco should issue bonds and acquire ground, erect municipal buildings and become the most attractive city in Texas.

"We already have the most attractive residence district of any city in the state and the trend in residence building is also to the west. J. A. Freeman's fine home on the crest of Provident Heights and Castle Abeel on West Austin mark the outposts at present, but within a short time they will be "down in town."

"As regards the building progress of Waco in the past twelve or eighteen months, it has been phenomenal and all indications are for its continuance and increase."

Burnett a Booster.

"I am glad I am a Wacoan," said George Burnett, the architect, to a representative of The News. "Waco is a city whose keynote is 'advancement' and whose slogan is 'Progress.' The citizens and business men have treated me royally and the architectural phase of the city's activities is a flourishing business. I have in my own office plans representing approximately $1,000,000 worth of buildings in Waco and other cities of the state."

Never So Much Building.

T. Brooks Pearson—"I have been in the city some ten years and intimately connected with the building and constructing phase of Waco's advancement, and I must say that I have never known a time in the city's history when there was such a great amount of work in process of construction and in prospect."

Mr. Pearson is in a condition to know local conditions. He has been consulting architect for the city and has had charge of much public and private work here.

Prosperity On Every Hand.

Birch D. Easterwood—"It is not a new expression to say that Waco is progressing, for it is a known fact to all who know anything at all about Waco. Prosperity seems to be on every hand, prosperity among all classes. I will venture to say that there is not a city in the state of Texas that is growing faster than

OVER $5,000,000 IN DIRT TRADES

REMARKABLE VOLUME OF BUSINESS IN REAL ESTATE IN THIS COUNTY.

[illegible] HAS THE FIGURES

Greatest Record Ever Shown During the Same Period of Time in the County—Figures in Detail.

Since Jan. 1 the real estate transfers in McLennan county have [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible]

The statement prepared by Mr. [illegible] is as follows:

January:	
First week	[illegible]
Second week	[illegible]
Third week	[illegible]
Fourth week	[illegible]
Fifth week	[illegible]
Total for January	[illegible]
February:	
First week	[illegible]
Second week	[illegible]
Third week	[illegible]
Fourth week	[illegible]
Total for February	[illegible]
March:	
First week	[illegible]
Second week	[illegible]
Third week	[illegible]
Fourth week	[illegible]
Fifth week	[illegible]
Total for March	[illegible]
April:	
First week	[illegible]
Second week	[illegible]
Third week	[illegible]
Fourth week	[illegible]
Total for April	[illegible]
May:	
First week	[illegible]
Second week	[illegible]
Third week	[illegible]
Fourth week	[illegible]
Fifth week	[illegible]
Total for May	[illegible]
June:	
First week	[illegible]
Second week	[illegible]
Total for June	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Real Estate Transfers.

[illegible]

[illegible] Waco, and perhaps not so bad. [illegible]

[illegible]

Mrs. M. W. Marshall to J. M. Carter Jr., part of block 1, J. I. Moore addition, part of farm lot 38, $150.

D. V. Morgan et ux to G. W. Russell, 70 acres of the E. Oliver survey, $7000.

Texas Land and Improvement company to C. A. Thrasher, lots 9 and 10, block 1, Mart, $667.50.

O. Shelley et al to J. M. Purcell, lot [illegible], block 1, Waco Vista, $1100.

O. Shelley et al to J. M. Purcell, lot [illegible], block 1, Waco Vista, $1100.

[illegible]

R. C. Cavitt et al to Society Italiana di Mutuo [illegible] Cristoforo Colombo, $[illegible].

[illegible]

O. H. Cross et al to C. W. Monroe et al, lots 1 and 2, block 17 of Dryden subdivision of the J. D. Bell addition, $[illegible].

[illegible]

TELEPHONES ARE IN BIG DEMAND

THIS FACTOR INDICATES THERE IS GROWTH OF THE TOWN.

RESIDENCE SECTION SPREADS

Brazos Valley Doing Away With Wires—Southwestern to Put in New Cables and Spend $75,000.

An evidence of the growth of Waco is shown in the activity of the telephone companies in making improvements. There is no growth of the telephone business unless the town is spreading out, and just now both companies here are making big improvements, and well in keeping with the prosperity and phenomenal growth of Waco is the building activity of the Brazos Valley Telegraph and Telephone company, the independent, or "Home" company. This company, which is one of the eight independent telephone companies which comprise the Texas Independent Telephone system, all of which have executive offices in Waco, and which together constitute the largest independent telephone system in Texas, is showing in a substantial manner its faith in the future of the city.

The company is rapidly completing a complete new underground system in North Waco. Beginning at its office at 115 North Fifth street, four 400 pair cables will go out North Fifth to Herring avenue, these cables being "opened" at various places along the former street to give connection to subscribers. Underground cables have recently been placed in the alley between Austin and Franklin streets, from Fifth to Ninth, and all open wires will be taken down when these cables are connected up to the telephones.

Across the river, at the Cotton Belt bridge, has been placed a twenty pair "phantomed" cable, which carries the toll lines going north. Preparations are now being made to extend the underground system from Third and the Square across the south side of the square, and into the alley, Bridge and Franklin, and First and Second streets; the north side of the square is to be handled in a similar manner.

Estimates and working plans are under way for additional underground cables and conduits in the alley between Franklin and Mary streets, from Fifth to Seventh, then down Seventh to Webster, and the taking down of all overhead poles and wires in this territory. Lines will be extended from this district into South Waco, carrying cable capacity for 600 subscribers.

In all of its extension and construction work the company has planned with the idea of doing away with all overhead poles and wires in the fire limits, and the elimination of all "open wire" construction in the residence sections of the city, by replacing with lead cables the many strands of wire on the cross arms. This is not only the most advanced and modern method of telephone construction, but does away with the unsightly construction formerly used. A lead cable a few inches in diameter will carry enough wires for several hundred telephones, replacing a large number of cross arms and hundreds of outside wires.

To fit its central station to the needs of a large number of new subscribers, the company is now installing additional switchboard sections, making room for a number of more operators. Addition are also to be made to the toll line switchboard, to take care of the rapidly increasing toll business. Also, to handle this business, new toll lines are being strung into Waco from several directions. The line from Waco to China Springs is to be rebuilt, and additional toll circuits built to Eddy, Moody, and other nearby towns tributary to Waco.

The officers and management of the Brazos Valley company believe in the future of Waco. The company's engineering department has done little since the first of the year but plan extensions to the system in this city. When the new work is completed, Waco will have a telephone plant with more underground cable in proportion to the size of the city than any other city in Texas. The company is determined to continue in its extension work until the city is thoroughly covered, and until any citizen, regardless of his location, can be reached by the independent telephone lines.

Southwestern Is Extending.

The Southwestern Telegraph & Telephone company is preparing to spend between $75,000 and $100,000 in improvements in Waco. This includes additional switchboard facilities and more cable facilities. They say the residence section is growing so fast that it will take many miles of cable to handle the new business, and that the business is growing so fast that they must abandon the open wire construction and go to the more expensive cable construction. They have plans that mean building far into the future for a big business.

NEW EPOCH OF DEVELOPMENT

Continued from Page 17.

traffic. This may go at the foot of [illegible] street. In the meantime lets take our hats off to the man "Riggins" who does things, big things, and at a critical time in the history of Waco.

[illegible] in [illegible].

D. H. [illegible]—Is Waco all right? [illegible]. Geographically, no city in Texas is better located. This city has the greatest urban population to draw from in its county, as compared to the city's population, than any city in Texas. McLennan county has a reputation for rich land, second to no Texas county. McLennan county produced $9,000,000 worth of cotton last season. This means $120 for every man, woman and child in the county, if we figure its per capital. That's just one of the many crops we produce. We ought to forge to the front, and we will if we get together and show our confidence by investing our dollars. Not speculating in vacant lots, bought on a small cash payment and heavy debt hanging over them; but one should buy all the Waco property possible and build it up for people to live or do business in, and see the way to pay for it. The construction of the Riggins Hotel and the coming of the interurban will be the entering wedge to Waco's rapid and healthy development and expansion. A modern hotel, conducted as the class demands of it, is the greatest stimulator and magnet to a city that we can have. It means that every other hotel pretending to be of the first class must keep up its service and improve its property to get the business. One improvement in competition begets another. The little dogs will follow the big ones if they would keep up. Let us all emulate the example of Dallas and pull together. We must eliminate factions for the city's good. We have the climate, we have the water and we have the setting for a beautiful city. We must all pull together and build this city like one builds up a business. The factory spirit must be our next ambition here, and when we get the natural gas that will be here within a year or two, then we will play second fiddle to no section. With the crop outlook seldom better, I can see the optimistic side only for Waco and its future growth.

Takes His Hat Off to Roberts.

R. A. McKinney—We must take off our hats to Artemas R. Roberts for going out in the sticks, as many of us looked upon it at the time, namely Colcord avenue and Twenty-fifth street, and erecting a beautiful home, at the same time buying the majority of Provident Heights only thirty-six months ago at from $75 to $250 per lot, and preventing the erection of unsightly improvements. It is remarkably interesting to drive out in this part of the sticks now. The beautiful homes of J. A. Freeman, Barklay, Massey, Evans, Spencer and Webb are attractive and plans are being worked out for several swell homes for Colcord avenue. Over $200,000 worth of vacant property has changed hands in the Provident Heights addition since Jan. 1. The following are sightly and valuable improvements: The Davidson subdivision, with its beautiful stretches of sidewalks, paved streets and pretty homes, and the great work under headway in Dean's addition. It's a treat to take the city drive out Washington, via Huaco club, through Highland place, Dean's addition and Cameron park, and gaze on the vast amount of building. A great asset to our city now would be the river drive to the dam site. Nothing attracts outsiders more than a nice drive. The city commission is certainly turning Waco upside down and digging it up by the roots, and we will soon have many additional and attractive streets. I look for real estate, as well as other business, to hold all summer on account of the many advantages and great amount of building that is going on at this time. It is most needed to break the monotony of our July and August months.

Many People Employed.

Bart Moore—However conservative one may be in estimating Waco's future growth the present cannot be denied. There has never been a time in the history of the city when the "bucket brigade" compared at all to the one which is getting its support from Waco now. New business houses are being built all the time and the supply is still far short of the demand. Labor cannot be had. The improvements that are actually under way show that Waco is considered safe without considering many improvements that are being considered. Some of the most important that are actually assured are mentioned in the following list: Hotel Riggins, Praetorian building, Hill's Business college, Masonic building, Weibush's store building, Behrens Drug Co. building, Sanger Brothers wholesale building and retail improvements, Dr. W. R. Clifton's building for the Herrick Hardware Co., Mrs. Street's hotel, Archenbold's store building, new public school building in North Waco and other school improvements, the water works plant, the lock and dam, Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway improvements, bridge for interurban, Broemsedt building, Y. M. C. A. building and Horne building. All these employ labor in the erection and the money paid the workmen is spent in Waco, aside from the actual worth to the community the improvements represent after they are completed.

Why Waco Property Will Advance.

Young P. Garrett—Five great buildings on Eighth street to cost about a million dollars, three buildings on Sixth street that will cost more than a quarter of a million, a big wholesale house on Third street, a still larger one on Fourth street, with about two hundred buildings in all parts of the city under way, all serve to indicate the tremendous activity and continued prosperity of Waco. Two hundred people will find employment in the construction of water works. As many more will be employed by the interurban people. The railroads, too, are gathering a larger force of men to Waco. The great activities of Waco have just begun. The onsweep of the tide is towards great prosperity.

Will Put Up Six Houses.

Coke Horne—On account of its geographical location, the wonderful productiveness of its large farming community, its superior schools, its magnificent churches, its endowment of an inexhaustible water supply, making it one of the most desirable locations for factories in Texas, its great railroad facilities, its splendid county and city governments, its high class public utilities, and above all a citizenship second to none in the world, are reasons I consider Waco real estate at the present prices a great bargain, and as an evidence of our faith we are now preparing to build six homes at a cost of several thousand dollars.

Home Buying Vs. House Renting.

J. M. Leak, manager of Onahome Building Company: "Since the first day of February we have placed twelve families in homes of their own ranging in price from $[illegible] to $[illegible]. Plans for eight more homes are under consideration for immediate construction. The company's working force numbers never less than twenty men.

"The building outlook is good. Many are recognizing the economy of home buying instead of house renting."

$[illegible] in Forty Days.

[illegible] of Dean's Restricted Addition—"Within the last forty days sales amounting to $60,000 have been made. Our force, numbering six salesmen, is to be increased by the addition of two more men on July 1."

Vacant Lots in Demand.

John O. Beckley of Beckley & Beckley says—"The real estate market as a whole was never so firm as it is now. Vacant lots trade is especially active and the demand good. We now have under construction eleven two-story houses and a number of cottages, and have completed within the last thirty days about twenty more houses.

"The two-story houses now under construction range from six rooms to sixteen rooms. We have already let contracts for eight more two-story houses. These will be built around the Brooks avenue school, and eventually we expect to make this section one of the most desirable in Waco, it having been vacant and dead property for years. The demand for rent houses is increasing, and a good investment is in desirable rent houses. The feeling of better prices and profits seems the prevailing opinion."

Waco in Sound Condition.

Cheatham & Milstead—In reply to your query as to whether or not we consider the present period of prosperity in Waco a sound condition, will state that we most certainly do. We very firmly believe that unless some unusual calamity should fall upon this city and section, that the development and advancement during the next five years will far exceed anything yet contemplated. As we see it conditions generally are right for it. There has been for more than two years an almost constant stream of people pouring into Waco; and with the Katy shops and the interurban already here, together with the enormous amount of construction during the past two years, and the huge amount under way and soon to be under way, and with every prospect for the usual big agricultural harvest this fall, we are frank to say that in our judgment the situation looks good. The knocker has almost disappeared from our midst and we have become a city of builders and boosters, and that means prosperity, development and a greater Waco.

T. D. Hays—Why I think "Waco dirt" a good and safe investment is this: Waco is in the geographical center of Texas, surrounded by the best farming country in the world. Situated at the "head of Brazos navigation," occupied by the very best people anywhere, ample railroad facilities, soon to have "best hotel in the south." As compared to Dallas, San Antonio, Houston and Austin, property is cheaper in Waco than anywhere, everything considered. Invest all you can in Waco property, and reap the enhanced value that is sure for good old Waco.

Is There a Doubter.

J. A. Mazey, manager of the Mazey Realty Company—Studying the proposition as a city property specialty man and watching the steady growth of the town for the last four or five years, I would judge that Waco property had doubled, and, in some instances, thribbled in value in the last few years. The town has had a steady growth, north and westward, and it takes merely a mention of the new ten-story hotel, the new eight-story Praetorian building, the new Electric theater, the new Primm building, the new Hill building and a number of other well improved buildings and enterprises that are now under headway to convince a business man that Waco is only starting and will have a steady and permanent growth until she reaches a city of 75,000 to 100,000 population. If there is any one in doubt of Waco reaching the goal and becoming the metropolis of Central Texas, he should get posted and be a booster for a Greater Waco and our 1913 Cotton Palace.

Murder.
(Smart Set.)

The The Standard American pronunciation of foreign proper names:

Bach—Batch.
Beethoven—Be-thove-'n.
Bjornson—Be-jorn-s'n.
Carreno—Care-ee-no.
Chopin—Chop-'n.
Flaubert—Flaw-bert.
Goethe—Goat-y.
Koch—Coke.
La Boheme—Lay Bo-heem.
Paderewski—Paddy-roo-ski.
Tannhauser—Tann-how-ser.
Tchaikovsky—Shap-cow-sky.
Ysaye—I-saye.
Nietzsche—Nit-ski.
Bayreuth—Bay-ruth.

A new printing, gumming and perforating machine in the bureau of engraving and printing at Washington turns out a mile of finished postage stamps every five minutes.

With a carrying capacity of 15,500 tons, the largest oil tank steamer in the world, which also uses oil for fuel, recently was completed in England for the Mexican trade.

"I would not care to sell to anyone unless purchaser makes personal investigation of the property."
—W. J. BRYAN

We feel exactly the same way about every transaction we make. And we don't have to do much talking after you have visited our various offerings.

We are the exclusive agents for "Huaco Heights," where development is progressing very rapidly, and every promise made to purchasers of these lots is being religiously lived up to as fast as possible. Street cars should be running by August 15.

Then there are the "Crescent Heights Acres," nearly half of which has been sold. This is a very desirable proposition and we have the assurance of the Interurban people that a station will be made there.

Our third addition, "Tom Murphy's Katy Addition," is looking splendid, and we expect to put in an independent water system to supply the owners of these lots. Plans for several homes in this addition already have been drawn and others are in prospect.

All these properties will bear careful investigation.

Peyton Randle & Co.

Waco Drug Company
"The Wholesale Drug House of Central Texas."
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

INSECTICIDES
We have a large stock of Paris Green, London Purple, and Arsenate of Lead and can ship promptly
WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS!

CANAL CELEBRATION CLOSES

Great Affair in Galveston Proves to Be of Interest to Many.

Galveston, June 14.—With the exception of a grand concert to be given tomorrow afternoon by a massed band consisting of three regimental bands from the Fourth brigade, United States infantry, the celebration of the opening of the intercoastal canal waterway, Galveston to Corpus Christi, was brought to a close tonight. Friday's festivities consisted of an invitation luncheon at the Hotel Galvez in honor of the reviewing party, maids, chaperones and sponsors, and military exercises in front of the Hotel Galvez by the Fourth brigade, United States infantry.

Friday night a great street parade was held along the seawall from the Hotel Galvez to the Surf bath house, where was held a session of the Intercoastal Inland Waterway league, President and Admiral C. S. E. Holland presiding. The parade was participated in by all the delegates from points along the canal and by a regiment of infantry from the Fourth brigade, a detachment of sailors from the U. S. gunboat Petrel, and three troops of Boy Scouts of America. Following the session of the league a dance was held at the Surf bath house.

The celebration closed tonight with a wall scaling exhibition by the Fourth brigade under command of Col. R. L. Bullard. The intercoastal canal waterway is now formally opened to traffic and represents the labor of years on the part of the men who have striven to enhance coastal trade with a great saving of time and money. Motor boats will regularly clear with freight from Galveston to points along the canal, and the waterway will provide a pleasure ground for tourists and pleasure seekers.

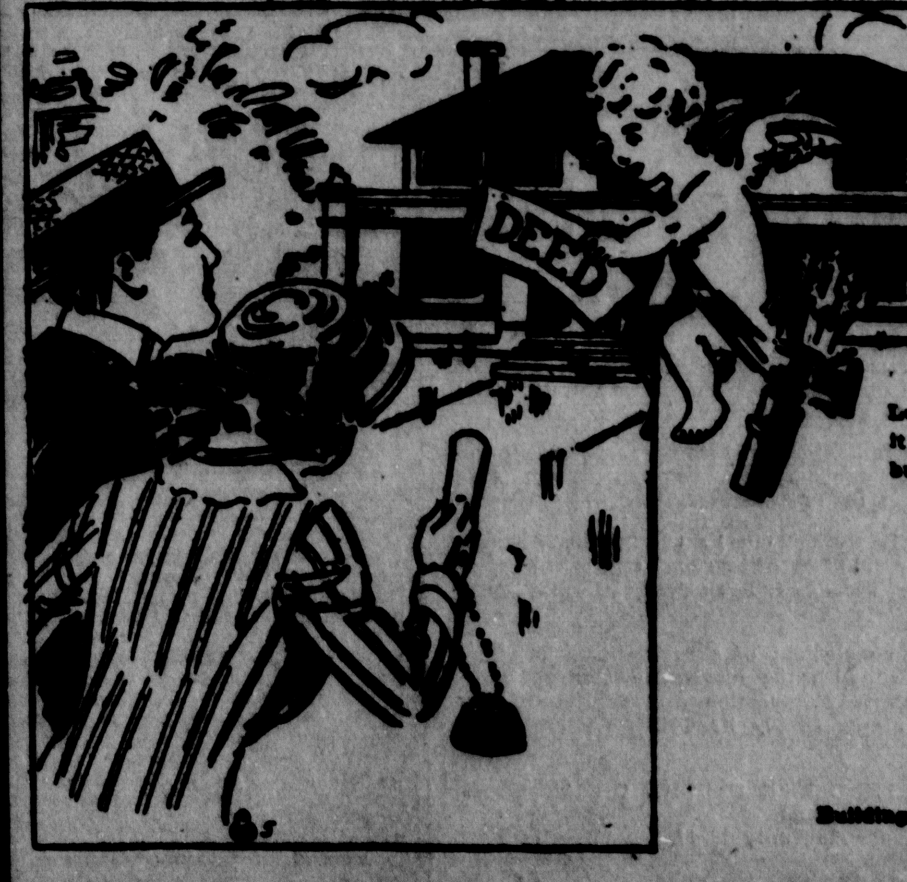
For washing dishes without soiling the hands a New York woman has invented a fountain mop, to which water is fed by rubber tubes to be connected with a kitchen sink faucets.

More than a billion bricks were used in Greater New York last year, most of which came from brickyards along the Hudson river.

READ
The Double Page Ad
On Pages 8 and 9
TODAY.
The Goldstein-Migel Co.

READ
The Double Page Ad
On Pages 8 and 9
TODAY.
The Goldstein-Migel Co.

YOUR OWN HOME Vs. MONTHLY RENT RECEIPTS



Let us show you how easy it is to own your own little bungalow.

THE ONAHOME Building Co., 700 Amicable Bldg. New Phone 797.

The Bungalow Builders are Doing Their Share Toward Making a GREATER WACO

The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character, the symptoms or diseases are given and the answers will apply to any case of similar nature.

Those wishing further advice free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College Bldg., College-Elwood streets, Dayton, Ohio., enclosing self addressed stamped envelope for reply. Full name and address must be given, but only initials or fictitious name will be used in my answers. The prescriptions can be filled at any well stocked drug store. Any druggist can order of wholesaler.

"Gertrude" writes: "Can you prescribe a remedy for catarrh? I suffer constantly with headache and pain across my eyes. My breath is very bad which annoys me greatly."

Answer: For catarrh and bad breath I always recommend the use of antiseptic Vilane powder. Ask your druggist for an original 2 oz. package of antiseptic Vilane powder. Make a catarrh balm by mixing a level teaspoonful of the powder with one ounce of vaseline, or lard will do just as well, and use as far up as possible in the nostrils several times a day. Then take a pint of warm water and one-half teaspoonful of the powder and use as a snuff from the palm of the hand. If these directions are followed you will soon be cured of this dreadful disease.

* * *

"Maud" writes: "Can anything be done for an itching scalp? My scalp is also covered with dandruff and I am in great distress."

Answer: You can very easily be cured of an itching scalp, also dandruff if you will get a 4 oz. jar of plain yellow minyol and use according to the directions given on the jar. Two or three applications have been known to cure. Try it fairly and you will advocate its use to your friends.

* * *

"Ellen K." writes: "I am not fleshy enough. I should weigh 20 pounds more. I am ashamed of my thinness and wish to become plump and attractive. Can you help me?"

Answer: Yes, I can help you, "Ellen K.," and many others in the same plight. A thorough course of treatment with three grain hypo-nuclane tablets will gradually give you more red and white blood corpuscles, adding to your weight, health and color, giving you pink cheeks, red lips and sparkling eyes. These tablets are tions. Do not expect results too quicktions. Do not exject results too quickly. It takes time to change the cells and tissues of the body, but you can depend on gaining weight if you are persistent.

* * *

"D. E. F." writes: "If you know of anything that I could take to cure my rheumatism, please tell me, as I suffer all the time. Am getting worse all the time."

Answer: Take the following and you will soon be cured of your rheumatism. This is the best remedy that I have ever known for this trouble. Iodide of potassium, 2 drams; sodium salicylate, 4 drams; wine of colchicum, ½ oz; comp. essence cardiol, 1 oz.; comp. fluid balmwort, 1 oz., and syrup sarsaparilla comp., 5 ozs. Mix by shaking well and take one teaspoonful at meal times and again at bed time.

* * *

"Helen" writes: "Can you give me a reliable remedy for coughs and colds? My cough is so tight that I am afraid of pneumonia."

Answer: The tightest cough can be loosened in one hour by using the following: Get from your druggist a 2½ oz. package of essence menthol-laxene and make according to directions on bottle. This will break up any cold and loosen the tightest cough and soon cure by its laxative tonic action.

* * *

"Henry" writes: "If you can prescribe anything that will cure my stomach trouble and constipation, please do so. My breath is bad and I am irritable and cannot sleep."

Answer: You can be very easily cured of your troubles by taking tablets triopeptine. This is the most scientific and satisfactory treatment for the stomach and if taken according to directions you will soon be able to eat a hearty meal and not have any distress afterwards. Your constipation will be cured and your whole system will be put in a fine condition.

* * *

"John" says: "What can I do to gain an appetite? I do not eat and am getting thin and weak. Please advise a remedy."

Answer: The best tonic that I know of is made by mixing 5 ozs. of syrup of hypo-phosphites comp. and 1 oz. tincture cadomene comp. Mix by shaking well in a bottle and take a teaspoonful before each meal. You will soon gain flesh and your appetite will return.

* * *

Mrs. W. C. asks: "Is it safe to reduce one's weight when it is excessive? I have often wanted to take something but have been afraid it might do more harm than good."

Answer: Some remedies might not be safe, but I prescribe one which is both safe and effective. Ask any well-stocked pharmacy for 5-grain arbolene tablets, packed in sealed tubes, with full directions for home use. They will usually reduce at the rate of a pound a day.

* * *

"Geraldine" writes: "I am troubled a great deal with headache, dizzy spells, dark spots before my eyes, twinges of rheumatism. Can I be helped at all?"

Answer: You can not only be "helped," but you can be "cured" of all the troubles you mention. You need three grain sulpherb tablets (not sulphur), which are packed in sealed tubes and contain full directions for use. They are made of sulphur, cream of tartar and herb medicines. If these are taken regularly they purify the blood, stimulate the liver and bowels into healthy action and will gradually effect a cure.

* * *

"Mother"—Bedwetting in children is usually a disease which can be cured by the use of the following: Tincture cubebs, 1 dram; tincture rhus aromatic, 2 drams; comp. fluid balmwort, 1 oz. Mix and give the child 10 to 15 drops in water one hour before each meal.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

Barbarians of the Liffey.

(New York Sun.)

From an ocean steamship, whether from the smoking room or library thereof these presents don't permit us to say, comes this not unjust cry:

"To the Editor of the Sun—Sir: The Irish Times of this date (May 29), reporting the Roosevelt libel action, a paper published at Dublin, where, I understand, there is a seat of learning known as Dublin university, makes the following explanatory statement: 'Mint julep is a concoction of sherry, gin, mint, lemon, pineapple and powdered ice. A cocktail is a mixture of some spirit with ice, aerated water and a flavorng to taste.'

"ALFRED O. TATE."

As friends of ancient artists like Juan Fernandez, Jerry Thomas, William Schmitt, the Sun may regret this insult to an illustrious technique. But who knows what a Dublin mint julep or cocktail is, what horrors of strange strong waters it may prison?

We should like to hear Prof. Mahaffy expostulate and enlighten on this vital subject; and then to hear Mr. George Moore expostulate and enlighten on Prof. Mahaffy if the process is possible without assault and battery and tempests of bricks.

A kitchen sink which folds into a wall, a combined fireless cooker and gas stove and an ironing board with a sleeve pressing attachment have been invented by one Los Angeles man.

Attend the

Great Cotton Convention

Dallas, July 10-11

It is expected that many thousands of people from all parts of the South who are concerned in a better system for MARKET AND SALE OF COTTON will be in attendance at this convention.

The most vital and important question before the people of the South today is a system for the market of cotton that will bring to the producer the profit that his toil deserves.

This system has been fully worked out by the Southern States Cotton Corporation, and in the acid test of thorough and critical trial it has not been found wanting, because it has already afforded relief to thousands of farmers.

In other words, there is no element of experiment in it. You have only to become identified with the movement—contract your cotton to the Southern States Cotton Corporation and receive in full measure its benefits, which means simply FIFTEEN CENTS FOR COTTON—and nothing less.

DECIDE TODAY TO ATTEND THE SECOND GREAT CONVENTION and get the facts—first hand.

Fair Park Coliseum, July 10-11.

Southern States Cotton Corporation

DALLAS, TEXAS

The Women of Texas

What They Are Doing in Various Phases of Their Work

Reported Weekly in The Waco Morning News by Miss Kate Friend, Editor, 528 Terrace Row, Waco, Texas.

THE STATE PRESIDENT SENDS WEEKLY LETTER

My Dear Madam President:

Are you aware of the fact that on July 19, 1913, there will be held throughout the state of Texas an election at which time there will be submitted to a vote of the people of Texas senate joint resolution No. 13, providing an amendment to Sections 49 and 52 of Article 3 of the state constitution?

The purpose of the proposed amendment is to empower the legislature to authorize the issuance of bonds to be approved by the governor for the purpose of purchasing additional ground and erecting necessary buildings and making other permanent improvements for our higher educational and eleemosynary institutions; important amongst the institutions to be benefited are the following: The State normal schools, the College of Industrial Arts, the A. and M. college and the State university.

The adoption of this amendment, and that it will be successfully voted by the people of Texas, should not for a moment be questioned, will offer an opportunity to make the greatest advance that has ever been made in the educational system of our state, making it possible to provide in a business-like manner and without increase of taxes the funds needed to put our educational institutions on a par with those in other progressive states, and to build the eleemosynary institutions needed to care for the insane now suffering in the jails and the feebleminded now left at large to develop into criminals and to multiply and reproduce their kind in unlimited numbers.

Since every good woman in Texas should inform herself thoroughly and without delay as to the details of this amendment, so that she may begin active work in behalf of it, I ask you, dear madam president, to call your club immediately into special session, and to put this matter so vitally important to the educational interests of our grand state, before the members of your club.

The Texas Federation of Women's clubs is known far and wide for its earnest co-operation in advancing education on every side, and our women can get back of this movement and be "the power behind the throne," that can and will show the voters of the state that they must go to the polls on July 19, 1913, and that in justice to these great institutions they must cast their vote in favor of the amendment.

The organized womanhood of Texas has been a most potent factor in improving the educational system of Texas through helping in the passage of an amendment to the constitution removing restriction on taxation for rural schools and through much other similar work.

Write to Hon. F. M. Bralley, state superintendent of education, for copies of the amendment and pamphlets explaining in detail its provisions.

Show the taxpayers that the interest and sinking fund for the university bonds are to be paid for entirely from the private income of the university from its lands, so they will not make a cent of expense on this account. The interest and sinking fund for the bonds for the other educational institutions and for our eleemosynary institutions will have to be paid by annual taxes, bu these taxes will be much less than the taxes paid now each year directly for erecting buildings at these institutions without the issuance of bonds, which are forbidden until our constitution is changed. For example, the governor states that $500,000 has been given during his term for buildings at the A. and M. college alone. All of this had to be paid at once out of the present taxes, whereas if the legislature had been authorized to issue bonds, as this amendment provides, the citizens would, instead of paying all that $500,000 in one or two years, have to pay only $25,000 a year, thus reducing immediate taxes $475,000 on account of this one institution alone. This would be made possible by the issuance of bonds which would be paid off gradually through a long term of years, paying each year a small interest and sinking fund. As these fireproof, permanent buildings will be used by many generations yet to come, it is obviously unfair and poor business management to make us pay within a year or so the entire cost of these buildings. Those who for many years will profit by the use of such buildings should, in all fairness, help to pay for them.

The authorities who are in position to know best estimate that, in order to be on a par with other similar institutions in progressive states, the A. and M. college now needs about a million dollars' worth of buildings and permanent equipment, the university even more, the normal schools, College of Industrial Arts and eleemosynary institutions hundreds of thousands of dollars each. It is impossible to pay these sums out of taxes in two or three years, and yet is a disgrace to our civilization to have our lunatics confined in jails without proper medical attention because of want of rooms in our asylums, to have our boys who are seeking an education living in tents at the A. and M. college, our girls turned away from the College of Industrial Arts for want of room, and our boys and girls being taught in wooden shacks at the university because of our unbusinesslike method of securing funds for permanent buildings.

It is strange indeed that our citizens have thus long tolerated these conditions because in every other field except higher education and eleemosynary institutions we have long been issuing bonds, and by this means secured the splendid public school buildings, city halls, county courthouses, roads, bridges, etc., which have made possible the rapid progress of our beloved state.

Here is the greatest opportunity of a generation for the organized womanhood of Texas to show its patriotism and intelligent devotion to the higher life of our state. Let us put aside the petty trifles of the hour and give a part of our time to the upbuilding of our state by informing ourselves thoroughly and working for the passage of this amendment on July 19.

Women of Texas, you must help to give to this matter wide publicity, by securing all possible favorable newspaper comment.

Call upon the editors of your local newspaper and ask them to publish such items as pertain to the amendment to be submitted at the election on July 19, these editors to ask the taxpayers to vote for the desired amendment. The press has always championed the good causes advanced by our club women, has helped to bring these causes to a successful issue; it will again use its power in espousing the right for this measure which will advance our great educational and eleemosynary institutions to rank with the highest in the land.

Though the club may have adjourned, and the heated term is upon us, I urge you in all earnestness to call a meeting at once, to submit this great cause to your members and to carry out the bidding of your president as set forth in this letter. There must be no delay, for much is at stake.

Please send me a reply, and also ask your editors to send me in personal letters their views on the matter, as I wish to file same.

With deep appreciation, believe me always,

Faithfulyy yours,
MRS. ELI HERTZBERG,
President T. F. W. C.

MRS. KATE ALMA ORGAIN GIVES INTERESTING NOTE

Just before her death, in fact the last message from her pen, at the request of Mrs. Cone Johnson of Tyler, Mrs. Kate Alma Orgain of Temple, wrote the following. Mrs. Johnson's request was for data concerning club work among women of Texas. Ever since the organization of the State Federation there has been the question of dates in organization. Now that the Federation is compiling the history, this message from Mrs. Orgain will be valuable. Besides, since Mrs. Orgain was one of the pioneer club women of Texas, whatever she writes will be of interest.

Mrs. Orgain says:

I have lately been asked to give, as far as I could remember, a history of the first Reading society organized in Salado, Bell county, Texas, in the sixties, and which lasted many years. So long a time has passed that, as I have little data to go by, possibly there may be mistakes in my record, but I hope criticism, if there be any, will deal with these imperfections with a kindly heart.

The Amasavourien Reading Society of Salado, Bell County, Texas.

In a sketch published many years ago there was a description of a reading society formed by Margaret Fuller, afterwards Countess Ossoli. This society was organized for the benefit of young girls, while Miss Fuller was a teacher. The members met informally, once a week, in her private room, and great good and intellectual benefit was accomplished in a very pleasant manner.

In 1866 Miss Sallie Young, Miss Letitia Barbee and myself (Mrs. J. H. Orgain) were teachers in Salado college, Bell county. And the above mentioned sketch of Miss Fuller's work interested us very much, and the thought came to us, why could not a similar reading club or society, with like success and benefit to young ladies, be arranged at Salado college, which had, even at that early date, gathered into her halls many girls from all over the state. Women's clubs and literary societies were somewhat unusual in Texas at this time, and before "springing the proposition" we went for advice to Mrs. E. S. C. Robertson and to her mother, Mrs. Sophia Lynch. They gave their hearty approval to the plan. We saw Professor Smith, president of the college, Mrs. Judge O. T. Tyler, Mrs. W. M. Davis and others, all of whom were pleased with the idea of a reading society. Mrs. Robertson extended a cordial invitation to all interested to meet for organization at her home. Married ladies as well as girls were asked to come and become members. We had the thought that if the mothers were interested, gaining the attention of the young ladies would easily follow. An enthusiastic crowd gathered in the double parlors of Mrs. Robertson's home, and began the organization of a literary society, which also proposed soon as possible to have a circulating library of good books for the use of members and their families. Thus Salado, dear old Salado, was among the first, if not the first, in Texas literary club and library work. Dear old Salado, who flung out the banner of education in the fifties, and had a chartered college in 1860, before there were any other institutions of learning in all Middle, Northern or Western Texas; before the Presbyterians had planned their college at Tehuacana, before the Add Ran originated, before Baylor college was thought of at Belton, or Baylor university was established at Waco; before Georgetown dreamed of the Southwestern, or the State university was built at Austin. Through the peril and privations of the Civil war in the sixties, during all the upheaval and uncertainty of the reconstruction period, dear old Salado held aloft this banner of education in Texas, and gathered within her limits many of the best and most cultured families in the state, people who hungered for refinement and learning, teachers and patrons who were willing to live for a time even in tents for the sake of knowledge and the culture of a college town. So I love to say, "Dear old Salado."

The Amasavourien society must have lasted over fifteen years. I have a receipt from a Mr. [illegible] for money paid to him for work done for the society dated 1868, another from Miss Addie Barton, signed as secretary, dated 1876. I find in an old diary, mention made of an entertainment given at the college to raise money to buy books for Amasavourien society, dated 1876. At this entertainment we presented a dramatization of Dickens' story of "Old [illegible] and Marley."

At our organization we made as few rules as possible, had [illegible] meeting and proceeded [illegible] most informal manner. The only requirement for election [illegible] one, old and young, [illegible] came a lady. No one under [illegible] fifteen could become a member [illegible] had no dues or fees.

I had the [illegible] first [illegible] had no [illegible] intellectually. We read only the best of standard books. Generally one of us read out loud, and if they desired the members brought needlework and sewed while they listened. One of the first books we read was David Copperfield, and many a woman in our state owes her love for good literature to the books read in the Amasavourien society.

Soon after this society was fairly started a fair was held in the college, which was patronized by the whole town, the money made being used to purchase books for the circulating library. We cleared $130, which was sent to New York for books. Thus was begun a circulating library, perhaps the first in Texas, under the management of women.

A few meetings after organization of the society, as the home of Mrs. Col. Robertson was at the extreme edge of Salado, it was deemed by all better to meet at some more central place, and my home was selected, and for a long time the meeting continued there, until the Amasavourien outgrew the housing of a private home. We then petitioned Col. E. S. C. Robertson, president of the board of trustees, for use of one room in the college building, to furnish and use entirely as a club room. We received from him a cordial permit to occupy one large south room as long as the Amasavourien society desired it for literary purposes.

I do not remember the names of all who met the first night at Mrs. Robertson's to organize this reading club, but among them were Mesdames Robertson, Lynch, Barton, Tyler, the Misses Tinnie and Letitia Barbee, Louella Robertson, Sallie Young, Ellen and Augusta Hailey, Sallie Vickery, Emma and Rebecca Barton. Many others were charter members, whose names I do not now recall. As the years passed nearly all the daughters of the families living in Salado grew old enough for membership and joined this old society. Many others as students from a distance became members.

I have had many letters from these girls, now married women and mothers of families, saying, "I owe my love of good literature to the Amasavourien society at Salado."

"Where did you get your name, Amasavourien?" asked a learned professor of the college in after years.

I replied, "The name was suggested by Miss Sallie Young, who helped to organize the society. We liked the name and adopted it without question."

"Well, what does it mean?" persisted the professor. "It can't be a correct word. There is no such word."

I could only repeat, "We liked the name Amasavourien, its softness and euphony made it pleasant to us. We did not go to any trouble to analyze its component parts, or find a meaning in it. We were satisfied with the sound of it, and we did not consult our dictionaries for a better reason."

I imagine that professor wanted to say "Just like a woman," but he did not. Really I believe it to be a coined word, made by uniting Ama, to love, and savoir, French, to know, which a liberal translation might construe into "Love to know," or "Love of knowing." Really, it makes little or no difference. Ask the hundreds of girls who became members of this pioneer literary society in Texas if they do not love that old name "Amasavourien," and if they ever cared for what it meant. We do not analyze and dissect, and square by rule and measure, the things that we love.

KATE ALMA ORGAIN,
Temple, Texas.

MRS. CORBELL OF HOUSTON SPEAKS ON NEW SUBJECT

The club women of Texas are just beginning to turn serious attention to the subject of political science. This was on the program for the Fourth District meeting at [illegible], and introduced by Mrs. Corbell of Houston. Following her remarks, Mrs. Corbell called upon Mrs. W. E. Spell of the Waco Shakespeare club for a few impromptu remarks upon the subject of "Married Women." These [illegible] one of the most interesting features of the day's program. The [illegible] should [illegible] political science [illegible] and [illegible] and it behooves all women to be informed. Mrs. Corbell said:

"The greatest [illegible]

Federation best set out from Fort Worth was their selection of political science.

"This was the Spartan life that called so many to arms to foster political education and a public spirit for its members.' It means that women must inform themselves on issues both state and national. For the [illegible] when by [illegible], they [illegible] work for better social and civic conditions.

"This co-operation and [illegible] of the Texas Federation of Women's clubs [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

THE AVERAGE LOSS

of all Fire Insurance Companies on Texas business last year, as reported by the State Insurance Board, was [illegible]. The [illegible] Fire Insurance Company's Record was [illegible]. Everything considered, we are pleased with our record, and thank our policyholders and agents for their support.

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combined memorial for her, and a means of raising a state club endowment which will be called for this noble woman. It is the same plan for which the General Federation is working towards the Sara Platt Decker memorial.

The idea suggests itself, why cannot the women of Texas do something of this kind for their own state endowment? We have just as brilliant women as there are in Georgia; also, we have women of just as much energy. This plan would speak more forcefully for the endowment by bringing it into prominence and discussion. Besides, the club women, having such a nucleus, will work with more energy towards the completion of the endowment, which means that its benefit will accrue much more quickly. Let us think about it, and see if the Federation at Corpus Christi will not launch a mammoth endowment edition of one of the leading Texas dailies.

What is claimed to be the tallest its area is a thirty-five story structure which has been erected in New York on a lot 90 by 98½ feet.

An electric flashlight has been mounted in a policeman's club by a Seattle inventor.

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APPEAL IS MADE FOR CHEAP MONEY

PETER RADFORD CALLS CITY MEN'S ATTENTION TO FARM PEASANTRY.

RURAL MEN MUST BE UNITED

Farmer Does Not Fix the Price of What He Sells or What He Buys.

By Peter Radford, President Farmers' Union.

To the City Men of Texas:

Fort Worth, June 14.—In this article I want to record some of the difficulties that confront a Texas farmer in a business way and to point out a few substantial reasons why so many farmers have not the price of a home. I shall not undertake to defend the Texas farmer as abusiness man—he needs no defense. He produces 85 per cent of the wealth; pays seven million dollars of taxes per annum and manages property valued at $2,852,000,000. I want to present some of the larger problems of agriculture in the hope of lifting the vision of city men to higher ground where they can study the forces that are rending asunder the nation's hearthstone and analyze the powerful agencies that must be set in motion if we are to check the downward trend of agriculture.

According to authoritative estimates, the farmers of Texas earn from production 4 per cent per annum net on their investment and I consider these figures approximately correct. The federal agricultural department has just announced that the farmers of this state are paying an average of 10 per cent per annum, or to quote exact figures, 9.97. The agricultural indebtedness of Texas approximates $225,000,000. The difference between the amount of interest paid and the amount earned on this indebtedness per annum is $13,500,000, and as a logical result something over two thousand farmers lost their homes. We are rapidly passing from home-owners to tenants, from tenants to laborers, and the laborers drift into the cities.

Peasantry Is a Spectre.

The tide in our affairs is flowing upstream and must be reversed if we are to have an enduring civilization. Farm peasantry is the most alarming spectre that confronts the public of Texas today. Indeed it is the industrial tragedy of the present century. Will you come with me for a moment and take a retrospective view of the farm homes of Texas? Behold each day a hundred fathers covering the hearthstone with the ashes of failure; as many mothers drenching the family altar with tears of despair; and hundreds of innocent children pinned under the fallen timbers of wrecked homes. Would you be surprised if these men, sinking as they struggle, cry aloud against society? Is it not your problem and mine?

The Price of a Home.

Let us quote the price of a home in the language of the farm. The price of a home is the toil of a mother with babe in arms, the bearing of children in poverty and ignorance, the mortising of a father's life into the timbers of the structure and lowering the standard of society toward the primitive levels of civilization. The farmer must be lifted to where he can secure the price of a home, the home must be reduced to a hovel or agriculture will become a gypsy occupation.

We will now reduce the price of a home to dollars and cents and carefully compute the cost of each item of material entering into the structure at market prices. No civilization can better serve its citizens than by placing a home in reach of its humblest laborer and we will therefore follow the Texas farm laborer as he builds a home. The task is so monumental that many shrink from it in despair, others who summons courage to try it—stunned by the struggle—are sent staggering down the thoroughfares of failure to wander through life without ambition or hope. Those who succeed—haggard and aged—step from its portals into the grave, but we will produce the figures taken in the main from the federal census report. I shall in this analysis deal with general averages. There are, of course, extremes in all classes but the average results are all that can be reasonably expected.

Takes Sixty Years to Build a Home.

The farm laborers of Texas receive six dollars per week without board and a few cents over four dollars per week with board. Their net earning pawer at best hardly exceeds $150 per annum, provided they are constantly employed, which is not always the case. The first step of a farm laborer in his journey toward a home is tenant farming, although many who undertake the task omit this experience in their upward climb, preferring to remain farm laborers until they have accumulated sufficient funds to make the first payment on a home. The average value of farm equipment on a Texas farm is $1050, including household goods. It will take the farm laborer seven years to become a tenant farmer. The gross earnings of a Texas farm are $1250 per annum, and one-third must go for rental, leaving him with $800 gross as his proportion. From this sum must be deducted the cost of living, feeding the teams, and the running expenses of the farm, including a hired hand when one is employed. The frugal farmer will raise most of his feed stuff but the value must be deducted as total production is included in the gross. A careful estimate places the cost of running the farm at $600, leaving the tenant farmer $200 net per annum. The figures are a little high as in practical experience many tenant farmers go back to laboring as more remunerative than tenant farming. The average value of a Texas farm as listed by the census enumerators is $5,311. In seven years time the tenant farmer has accumulated $1400 and can make his first payment on a home. He no longer pays rent and is now making $650 per annum net, without allowing any wages for himself and family, which can be applied on interest and principal and taxes. It will require twelve years to pay for his home provided he escapes the scythe of Father Time and dodges the shafts of dame misfortune. No provision has been made in this estimate for giving the children a higher education and performing the duties of church and society, or to provide himself and family with the comforts and convenience of modern life. Add these financial burdens and compute the time and the farmer is sixty years of age before he owns a home.

The Need of Cheap Money.

The remedy lies in cheap money and in securing better prices for our products. The average farm loan in the United States bears 7.75 per cent per annum. In the North Atlantic tier of states it is 5.96, in Texas 9.97. Certainly our securities are as good as the average, then why do we not get the same rate of interest? The equalising of this item alone will reduce the interest paid by the Texas farmers on their present indebtedness approxifately $5,000,000 per annum, which can be applied to resting tired fathers, comforting aged fathers and educating our children.

May I not plead with the city man for co-operation in this, the greatest task of the age? Is there one so busy that he cannot see the horizon darkened by the dust of moving vans of 200,000 restless farmers, hurrying toward the precipice of ruin? Can you not hear in the rumble of the wagons as they groan under the burden of one-fourth of our population, the echo of approaching calamity more dreadful than wear and more terrible than pestilence? Can you not feel the hunger for culture and refinement gnawing at a million young and innocent souls as they glide along in the early hours of life like spectres on their way to the cemetery of ignorance?

Will you not lend a helping hand in cooling the fever of our restless industry, soothing the brow of discouraged farmers, and reviving the drooping spirits of those who fall in their struggle to feed and clothe the world?

Government Aid Required.

The chasm between the amount earned and interest paid on mortgaged farm property in Texas must be bridged over by decreasing the rate of interest and increasing the price of our products. Marketing is equally as complex a problem as rural credits and neither has received the attention of the government it justly deserves.

The Farmers' Union is going to ask the legislature at the special session to appropriate $25,000 per annum to be expended under the direction of the state department of agriculture in promoting marketing and rural credits. It is as properly a function of government to study and disseminate information and to put into execution plans for the sale of products as it is to teach production. Certainly it is poor statesmanship to follow the crop to the harvest field and there let it rot for want of a market. The Farmers' Union stands ready to co-operate with state government in developing a warehouse system and facilities for the systematic marketing of cotton and to render assistance in marketing all products on a more intelligent and business-like basis. It will take the co-operation and combined efforts of all to handle the problem.

About two-thirds of our farmers are tenants and fifty-one per cent of them move every year.

It is a sad commentary on our citizenship when the census reports show that over 1000 families become agricultural vagabonds each year and wander from farm to farm. These people are not the waste material of our citizenship, neither have they become the victim of dissipated energies or misdirected efforts. These men are out of the loins of agriculture and have been stricken by the bludgeon of a stupid market system and a brutal method of rural credits that takes for its toll 2400 happy homes per annum.

Challenge to Statesmanship.

Let me suggest that a half million farmers crossing the continent on their annual journey to a foreign market; that seventy-five families losing their homes per day and thousands of mothers toiling in the field, is as defiant a challenge to government as civilization ever hurled at the statesmanship of any country or age.

This closes the present series of articles and I want to thank the press for the liberal space given and the public for their patient hearing, and to beg the pardon of those who may have become offended at anything I have said. Will the audience please stand dismissed with a smile. All the farmer wants is cheap money and he won't be happy until he gets it. We have been tilling the soil a long time and we would now like to have a chance to soil the till. We want a reasonable price for our products and unless we get it we are going to have to quit raising them, or go broke. In closing let me make a final appeal to the Texas farmer for organization and co-operation.

Farmers Must Stand Together.

The farmer neither fixes the price of the things he sells or buys. His assignment in the vineyard of industry is one of toil and his compensation is fixed by competitive lines of industry. He can only enlarge his responsibilities and extend his influence through co-operation and organization and until he does so he must depend upon mercy rather than justice to fix a price on his labors. He can only assume the managerial reins of agriculture through co-operation, and until he does so he must remain the victim of his own folly. Let us all get together.

ROYAL SON IS A DEAF MUTE

Second Born of King and Queen of Spain Is Unable to Speak or Hear.

Madrid, June 14.—The Infante Don Jaime, second son of the king and queen of Spain, now five years old, was born deaf and dumb.

For a long time no one outside the palace knew of the prince's infirmity and there it was scarcely mentioned except in whispers. The late premier Senor Canalejas announced two years ago, that the little prince had a form of tuberculosis which prevented him from hearing or talking. His lack of hearing was proven by making a loud noise suddenly near the boy. He did not move. Although three years of age at that time he had never uttered a sound, and already had the fixed look and strange behavior charactertistic of the deaf and dumb. Spanish specialists adjudged him incurable. One of them performed a difficult operation without beneficial result. The child was sent to the sanitarium of a celebrated physician in Switzerland, but he returned in the same condition as before.

Don Jaime at present is under the care of Valencian nuns whose mission in life is to educate the deaf and dumb. The name of Miss Helen Keller has been mentioned in the palace but nothing definite has been arranged about asking her to undertake the teaching of the boy. One difficulty is that Miss Keller, who does not know Spanish, would have to teach in a foreign language.

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DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CENSUS REPORTS OVER NINETY THOUSAND IN THIS COUNTY.

They Have a Value of Over Three and a Half Million Dollars. More Silos Needed.

The Farmers Uunion has been conducting an exhaustive investigation into agricultural conditions with reference to the cost of producing and value received for farm crops with a view of recommending a substitute for cotton, as that industry is already suffering from over-production. In discussing the subject, President Radford of the Farmers' union said: "The Lord made the greater part of Texas a cotton country and it always will remain the money crop of Texas so long as the farmer markets his crop direct from the harvest field, but I believe with plenty of good livestock and a silo a farmer can successfully raise feed stuff and he will be justified in planting less cotton and raising more livestock.

The federal census reports show that we have 14,080,036 head of livestock in Texas, and 96 per cent of our farms reported domestic animals.

There were 5626 farms in McLennan county that reported livestock when the thirteenth census was taken according to a report just issued by the federal department of commerce and labor and the total number of domestic animals on these farms numbered 90,425, which has a combined value of $3,514,555. Cattle is the predominating class of livestock in this county as shown by the following table:

Kind.	Number.	Value.
Cattle	25,075	$ 609,360
Horses	10,811	941,586
Mules	14,214	1,741,141
Asses and burros	120	12,638
Swine	19,419	140,164
Sheep	18,465	64,737
Goats	2,321	4,929
Total	90,425	$3,514,555

BIDS WANTED.

Sealed bids will be received by the School Board of Eddy, Texas, on June 23rd, 1913, for the erection of a high school building. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Plans and specifications on file with School Board at Eddy, Texas, or Sanguinet & Staats, Architects, at Fort Worth, Texas, or Dallas, Texas, or Waco, Texas.

A new English life buoy carries two incandescent lamps on each side, supplied with current by a storage battery which is switched on automatically as the buoy is lifted from a rack.

By equipping an orchard heater with a reservoir to hold additional oil and feed it to the burner slowly, a Kansas farmer invented a device that would burn all night without attention.

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Care S. M. U., Dallas, Texas.

Income Tax To Be Lien on Real Estate

Great confusion is likely to result in the ownership of real estate unless some change is made in the proposed income tax to provide for the recording of unpaid taxes; at least, that is the idea of the New York Tax Reform association. In a statement on the subject issued by that concern, it is said:

"If the bill now before congress is enacted the tax thereby imposed on a personal income will be a lien upon any real estate owned at the time by the person liable for the tax and if the income tax is not paid by lien it may be collected in full from a subsequent innocent purchaser for value of the real estate who has had no notice of the tax or the lien. This result come sabout in the following way:

"The income tax bill provides in section M that all administrative provisions of law, 'including the laws in relation to the * * * collection of internal revenue taxes' are made applicable to the income tax.

"Section 3186 of the revised statutes makes any unpaid tax owing to the federal government a lien upon the real estate of the person owing the tax. But there is nowhere in existing statutes (or in the income tax bill) any machinery for giving public notice of such a lien.

"Some provision should be made in the income tax bill for the public recording of a lien by the federal government in the county where the property is located to which the lien is to attach. Failure to so record a lien should exempt real estate from the operation of the lien for unpaid income taxes. Unless some provision of this kind is made no purchaser of real estate will be able to know whether he will become liable for a heavy income tax owinn by the seller; he may even become liable for the penalties incurred by the seller for failure to report his income."

A three-deck pontoon, 100 feet long, has been built in England entirely of reinforced concrete.

The English navy has developed fire control to the point that a single officer can discharge all the guns on one side of a ship at the same instant, all the shells reaching the target together and delivering a crushing blow.

Foot power is used to operate a churn patented by a Kentuckian and connected with it are fans to keep the contents cool.

The colossal stone statues and other relics of an unknown race on Easter Island, 2000 miles off the west coast of South America, are to be studied by an English scientific expedition.

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STANDARD PRINTING CO.
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SEAT COVERINGS
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On Pages 8 and 9
TODAY.
The Goldstein-Migel Co.

J. M. Freeman & Sons

June Clearing Sale

Special prices on almost every item THIS WEEK

It will pay you to investigate

J. M. Freeman & Sons

Fine Groceries, Fresh Meats, Wines, Liquors, Wood, Coal, Feed

Phones 20 720 South 11th St.

Announcement

It is with pleasure that we announce that I. A. Dryden, W. H. Moseley, C. B. Cooper and J. W. Dodson have combined their business under the firm name of Dryden-Moseley-Cooper-Dodson Company, and are now located at 125 South Fifth street (in the old quarters of the Wells-Fargo Express Co.), where we have equipped a modern Real Estate Office, and we cordially invite you to call upon us when we can be of service to you.

Our business consists of the following departments: Farms and Ranches, City Property, Real Estate Loans, Rentals and Collections, Insurance and Securities.

In our Farm and Ranch department we have many very inviting propositions, not only from a standpoint of investment, but from a view of actual operation. We also have listed a very large acreage of timbered lands and we feel that we can be of material service to you in assisting you in the purchase of this class of property.

In our City Property department we have some good bargains in business property and vacant lots, choice homes and trackage.

We are unable daily to locate applicants for rental houses and it is our desire to fully accommodate our patrons in this department, and to this end we would appreciate if property owners would list their rental property with us, in which case we will be glad to take full charge and render account for same.

We are also making a specialty of Bank and the stock of other high-class solvent corporations and we would be glad to have you list your holdings with us, and to give you quotations on any stock desired by you. We will also be glad to negotiate your real estate and farm loans on long time and at a very favorable rate of interest.

We have a large list and make a specialty of exchanging lands for revenue bearing city property and revenue city property for lands, also exchanging lands for merchandise.

The policy of this firm will be to build its business on broad and liberal lines and to accommodate its patrons in the minutest details.

Our ideas of values are conservative and from our knowledge and acquaintance, we know that we can be of service to you. With the unprecedented growth in the city's business district and the contemplated erection of large business buildings by various firms, jobbers and associations, together with the like growth of the residence district, the outlook in Waco is indeed very bright, and judicious investments, we believe to be not only entirely safe, but profitable.

We assure you of our appreciation of your past business and solicit a continuance of your favors.

DRYDEN-MOSELEY-COOPER-DODSON CO.

No. 1

SPECIAL BULLETIN

DRYDEN-MOSLEY-COOPER-DODSON COMPANY

Waco, Texas, June 14th, 1913

2-story brick building between 5th and 6th, on Franklin, for $30,000.

9-room house and lot, 75x165, at 726 S. 5th street, $4,000. Terms.

100 feet on north side of Mary street, between 15th and 16th; heapest on track at $7,500. Present monthly revenue $33.00.

1000 acres Trinity bottom land, 80 per cent tillable. Dark sandy loam. Has fine timber and easy to put in cultivation. No overflow. Located 4 1-2 miles south of Oakwood, on public road, at $10 per acre.

1355 acres unimproved timber land, located in Leon county. Is well located. Price $8 per acre.

1500 acres rich dark loam land in Freestone county, near railroad; fine water; underlaid with lignite; mine close by. Price $8.50 per acre.

675 acres in Freestone county; fine soil, good water; good for farm and ranch. Only $7.50 per acre.

648 acres 2 1-2 miles north of Fairfield, on two public roads, 225 in cultivation, 90 per cent tillable. Fine Sandy loam. 300 rich bottom land; 1 large and 3 small houses. Price $14 per acre.

1000 acres in Leon county, 4 milesfrom Oakwood; rich river bottom land, all tillable; covered with fine timber. Cheap at $12 per acre.

250 acres rich agricultural timbered land in Limestone county, one mile of Karners Station, on H. & T. C.; two public roads; 700 acres heavy black waxy land. Most all bottom land and very rich. Is a fine colonization proposition. Price $16 per acre.

2850 acres in Leon county, near Centerville; all fenced in several pastures; 500 acres in cultivation; 1-2 bottom land. Raise anything but mahogany or a difficulty. Balance good grade up-land. Bargain at $14 per acre.

1325 acres timber land, in Leon county, all level, on public road. Price $8.00 per acre; $3500 cash, balance easy.

25x165 Franklin street, $6,000.

70x132, S. 12th street, one block of car, $1,100.

75x165, south front on Colcord, one-half block of car, all conveniences, $4,500.

Also three other beautiful homes on Provident Heights from $3,750 to $8,000.

95 feet on Franklin, extending back to and with 130 feet on Mary. High-class business property. Price on application.

80 odd acres, well improved and fronts on Interurban, at $200 per acre.

Dryden - Mosely - Cooper - Dodson Co.

Secretary Reviews Troops.

Texas City, June 14.—The feature of Assistant Secretary of War Henry S. Breckenridge's visit here today was a grand review and parade by the second division troops in this camp. There were 8,000 men, over 4,000 animals and more than 100 wagons and ambulances in the line. General Carter headed the great line in khaki and the affair was in full war panoply.

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PRODUCTION IN MAY IS HEAVY

INCREASE IN WEALTH OF TEXAS IS MORE THAN SIXTY MILLION DOLLARS.

AGRICULTURE THE GREATEST

Harvest Area Extends—Texas Cantaloupes Reach Chicago Market at Good Prices.

Fort Worth, Texas, June 14.—The production of the farms, mines and factories, together with the foreign capital invested in the state during the month of May, aggregated $60,450,000, according to data compiled by the Texas Commercial Secretaries and Business Men's association.

The sources of wealth and the amount contributed by each to the gross increase during May are as follows:

Agriculture	$27,800,000
Foreign capital	17,350,000
Factory	14,200,000
Mineral	1,100,000
Total	$60,450,000

Agriculture.

The harvest area expanded during May until it now covers practically the entire state. The first grain crops of the year were harvested with the cutting of oats and wheat durng the latter part of May.

Reports received from dealers, agricultural and industrial agents, indicate that the oat crop wil lbe in the neighborhood of 25,000,000 bushels and the wheat crop approximately 20,000,000 bushels. It is claimed that in most every section of Texas that this season has been an ideal one for small cereals and that the wheat this fall should be of an exceptionally good milling grade. The recent rainfalls that have been general throughout the state have assured a record corn crop in the neighborhood of 200,000,000 bushels.

The fruit and vegetable production during May included the first peaches, cantaloupes, watermelons, dewberries, strawberries, new potatoes, tomatoes and roasting ears.

The firts Texas cantaloupes to reach Chicago markets brought $25 a crate, or forty-six and a fraction cents apiece.

While the cabbage and onion season practically closed in the lower Rio Grande valley and the Laredo district during May, the bulk of the fruit and truck shipments to home and foreign markets were moved from East to Central Texas. Durng May nearly 2,000 carloads of onions left the state.

Taking into consideration the timber cuttings and the livestock sales, the total agricultural production was approximately $27,800,000, the heaviest of any month this year.

Livestock.

Livestock shipments for the month of May to markets were 294,213 head, valued at $7,355,325. Reports to the Cattle Raisers' association of Texas for the last week of the month indicate a generally satisfactory condition of the ranges and cattle in excellent trim.

Throughout West Texas pasture tanks were filed and weeds for early feeding are assured.

Offiical figures show that more than 100,000 more cattle have been received at the Fort Worth market this year than fo rthe same period last year.

Exact figures for the period between Jan. 1 and May 30 were 430,622 cattle, and for 1912 319,996 cattle, giving an increase of 110,666 head.

The May cattle receipts totaled 114,307, an increase of 11,519 over the same month in 1912. Hog receipts for May, 1913, also show a large inrease over last year. The figures are 36,570 for this year and 24,225 last year, an increase of 12,345.

Nearly 1,000 more horses and mules were received at Fort Worth in May, 1913, than in the same month in 1912. The calf and sheep receipts both show a decline for May, 1913, when compared with May, 1912.

Mineral Production.

The mines and wells of Texas increased the wealth of Texas approximately $1,100,000 during the month of May, while the coal and lignite produced was 95,000 tons, valued at $119,000. Oil production in the Electra field of Wichita county jumped to a new high-water mark, three new wells bringing the daily output of oil in that field to more than 24,000 barrels daily.

Actual mining of ore near Ore City began during May and the opening of these mines in Tast Texas marks the beginning of an industry which has unlimited possibilities.

During the month of May unusual activity was witnessed in all lines of manufacturing due in part to the ever increasing demand for Texas-made products. The wealth added through the process of manufacture approximates $14,200,000, an increase of $500,000 over the preceding month.

There were sixty-one new enterprices opened for operation during the month and construction work was commenced on thirteen factory buildings.

Small Damage By Wall Coming Down

The work of clearing the excavation for the Herrick Hardware addition on the square of the brick of the wall which fell before the workmen were ready was completed yesterday. The wall was to have been removed any way and only caused slight trouble by coming down a few days ahead of time.

J. S. Harrison, who has the contract, states the damage which was done by the accident will not amount to more than $300. No great care was made to brace the wall, as it was to be removed, and the only trouble was the slight delay in the excavation. The damage to the Herrick Hardware company was nominal, a few sections of shelving being slightly damaged. None of the stock was injured.

Buy Milam county tomatoes—they are better.

A motorcycle was successfully used to drive the stereotyping machinery and press in an Illinois newspaper office when a storm interferred with the electric power service of the city.

CALL FOR HOME REACHES DIAZ

FORMER PRESIDENT OF MEXICO HAS LONGING FOR HIS COUNTRY.

QUIET QUARTERS IN PARIS

Will Not Return to Mexico Until Tranquility Is Restored—Never Again Active.

Paris, June 14.—Porfirio Diaz, ex-president of Mexico, feels the call of home and longs for the time when he can return to a tranquil country.

The voluntary exile enjoyed his months in Egypt; the visit to Rome was interesting and his stay in Nice would have been agreeable had not every mail brought letters and newspapers describing the distress and disturbance in Mexico. From Italy the former president and Senora Dias came to Paris, and they are now living in pleasant rooms near the Arc de Triomphe, with a small staff. Dias has a secretary and valet, and his wife a maid. They drive out every day in their own motor. Senor Limantour, Diaz's former minister of finance, lives a few doors away and often looks in to see him, and Senor Delanda, ex-minister to France, calls frequently. A good many Mexicans living in Paris or traveling call on the retired president and deplore his absence from Mexico. Whenever Dias says anything on this subject, however, it is to declare that he will not go back until the country is quiet and in the hands of a stable government. This, he believes, soon will be the case, and he has even mentioned the late summer or early fall as the time when he could possibly go home, to a peaceful old age.

Although seemingly quite well, Porfirio Diaz does not today give the impression of a man who could ever again enter active affairs. While strong for his eighty-two years, his hands tremble and he is easily tired. Paris, the asylum of fugitive presidents and exiled kings, affords him few amusements. The days pass in hope of an early return home. Nevertheless, Diaz has a living interest in public events. He is punctilious in replying promptly to all letters, and he receives all callers who have the least claim upon him with pleasant cordiality.

DESIGNERS ARE RIVALS

Fife Thrice Fails for Lipton and the Tea Lord Turns to Another.

London, June 14.—It was natural, after William Fife had thrice failed to turn out a boat speedy enough to win the America's cup for him, that Sir Thomas Lipton should entrust the designing of his fourth challenger to another man. But it is no secret that Fife was much chagrined at not receiving the commission, and the selection of Charles E. Nicholson for the job has intensified the rivalry between the two designers.

This year each of them has turned out a new yacht for the 15-metre class. These boats are built in accordance with international rules, and will race this year in home waters. Their water-line length averages about 66 feet. They met the other day for the first time this season in a race organized by the Essex Yacht club, a sporting little club with its home in the old American schooner Gypsy, which is hauled up on the shore at Leigh-on-Sea. The interest in the contest was accentuated by the fact that Fife himself steered the Maudrey, the boat which he had designed, and Nicholson handled his latest creation, the Pamela. Thus it was a contest both of seamanship and design between the two rivals.

The result was a victory for Nicholson on both points, for the Pamela not only proved herself the speedier of the two, but was the better handled. It is safe to say that Nicholson's triumph was very gratifying to Sir Thomas Lipton.

Of course a first race between the two new yachts can seldom be regarded as conclusively settling their respective merits, because, as all yachtsmen know, it usually requires much sailing to tune a boat up so as to develop her highest capabilities of speed, and future races between these two boats will be watched with much interest on this side. But for the present Uicholson is entitled to do some crowing, which, by the way, he never does, for he is one of the most modest of men.

Citizens of North End Want Increased Fire Protection

In an effort to increase the fire-fighting facilities of North Waco and to arrange for a sufficient water supply, a mass meeting of the citizens of this addition will be held next Friday. The matter has already been taken up by the North Waco Engine company, and a committee has been appointed to call on Fire Commissioner John Dollins and place the situation before him.

There are but thirty-one fire plugs in the whole district north of Herring avenue, and they are all on Eighteenth street.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

Anniversary Letter

By

Chas. S. Davis

(Warning:—This is An Advertisement)

Today, June 15, 1913, I am one year old—in real estate. I was handicapped as an infant. For, in addition to knowing nothing about real estate except that it had to do with dirt (adjective "dirty"), I had borrowed $1,000 in order to get born. In the year's time, however, I have, infant-like, grown rapidly. I paid back the $1,000, absorbed the business in which I began, and bought and have for sale the following property in Waco: 100x165 on corner of 22nd and Colcord; new bungalow on 12th and Vermont; south 1-2 of block 43; lots 8, 9, block 19; lot 11, block 40; lot 9, block 38; lot 5, block 69, all in Farwell Heights; and lot 66, block 20, Baylor addition. I also have some good stock and other paper that I would trade for Waco property.

During the year I traded some for other people. I handled more than $200,000 worth of property and collected on that amount a little less than 5 per cent commission. In addition to that I bought the exclusive control of 2200 acres of land in McLennan county, which I will sell or trade for $80.00 per acre. I have also secured some of the choicest options in Texas. Among them I offer 30,000 acres black land in native hardwood cruised to cut 75 million feet of lumber, at $12.50; 16,000 acres of tobacco and truck land at $7.00; 5,500 acres black land partly improved, at $12.50; 2,000-acre black land farm at $100.00, and the best 1,000-acre farm in Texas at $125.

I have a German client with 175-acre black land farm that he will put in on a larger farm, not to exceed $50,000. Another good client with some interurban property wants a good farm, not to exceed $100,000. Another client with 1,000-acre black land farm wants a good ranch in Central Texas, not to exceed $150,000.

Several times during the past year I needed inspiration. I soon learned to go to the top of the Amicable building. It takes but a minute's view there to the north, the south, the east, or the west to fill me with a brighter hope and a new inspiration. I catch there a vision of a city in the making, destined at no distant day to be the home of 100,000. And as I hasten down to my work I say, "How wonderful! 10,000, and I, to grow up with the city!"

100,000 or 200,000, I dare the city to outgrow me, for I am just one year old today. Watch the youngsters. Waco is on the map. You will find me doing business everywhere, with headquarters at 305 Amicable, both phones. Let me come to see you.

CHAS. S. DAVIS.

THE C. M. TRAUTSCHOLD COMPANY

Manufacturers of

Screens, Frames for Doors and Windows. Mill Work of Any Description. Glass cut to any size. Special attention given to fitting glass in Auto Wind Shields.

Telephones—Old 790—New 1836. Corner Seventh and Franklin Sts.

Personals.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dillard and son, Conway Dillard, of 2609 Asbury street, left yesterday for Wichita Falls, where they will visit relatives.

Milam county grows the finest grown—try them.

The newer German army airships will carry crews of fifteen men, two machine guns and several tons of explosives and will be able to remain in the air for sixty hours without alighting.

Long Island has a school in which forty women are learning to become carpenters and bricklayers.

READ

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TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Don't Invest Your Money With Your Financial Eyes Blindfolded

Waco dirt is the best purchase on Texas Earth today, and there is more legitimate money to be made NOW than any time in the history of Central Texas.

Waco and PROSPERITY are today synonymous terms, and no one can afford to allow the OPPORTUNITY to pass unheeded.

Come in and talk to us; we can show you where and how your rent receipts can be MADE AS GOOD AS GOLD BONDS, and how they will pay for your home.

We have several desirable propositions which we would like to have you investigate. They will bear the closest scrutiny and are sure money-getters.

CRAVEN REALTY COMPANY

704 Amicable. Both Phones

WACO, TEXAS

Layton C. Pucket

Undertaker and Embalmer

316 Franklin St. Both Phones 337

Scrofuline

KING OF SALVES

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

25c, 50c and $1.00

McCRARY TRANSFER CO.

HEAVY HAULING OF ALL KINDS.

Office: 223 S. Eighth St. Old 1062, new 230.

"MY BUSINESS IS MOVING."

MONEY TO LOAN

On farms and city property, long or short time. No delay. Also build homes, monthly or annual payments.

THE TEXAS LIFE INSURANCE CO.

JNO. D. MAYFIELD, Secretary.

Waco, Texas.

Stop at

ORIENTAL HOTEL

Dallas, Tex., a home where is found peace, comfort and plenty of good things to eat, pleasant rooms and courteous treatment, from Manager Otto Herold down to his porters.

American plan, $3.00 up.

European plan, $1.50 up.

COTTON

Geo. H. McFadden & Bro's Agency

W. J. NEALE, Agent.

WACO, TEXAS.

FRED STUDER CO.

Jewelers and Opticians.

507 Austin St.

OUR STOCK IS THE LARGEST AND FINEST IN THE CITY.

Norman H. Smith & Co.

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410 AUSTIN STREET, WACO.

RAILS

40 Miles 50 to 70-lb. Relaying Steel.

15 Miles 30 to 40-lb. Relaying Steel.

5 Miles 12 to 16-lb. Relaying Steel.

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Houston, Texas.

Corrugated Galvanized Steel Tanks, Culverts, Wagon Tanks, Garbage Cans, Etc. Write us for prices.

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COAL

R. T. TEUFEL & CO.

WOOD

A TON OF OUR COAL WEIGHS 2000 [illegible]

[illegible] & [illegible] Co.

Tinners and Cornice Makers

Job and Repair Work a Specialty.

Old phone 767. New phone 890.

207½ South Seventh St.

100% PROFIT 100%

CAN BE MADE

BY ANY YOUNG MAN

WHO WILL BUY OR TRADE FOR AT

$35.00 Per Acre

The Fine Truck Lands Being Sold By Me in Milam County

Improved truck lands in this section are selling rapidly at from $150 to $200 per acre. Farm lands adjoining this bring $75.00 per acre where used for cotton and corn. I will trade for property from those who wish to lay the foundation for a prosperous future, or sell on a cash basis, and give easy terms. Any man of reasonable intelligence, may become in a short time absolutely independent on a small tract of this land. Hogs, cows, mules and horses coupled with a few acres in truck will bring you everlasting prosperity and snatch you from the clutch of the DOLLAR DEMON and insure happiness at home and abroad. This property is within one mile of a good town, a $10,000 school and churches of every denomination.

If Life Is a Struggle for You, Change Now; Don't Wait

J. B. Woody, Agent, Royal Hotel

100% PROFIT 100%

GIN MEN MEET IN WACO FRIDAY

COTTON HANDLERS WILL DISCUSS YEAR'S OUTLOOK AND PREPARE FOR STAPLE.

GUESTS OF LOCAL CONCERNS

Hold Business Sessions in Y. M. B. L. Quarters—Look for Big Attendance—Committees Appointed.

Ginners from all over the state are expected to attend the third annual convention of the Central Texas Ginners' association which convenes in Waco Friday, June 20. Effort is being made to have the 1913 session of the association the largest in its history. A special letter has been sent out to the ginners of the central part of the state asking each to either be present or have a representative present at the meeting.

Men well posted on topics of interest to the practical gin man, will be in attendance and these will address the convention, the effort being to make the association meeting both a benefit as well as a pleasant occasion.

The convention will be held in the club rooms of the Y. M. B. L., 713½ Austin street. The meeting will be called to order at 10 o'clock Friday morning. All members and those who desire to affiliate with the association are requested to be present at the first business session.

A committee has been appointed by the local ginners and others interested to see after the entertainment, and this feature of the convention promises to be better than in the past.

Arrangements are in the hands of the following committees: H. L. Quinius, president local committee; Henry Schaefer, vice president of D. June Machinery Co., and [illegible] Duncan, vice president of Waco Machinery & Supply Co., committee on invitations; W. D. Lacy, Jr., with Lacy Coal Co., and Henry [illegible], committee on entertainment; Clarence Martin, manager Waco Cotton Oil Co., committee on finance; H. L. Quinius, ginner, and Charles [illegible], representative of the Continental Gin Co., committee on program.

The ginners will be guests of the following local concerns who have arranged for their entertainment:

Waco Machinery & Supply Co.
D. June Machinery Co.
Industrial Cotton Oil Co.
Brazos Valley Cotton Oil Co.
Waco Cotton Oil Co.
Lacy Coal Co.
Waco Fuel Co.
Brazos Boiler Works.
Brazos Electric Co.
McLendon Hardware Co
Herrick Hardware Co.
Rotan Grocery Co.
N. K. Smith.
Magnolia Petroleum Co.
Pierce-Fordyce Oil Association.
The Texas Co.
Climax Refining Co.
Gulf Refining Co.

Pioneer Sunday School Picnic.

An "Old Settlers and Sunday School Picnic," will be held at Speegleville next Saturday. S. P. Mills will make an address to the old settlers, while W. H. Peel of Baylor university will talk to the Sunday school children. A band has been engaged for the day. An excellent dinner will be served.

Milam county peaches have a better flavor.

The single phase system for electrification of railroads in preference to the third rail has been adopted by the Swiss.

NEW PHONE 1215 601 AMICABLE BLDG.

OOKE HORNE & CO.

Real Estate and Insurance

We have a number of Bargains in Desirable Houses and Building Lots. Also some very choice Business Property. We can and will please you.

Call and See Us and Be Convinced

OOKE HORNE & COMPANY

A PLAN TO MARKET COTTON

Ed McCullough is McLennan County Secretary—C. P. Link's Idea.

Ed McCullough of Waco has accepted the secretaryship of McLennan county for the Southern States Cotton Corporation. Speaking of the plans and work C. P. Link said yesterday:

"The Southern States Cotton Corporation of Dallas, Texas, has developed the system that will put the cotton growers squarely into business, and will give them a voice in the profits of their product. The system has been fully worked out. It is founded on fact—not theory; experience, not experiment; tested and proved successful on a big commodity used all over the world.

"An exhibit of thirty-two years presents an illuminating comparison showing the world-wide importance of the South's cotton crop and its vital relation to the foreign trade of the United States. In the maintenance of this practical monopoly of the world's cotton trade by the South, and in the establishment and maintenance of the stable value for same, it seems that the people of the world, east and west, should be as vitally interested as those of the south.

"What should have been the value of the cotton crop of the south during the last ten years and what should be its value in the future can be determined by a study of the following figures: There have been grown, beginning with and including 1901 and 1911, 122,000,000 bales of cotton, and this was sold at an average price of 10 cents per pound. If this amount of cotton had been marketed in the interest of the producers at an average of the highest prices of those years the south would have received a difference in value of approximately $2,000,000,000, a sum that would practically have paid off the cost of the Civil war.

"In 1911 the south produced 4,000,000 bales in excess of 1910, and yet received over $100,000,000 less for it than the previous crop. If she had burned the 4,000,000 bales, or had some way of correctly marketing this cotton she would have received true value for 12,000,000, and had assets of thousands of bales with which to start the new year.

"Last fall when it was believed that 15,000,000 bales would be raised the price was forced below 9 cents, and we were led to believe that the enormous crop caused it. Yet in the spring of 1912 when we knew we had made more than 16,000,000 bales cotton went to 13 cents. Ask yourself why. It seems that the cotton speculator takes our property away from us by these tricks.

"The astounding fact is revealed that the value of the south's cotton crop, including seed, has aggregated $15,514,000,000 for the last thirty-two years. The aggregate for these thirty-two cotton crops exceed by $8,341,621,700 the output of the gold mines of the world and by $5,001,621,158 the combined value of the output of the gold and silver mines of the world for the same period.

"The Southern States Cotton Corporation has but one object—to get 15 cents a pound for cotton, which is a just price. There is but one way for them to do it—hold enough cotton off the market to make the world pay 15 cents to get it. Everyone must work together to do it. The only co-operation asked from the cotton growers is to list the cotton with them."

MOVE ON JUAREZ.

Mexican Insurgents Advance on Northern Border City.

El Paso, June 14.—A small group of insurgents were sighted yesterday apposite Finley, Texas, by troops of the United States border patrol, according to advices received at Fort Bliss today. The Mexicans are of the command from Ojinaga, which is marching towards Juarez. Five of the Mexicans crossed the line near Finley and were arrested by a trooper of the Second cavalry. The invaders later were ordered deported.

Milam grapes, raised in Milam county are the finest flavored of all Texas grapes.

Losses ranging from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 are charged to hail in France each year.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

TO CHINESE HEROES.

Government Proposes to Honor Her Loyal Dead.

Peking, June 14.—An official announcement is expected shortly to the effect that the government contemplates the rearing of a beautiful monument in honor of the heroes and heroines of the late revolution.

First on the proposed list is the recently deceased Empress Dowager Lung-Yu, whose graceful abdication facilitated the organization of the new republic. After her retirement she not only refrained from obstructing the republican plans, but quietly aided them, even donating some money to pay back salaries of officials. She died February 22 this year, and was accorded a state funeral at the direction of President Yuan Shih Kai.

Others on the list are Wu Yeh, who lost his life after an attack upon the Five Commissioners who were being sent abroad by the Manchus to study other forms of government; Hsu Shih-ling, the patriot who started the uprising in Anhui province and killed the Manchu governor, En Ming; Chiu Chin, a brave woman who was martyred in connection with the Anhui revolt; Twou Yung, reformer and author, who died in a Shanghai prison; Peng Chia-tsen, who assassinated Liang Pih, a reactionary Manchu general; Hsiung Cheng Chi, an ardent and brave revolutionist who led an abortive revolutionary plot in Anhui province.

It is understood that the project will be regarded favorably by north as well as south, and that the central government will provide the necessary funds.

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Wherein Riggins Writes Letter No. 25

TO THE PEOPLE OF WACO AND WACO'S TRADE TERRITORY:

Every citizen of Texas and especially of Waco and Waco's trade territory should shake hands with each other and raise a thankful prayer to the Author of our being that in His Providence they live in this God-favored country. The writer has visited every State in the Union except six, has tried to find a better country and better location, and has returned to Texas, the greatest State in the Union, and to Waco, a small city with more reasons to be the biggest city in Texas of any other city in the South.

I want to congratulate the people of Waco for the almost fabulously great outlook to build a city of 200,000 here. While in St. Louis recently I went over a building, covering a block, costing $4,500,000. I remember the time when a church congregation was split almost to dissolution because some of the members wanted to buy this block and locate a church on it. The complaint was made that it was so far out that it was only fit for a dairy or wagon yard. There is now being finished on this block what is known to be the largest building in the world of its character. The rentals of this building are to be $1,000,000 a year, and yet the same kind of people who are in doubt about Waco were in doubt about St. Louis then, and there are more reasons today why Waco should be a town of 200,000 people than there were then that St. Louis should ever get to be the city it is, claiming 750,000 people. The man who does not get these facts in his mind and who does not become a loyal enthusiast of Waco and who will knock any of her citizens or any enterprise, must be classed with the man who is disloyal to his family and who would be continually holding up to the public the defects and objections of his own family. Good breeding, honesty and loyalty to your own town go hand in hand. Every man and every woman should feel that this is OUR town. When you say anything against it, you talk about me. That is the spirit.

When the hotel is built I want every citizen of Waco and Waco's trade territory to feel that this is OUR hotel. It was OUR work and influence that helped to build it.

I pause to say that we are in the real estate business. We believe we have as many, if not more, friends than any other man in Texas. We have acquaintances and correspondents that are valuable. We cnn use these to sell your property.

Come to see us and let us talk this matter over. If you live outside of Waco, phone us, wire us or write us, or better still, come to see us.

With a heart full of gratitude for the loyalty with which the best citizens of Waco have stood by us and with a deeper conviction than ever that Waco is going to be the largest city in Texas, we are,

Sincerely yours,
J. W. RIGGINS INVESTMENT CO.

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SPANISH ACTIVE ON LOWER TRINITY

HISTORICAL ARTICLE ON THE EARLY DAYS IN SOUTHERN TEXAS.

PRIOR TO MEXICAN RULE

In Data Presented Them Is Effort Made to Identify Towns and Streams.

In the June number of the Southwestern Historical Quarterly, published at Austin by the Texas State Historical association, Prof. Herbert E. Bolton of the Department of History of the University of California, contributes an article entitled "Spanish Activities on the Lower Trinity, 1746-1771."

In view of the fact that few people are aware that the Spaniards did anything in the region indicated prior to the days of Mexican rule, the article in question should be of immediate interest to Texans in general, as it shows that during the years indicated they were very active.

The historical data to which professor Bolton has had access and which furnishes the basis for his article, proves the fact that a presidio and mission were established near the mouth of the Trinty, and plans were made to establish a town of 50 families on the Santa Rosa, probably Spring Creek, apparently about where the present town of Huffsmith stands. There is some uncertainty, says the writer, about the identity of the Santa Rosa, such that if it was not Spring Creek, it was Buffalo Bayou, and the site selected that of present-day Houston, though most of the data points to the Spring Creek site. The country about the Santa Rosa was described as being marked by beautiful prairies, forest, oak, pine, cedar, walnut, and many lakes. The data relied on states that at the time the site indicated was visited, the season being dry, the creek had two inches of water. There was lack of stone for a dam, and the bed of the stream was deep, but irrigation was hardly necessary, for the Indians had fine corn, although the season had been dry.

Fears of Invasion.

"The activities of the Spanish government in Texas," says Professor Bolton, "were from first to last inspired largely by fears of foreign aggression. When these fears slept, Texas was left pretty much to itself, so far as the government was concerned, but when serious rumors of encroaching strangers reached the official ears, there was likely to be vigorous proceedings for a time. The occupation of the lower Trinity river in the middle of the eighteenth century was no exception to this rule. Although settlements had been founded in Eastern Texas as early as 1690, the authorities in Mexico, and even in the province of Texas itself, seem to have been almost entirely ignorant of the geography of the lower Trinity and the adjacent country until 1745, when they were called into it by tales of a French establishment somewhere on the coast. One previous official expedition to the locality had been made in 1727, it is true, but it had led to no further steps toward occupation, and given no permanent knowledge of the topography or the natives of that region. What stirred the authorities to action in 1745 was a letter reporting the rumors alluded to above, written in July to the viceroy by Don Joaquin De Orobio Bazterra, captain of the presidio of Bahi Del Espiritu Santo, but for the time being in Coahuila. In reply to this communication the viceroy ordered Captain Orobio to proceed in all haste to learn the truth about the French settlement, where and when it had been established, if at all, and what and how many Indians there were in the vicinity. If he should find Frenchmen established or intending to settle, he was to order them to leave forthwith."

French Traders Had Been There.

Captain Orobio found numerous evidences that French traders had been among the Indians in the region around the lower Trinity—probably coming from Natchitoches (Los Canos) by way of the Cadodacho, and not from the coast. Among both the Bidai Indians (on the Trinity) and the Orcoquiza Indians (on the San Rafael in all probability Spring Creek) the rumors of Frenchmen on the coast were confirmed with circumstantial detail. Orobio was informed that men who lived among the Pachina near the Mississippi had for six years been coming by land to the Orcoquiza, while others came annually by water, entering the Neches, Trinity and Brazos rivers, the implication being that they regularly visited the Bidai as well as the Orcoquiza. As yet there was no regular settlement of Frenchmen, but one had been promised. In the past summer those coming by sea had even chosen a site, and had sent the Orcoquiza to notify the Bidai, Doxsas and Texans to come next season to this place with the buckskins and buffalo hides, which the French were accustomed to buy. The site designated for the settlement was described as some distance from the mouth of the river between the Trinity and the Brasos, but a tributary of neither. The stream was obviously the San Jacinto.

The visit of Orobio to the Orcoquiza Indians were the beginning of a quarter of a century of Spanish activity in their country. While among them Orobio talked to them of missions. In a short while, apparently in the same year, he made them another visit and went again to the San Jacinto to look for Frenchmen, though the details of this second expedition are not given. To counteract French influence, one of the Orcoquiza chiefs was honored by being made a "captain" and during the next few years Spanish agents, in the guize of traders, were regularly sent among both the Orcoquiza and the Bidia. Finally, further encroachment of the French led to the occupation of the Orcoquiza country by a presidio and a mission.

Some Old Villages.

It was learned by these traders, explorers, soldiers and missionaries that the Orcoquiza lived in four or five scattered villages, near the Lower Trinity and the San Jacinto rivers. The centers of their population was a western branch of the San Jacinto, usually called in the eighteenth century the Arroyo De Santa Rosa De Alcasar (the San Rafael of Orobio), which, from the evidence, appears to be the Spring Creek of today. Near the junction of the San Jacinto and the Santa Rosa and within gunshot of the latter, was the village which became known as that of Chief Canos, so-called because of his leaning toward the French. Further up the Santa Rosa, some 20 miles perhaps, at the junction of two small branches, was the village of El Gordo (the Fat), while above this point, perhaps northwest, was that of Mateo. East of the Trinity and some 10 or 15 miles from its mouth was another village, known for a long time as that of Calzones Colorados (Red Breeches). There is some indication that there was another village under the authority of this chief, but just where it was located is not clear.

Soon after the visit of Orobio, as has already been noted, Spanish traders from Los Adaes began to operate in the Indian villages of the lower Trinity. The exact circumstances under which this trade was established are not clear, but it is evident that it flourished after 1751, and that its chief beneficiary was Governor Jacinto de Barrios y Jauregui, who went to Texas in that year. The interest in the lower Trinity aroused by Orobio's visit was crystallized by the arrest in October, 1754, of some Frenchmen, caught by Marcos Ruiz among the Orcoquiza Indians. The leader of the French party was Joseph Blancpain, whose name sometimes appears as Lanpen. With him were captured two other Frenchmen, Elias George and Antonio de la Fara, besides two negroes. Their goods were confiscated and divided among their captors, their huts given to Chief Calzones Colorados, tehir boat left stranded on the river bank, and they, after being questioned as to their purpose, sent to the City of Mexico and imprisoned.

The presidios and missions established by the Spanish went through a long period of disheartening inactivity, intensified by pernicious quarreling from one cause or another, and finally during the first period from 1770 to 1772, they were all abandoned.

Milam county raised potatoes cook and eat better. Try them.

COLLEGE COURSE PAYS.

Statistician Proves College Man Has Higher Earning Capacity.

Chicago, June 14.—A college education is worth $25,000, according to statistics compiled by the administration office of Northwestern university and made public today. In seeking to prove in dollars and cents the value of a higher education the university took a census of the class of 1902, members of which have had ten years to get "settled."

The investigation showed that for the first five years out of school the average earning power of the graduate was $687 and for the next five years the earning capacity jumped to $1862.

"According to the United States census bureau the average earning capacity of a salaried man in Chicago is $1202. An estimate of the total value of a college education was arrived at by finding the difference between the earnings of the graduate and multiplying the sum by forty, which the statistician considered a fair estimate of a man's years of service.

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General Strike in Italy.

Milan, Italy, June 14.—A general strike of the workmen of all trades was proclaimed here today as a protest against the condemnation to prison of eighteen workmen who were arrested for various offenses during the recent strike at the iron works. The authorities have taken energetic measures for the maintenance of order. Thus far quiet has prevailed. A party of strikers last night cut the gas pipes in one district.

An electric signal light that pierces a fog better than anything yet tried, the invention of a Californian, draws the carbons apart periodically to stretch the arc, giving out brilliant flashes.

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There never has been a time in the history of Waco when real estate was on such a firm and progressive basis as it is today.

We have a practical, working knowledge of every foot of ground in Waco and Central Texas, and it will afford us pleasure to give you the full advantage of that knowledge. We know that we can give you better and cheaper values than can be obtained elsewhere.

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A GREATER WACO IS HERE

And the Multiplying Dollar Sign Is on the Horizon of

LOCAL REAL ESTATE

It does not take a seer or wizard to see the handwriting on the wall. Standing out in bold relief is the word PROSPERITY, writ large and certain, and no casual observer of current events in Waco, in Texas and throughout the length and breadth of the land will gainsay this. The next five years will be both creative and accumulative and undoubtedly the most momentous in the physical history of Waco.

The big ten-story hotel is a certainty and the preliminary work actually has begun; the Interurban will be in operation by July; the four-story Toby Business college; the four-story Behrens Drug Co. building; the four-story Hill Business college building, and many, many others are contracted for. Is it any wonder that all Texas is gazing Wacoward?

HAVE YOU EVER COUNTED

The wealthy men and women in Waco who have made their money in Waco dirt?

Do it today; it will interest you in the certainties of Dean's Restricted Addition.

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Write the vision and make it plain upon tables,
that he may run that readeth it—Habakkuk 2-2.

Present great activities in business and residence sections positively forecast a greater, much greater Waco. It means that the present physical limits must be moved further out and that homes will be built everywhere.

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Than any other section of the city. The trend of home-building is straight toward our addition, which already is built around on three sides. We soon will have all streets graded and graveled, sewer, water, gas and car lines. These improvements are now being put in.

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CARSON GETS A HOME RUN

Ashton Twirls for Carsonites and Goes Well for Entire Game. Broncho Beat Dallas.

TEXAS LEAGUE.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Houston	37	27	.578
Dallas	35	29	.547
San Antonio	35	29	.547
Waco	34	32	.515
Galveston	30	34	.469
Austin	30	35	.462
Beaumont	28	35	.444
Fort Worth	28	36	.438

Beaumont, June 14.—Driving Harry Peaster out of the box in the seventh inning of this afternoon's game the Navigators bunched hits and made two runs. Downey, who was substituted in the eighth, did no better, giving up four hits which netted the visitors three runs, enough to win with.

Ashton, who worked for the Waco crew, went the nine inning journey. Carson drove out a home run in the ninth inning. Dugey got two two-baggers.

Score—

Beaumont—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Wille, cf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Debard, ss	3	1	0	1	1	0
Betts, rf	2	0	0	3	1	0
Wheeler, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Cooke, 1b	4	0	0	8	1	0
Casey, 2b	4	0	1	0	1	0
McMahon, 3b	3	0	0	2	4	0
Reynolds, c	3	1	1	10	1	0
Peaster, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Downey, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	29	2	4	27	11	0
Waco—						
Dugey, 2b	4	1	2	1	3	0
McLaurin, lf	3	3	2	1	0	0
Jost, lf	0	0	0	2	0	0
Crichelow, cf	4	1	1	3	0	0
Rennard, rf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Tanner, ss	4	0	1	1	0	0
Beck, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Wohlleben, 1b	4	0	1	7	0	1
Reilly, c	2	0	0	8	2	0
Carson, c	2	1	1	1	0	0
Ashton, p	4	1	1	1	1	0
Totals	36	8	12	27	8	1

By innings—
Beaumont ....011 000 000—2
Waco ....200 000 231—8

Summary—Innings pitched, by Peaster 6 2-3. Runs, off Peaster 4, hits 8. Two-base hits, Dugey 2, Wille, McLaurin, Beck, Ashton. Three-base hit, McLaurin. Home run, Carson. Sacrifice hits, Peaster, Dugey. Stolen bases, Ashton, Dugey, Rennard, Tanner, Wohlleben. Passed balls, Reilly 2, Reynolds. Left on bases, Beaumont 5, Waco 13. Struck out, by Peaster 7, Downey 3, Ashton 7. Bases on balls, Peaster 9, Downey 1, Ashton 3. Batters hit, McMahon, McMahon, McLaurin. Time, 1:50. Umpire, Matthews.

San Antonio 1, Dallas 0.

San Antonio, June 14.—Stinson crossed the close-in Dallas infield here today with a clean single with one down in the eleventh and San Antonio scored Seitz from third, winning the second game in eleven innings 1 to 0. It easily was the best game of the seaso here, being a pitcher's duel between Morton and Huenke. Two of the Dallas hits were infield bunts, beaten out by Huenke and Duncan.

In the eleventh Seitz led off with a two-bagger to left, took third on Collins' fly to right and scored on Stinson's single.

Score—

San Antonio—	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Lemon, lf	5	0	2	3	0	0
Seitz, 2b	3	1	1	3	2	1
Collins, rf	5	0	0	2	0	0
Stinson, cf	3	0	1	2	0	0
Kibler, 3b	4	0	0	1	4	0
Frantz, 1b	4	0	1	12	1	0
Schwind, ss	4	0	0	3	4	2
Price, c	4	0	0	6	2	0
Morton, p	4	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	36	1	5	33	14	3
Dallas—						
Duncan, rf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Boone, ss	5	0	0	1	3	0
Wilson, lf	5	0	1	6	0	0
Tullos, 3b	4	0	0	0	2	0
Jackley, c	3	0	0	11	0	1
Hill, 1b	3	0	0	7	0	0
Storch, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Kellerman, 2b	4	0	0	1	1	2
Huenke, p	4	0	1	1	2	0
Totals	36	0	3	x31	8	3

xOne out when winning run was made.

By innings—
San Antonio ....000 000 000 01—1
Dallas ....000 000 000 00—0

Summary—Two-base hits, Wilson, Lemon, Seitz. Stolen bases, Stinson, Boone, Lemon, Seitz, Collins. Struck out, Huenke 7, Morton 4. Bases on balls, Huenke 4, Morton 3. Left on bases, San Antonio 8, Dallas 6. Double plays, Boone to Kellerman to Hill. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, Mullaney.

Galveston 4, Austin 0.

Galveston, June 14.—Harry Williams broke up a close game in the eighth inning today when he hit out a two-bagger with the bases full, cleaning the sacks and scoring himself on Edmiston's single. Austin was shut out 4 to 0. It was a pitcher's battle between Harben and Flanigan up to the eighth, when Flanigan went wild, [illegible] Frierson, hit Madden and Massey, the latter being unconscious for [illegible] minutes but continued in the game. Fast fielding on both sides featured. The score:

Galveston—	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Frierson, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Madden, 3b	3	1	0	1	1	1
Massey, cf	3	1	1	2	0	0
Hopkins, lf	4	1	0	4	0	0
Williams, 1b	3	1	1	6	2	0
Edmiston, ss	3	0	1	1	1	0
Maag, 2b	3	0	0	5	2	0
Wilson, c	3	0	0	7	3	0
Harben, p	3	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	27	4	4	27	11	1
Austin—						
Haigh, c	3	0	0	5	3	0
Cook, rf	4	0	2	6	0	0
James, lf	4	0	1	4	0	0
McIver, cf	3	0	2	0	0	0
Thomson, 2b	3	0	1	2	3	0
Hille, 3b	3	0	1	0	3	1
Brownlow, ss	4	0	0	1	1	0
Brainard, 1b	3	0	0	6	0	0
Flanigan, p	3	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	30	0	7	24	9	1

By innings—
Galveston ....000 000 04*—4
Austin ....000 000 000—0

Summary—Two-base hits, Massey, James, Williams. Stolen bases, Madden, McIver, Hille, Frierson. Double plays, Flanigan to Thomson to Brainard. Bases on balls, Harben 2, Flanigan 6. Sacrifice hit, Thomson. Struck out, Harben 5, Flanigan 4. Hit by pitcher, Harben 1, Flanigan 2. Left on bases, Galveston 5, Austin 8. Time 1:47. Umpire, Howell.

Houston 6, Fort Worth 1.

Houston, June 14.—Houston defeated Fort Worth 6 to 1 today by hitting Rhoades hard in clusters and by according Rose superior support. Brilliant fielding by Britton and McDonald cut off possible Fort Worth chances. Kitchens was fined $5 by Umpire McKee for back talk.

The score:

Houston—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Davis, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Mowry, lf	3	1	1	1	0	0
Newnam, 1b	4	2	1	9	0	0
Whiteman, cf	3	2	2	3	0	0
McDonald, 3b	1	1	1	1	4	1
Britton, ss	4	0	1	1	4	0
Knaupp, 2b	4	0	1	4	1	0
Allen, c	3	0	1	7	2	0
Rose, p	4	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	30	6	9	27	13	1
Fort Worth—						
Maloney, lf	5	0	0	4	0	0
McAvoy, 2b	1	0	0	1	0	1
Howard, cf	4	0	3	1	0	0
Salm, rf	5	0	2	0	0	0
Aiken, 3b	3	0	0	3	2	0
Eberline, 1b	4	0	2	8	2	0
Kneaves, ss	3	0	2	3	3	1
Kitchens, c	4	0	0	0	2	0
Morris, 2b	3	1	1	2	2	0
Totals	35	1	10	24	13	2

By innings:
Houston ....202 000 20½—6
Fort Worth ....000 000 100—1

Summary—Two-base hits, Mowry, Whiteman, McDonald. Stolen bases, Newnam 2, Whiteman 2, Salm. Sacrifice hits, Mowry, Allen, Kitchens. Struck out, by Rose 6. Bases on balls, off Rose 4, Rhoades 3. Hit by pitcher, by Rhoades 1 (McDonald). Left on base, Houston 6, Fort Worth 2. Double plays, Aiken to Eberline; McDonald to Knaupp to Newnam 2; Morris to Kneaves. Time 1:45. Umpire, McKee.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Texas League.

Waco 8, Beaumont 2.
Houston 6, Fort Worth 1.
San Antonio 1, Dallas 0.
Galveston 4, Austin 0.

National League.

Chicago 5, Brooklyn 1.
Philadelphia 7, St. Louis 0.
Boston 4, Cincinnati 2.
New York 6, Pittsburg 5.

American League.

Cleveland 3, Philadelphia 0.
Washington 8, Chicago 3.
Detroit 6, New York 5.
Boston 8, St. Louis 1.

American Association.

Louisville 7-3, Minneapolis 9-8.
Columbus 0, St. Paul 10.
Indianapolis 1, Kansas City 3.
Toledo 2, Milwaukee 3.

College Results.

University of Pennsylvania 4, Harvard 3.
Yale 3, Cornell 0.
Amherst 5, Mass. Agricultural 4.

International League.

Jersey City 3, Baltimore 4.
Buffalo 9-0, Rochester 3-6.
Montreal 5-6, Toronto 6-3.
Newark 3, Providence 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Texas League.

Waco at Beaumont.
Austin at Galveston.
Fort Worth at Houston.
Dallas at San Antonio.

National League.

Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Cincinnati.
New York-Pittsburg, not scheduled.

American League.

No games scheduled.

Southern League.

Mobile at New Orleans.
Montgomery at Memphis.
Others not scheduled.

JACKSON LEADS AMERICAN.

Cleveland Player Passes Cobb in Batting Averages—Is Hitting 435.

Chicago, June 14.—Joe Jackson is leading the hitters of the American league, according to this week's unofficial averages, having passed Ty Cobb. The Cleveland slugger's average is 435, while Ty's has dropped to .403. Eddie Collins of Philadelphia ranks third with .373; Speaker of Boston is fourth with .364 and Strunk of Philadelphia is fifth with .360.

In the National league C. McDonald of Boston continues to set the pace, hitting at a rate of .395. Hyatt, the Pittsburg pinch hitter, is second, with .387 for 20 games; Cravath of Philadelphia third with .368, Kling of Cincinnati and Crandall of New York are tied for fourth with .364.

Milan with 30 stolen bases still leads the American league base runners, but Eddie Collins is climbing, having 24. Lobert of Philadelphia and Meyers of Boston are tied for the National league leadership with 15 each.

Philadelphia has the two topmost four-base hitters in "Home Run" Baker of the American leaguers and Sherwood Magee of the Nationals, each of whom is credited with six.

Amateurs Want Games.

The Dallas Independents would like to arrange games for July 4 and 5 with some fast amateur team in Waco. Managers communicate with S. D. Denny, manager, 5016 Victor street, Dallas, Texas.

[illegible] FISHING [illegible] TRIP ? [illegible] YOUR [illegible] is here [illegible] CO.

Carl Weilman of St. Louis Browns

There is a growing suspicion in the American league that Carl Weilman is some pitcher. He has started out in mid-season form and is St. Louis' winning boxman.

Weilman's rise to fame has been sudden. From obscurity in the Blue Grass league he became recognized as one of the leading left-handers in the game.

Carl also has other claims to fame, as he is the tallest pitcher in the majors. He started in the game at first base because of his wonderful reach, but he always had an ambition to pitch.

HOME RUN DEFEATS MOBILE

Hendrix for New Orleans Smashes Ball Over Fence and Scores Two Ahead of Him.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Mobile	39	28	.582
Nashville	31	28	.525
Chattanooga	29	28	.509
Atlanta	29	29	.500
Montgomery	29	29	.500
Memphis	29	29	.500
Birmingham	28	30	.483
New Orleans	21	39	.350

New Orleans, June 14.—Hendry smashed the ball over the left field fence for a home run in the seventh inning, bringing in two runners ahead of him, and New Orleans won from Mobile 6 to 5.

Score: R. H. E.
Mobile ....000 010 301—5 9 3
New Orleans ....011 000 40*—6 10 3
Campbell and Schmidt; McIntyre and Adams.

Birmingham 1-2, Nashville 0-4.

Birmingham, Ala., June 14.—By a lone run, Birmingham captured the first game from Nashville 1 to 0, but timely home run drives by Schwarts and Goalby prevented them from earning the first division by taking the second battle 4 to 2. Both games were seven innings affairs and were fiercely contested.

First game— R. H. E.
Birmingham ....000 100 *—1 3 0
Nashville ....000 000 0—0 6 1
Prough and Mayer; Williams and Gibson.

Second game— R. H. E.
Birmingham ....001 010 0—2 3 2
Nashville ....000 202 0—4 3 0
Foxen, Hardgrove and Clifton; Moore and Noyes.

Memphis 1, Montgomery 0.

Memphis, June 14.—Inabiliay to hit Parsons, the Memphis twirler, cost Montgomery the game this afternoon, Memphis winning 1 to 0. Case was also effective, giving up only five hits. Butler doubled in the seventh, scoring on Ward's single, the only run made in the game.

Score— R. H. E.
Montgomery ......000 000 000—0 3 1
Memphis ....000 000 10*—1 5 1
Case and Donahue; Parsons and Seabough.

Chattanooga 4, Atlanta 3.

Chattanooga, June 14.—Covaleski won his ninth straight game today. Coyle's double in the seventh sent in the two runs that put Chattanooga in front by 4 to 3.

Score— R. H. E.
Chattanooga ......100 010 20*—4 7 1
Atlanta ....100 011 000—3 6 0
Covaleski and Street; Musser and Dunn.

Eddy Athletes Trim Lorena Five to Two

Eddy, June 14.—The fast Eddy Athletes today pounced upon the invaders from Lorena and took them into camp to the tune of 5 to 1. The Athletes did not find it necessary to put their full strength to the task, having several substitutes in the line up. The game lacked features, though the long double by Anderson for the locals scored two men, and Cawthon at center field made an accurate peg to first, robbing the visitors of a safety.

This makes the twelfth straight victory for the locals.

Batteries: Eddy, Anderson and Bowers; Lorena, Taylor and Jones.

Irwin's Arm Broken.

Chicago June 14.—R. E. Irwin, a catcher on the Brooklyn National league team, suffered a broken [illegible] today when "Heine" Zimmerman of the Chicago Nationals ran into him in an attempt to steal home. The injury was to his left arm, so his absence from the game probably will not be permanent.

PHILLIES SHUT OUT CARDS 3-0

SEATON, PHILADELPHIA, STOPS LOCALS' CHANCES BY FANNING MOWRY IN SIXTH.

CUBS MAKE IT THREE STRAIGHT

Chicago Defeats Brooklyn for Third Time, Score 5 to 1—Giants Trim Pirtes.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	32	18	.640
New York	28	19	.596
Chicago	28	24	.538
Brooklyn	23	23	.500
Pittsburg	24	27	.471
Boston	21	26	.447
St. Louis	22	30	.423
Cincinnati	18	34	.346

St. Louis, June 14.—Philadelphia won from St. Louis today 7 to 0. Seaton, who hurt his side in the sixth inning, held the locals hitless until the third, when the home team filled the bases. With two out, Seaton fanned Mowrey and ended the local's chances.

Score: R. H. E.
Philadelphia .....200 020 300—7 8 0
St. Louis ....000 000 000—0 6 4
Seaton, Moore and Dooin; Geyer and Wingo.

New York 6, Pittsburg 5.

Pittsburg, June 14.—New York fielded amazingly, and by bunching hits in three innings, won from Pittsburg 6 to 5. Of the seven hits off Mathewson, two were triples and two were home runs by Viox and Wilson, when the bases were empty.

Score— R. H. E.
New York ....020 020 200—6 11 0
Pittsburg ....103 000 001—5 7 1
Mathewson and Meyers; O'Toole, Robinson, Hendrix and Gibson.

Chicago 5, Brooklyn 1.

Chicago, June 14.—Chicago made it three straight from Brooklyn today, winning 5 to 1. The game cost the visitors the loss of one of their best backstops, R. E. Erwin, who suffered a broken arm when he caught Zimmerman, who attempting to steal home, slid with great force, feet first. Erwin held the ball and retired the side, but then collapsed.

Score— R. H. E.
Brooklyn ....001 000 000—1 5 1
Chicago ....001 004 00x—5 3 0
Curtis, Ragon, Wagner and Erwin, Fisher; Lavender and Bresnahan.

Boston 4, Cincinnati 2.

Cincinnati, June 14.—Boston profited today by Cincinnati's errors and won the third straight game from the locals 4 to 2. Brown and James both pitched good ball, while neither Ames nor Tyler gave a hit while they pitched. Maranville, at short, accepted eleven chances without an error.

Score: R. H. E.
Boston ....001 000 300—4 8 1
Cincinnati ....100 010 000—2 8 5
James, Tyler and Whaling; Brown, Ames and Clarke.

GO WEL LWINS DERBY.

Weaver's Horse Wins Before Big Crowd.

Latonia, June 14.—Go Well, owned by Jack Weaver and well handled by Jockey Loahan, won the Latonia derby here today from Great Britain, who finished second and Foundation third. Only three horses started. Time 2:33 1-5.

Go Well won by 12 lengths, while Great Britain was twenty lengths in front of the tired Foundation. The latter was never a contender and after traversing the first mile, it appeared as though Go Well had things all to himself.

A tremendous crowd saw the running of the derby and the winner was warmly applauded as he ranked an equal favorite in the betting with the Canadian horse, Great Britain.

The time was comparatively slow, but this is accounted for by the fact that the winner was not pushed to his best.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or Any Constable of McLennan County—Greeting:

Mrs. Fannie Pyle, guardian of the estate of Jonnie Pyle and Alonzo Pyle, minors, has filed in the County Court of McLennan County, Texas, her account for final settlement of said estate, which will be acted on at the July term, 1913, of said court.

Therefore, you are hereby commanded, that by publication of this writ for at least twenty days in a newspaper printed in the County of McLennan, you give due notice to all persons interested to appear before said court at the July term thereof, 1913, commencing on the 7th day of July, 1913, and contest the said account if they see proper to do so.

Witness my hand and seal of office, at Waco, this 14th day of June, 1913.

(seal) J. W. BAKER,
Clerk County Court, McLennan County, Texas.
By Victor Dennis, Deputy.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or Any Constable of McLennan County—Greeting:

Barton O. McCoy, guardian of the estate of Addie McCoy, a minor, has filed in the County Court of McLennan County, Texas, his application for leave to resign the said guardianship and has accompanied the same by an account for final settlement thereof.

You are hereby commanded, that by publication of this writ once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper regularly published in the County of McLennan, you give due notice to all persons interested in the said guardianship to appear before said court at the July term thereof, commencing on the 7th day of July, 1913, and contest the account of the guardian, if they see proper to do so.

Witness my hand and seal of office, at Waco, Texas, this 26th day of May, 1913.

(seal) J. W. BAKER,
Clerk County Court, McLennan County, Texas.
By Victor Dennis, Deputy.

[illegible]

Mark Hall With Jennings' Tigers

Jennings has picked up several promising young pitchers in Hall, House, Clauss and Klawitter to bolster up the Detroit twirling staff.

Mark Hall is about the best of the lot. He comes from Omaha in the Western league, where he had a peach of a record, 25 won and 9 lost. He has won several games for the Tigers so far this year and has his job in the majors cinched as long as he keeps up his present gait.

Baseball News Is Heavy Burden to The Daily Papers

Few people who read the baseball news realize how much extra work it involves for the newspapers, the Associated Press and other agencies engaged in gathering and disseminating the news of the day. In the cities the baseball extra has become a matter of course and is on the streets a few minutes after the finish of the professional games with complete accounts of all the contests in the leagues, with the box scores and averages.

The following is taken from the Outlook.

"All authorities to the contrary notwithstanding, baseball is a burden. It is a burden to the newspapers and press associations, and a heavy one. Each year the army of American ball fans grows larger and more fastidious in its demands for baseball news, until, like the Old Man of the Sea, the Twentieth Century Old Man of the Diamond has a strangle-hold on the sporting desk of the newspaper, and, cheered by a baseball-mad public, he is squeezing tighter every season. To-day—that is, during the playing season—the Associated Press is carrying over its 40,000 miles of leased wires full box scores of every game in the National and American Leagues to approximately 310 morning papers.

And that's not the end. In addition to the major league box scores, which go to every morning paper on the so-called trunk wires, there are the minor league and college games to be reported and handled. Thus, on the wire running from New York City to Albany, for instance, there are sent every playing night during the season eight major league box scores, four boxes of the New York State League, and the results of the International League and the American Association. Southern circuits must carry Southern League box scores and those of the major leagues; the Middle West has the American Association and the major league box scores; and so on.

It takes a good operator just seven minutes to copy a box score; hence with sixteen major league teams playing, this means eight games, or fifty-six minutes of wire time taken up every night during the season with the big league box scores alone. On circuits where there are minor league box scores to be sent, it means double that time, or nearly two hours. On doubleheader days multiply this by two. And baseball is "must" news, too. It must go promptly and go ahead of everything except [illegible]. Of course, in case of a national disaster it would be sidetracked, but it is sidetracked only for news [illegible] of world-wide interest. [illegible] must have their market reports; the market pages are [illegible] and are made up early. [illegible] the markets are sidetracked; sporting pages also are made up early; but baseball is "must" copy chiefly because it is [illegible].

The afternoon baseball extra [illegible]

[illegible]

ATHLETICS ARE EASY FOR GREGG

NAPS TRIUMPH OVER LEAGUE LEADERS BEFORE BIG CROWD.

SENATORS DEFEAT CHICAGO

Walter Johnson Keeps Visitors' Hits Well Scattered and Beats White Sox 8 to 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	39	12	.765
Cleveland	36	17	.679
Chicago	30	26	.537
Boston	25	25	.500
Washington	25	28	.472
St. Louis	24	36	.400
Detroit	22	34	.393
New York	15	37	.288

Philadelphia, June 14.—Cleveland triumphed over the Philadelphia Americans today 3 to 0. The crowd overflowed into right field, making ground rules necessary. The league leaders were almost helpless before the pitching of Gregg. Bush held Cleveland to four hits, but poor fielding helped to lose the game. Ryan's batting and base running were features.

Score— R. H. E.
Cleveland ....000 010 011—3 4 0
Philadelphia .....000 000 000—0 4 0
Gregg and O'Neil; Bush and Schang.

Washington 8, Chicago 3.

Washington, June 14.—Washington easily defeated Chicago today 8 to 3. Johnson kept the visitors' hits well scattered, two of their runs being home runs. Scott, who started for Chicago, pitched but one inning, and White, who succeeded him, was pounded hard.

Score— R. H. E.
Chicago ....000 010 101—3 9 1
Washington ......200 011 31*—8 14 0
Scott, White and Schalk; Johnson and Ainsmith.

Detroit 6, New York 5.

New York, June 14.—The New York Americans lost to Detroit in the tenth inning today when Moriarity's single followed Gainer's triple. The score was 6 to 5. The game abounded in spectacular plays, interspersed with ragged fielding. Manager Chance has asked for waivers on Pitcher Caldwell and Catcher Sterritt.

Score: R. H. E.
Detroit ....000 100 010 1—6 10 1
New York ....000 000 131 0—5 13 3
Willett, Hall and McKee; McConnell, Clark, Caldwell and Sweeney.

READ
The Double Page Ad
On Pages 8 and 9
TODAY.
The Goldstein-Migel Co.

FRANCHISE IS SETTLED

SECRETARY OF BOARD OF TRADE AT AUSTIN MAKES STATEMENT.

Says Conditions Have Been Misrepresented—Club Was Never Broke. Austin People Subscribe.

Austin, June 14.—The following concerning the Austin baseball situation was given out yesterday by Will L. Young, secretary of the Austin board of trade:

"On account of the many misrepresentations with reference to the condition of the Austin baseball franchise I feel that it is nothing but fair that the press should publish this statement of President Baldwin, outlining the exact and true condition of affairs.

Mr. Baldwin's Statement.

"Mr. Baldwin, after having filed the charter, made the following statement:

"'With the filing of the charter, my immediate connection with baseball management ceases. The task accomplished has been no small one, and I am deeply grateful for the support given the baseball enterprise.

"'Ten thousand dollars has been raised in Austin this year for baseball—no small sum. Austin owns the franchise and the club has more than $2000 in the bank. We should have no more trouble this year at least.

Never Was "Broke."

"'A misapprehension has existed as to our troubles. The Austin club has never owed a dollar nor an obligation it could not meet. The trouble was that Mr. Leidy, with a controlling interest, could not care for his share of the investment, and was opposed to creating any obligation which might lessen the value of the security he had given his creditors for the money he had invested. Austin people had put up more money than Mr. Leidy originally asked and were ready to put up more, but in justice they could not do so and leave Mr. Leidy in control. He had worked up a sale of the franchise in order to protect himself, and insisted on putting that sale through. This has been the trouble in bringing the club into an harmonious condition.'"

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and you will have a complete record of and receipt for all transactions. The system is fascinating and as figures do not deceive, militate against unnecessary and thoughtless expenditures of the small sums that in the aggregate have often proved the despair of income. A large opening deposit is not necessary. Won't you drop in and let us explain fully?

[illegible] & [illegible] State Bank
Waco, Texas

[illegible]

M'GREGOR HOPES FOR AMENDMENTS

ISSUES LENGTHY STATEMENT REGARDING THE PROPOSED BOND ISSUE.

DOES NOT STATE ALL FACTS

Appeals for the Blind, Yet Has Had Chance as Legislator to Provide for Them.

(Below is given an article prepared by T. H. McGregor, state senator of Travis county, on the proposed amendments to the constitution. It is published by The Morning News in accord with its policy to publish communications from citizens of the state who sign their own names. It should be said in passing, however, that Senator McGregor has overdrawn the question from his standpoint. Joint resolution No. 18 makes no reference to "The Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas," but provides for bonds for "an" A. & M. college in connection with the university. Mr. McGregor does not bring out the fact that if the amendment is adopted there will be no limit on the legislature in the amount of bonds issued for various purposes, not only now, but forever in the future until the constitution would be again repealed. Mr. McGregor's appeal for the blind children is pathetic, but it loses its pathos when it is remembered that he has been several times a member of the legislature and has had every opportunity to provide buildings for the blind, the deaf and dumb and the insane; that no constitutional provision prevents this being done; that the people of Texas have appealed to the legislature to do this, and they have ignored the appeal. Blind children, deaf mutes and the insane are yet uncared for, while the legislature had the authority to appropriate any money necessary for them and the tax-gatherers would have been required to raise the amount.—(Editor Morning News.)

Austin, Texas, June 14.

In the Dallas Democrat of May 24 Senator J. C. McNealus appeals to the people to study the impending amendment to the constitution and then "to defeat all amendments as it is the only way to get a new constitution."

In a speech, reported in the Chronicle, President Milner of the A. & M. college, at Houston on May 30, advised: "Let's make a clean sweep by defeating this amendment on July 19." Mr. Milner referred to resolution No. 18. His objection was specific and limited to the one amendment. Senator McNealus' objection was general and went against all amendments—was an objection on general principles.

All of Milner's objections were addressed on resolution No. 18, and all of McNealus' were applicable to No. 18, and I can therefore, and will, discuss their respective or similar attitude on this resolution at the same time. I am further impelled to do this because I am very anxious that this particular amendment pass. I think it is the best piece of proposed legislation which has been submitted in a quarter of a century. I am also glad that it is to be passed upon by the people themselves in a referendum vote.

Mr. Milner assumes that the phraseology of the resolution threatens the A. & M. college at Bryan.

Says They Are the Same.

The language of this proposed amendment in so far as it refers to, or in any way involves the A. & M. is in the identical language of the present constitution and must therefore of necessity mean the same thing. In support of this statement I quote section 10 of article 7 of the constitution, which is as folows:

"The legislature shall, as soon as practicable, establish, organize and provide for the maintenance, support and directoin of a university of the first class, to be located by vote of the people of the state, and styled "The University of Texas," for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences, including an agricultural and medical department."

The amendment proposed to section 49 by resolution No. 18 is: "The legislature, however, shall have power to authorize the issuance of bonds to be approved by the governor for the purpose of purchasing additional ground and erecting necessary buildings for the University of Texas, including a medical department, an agricultural and mechanical college, etc." In this connection it is to be noted that the medical department is placed by this proposed amendment in the same relation to the university that the A. & M. is, and yet no one has suggested that it is to be consolidated with the university proper. There is nothing then in the language of the resolution to justify the position of Mr. Milner that its adoption foreruns the consolidation of the two institutions or to stimulate his opposition to is passage on that ground. If, however, he and those who follow him, pitch their fight on this resolution on that ground and lose that fight before the people, then those who now oppose him, not all of whom favor a consolidation, will be justified in claiming that the vote adopting the resolution will be the expressed wish of the people that the two institutions be consolidated. If they go to the people and say: "If you adopt this resolution it means the consolidation of the A. & M. and the university," and if the people accept this statement and vote to adopt the resolution then, why is not such vote the expression of the people's will in the matter so far as the opponents to this resolution are concerned?" If this conclusion is erroneous it is so only because of the false premises, that the adoption of the resolution means the consolidation of the two institutions.

Charges Milner With Selfishness.

There is a thread of selfishness in this objection of Mr. Milner's that should challenge the attention of those who hear or read him on this subject. He is entirely consumed with the imaginary conflict between the A. & M. and the university, and seems to forget that both of these splendid institutions belong to the people of this state, whose genius conceived and made them possible and whose generosity and wisdom have nurtured and preserved them. He also forget that there are other interests involved in this resolution than the educational interest in this state, and these interests would be stifled because he thinks that he fears that the university may absorb the A. & M.

I shall not discuss his attitude with reference to the educational features expressed in the proposed amendment, further than to show that he considers the resolution with reference to that feature alone and even in that assumes the attitude of an obstructionist.

He, in effect, concedes that the building of the university as contemplated would make of that institution one of the finest in the world and yet he objects because he fears that A. & M., whose head he is, would become a part of that institution. Thus, to save the A. M. from becoming a local part of a great university, he would defeat the effectuation of that great university and destroy the claims and rights of the other institutions of the state looking to the passage of this resolution for relief. That we may have a better understanding of this resolution as it relates to the matters under discussion, I will quote section 49 as proposed in full, and then discuss its provisions seriatim.

Bond Power Proposed.

Section 49 is as follows: "No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the state except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection and defend the state in war or pay existing debts, and no debt created to supply deficiencies in current revenues shall ever exceed in the aggregate at any one time five hundred thousand dollars. The legislature, however, shall have power to authorize the issuance of bonds to be approved by the governor for the purpose of purchasing additional ground and erecting necessary buildings for the University of Texas, including a medical department, an agricultural and mechanical college and all departments and activities of a complete university of the first class. The revenue received from the permanent university funds shall be available for the payment of interest on these bonds and for the creation of a sinking fund for their redemption at maturity, and the legislature shall also have power to issue bonds for the construction of necessary buildings for state institutions. The legislature shall also have the power to authorize the issuance of bonds secured by lien on the real property of the penitentiary system to be approved by the governor for the purpose of constructing buildings and making permanent improvements."

The first sentence in this proposed amendment constitutes section 49 as it now reads, except the limitation in the present constitution is "two hundred thousand dollars" instead of "five" as proposed herein. The rest of the proposed amendment is new, and by taking each provision separately it is very simple. The first provision then is: "The legislature, however, shall have power to authorize the issuance of bonds, to be approved by the governor for the purpose of (1) purchasing additional ground, and (2) erecting necessary buildings for the University of Texas, including a medical department, an A. & M., etc." Under this provision, bonds can only be issued for two purposes, to-wit, to buy grounds and to erect necessary buildings. Under the constitution as now framed, no bonds can be issued or debt created for such purposes and to authorize a change in the constitution, there must be a necessity for issuing them. Therefore, let us take up the necessity together with the limitations of the power when granted, and study them together.

To Buy More Land.

The present ground occupied by the university is only forty acres and is entirely too small. This, I assume, will be conceded. The land to be acquired is to be for university purposes and the quantity to be bought would be limited to what was necessary for that purpose. So while the resolution gives the authority to issue bonds, it also carries its own limitation. It in effect authorizes but one issue of bonds for these two purposes. The second purpose expressed is "To erect necessary buildings for the University of Texas, including, etc." Here, again, while it gives the power to issue bonds, it limits that power specifically to the erection of "necessary buildings." This then is in effect a contemplation of but a single issue to meet a single requirement, to-wit, to erect necessary buildings. Not only this limitation, but the resolution goes further and expressly fixes the security on which these bonds must rest, defines and fixes the fund out of which they and the interest on them must be paid and for the legislature to attempt to shift that security or to pay them from another source, would be in violation of this limitation and such attempt would be void. "The resevenue received from the permanent university funds shall be available for the payment of interest on these bonds and for the creation of a sinking fund for their redemption at maturity" is the language of the proposed amendment and no more bonds can be issued than can be paid, principle and interest, out of that fund. Thus we see that so far as the university part of this proposed amendment is concerned the legislature can simply carry out the instructions of the people and issue only such and as many bonds as are authorized under these limitations.

Either Bonds or No Bonds.

Under the law as it now exists no appropriation from the general revenue can be made for the purposes embodied in this part of the proposed amendment and the suggestion of Senator McNealus that these matters be taken care of in the appropriation bill is in the "teeth of the law." (Section 14, article 7, of the constitution.) It follows then that we must either issue bonds, limited in amount as provided in the proposed amendment or do without "additional ground" and "necessary buildings" for our university. "The man with the hoe," the ditch-digger, the cotton-picker, the lawyer, the merchant and farmer all have a relative interest in a great university and should all support this resolution. The poor man has relatively as much interest in this university as the rich man and every educated Christian man or woman turned out from this institution is an asset of the state and the property of each and all the people. The chief pillars of this great state are sound education and pure religion, and it requires them both to support the imposing fabric and he who would weaken the one or warp the other, does an injury to mankind which will survive the age in which he lives.

The current "revenue recieved from the university fund" amounts at this time to one hundred forty-eight thousand dollars annually, and out of this fund must be paid the interest on the bonds issued and provide the sinking fund out of which they are to be paid. The legislature cannot under this provision issue more than can be paid, principle and interest, out of this fund. It is, therefore, impossible for "bond issuing" under this provision to become a habit as suggested by Senator McNealus. Nor can bonds be issued under any of these subdivisions "to defray current expenses" as feared by Senator McNealus. Bonds can in any case only be issued for betterments—improvements and then only as provided and limited in the provision itself.

Other Institutions.

Let us pass now to the next provision or subdivision of the proposed amendment which reads: "The legislature shall have the power to issue bonds for the construction of necessary buildings for state institutions. Observe the limitation here is for necessary buildings."

I want to call Senator McNealus' attention to some other "state institutions," for I know that he is in love with humanity and would not willingly stay the hand that would minister to the afflicted in this state. He objects, as he says, to going in debt. He forgets that all nature rests upon obligations, and that even the Divine plan of salvation embodies the idea of a debt. Debt is natural and all right if you get anything in return.

We owe a debt to the weak and poor, to the sick and afflicted and the adoptoin of this resolution will help us to discharge that debt.

The School for the Blind.

The people owe something to the blind children of this state, and have in a way sought to discharge that debt. We have a school for the blind in Austin in which they have to put little children to bed to keep them warm because of inadequate heating facilities. They are housed in a building which is a veritable fire-trap, and if that awful tragedy of San Antonio should be repeated in Austin, after this resolution has been defeated, then every man who voted against this resolution would to that extent be responsible for that calamity. In a letter addressed to me Nov. 28, 1912, Prof. Bramlett, superintendent of the State School for the Blind, uses this language: "The old buildings which constitute the dormitories are veritable fire-traps, having been built piecemeal, one addition after another being added at long intervals of time since 1857, without regard to the comfort and convenience of the indwellers and ignoring all ideas of safety from fire and sanitation. The entire inner structure, floors, ceilings and roofs, are worn out and are full of cracks and holes, affording only suitable habitat for bats and rats, snakes, centipedes and scorpions, not to mention smaller insects, against all of which we wage a continuous warfare. The floors are splintered and worn, so that they cannot be scoured and kept clean, and will have to be replaced. The bathing facilities for the children are wretchedly inadequate, and the roughly constructed wooden lockers for the clothes and laundry of the children are not fit for the purpose and only increases the danger of fire." This is a terrific arraignment and it comes from an unassailable source.

Why should the state not provide to the limit for these little children—they have so little. For them there are no toys nor marbles, no pretty pictures, no playhouses, no paper dolls. For them there are no shifting seasons. No vernal spring, whose bursting buds and blooms and blossoms foretell autumn's harvest home. No gorgeous golden summer. No glorious autumn, when visible and varied nature spreads a panorama of beauty, and tints hill and valley, plain and prairie with all her royal colors of purple and gold and scarlet out of which will come again the modest violets and for-get-me nots of the returning springtime, teaching the lesson that through death comes life. For them there is no winter whose mantling snow and crystal ice makes this world a sparkling jewel in nature's wondrous crown.

For them there is no recurring morning, with rosy fingers to let the sunlight in, no glorious noon whose resplendent sun crystalizes a million mysteries, no blue skies, no floating clouds, no bow of promise when the storms have rolled away, no slow descending sun who lies down upon a bed of dying glories to watch the world to sleep. No soft twilight, no pale moon, no trembling stars, but all is darkness—darkness as black as the ebon pall of the dead.

Let us adopt this resolution, issue the necessary bonds and build for these blind babies, these boys and girls, a home wherein they will be comfortable and safe, and then when their mothers and fathers kneel in the evening, they will murmur a prayer for the safety, peace and prosperity of this wonderful state.

Nurses' Home.

There is in Galveston an old frame building, storm shaken, warped, twisted, not modern, made of fat pine, three stories high, of small rooms, of leaky roofs, low ceilings, narrow, rickety steps, unfit for human habitation. This building is a part of the medical department of Texas and is known as the nurses' home. In it is housed some sixty young women, who have dedicated their lives in ministering to the sick and afflicted. In connection with the medical school and hospital for three years, housed in this old building, they struggle to equip themselves to be trained nurses, then they go out into the state to become the ministering angels to those who suffer.

Senator, it is not far from this nurses' home to San Jacinto and the glory of the one is dimmed by the infamy of the other. Let's adopt this resolution and build for these good women, and those who are to come after, a home in which they will be comfortable and safe.

Tuberculosis Sanatorium.

In Tom Green county, in the little town of Carlsbad, is the State Tuberculosis sanatorium, with a capacity of about seventy. The success of that institution is now a certainty, and if the state does its duty by it, it will not be a charity, but will become an investment, whose value cannot be estimated. In addition to what the state does there, I feel assured that every man and woman, too, who goes out from there with restored health, with renewed vigor, will carry with him the promise, and make that promise true, that he will send there some afflicted person who in turn will send another, and so on and on, thus, and while that institutoin stands there will be recruited from the peaceful valley an ever replenishing army to wage a ceaseless warfare on the world's greatest enemy.

Senator, let's adopt this resolution and give to the consumptives of Texas a hundred thousand dollars with which to erect "necessary buildings" from which to fight the white plague.

The Insane Asylum.

Our asylums are so crowded that not only does it affect the health of the inmates, but it almost threatens epidemic. The facilities of these institutions are deplorably inadequate. There are nearly four hundred lunatics in the jails of Texas that should be in hospitals and asylums. Let's adopt this resolution and relieve this condition.

Penitentiary.

The provisions relating to the penitentiary only authorize the issuing of bonds "for the purpose of constructing buildings and making permanent improvements." These are necessary. Let's put up these buildings because they are needed—then let's repeal that law which gives to convicted thieves and murderers a pension and deal with the convict in a business way. Let's put a large number of them on a system of state highways. Let's stop all this rot and maudlin sentiment about a lot of convicts. In order to keep from making a beast of him is it necessary to make a parlor boarder out of him?

What I have said of these institutions, which I have discussed, applies to all state institutions. Let's adopt this resolution, issue enough bonds to "erect the necessary buildings" and provide for a publicity in the expenditure of the money which will insure that the state will get a dollar's worth of property for every dollar's worth of bonds she issues and the people ought to be and will be satisfied.

T. H. M'GREGOR.

DANGER IN BOND RESOLUTION

R. A. Carpenter Points Out the Fact That There Is No Limit in the Future.

To the People of Texas:

Dallas, Texas, June 14.—I do not believe that the people of Texas should be led away from the real dangers concealed in the bond amendment to the constitution by either side of school men who are now leading the controversy. I am a friend of the university and of the A. & M. College, also; but prejudces and preferences for or against one or both of these institutions should certainly not control the free Texas citizen in his vote on this amendment. Assuming that both these schools could get from it all the bonds they need or want, still, it ought to be voted against by every good citizen of Texas, including the friends of education and the friends of both the university and the college.

Every fai rman believes in direct and honest methods of public service. It is not fair, in presenting an amendment for the people to vote on, to include in the same section things the voters favor and other things the voters are heartily opposed to. No body of the people's representatives has any right to control and force a free people by a resort to this old trick of the politicians. Every man with whom I have conversed, including members of the legislature and correspondents of the leading newspapers, has assured me that this dragnet amendment was deliberately made a dragnet proposition ni order to compel the farmers and others to vote for bonds they are opposed to in order to secure some other issue of bonds which they approve. This being true, the deception and injustice in this scheme of taking away the voter's right of selection and power to vote his own mind should be resented by every honest freeman in the state. If this wrong is condoned, then other wrongs and tricks of the sort will be encouraged and invited, until the rights of the people at the ballot box will be taken away.

It is a strange fact that in the construction of this dragnet the planners and plotters should have let in, with the various other provisions and baits for voters, one deadly provision that is quite sure to defeat their scheme entirely. This provision authorizes the legislature to issue bonds for any sort of state institution, for anything that can be designated as "a state institution," without any limit whatever, either as to amounts or rates of interest. If this amendment carries at the polls the people's right to vote on all bond issues will be lost, and any future legislature of Texas can proceed without limit to issue bonds for any and all of the existing state institutions; or can logroll and trade, section with section, city with city, lobbyist with lobbyist, or member with member, and create a dozen or a hundred new state institutions and bond the people for them, wholly wtihout let or limit!

Nobody will deny that such is the case. Governor Colquitt recognizes the scope of this dangerous provision when he says that bonds for the A. & M. college can be issued under it; and so does President Mezes in his recent contribution to the press.

This very bad and extremely dangerous provision must be voted for if the rest are voted for. To add it to the constitution is to invite for Texas the old revel in extravagance and bankruptcy which reconstruction legislatures brought down upon Texas and other southern states and from which several of them have never recovered.

To vote for this provision is to vote for precisely the same law that prevails in the Central and South American countries, under which governors and generals and presidents have for a century been bonding the people for millions, and then absconding to Europe with the money, to live in the richest luxury the rest of their lives.

It is not necessary to surrender the power and credit of the people in this way in order to build up our schools. It is unfortunate that this dragnet scheme was ever attempted. It is a loaded bomb. I am sure that members of the legislature did this thing without due consideration, and that many of them, seeing the danger in it, will vote against the amendment.

In this important matter we should all put aside our prejudices and preferences regarding schools, as well as any unfriendly or jealous feelings we have toward each other. This is not a contest between the university and the college. It is a contest in which the people of Texas are being urged to surrender to the legislatures, for all time to come, the most important of all their powers—and, in due time, to surrender their credit and even their liberty.

It is not necessary to do this. We should vote down this amendment, and then have separate amendments covering the bond issues properly presented. If this is done, they will carry overwhelmingly, and no patriotic voter of Texas will have stultified himself by voting away his own power, his own credit and his own safety as a free citizen.

R. A. CARPENTER.

Ocean Six Miles Deep.

(New York Press.)

A surveying ship of the German navy has recently discovered the deepest known spot in the ocean. It is near the Philippines, about forty sea miles off the north coast of Mindanao.

Great depths were found to be numerous in this region, but the record sounding showed the amazing result of 9,780 meters, or 400 feet more than six miles.

The greatest ocean depth hitherto known was found by the United States cable seamer Nero in 1901. This spot was to the south of the island of Guam, and the deep sea lead indicated 9635 meters—just a little less than six miles.

The Old Rut and the New

Only a few years ago Waco was in the old rut of contentment. She was satisfied with her small population and was making no effort to secure new enterprises and new people. A few men had plenty, and were not worrying about those who had little. There were some men, however, that had money, brains and enthusiasm; so by and by the young men of the town, with their veins flowing with hot blood and enthusiasm, organized what is generally known as the Boosters' Band; the banner of prosperity was raised and Waco's great advantages began to be expounded to the entire country. Men from all parts of the United States and Canada were hailed, and entreated to come to dear old Waco and join the mighty hosts of Boosters. So by and by the Boosters' Club inspired some of the more elderly gentlemen of our city and at last created the enthusiasm that caused the old standbys of the city to place their hand in their pockets and their shoulder to the wheel that has at last lifted the dear old town out of the old rut and into the new. This Boosters' Band today consists of most every soul in the city, and thousands of people in the other cities are giving us a glad handshake and saying, "March on."

Now, if there be a man who is still burdened with the old yoke, throw it off and put on the new; put your hammer in your pocket and be loyal to the people and to the city that you are indebted to for your comforts in life that you possess today.

If you have a few dollars laid away, invest it in Waco real estate and in a few months your bank account will increase and you will feel the confidence that comes to every prosperous man.

I will quote below a little poem on Texas, which I will apply to Waco and McLennan county:

A man once asked a native
What Texas soil would grow.
Said he, "I'll never tell you sir,
For I really do not know.

"The soil's so rich in this great State
(Remember what I say)
That if I told you everything
I'd not get through today.

"Just take the products of the earth
From every land and clime,
And Texas soil will equal
The best grown every time.

"Why, sir," he said, "if walls were built
Around us ten miles high,
We'd have the best of everything
And wouldn't half way try.

"We have our mines, our countless herds,
And industries galore;
And hands that work and hearts that beat
For Texas evermore.

"And woman fair, large men and strong,
Our cities rich and great;
I'll tell you, sir, what Texas is—
The world rolled in one State."

Now, my friends, in reference to the above poem I wish to state that McLennan County is the garden spot of Texas, and Waco is destined to become the greatest city in the South. I see no reason why every man who lives in the county or city should not feel the same enthusiasm as I. Now if you are a Booster, or wish to become a Booster, come to my office and I will take pleasure in showing you the wonderful opportunities that Waco now possesses; you will readily see that she is no longer in the old rut. I can sell you a home on most any terms, or I can sell you lots in the best part of the city and almost allow you to dictate your own terms.

I have the exclusive sale of BEAUTIFUL PARK VIEW Addition, in the North part of the city; only a few blocks from lots that have been sold for as high as $1,500.00 each. Park View is close to the handsome new school building now under construction in North Waco, close to North Fifth street car line, good streets, water and lights guaranteed this year. Lots priced from $290 to $500 each—terms $5.00 cash and $2.00 per week. No interest, no taxes for practically two years. Only a few choice lots left. You will have to hurry if you get one.

Very truly yours,

J. FRANK ELDER

New Phone 796 ***117 N. 5th Street***

THE FORGER

By R. F. FOSTER

"GOING out by the 4:46 to-night, Golden?" asked one of the bookkeepers, peeping through the grating at the paying teller.

"Yes, I guess I'll walk up with you," and the last book was shut and slipped into the safe. A minute or two later Golden was in the street, sheltering himself under his companion's umbrella, after having said good-night to the old cashier, whose place Golden hoped at no distant day to fill.

"Sorry about that mistake of yours, old fellow. Don't you think you will be able to recollect who it was you overpaid?"

"I have an idea," said Golden. "But if it was the man I think, he is not the kind that would readily admit it."

"Hundred and fifty is a good deal to lose."

Yes, it was a good deal to lose, and it haunted Golden all the way home. But it was not lost yet, although the possibility worried him. The man he suspected might come in to-morrow, and he could ask him. Perhaps he should have gone around to see him that evening. It would do just as well next day.

But if it was actually lost? Golden had not more than half that amount to his credit on the books, and Christmas was coming on. He had a wife and two children at home who had made many plans for the spending of what little cash he could spare. The hundred and fifty had been already charged to his account, so as to make the bank's books balance, and if it were not recovered before the end of the month, his personal account would stand overdrawn on December 1. His full salary was none too much and if at least a fourth of it had to be left in the bank for several months to come to cover up this possible shortage, it would pinch him to pay living expenses. How about Christmas then? The fur collar his wife had looked forward to so long? The drawing instruments for his boy? The doll house for the little girl? Somehow or other he could not stop thinking about it.

Next day another man came from the broker's for whom the check had been cashed. Golden saw him even before he entered the bank, and he could hardly keep his hand steady enough to get rid of those at the window, so as to hear what the broker's man had to say.

He said nothing about any overpayment yesterday. Golden felt almost dizzy for a moment. He wanted to ask why the other man had not come as usual, but the lump in his throat seemed to gag him. He would go round to the office and see him the moment the bank closed.

Mr. Hart, the manager, was the man he wanted to see. He was out of town and would not return until Monday. That meant four days, every minute of which was to be spent in worrying about that hundred and fifty.

On Monday Golden saw him. The instant their eyes met the paying teller felt he was right, but Hart expressed the greatest surprise at his errand, and immediately rushed into the other room to ask if there had been too much money in the cash drawer on Wednesday. Of course not. Golden tried to recall the circumstances to him, but the broker's manager cut him very short and seemed anxious to talk about something else.

"You see this flurry in copper has kept us all on the jump. Everyone wants some of it. All our customers made good turns, and if I had been here I would have put several others on. Such chances do not come every day."

"I know nothing about stock gambling," said Golden, "except that when there is a flurry, as you call it, young men of a speculative turn of mind come to the bank with extraordinary offers of collateral for loans, which they invariably assure us shall be repaid in twenty-four hours at the latest."

"Well, there is no money in working on a salary. If a man can't get into business for himself, and doesn't speculate, he must make up his mind to be a slave all his life. You can make more money in a week by judicious speculation than you can spare out of a salary in ten years. Two hundred or so, put into copper to-day, would make more than a hundred and fifty profit before this time to-morrow if the market changes two points, even after paying commissions. Of course, the margin is too small to be safe, but, if you strike it right, there you are."

"More than a hundred and fifty." Curious that he should name the exact sum overpaid on that check when Golden had not mentioned the amount.

The paying teller did not look at the broker, but kept his eyes on the opposite wall.

"How would a man go about such a speculation?" he asked finally.

"Send two hundred and twenty-five round here before 10 to-morrow morning, and say 'buy copper' or 'sell copper,' as you please. By 12 o'clock there would be something doing, or at least before closing time. You can make it a stop order if you like, or say to close the account when a certain profit has been reached."

The paying teller was still thinking.

"Can't I say to sell out at a certain time, say, 2 o'clock, and send round for the profits?"

"Sure! Close the account and give you a check at any time you please. Fifteen minutes' notice will do the business."

Golden did not sleep much that night. He thought over every circumstance connected with the loss, for loss it certainly was now. He was sure the broker's manager was the man, and he felt that those suggestions of his as to speculation were given under a certain sense of [illegible]. The more he thought about it the more confident he felt that Hart [illegible] him to make a profit, and would [illegible] good care that he did. [illegible] about the necessary capital? [illegible] only a loan, of course, just [illegible]. There was no one whom [illegible] would be likely to lend him [illegible] only available cash he could think of was in the cash drawer at the bank. Two hundred and twenty-five borrowed after the opening and repaid before closing time looked like a simple proposition. Why not risk it? But there could be no risk; Hart would never have suggested such a thing unless he was sure it was all right. He felt guilty at having appropriated that hundred and fifty, but did not like to admit the matter after four days had passed, and this was just his way of settling it. Very likely he would not buy any copper at all, but would just send the hundred and fifty along and pretend that it had been made in speculation. If Golden did not give him a chance to pay it back that way he would never get it at all.

A little before 10 next morning a messenger handed a sealed envelope to the broker's manager. The two hundred and twenty-five was accompanied by a slip of paper with the words: "Buy copper until 2 o'clock."

The bucket-shop manager smiled quietly to himself as he read the amateurish instructions. After he had dismissed the boy with a brief "No answer," he stepped in front of the mirror and winked at himself as he stuffed the bills into his waistcoat pocket.

Golden could snatch only two opportunities to step into the telephone box that morning and ask about copper. That it was "active" was all they could tell him. They did not know what the price was when his order went on the floor, they said, and could not tell what profits he had made so far.

On the moment of two Golden sent a messenger with a note asking that a check might be sent around to him at once. In about twenty minutes the messenger returned with a piece of paper. All it said was: "Come around and see me after bank house.—Hart."

After bank hours! But he must have at least the two hundred and twenty-five to balance his books at 3 o'clock. He hastily scribbled a note to Hart, explaining his position, and insisting that at least the two hundred and twenty-five should be in his hands before the bank closed.

The boy came back to say he had left the note, but that Hart had gone out and would not return until half past three. Golden was beside himself. He rushed off another message, this time to the firm, instead of to the manager, asking that a check be sent immediately "in settlement of Mr. Golden's account." It was about five minutes past three when the boy returned with a polite note, saying that Mr. Hart had not yet made any returns for Mr. Golden's account. When a paying teller knows that he is short of a certain amount, there are many ways in which he can carry the deficiency along so as to make his books balance for the day. Golden had never had to do such a thing before and he was too excited to think clearly about any particular way of doing it now. The shortest and simplest seemed to be to misrepresent the amount of ready cash on hand, as no one counted it but himself. The dishonesty or danger of such an action did not seem to occur to him for the moment. The main thing was to get the books balanced and rush off to the brokers.

Hart was there, and had Golden's note in his hand. He read it over aloud and looked at Golden and smiled in a peculiar way. It did not take the paying teller a moment to realize that he had thoughtlessly betrayed the fact that his anxiety to get a settlement before 3 o'clock was because he had borrowed the bank's funds to speculate with. Hart did not say so. Perhaps he did not notice it. What if he did? He could not prove it even if he suspected it. What did it matter, so long as it was repaid in the morning?

"Well, Mr. Hart, what did I make on copper to-day?"

"Make? Well, fact is, I am sorry to say, Mr. Golden, you were wiped out." The paying teller made a sudden clutch at the arms of his chair. "You see," Hart went on, apparently not noticing the ashy color of his caller's face, "you see, you said to buy, and as the margin was only two per cent., and the first turn after your order was executed happened to be downward, owing to a little profit taking, you were wiped out before the price recovered. Your judgment of the situation was undoubtedly correct and had you been on the usual ten per cent. margin, you would have protected yourself until the market recovered and have cleared about eight hundred by two o'clock."

He did not look at Golden, who was almost in a state of collapse, but went on:

"You see, my advice on such a small margin would have been to sell, not to buy, but your orders distinctly said buy, and I dared not transgress them. Had you left the matter to me, it was my intention to sell short, and you would then have cleared about three hundred in the first twenty minutes and I should have closed the account at once."

For the first time their eyes met. The manager was smiling and confident. The paying teller was trying to moisten his lips so that he could speak.

"Is there nothing left?"

"Nothing. The two hundred went for margins and the twenty-five for commissions."

"I must have the two hundred and twenty-five, if not the hundred and fifty, before to-morrow afternoon."

"Well, you know the old saying, the best place to look for your money is where you lost it. If you will trust my judgment to-morrow I will pull you through, but I would not guarantee anything on such a small margin as two per cent. Ten per cent. is the smallest that I could recommend so as to be sure of returns. Let me see. You want about four hundred now. To make four hundred you should be fixed so that a change of two points will give it to you. Two hundred shares at ten per cent. is two thousand, and commissions; say two thousand and fifty to guarantee results."

"I can not raise any such amount. It is simply impossible."

"Well, you know your own business best, of course," said Hart, rising, as if the interview were at an end. "There is absolutely no risk in it. I shall be on the floor myself to take care of money."

Another sleepless night, thinking it all over. He had only himself to blame that his first venture had not been a success. Hart meant well, but he had not been left free to use his own judgment, or he would have made a profit. Now he offered to guarantee success. He said "guarantee," didn't he? Yes, that's what he said, and he would be on the floor to take care of the investing himself. This time there could be no mistake; the only question was the cash.

In the morning another messenger, another envelope and another wink at the face in the mirror.

There were no profits the first day, nor the next. Golden was sorry he had not made some stipulation about time. The first afternoon it did not seem so difficult to turn in a false statement of his cash; the next day it would be all right again; but after the second day the risk kept running through his thoughts. He imagined a thousand possibilities that would necessitate his absence from the bank for a time, and compel some one to count his cash. He felt that it would be safer to have his cash right. A draft would pass muster for the time, in case anyone should go over his books, but any shortage in the actual cash would be discovered in a moment.

"He Took Off His Hat and Wiped His Burning Forehead."

Golden had become so accustomed to false balances that he turned in one every day now as a matter of course, but he shrank from the furthr step—the forgery of a draft. Cash could be replaced and no one any the wiser; but a draft with a signature to it is something that leaves a stain upon the pages of a banker's books which it is not easy to efface.

There were no profits for four days. Hart suggested a change of policy, or of stocks, or something. He said he did not seem to be able to "hit it right" these days. Golden was ready to agree to anything and everything that offered the slightest hope of getting him clear. As his capital gradually wore away, he lost all hope of getting back the $400, and begged Hart only to save the $2,000. The broker promised a final effort next day, and it was final. He called Golden up by telephone about 2:55 and told him he was wiped out again.

"The place to look for your money is where you lost it." That remark kept ringing in Golden's ears. There was no possible way out of his difficulty except to go until the lane turned. He might as well steal the horse as the halter; to stand still with the stolen halter in his hand would only get him into trouble; if he stole the horse as well, it might get him out.

He studied the stock market himself now. He read all the financial reports and talked stocks to everyone who knew anything about them. He placed his orders explicitly, and divided them among several brokers, so as not to excite suspicion. He watched the fluctuations carefully, and knew exactly what he made or lost. What he owed the bank was another matter. The fatal step had been taken; and not to balance up his books, but to borrow enough ready cash to enable him to pay presented checks. He was quite accustomed now to turning in a false statement of his accounts, and when he found himself running short of cash, and checks were coming in faster than usual, there was nothing for it but to make a draft on another bank and borrow a few thousand dollars to help him along.

Kiting drafts and keeping up fictitious balances on a bank's books are things that cannot be kept up indefinitely, and it is not conducive to either sleep or appetite. He did not stop now to think how much it cost or how he got the cash. The first step having been taken, it did not seem so hard to take the second. The first forgery safely passed, apparently unnoticed; the second came as a matter of course, and the fourth and fifth almost as matters of habit.

They say it is a long lane that never turns. Golden's luck turned at last. About ten days before Christmas things began to go his way, and at closing time one afternoon he was within a few hundred of even. He placed his orders very carefully that night, for if things went as he expected next day, he could close out within ten minutes after the Stock Exchange opened, and pay up everything, and forget the past few weeks as one forgets some frightful dream.

That night he slept as he had not slept for weeks. At breakfast he talked Christmas with a light heart, and as he walked up and down the platform, waiting for the train, he felt like a new man. At 9 he would be in the bank; at 10 the market would open, and if a certain stock fell a single point, he was saved. In a couple of hours it would be all over. Instead of the paper which was forcing a balance in his accounts, the cash would be back in the safe at closing time, and he would be himself again.

About half-past ten he thought he would telephone to one of his brokers, but the sudden entrance of a messenger boy saved him the trouble. The stock had not gone down, and if he wanted to protect himself he must send another ten per cent. margin at once, or he would be sold out. The accompanying advice was to let it go and buy for a rise instead.

He was incapable of anything like decision. He could only scribble a note to say that he would see them that afternoon. To provide the ten thousand that would be necessary to cover all his holdings was simply impossible then.

It seemed as if three o'clock that afternoon would never come. When it did come he did not know what to do. A thousand times during the day he had cursed himself for not having closed out his accounts the night before, when he was so nearly even. Instead of leaving such a large amount of capital subject to the fluctuations of a feverish market, he could easily have made up what little he was still short by waiting for better opportunities on smaller investments. He thought how he could have done this and that and anything but what he had done, but he had been a fool in everything.

After he had talked it all over with his brokers, he saw there were only two things to do—to go on with his stock-jobbing or to go to jail. The next day the total deficit in his accounts had reached thirty thousand. The actual amount of ready cash on hand was getting unpleasantly close to the safety limit. Another ten thousand would be impossible, even five thousand would be tempting fate. The final die was cast, and on this throw was hung his future. On one side of the die, the cashier's desk; on the other, the prisoner's dock.

The further five thousand had to be risked, and then the question of kiting drafts came secondary to that of concealing the shortage in his cash. He was in constant terror that several customers would want uncommon sums on the same day, and that he would not have enough on hand to pay them. He dared not leave his desk for a moment, for fear some accident might betray him. He would rush to the office and stick to his work all day with the most frightful headaches. He was always the first man in the bank and the last to leave it. His eyes were eternally upon the clock. When his funds were lower than usual, how desperately he would pray for the hour of three, and how inwardly he cursed the porter if the door was not shut on the minute! He was exposed now to a new danger; a check presented by a customer might be even worse than an examination of his accounts. That was a contingency against which it was impossible to provide.

One afternoon two men had withdrawn large amounts. It was too late to borrow from another bank, and he could only watch the clock and pray that the proverbial third five hundred would not come. There was hardly five hundred left in the drawer; nothing in the safe.

The third man came. He never drew less than five hundred or a thousand at a time. He was in no hurry, and even stopped to open his pocketbook as he advanced slowly to the window. Golden felt the final moment had come, and that instant exposure was inevitable.

When the man handed in the check with his usual pleasant "Good afternoon," Golden could not reply. One lightning glance at the figures was enough. Eight hundred! He dared not look up. He felt the bank swimming round him. He longed for a pistol, for poison, for anything that would end the matter then and there, sooner than face this terrible exposure, so long foreseen, so short foretold.

He stood there like a fool, the check in his trembling fingers, his eyes fixed on that terrible "eight hundred."

"I don't often ask you to cross checks, but I thought it best to have this one crossed," said the customer, quite at a loss to understand the evident trepidation of the paying teller.

Only to cross it; not to pay it! Golden had to excuse himself long enough to go into the president's empty office and offer up a prayer. What an escape! In the morning he would borrow enough to make everything safe for the day, so that he should have enough cash on hand to keep his eyes off the clock for once.

The next morning his train missed connections at the junction, and there would not be another for forty-eight minutes. That meant forty minutes late at the bank. Before that time the cashier would open the safe and find only $800 in it instead of $35,000. Why had he been so careless as not to foresee the possibility of a late train? Some one whose business was apparently equally urgent began denouncing the railroad, and several others joined in, but Golden was the loudest and most excited of them all. He offered to pay anything for a special. He must get there on time. He told the most amazing lies to account for his impatience, and at the same instance he was debating the advisability of not going to town at all.

Why not run away? Why should he rush into the arms of his accusers at the bank? Stay here until they sent the officers for him? No. Get away while he had the chance; that was the only plan. The more fiercely he paced the platform, the more it impressed him, and he had almost made up his mind to stop mincing matters and fly when the inspector announced that a special would be there in three minutes.

Twenty-three minutes late in town! He jumped on a car, but it seemed as if every wagon and truck in the world got in its way. Out of it and into a cab, with frenzied offers of double fare to get there in less than no time. Anything to save even thirty seconds.

He walked into the bank with head erect. He felt a cold shiver as the porter shut the door behind him and stood with his back against it. There were no customers in the bank. A swift glance at his own window showed him that it was still closed, but no one had taken his place and the cash drawers were not yet on the desk. Perhaps the bank was closed and the porter had taken him in as in a trap.

He understood the hidden meaning of the sneering good morning greetings of the other clerks, but he did not care. He walked on like a man in a dream, straight to his doom. Straight to the vault, where he knew what would happen. He did not stop to take off his hat and coat. His hands trembled so that he could hardly get out his handkerchief to wipe the cold sweat from his stony face.

There was a light in the vault.

"Mr. Tait is in there," one of the clerks said to him, and nodded toward the open iron door.

Of course, the cashier was in there. In another moment Golden stood beside him with his hands outstretched and the cry for mercy almost on his lips. The old man was on his knees in front of the safe, with a tallow candle on the floor, by the light of which he was wiping his spectacles for the fortieth time.

"Is that you, Golden? Thank goodness you have come. I thought you must be sick, so about ten minutes ago I tried to open the combination, but I can't quite manage it. So glad you're here."

Did he shake the old man's hand as he helped him to his feet? Did he thank God he was old and infirm and that his glasses were always dirty? Did he push him out of the vault or only help him? One thing he certainly did; he went in again and shut the door for a moment to steady himself and make sure that this was not a dream.

Things seemed to go better that day, as it always clears a little after a storm. It was well they did, for Golden felt that he was going mad. He could not stand the strain much longer. At 12 o'clock he learned that he was gaining on the market, and if his stocks went up four points more without first going back too far he would be even with the world and have his four hundred besides.

Why should they not advance? If they only would. If he could only get clear just once. What vows he made that he would never again be tempted. He would be good. He would be a model in every way. He would teach Sunday school. He would preach to young men about the folly of stock gambling. He would do anything if he could only once "win out" and get even with the world.

Why should he not? Why should his wife and family suffer for him? If he vowed never to take such a step again, why should not Providence pull him out of the predicament which Fate had forced him into? The more he thought it over the more he felt that he had suffered enough, and that no further punishment would impress the lesson more deeply on his soul.

That night, before getting into bed, he felt an irresistible impulse to kneel down and pray; to pray that his trial might be spared him; to pray that copper might advance those four points, and to promise, with tears and wringing hands, that if it did, that if he could get square again, he would consecrate the rest of his existence to the service of his Maker.

What is there in the mental effect of a prayer that reacts upon ourselves like the physical effects of exercise? Why do we sleep in peaceful confidence that the answer will be ours, even if the prayer has been nothing but a promise to compound a felony with the Almighty?

Next day Golden's heart beat high. He felt a sort of certainty that the stock market would respond. Dispatches came in freely in the morning and for the first time in weeks he did not watch the clock and pray for the approach of 3.

Alas for human hopes, the stock market did not respond. It went against him for several points. If it went one more, that would be absolutely the end. The imagination cannot compass the sufferings of that night; the awful agony of sleepless waking hours.

Next day it went up a little and again the next, and on the third it was within one point of the goal. Would it go the other point and set him free? It must do something, or he would go mad. It was not one thing now, but everything together. The terrible anxiety about the small cash balance in the bank, and the constant dread of its discovery; the fear of being absent from his post through accident or sickness; the nervous watching of the stock quotations, now up, now down, and through the weary round again; the somber ghost of disappointment always treading on the heels of hope.

"What worries you these days, Charlie?" his wife asked him at the breakfast table. "For a long time you have not been yourself. Last night you seemed to be talking about something terrible in your sleep."

What! He had been talking in his sleep, and yet dared not ask what he had said. Had he betrayed anything? Of course not. She would say something about it if he had. But he might do so to-night, to-morrow, at any time, and he knew his wife well enough to know that if he did she would insist on his making a clean breast of the whole matter at once and taking the consequences. He had heard that if one begins to talk in his sleep and another person answers softly, one may be coaxed to betray the closest secrets of the soul. What if his wife should seek to soothe him in his sleep and he should confide the frightful facts to her? What would it be to him then, even if he should recover all his losses, replace his deficit, and escape the dock? For all future time he would be to her a forger, however free.

All day he thought it over, and the more he pondered it the more he dreaded the hour when he should fall asleep again. That night he could not sleep. He dared not. When, toward the morning, absolute exhaustion closed his eyes for a moment, he awoke again with a sort of scream that terrified his wife and stupefied himself.

This thing would have to stop. It was bad enough that he dared not leave his desk for a minute during the day. Had it come to such a pass that he could not close his eyes for a moment during the night? There was only one thing to be done—to have a separate room and [illegible] the door so no one should steal his secret from his slumbers.

But how? What possible excuse could he offer for such a separation after sixteen years of married life? He had already broken into all his old habits. He could no longer pass his evenings in peaceful perusal of a book. If he took up a magazine he would never turn the page until its margins were covered with figures of fluctuating stocks, and their possibilities for loss or gain. He had exhausted his ingenuity in lies and excuses to account for his changed demeanor in so many things. He must now invent a pretext for a separation from his wife!

Could he not escape this dreadful dilemma in some way? If copper would only advance four points, the whole problem would be solved in a moment. Prayers, promises, vows, to do and to be everything good and holy for all future time, he made without end, but Providence appeared to turn a deaf ear, and copper still went down.

He must do something; he must have sleep. He knew a young doctor from whom he thought he might get some hint if he could bring the subject up in the way of general conversation. Why not call on him that afternoon? His address was in the directory. Here it is: easily remembered because it is the same street that the old cashier lived in; No. 28; office hours, 12 to 2 and 5 to 8. He would not be in until after 5. Well, he would stay in town and see him.

He called on his brokers first and found copper was down two points more. He would have to go up six now to clear him, and there did not seem much hope of it at present. With this cheerful prospect to think about, he walked the streets for three apparently eternal hours. The beautiful moonlight night had no attractions for him; the Christmas shows in the shops did not draw his attention for a minute; the clocks were the only things that caught his eye. [illegible]

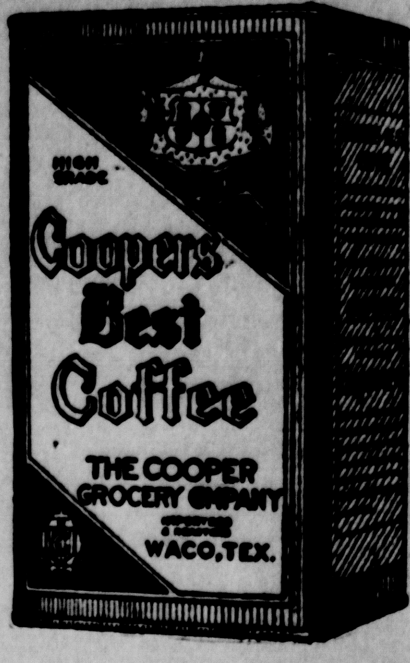
[illegible]

COOPER'S BEST COFFEE

A WORD TO THE GROCER

HOW are your coffee profits now-a-days? Are you getting your share of the coffee trade in your community, and are you keeping it? Perhaps you have made the mistake of substituting cheaper grades to offset the higher price. "Taking chances" in the grocery business doesn't make profits. It simply doesn't hold your coffee trade. Educate your customers to use a good grade of coffee. Convince them that the best is cheaper in the end.

COOPER'S BEST COFFEE has made many a grocer's coffee trade the best one in town. Packed in sealed, air tight, dust proof cans, whole bean, powdered for dripping, steel cut medium or fine for percolating or boiling. Never sold in bulk.



THE COOPER GROCERY COMPANY

WACO, TEXAS

IN COTTON MARKET

EARLY SETBACK RECOVERED AND CLOSE STEADY WITH GENERAL ADVANCE.

Review of Goods Trade Indicates Continued Brisk Business—Crop Reports Good.

New York, June 14.—An early setback was recovered in the cotton market this morning and the close was very steady at a net advance of 1 to 3 points. The opening was steady at a decline of 3 to 5 points with the active months selling about 6 to 7 points net lower during the early trading.

Cables were about as expected and reviews of the cotton goods trade indicated a continued good business, particularly in the west, but the outlook was for generally fair and warmer weather over the week end and in addition to realizing, there appeared to be some selling on favorable news crop conditions and a feeling that the short interest had been materially reduced.

Offerings were checked at the decline however, by a bullish view of the census report on supply and distribution for the month of May, which indicated a continued active consumption by domestic mills and the market later rallied on covering in the absence of any important offerings. Houses with foreign connections here were moderate sellers of the near months here, and Memphis was credited with selling new crop positions, but New Orleans bought some crop deliveries and there was a considerable scattering demand from Wall street sources during the late trading.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, June 14.—The week-end session in the cotton market was [illegible] steady after a week of [illegible]. Much to the surprise of the [illegible] the market [illegible] net advance; [illegible] short [illegible] on the [illegible] week and [illegible] of long [illegible] would [illegible] at least a [illegible].

The [illegible] was all the more [illegible] because it was made in the face of the most favorable weather map of the week, while the forecast [illegible] fair weather for Sunday over the [illegible] cotton region [illegible] for a further warming up in temperatures. [illegible]

[illegible] in prices.

The opening was steady, unchanged to 3 points down compared with the close yesterday. Cables were better than due but they were offset by the weather reports and the crop accounts and a little short selling by operators [illegible] for a week-end reaction. [illegible] the trading months were 2 to 3 points under yesterday's close. The market gradually did better [illegible] in the morning, when [illegible] 8 to 10 points over yesterday's close.

The close was steady at a net gain of [illegible]. The [illegible] was [illegible] for the [illegible].

Futures.

New York.

New York, June 14.—Cotton futures closed very steady.

[illegible]

Liverpool, June 14.—Futures closed quiet.

June	6.52½
June-July	6.47½
July-August	6.45½
August-September	6.36
September-October	6.23½
October-November	6.16½
November-December	6.13½
December-January	6.11½
January-February	6.11½
February-March	6.12½
March-April	6.13½
April-May	6.14½
May-June	6.15½

New Orleans.

New Orleans, June 14.—Cotton futures closed steady at a net advance of 4 to 9 points.

January	11.35	11.46	11.35	11.45
March	11.43	11.55	11.43	11.54
June	12.31	.....	.....	12.28
July	12.30	12.36	12.17	12.24
August	11.86	11.92	11.86	11.91
September	11.63	.....	.....	11.58
October	11.33	11.42	11.33	11.41
December	11.33	11.43	11.33	11.42

SPOTS.

Houston.

Houston, June 14.—The spot market closed steady and unchanged; sales 500; f. o. b. none; shipments 1,444; stock 58,676.

Galveston.

Galveston, June 14.—Spot cotton closed steady, unchanged; sales, spots none; f. o. b 300; receipts 2,344; stock 62,084.

New York.

New York, June 14.—Spot—Cotton unchanged; middling uplands 12.35c, middling gulf 12.60; no sales.

Memphis.

Memphis, June 14.—Cotton—Spot steady, decline 1-8c; middling 13.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, June 14.—Spot cotton steady, 1-16c up; middling 12 7-16c; sales on the spot 125 bales; to arrive 100.

Low ordinary	9	1-16
Ordinary	9	7-8
Good ordinary	11	1-8
Strict good ordinary	11	3-4
Low middling	12	
Strict low middling	12	1-4
Middling	12	7-16
Strict middling	12	3-4
Good middling	12	15-16
Strict good middling	13	1-8
Middling fair	13	9-16
Middling fair to fair	13	15-16
Fair	14	5-16

Receipts 893; stock 55,307.

Liverpool.

Liverpool, June 14.—Spot—Cotton easier; good business done.

Middling fair	7.21
Good middling	6.97
Middling	6.73
Low middling	6.57
Good ordinary	6.21
Ordinary	5.87

Sales 7,000 bales, including 6,200 American and [illegible] for speculation and export. Receipts 4,000, including 2,300 American.

Cotton Consumed.

Washington, June 14.—Cotton consumed in the United States during May was [illegible] running bales, including [illegible] bales of foreign cotton and [illegible] of linters, the census bureau announced today. Cotton on hand May 31 in manufacturing establishments was [illegible] bales and in independent warehouses [illegible] bales. Imports were [illegible] bales; exports [illegible] bales.

Cotton spindles operated during May numbered [illegible].

Cotton Goods.

New York, June 14.—The cotton goods markets are quiet and steady. Large [illegible] of [illegible] have been received in the country this week. Agents are [illegible] of [illegible] daily. Business is quiet for advance [illegible]. Yarns rule steady.

New York Coffee.

New York, June 14.—Coffee futures closed steady, net [illegible] of [illegible] to [illegible] points.

Sales [illegible] bags.

Spot quiet; Rio No. 7 [illegible]; Santos No. 4 [illegible]; mild quiet; Cordova [illegible].

IN THE GRAIN MARKET

WHEAT PRICES TAKE A VIOLENT UPTURN ON WEATHER PROSPECTS.

Crops in Northwest Need Rain—Short Interest in Corn is Excited. Oats Cross 40c Line.

Chicago, June 14.—Wheat prices took a violent upward swing today, impelled by an official forecast of protracted dry, hot weather, throughout the northwest crops needed rain and there were reports that permanent damage from drought had already been done. The market closed firm at an advance of ⅞c to 1⅛c net; corn finished 1⅛@1⅛c to 1⅛c up; oats with a gain of 1⅛@1¼c to 1⅜c, and provisions varying from 1c decline to a rise of half a cent.

Except for a momentary dip at the outset when the market was affected by some overnight showers in the Dakotas and Canada, wheat showed remarkable strength all day. Clear skies and sweltering temperature made shorts uneasy, and when announcement came that an indefinite period of such conditions could be looked for, a lively scare developed.

Brokers supposed to be acting for bull leaders were conspicuous bidders for September wheat. The special incentive for this purchasing was said to be an opinion from a well known expert that without general soaking rains within a week the losses in the spring belt would reach a heavy total.

Pessimistic field advices from Illinois and other important states excited the shorts in corn. Offerings were extremely small. Besides receipts predicted a falling off in the receipts next week.

Oats crossed the forty cent line and closed at the highest level of the season. The causes were unwelcome heat and because of moisture.

Provisions sagged with the hog market and on account of an expected bearish statement Monday in regard to the packing house stock. Trade was much more active than usual on Saturday.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
July	91⅝	93⅝	91⅛	92⅛
Sept.	91⅝	93¼	90⅝	92⅝
Dec.	93½	94⅝	93⅜	94⅝
Corn—				
July	59⅝	61⅛	59⅝	61⅛
Sept.	60⅝	62⅛	60¼	62⅛
Dec.	58½	60	58⅝	60
Oats—				
July	39½	40½	39⅛	40½
Sept.	39	40⅜	38⅝	40⅜
Dec.	40	41⅛	39⅝	41⅛
Pork—				
July	20.65	20.67½	20.50	20.57½
Sept.	20.12½	20.15	19.97½	20.12½
Lard—				
July	11.00	11.02½	10.97½	11.00
Sept.	11.10	11.15	11.10	11.12½
Oct.	11.07½	11.10	11.07½	11.07½
Ribs—				
July	11.75	11.75	11.70	11.72½
Sept.	11.50	11.55	11.47½	11.55
Oct.	11.17½	11.22½	11.17½	11.22½

Chicago.

Chicago, June 14.—Cash wheat No. 2 red $1.04@1.05; No. 3 red 95@96c; No. 4 red [illegible]@95c; No. 2 hard 93½@96c; No. 1 northern 93½@95c; No. 2 northern 92@94c; No. 3 spring 92@94c; velvet chaff 91@93½c; durum 90@96c. Corn—No. 2 60¼@61¼c; No. 2 white 60½@61¾c; No. 2 yellow 60½@61¾c. Oats—No. 2 white 41¾c; standard 40½@41c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 14.—Cash wheat, No. 2 hard [illegible]@92½c, No. 2 red 88@[illegible]. Corn, No. 2 mixed and No. 2 white [illegible]. Oats, No. 2 white [illegible], No. 2 mixed 37@38c.

Close: Wheat, July [illegible], September [illegible], December [illegible]@89½c. Corn, July [illegible], September [illegible], December [illegible]. Oats, July [illegible], September [illegible].

St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 14.—Cash wheat, No. 2 red [illegible]; No. 2 hard [illegible]@94½c. Corn, No. 2 [illegible]; No. 2 white 62@62½c. Oats, No. 2 38¾@39c, No. 2 white 42c.

Close: Wheat, July 89⅛c, September 89¾@90c. Corn, July 61⅛c, September 62½c. Oats, July 40⅛c, September 40⅜c.

Hay and flour steady.

Receipts: Flour 11,000, wheat 75,000, corn 84,000, oats 48,000.

Shipments: Flour 25,000, wheat 27,000, corn 64,000, oats 21,000.

LIVESTOCK.

Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, June 14.—Salesmen had only 615 cattle and 165 calves to handle Saturday. Several cars of these were of a thin, stocker sort, and had to be peddled. Two cars of steers of a good sort were also hanging fire all morning. Medium fleshed cattle were purchased on a steady basis.

About 500 hogs arrived. The market was slow and easy through sympathy with conditions at other places. Four loads landed at $8.82½; other sales were around $8.85 to $8.80.

Nothing was shown in the sheep division.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 14.—Cattle receipts 3,300, including 400 southerns, steady; choice to firm steers $7.25@8.00; good to choce steers $7.50@8.25; dressed and butcher steers $5.75@7.50; stockers $5.25@7.50; Texas steers $5.25@7.75; Texas cows and heifers $4.25@7.00.

Hog receipts 6,000, lower; pigs and light $7.25@8.95; mixed and butchers $8.55@8.95; good heavy $8.90@8.95.

Sheep receipts 400, steady; muttons $5.00@5.25; yearlings $5.25@6.50; lambs $7.00@7.40; spring lambs $8.25@8.90.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 14.—Hog receipts 2,000, steady; bulk $8.60@8.75; heavy $8.65@8.75; packers and butchers $8.70@8.80; light $8.70@8.80; pigs $7.50@8.10.

Cattle receipts 300, including 100 southerns, steady; prime fed steers $8.25@8.85; dressed beef steers $7.50@8.25; southern steers $7.90@8.10; cows $4.75@7.75; heifers $6.80; stockers $6.50@7.85.

Sheep receipts 200, steady; lambs $6.25@8.25; yearlings $5.00@6.50; wethers $4.50@6.00; ewes $4.25@5.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, June 14.—Hog receipts 12,000, weak to 5c lower; light $8.65@8.95; mixed $8.55@8.95; heavy $8.30@8.85; rough $8.30@8.45; pigs $6.75@8.40; bulk of sales $8.75@8.90.

Cattle receipts 500, steady to strong; beeves $7.25@9.60; Texas steers $7.00@8.10; stockers $6.35@8.25; cows and heifers $3.30@8.40; calves $7.25@10.50.

Sheep receipts 10,000, weak to 15c lower; native muttons $5.10@6.20; yearlings $6.75@6.80; lambs, native, $5.75@7.80; springs $6.75@8.30.

MONEY MARKET.

Call Money.

New York, June 14.—Money on call nominal, no loans. Time loans easier; sixty days 4; ninety days 4¼@4½; six months 5½.

London Consols.

London, June 14.—Consols for money 73 11-16; for account 73 3-16; Illinois Central 1.14; L. & N. 1.32; Southern railway 21½; bar silver quiet 27¼; discount rates, short and three months 4 3-16@4¼.

Paris Rentes.

Paris, June 14.—Three per cent rentes 84f, 95c for the account; exchange on London 25f, 22c for checks. Private rate of discount 3¾.

Bullion on Balance.

London, June 14.—Bullion amounting to 60,000 pounds was taken into the Bank of England on balance today.

Mercantile Paper.

New York, June 14.—Prime mercantile paper 6 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at 482.75 for 60-day bills and at 486.00 for demand. Commercial bills 482½; bar silver 59¾; Mexican dollars 46; government and railroad bonds firm.

New Potatoes.

Memphis, Tenn., June 14.—Kansas City new potatoes 60@70.

IN STOCK MARKET

GENERAL ADVANCE FOLLOWS A SLUMP IN PRICES EARLY IN WEEK.

Firm Tone Encourages Operation of Bull Trade Against the Short Side.

New York, June 14.—The advance in stocks which came after the violent break earlier in the week, went unchanged today. Virtually every important stock traded in shared in the day's rise which substantially amounts to the largest gains achieved since the upturn began. Many stocks were carried above their prices of a week ago, having sustained a complete recovery from the downward plunge after the rendition of the Minnesota rate decision.

Operations for the long account were carried on more confidently today, bull traders having been encouraged by the market's demonstration of firmness yesterday. Concerted efforts were made to drive in the short interest, which was forced to retreat. The advance was continued through the half day session without serious interruption.

Growing ease in money rates was an important influence in broadening speculation for the long account. Predictions of a large cash gain on the week by the banks were fulfilled, the bank statement showing an actual cash gain of approximately $11,000,000. The week's liquidation in securities was reflected in a scaling downward of loans, and nearly $9,000,000 was added to the excess cash reserves.

In the weekly trade reviews, emphasis was laid on various favorable features of the week including the good crop report, the better tone in the money market and lessening of tension in trade circles.

The bond market was firm. Total sales, part value $1,297,000.

nited States coupon 3s advanced ⅛ and the registered 2s were weak.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Clearing House Institutions Show $38,812,500 in Excess.

New York, June 14.—The statement of the actual condition of the clearing house banks and trust companies show that they hold $38,812,500 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $8,824,100 from last week.

The statement follows:

Actual condition—Loans $1,895,574,000; decrease, $8,869,000.

Specie $382,086,000; decrease $101,858,000.

Legal tenders, $83,910,000; increase $114,000.

Net deposit, $1,757,298,000; increase, $4,402,000.

Circulation, $47,829,000; decrease, $52,000.

Banks' cash reserve in vault, $370,661,000.

Trust companies cash reserve in vault, $65,335,000.

Aggregate cash reserve $435,996,000; increase $8,824,000.

Trust companies reserve with clearing house members carrying 25 per cent cash reserve, $59,540,000.

Summary of state banks and trust companies in Greater New York, not included in clearing house's statement:

Loans, $562,881,500; decrease, $4,417,300.

Specie, $66,339,600; decrease, $494,800.

Legal tenders, $7,914,600; decrease $139,600.

Total deposits, $634,259,000; decrease, $6,249,500.

New York Sugar.

New York, June 14.—Raw sugar firm; muscovado 2.90@2.82; centrifugal 3.30@3.33; molasses 2.55@2.58; refined firm. Petroleum steady, molasses, hides steady; leather firm.

Tomatoes raised on Milam county truck farms are fresher, sweeter and better.

POULTRY, BUTTER AND EGGS.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, June 14.—Butter, poultry and eggs steady.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 14.—Poultry, chickens 14c; springs 20@26c; turkeys 16c; ducks 11c; geese 7c.

Butter, creamery 23@27c.

Eggs 16½c.

Chicago.

Chicago, June 4.—Butter unchanged. Eggs unchanged; receipts 14,951 cases. Potatoes easy; old 18@22; receipts 30 cars; new 45@75; receipts 40 cars. Poultry alive, irregular; hens 15½; springs 24; turkeys 17.

New York.

New York, June 14.—Eggs steady, unchanged; receipts 18,960 cases.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 14.—Butter, eggs and poultry unchanged.

MOVEMENT OF SHIPS.

Galveston.

Galveston, Tex., June 14.—Arrived: Steamers Hornsby Castle, London va Tampico; Alabama, Nor., Puerto, Mexico.

Cleared: Steamers Chemnitz, Ger., Bremen via Havana; Preston, Nor., Port Limon via Barrios; El Alba, New York; Bylands, Br., Havana and Jamaica; Sanmarcos, New York.

Port Eads, La., June 14.—Arrived: Steamers Aegina, Cuban, Havana; Viking, Nor., Galveston.

Steamer Aegina, Cuban, Havana.

Sailed: Steamers Eocene, New York; Agnella, Nor., Frontera; Mercator, Nor., Puerto Cortez; Orleanian, Br., Port Limon; Saramaca, Br., Belize, Puerto Cortes and Port Barrios.

COTTON SEED PRODUCTS.

New York.

New York, June 14.—Cotton seed oil was firm on continued buying by refiners and shorts and owing to reports of a good cash demand and small offerings, closing one point lower to five higher. Total sales were 9,300 barrels. Prime crude nominal; prime summer yellow spot and June $7.40; July $7.45; August $7.46; September $7.47; October $7.06; November $6.48; December and January $6.36; prime winter yellow and summer white $7.50 bid.

Memphis.

Memphis, June 14.—Cotton seed products prime basis; oil 6.34@6.57; meal 28.25; linters 2¾@3¾.

New Names and Old.

(Christian Science Monitor.)

No person studying the names of graduates from the universities of a city like New York or Chicago can fail to be impressed with the enrichment of the nomenclature of the nation as the result of its ever increasing racial complexity. Closer analysis of the Slavic, Latin and Semitic names, that seem strange to the Teutonic pioneers' descendants, shows that they have the same origins. Animals and plants, occupations and crafts, places, nicknames and personal descriptions, historic and mythological characters, are found to have been the germinal facts around which appellations have clustered and from which they may claim descent. The early Briton who was called Ethelwulf ("Noble Wolf") gained his title precisely in the same primitive way that the American red Indian of a later period did and still does.

The Afro-American, with characteristic imitativeness as well as because of his condition of servitude, has not contributed to the new family names of the nation. The whites with whom he grew up as a slave furnished him with name models, and in the course of time men of national fame like Washington and Lincoln and biblical charatcers came to be favorites in choice of forenames. In no way is there ever any intimation of an African ancestry and primitive negro tradition or custom in family nomenclature.

Quite otherwise is it with the red Indian, even with those of them who are gaining the fullest understanding of the white man's knowledge and associating most freely with the Caucasian. The consequence is that sooner or later there will be found circulating in the press and tripping from the tongue names like the following, culled from the latest issue of the Red Man, names borne by students or graduates of the Carlisle school: Redowl, Yellowtail, Blackbear, Moon, Whirlwind, Thunder, Bigbear, Runsclose, Lookout and Elm. They seem odd, do they not? But run over the names of your circle of friends, study their origins and meanings, and see how facilely and unthinkingly you use names every day that are no more odd than those which these Indians have borne. For even these reminders of the forest and the chase will continue, however much their bearers may become assimilated with the American mass.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful Marvel Whirling Spray Douche

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for book.

Marvel Co., 44 E. 23d St., N.Y.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS

SANTAL

CAPSULES

MIDY

RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

William Williams

Piano Tuner

[illegible]

Waco

RICORD'S VITAL RESTORATIVE

Restores Men's Vitality.

Price $1. At all druggists. Always on hand at Colgin's Drug Store, 511 Austin Ave., Waco. Mail orders solicited.

To Choose Milner's Successor.

Houston, Texas, June 14.—Local alumni and ex-students of the A. & M. college here several hundred strong are today canvassnig for a meeting to be held in the near future with a view to action in the matter of a successor to Milner as president. The sentiment appears to be crystalizing in favor of an educator of national repute for the position which is declared to be quite attractive.

According to experts the force of the rotation of the earth on thegyroscopic compass which has been adopted by the United States navy is 291 times as great as the force of magnetism on the magnetic needle.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

REAL ESTATE For SALE RENT TRADE REAL ESTATE

For Sale—Real Estate.

BARGAIN—Lot in Ginocchio wants to be sold mighty bad. See H. N. Fannin, the lot man, and if you can appreciate values he can convince you that this lot is an extraordinary bargain. H. N. Fannin, with Peyton Randle & Co., 105 South Fifth St., phones 2342.

TO SELL CHEAP—Building space for 14 small houses in colored district of South Eleventh St. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FOR SALE—Elm St. Methodist church, parsonage and 140-foot front. Old phone 1612, new phone 2430.

"No Matter What You Want"
See
The Dunken Realty Co.,
115½ S Fifth St.

HOUSE on Bell's Hill for sale or will trade for an automobile. Ben F. Dancer & Co.

SMALL PAYMENT down, balance easy, nine lots South Eleventh. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FOR SALE—Four lots 26th St., near Fort Ave., $550 each, $200 a lot less than they ought to sell for. H. N. Fannin, with Peyton Randle & Co., 105 S. Fifth St., phones 2342.

INVESTIGATE our lands at Riviera and Riviera Beach, Texas. Located on the main line of the Frisco (St. L., B. & M. R. R.), about sixty miles southwest of Corpus Christi. In the center of the artesian belt, more than 50 flowing wells now on our tract. Rainfall amply sufficient to mature all staple crops, such as cotton, corn, milo maize, Kaffir corn, Egyptian wheat. Big returns from onions, sweet potatoes, watermelons, etc. Excellent railroad, church and school facilities. An additional tract of about 11,000 acres of the finest land adjoining the town of Riviera has just been secured and is being subdivided and placed on the market. Average price from $40 to $60 per acre, easy terms. Write us for free booklets and information as to cheap rates from points in Texas. Theo F. Koch & Co., 402-405 Southern Pacific Bldg., Houston, Tex., or Riviera, Tex.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE
See
"Anniversary Letter"
by
Chas. S. Davis,
Morning News, June 15, 1913;
also
"Real Estate and Sheep"
in
Times Herald, June 15, 1913.

FOR SALE—Beautiful home site close in, overlooking Cameron park and wooded dells. Two blocks from car line and smooth paving. Sidewalks, all improvements. Ideal place for man who cares. Rugged, wooded, exclusive. Price about one-fifth present value. Easy terms Address C. J., care News.

NINE ... ...
EAST WACO—6-room house, 3 lots, south front, good barn, 2 wells, fine shade trees. Special price $2750. C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 S. Fifth St., phones 776.

NIN E... ... ...
FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS—239 acre farm near Downsville; all fine land; might take as part pay a small amount of good trade. Price $110 per acre. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

BUY ON THE INTERURBAN NOW. The prices will advance rapidly when the cars are running. I have tracts of two to ten acres at low prices and on terms to suit. T. D. Mergler, with Peyton Randle & Co., 105 South Fifth street. Phones 2342.

200 ACRES in the Elm Flats, just west from Frisco, all heavy black hog wallow land, with clay subsoil; lies perfect, no waste, well improved and has deep well and water works. This is a bargain you should investigate if you want something good at the lowest cash value with good terms. We also have 231 acres adjoining the above tract, well improved, having one new 4-room house, one 5-room house and two negro houses, blacksmith shop, two large barns, deep well and water-works. This is all the very best land and lies nearly level. We have a bargain price on this farm and she is going to go. We also have 108 acres adjoining this tract, which makes 339 acres in a solid body. This is certainly a good proposition, one that presents itself but once in a lifetime. Act today, not tomorrow. For price and terms write J. T. Williams Realty Co., [illegible], Tex.

[illegible] **ACRES** Trinity river land four [illegible] railroad, $15 per acre; 900 acres [illegible] a snap $6 per acre. Kendall [illegible], Palestine, Tex.

[illegible] East Texas upland one body, [illegible] railroad switch, price $10 [illegible] acres Trinity river land [illegible] Kendall & Wilson, Palestine.

[illegible]—Tract [illegible] one-half mile from [illegible]

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—At a very close price, 16 room boarding house, two blocks from business portion of city; owner gets $170 monthly for room rent alone; house is new and in a high class portion of city. Owner will take in part payment a $3,000 or $4,000 cottage. This is a fine proposition. Call us at 107 South Fifth or over either phone, Marshall, Neblett & Zizinia.

FOR SALE—550 acres Brazos bottom land, 500 acres in cultivation; eight sets improvements, plenty of well water. Located eight miles from Waco, gravel road. This is a choice farm and don't overflow. For prices and terms see T. E. Haney, 304 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE—Nice 5 room bungalow, large front and back galleries; all modern improvements. South front on car line, Provident Heights; lot 58 by 215. Address Owner, Box 585, Mart, Texas.

A NICE piece of inside property for sale at $160 per foot. Call Ben F. Dancer & Co., either phone 27, Amicable Building.

A SMALL addition beyond Waco Vista on Primm Boulevard for sale. Ben F. Dancer & Co.

FOR SALE—Cheap, new six-room house in Waco Vista; easy terms. New phone 1798.

FOR SALE—105 lots in University Heights addition at wholesale price; terms to suit purchaser; a genuine bargain for quick sale. Moore & Moore, "The Bargain Hunters."

FOR SALE—65 acres of black waxy land, 55 acres in cultivation; one set improvements, well of everlasting water. Only 5 miles from Waco. We can sell you this at a bargain. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable Bldg.

TRADE FOR AUTO OR LOT.
Have 9-room house on North 5th to trade for good lot or auto as part payment. Balance monthly.
Ask for Manager.
O
N
A
ONAHOME
O
M
E
BUILDING COMPANY.
709 Amicable Bldg. New Phone 797.

SPECIAL BARGAIN—New, soundly-built cottage, 1½ blocks from Sanger Ave. car, all conveniences; sidewalks, trees, etc. Place well worth $3250, but will cut price sharply for prompt sale; $350 cash will handle; balance easy. This is someone's bargain. Make me an offer. George V. Rotan, 303 Amicable.

FOR SALE—107 acres smooth black waxy land, all in cultivation; one nice residence, tenant house, plenty of well water. This is one of the best farms in McLennan county. Price $120 per acre, 1-3 cash, balance easy. T. E. Haney & Co.

COAST LAND BARGAINS.
160 Acres, black, $50; 80 acres, hogwollow, close in, $60; 170 acres, black, on Tre Palacios river, $37.50. Write at once for descriptive literature and special railroad rates. Immigrant Agent, Palacios, Texas.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—For Waco property, one new six-room and hall house in Idabell, Okla., and 100x140 feet, and 3-room house, coming business property, Idabell, Okla. In rain belt. Three lots in Waco for sale. J. M. Beeson, Johnson-Sharpe Realty Co.

1—We offer a special bargain price on three rent houses, close in, in East Waco. They are rented now, and will always be in demand. $3250 for the three.

2—$3750 buys a good 7-room house, close in on South Fifth St.; excellent repair; one of the best rent propositions in Waco. Terms arranged.

3—We have a good piece of business property to trade for farm close to Waco. See us about this, if you have an exchange to offer.

WILIE & CARPENTER,
903 Amicable Bldg. Phones 2323.

BARGAIN SALE.
Two lots, corner 27th and Morrow, $1550.
Three lots corner 24th and McKenzie, near new school, $1250.
Maxey Realty Co.,
123 South Fifth. 1166 New Phone.

FOR SALE—One of the swellest bungalows in the city; six rooms, lawn, flowers, walks, etc., on North 16th between Sanger and Morrow Sts.; prettiest block of homes in Waco; a rare bargain at the price; only $4500. Geo. M. Knebel, 706 Amicable Bldg., Exclusive Agent.

FOR SALE—The time to buy business property is now; I have some good propositions on Washington, Franklin and Austin Sts., at an attractive price; the price will look like a pick-up within a few months. Geo. M. Knebel, 706 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE—Modern home of eight rooms and bath on 1414 S. 9th. Call [illegible], new phone.

Ladies Should Read the Classified Ads of the News

Hundreds of Bargains are offered every day in the Classified Columns. Choice rooms are offered for rent. Desirable houses are offered for rent and sale. Beautiful lots are offered, and it behooves all women to read this page.

GET THE HABIT! It will make you money. Watch Classified Ads and get what you want.

Both Phones 1132 Ads Taken Over Phone

CLASSIFIED RATES—
1c Per Word One Time.
3c Per Word Three Times.
4c Per Word Seven Times.
10c Per Word Thirty Times.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—10-acre truck farm, only 2 miles from Waco. If you are in the market for a suburban home, don't fail to see this place. T. E. Haney & Co.

SPECIAL REAL ESTATE BARGAINS
Offered by
GEO. M. KNEBEL, 706 Amicable Bldg.

(1) 75x165 feet on S. 8th, within one block of Katy depot; the price is way under the market, a rare bargain. Price $6,500.

(2) Two-story, east front, of ten rooms, five blocks from Austin st., on one of the best streets in the city; income now is $70 per month. Price only $5,000.

(3) A 6-room bungalow, east front, lovely trees, lawn, walks, etc.; within five minutes' walk of Austin st.; high-class neighborhood, a rare bargain. Price $2,500.

(4) A lovely home of six rooms, everything modern, all conveniences, close to Baylor, half-block to car line. Price for immediate sale, $2,750.

Everyone of the above are rare bargains; it will pay you to see me at once before you find some of them sold.

GEO. M. KNEBEL,
706 Amicable Bldg.
New phone 832. Old phone 1185.

FOR SALE—280 acres good land, 240 acres in cultivation; one good residence, one good tenant house, two good wells; located 10 miles west of Waco, 3 miles from Lorena. Price $75 per acre; will trade for small place. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable Bldg.

MOORE & MOORE.
115 S. 4th St. Phones 980.
Real Estate and Insurance.

We always are able to give the best values and bargains because we are "Bargain Hunters."

There are a number of very attractive business properties on our lists, and every one carries a seductive price. These properties are on Austin and Franklin streets. It is worth your while to investigate.

We have some trackage that is bound to show a big profit in a short while.

See us about any real estate venture.

MOORE & MOORE.

DO NOT FORGET that we can sell or trade you vacant lots in any part of Waco. Johnson-Sharpe Realty Co., 83 Provident Bldg.

FOR SALE—1908 Columbus St., five large rooms, large hall, bath, sewer, lights and gas; lot 70x165 feet. If you want a bargain ask us about this place. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE—Home on South 10th St., near Cleveland; will trade. 2 good milk cows, $50 each.

Home on Wood St., bargain. Second safe—bargain. Will trade.

4-room house, 8 acres, Evant, Tex. Will trade.

Half acre, Bangs, Tex. Will trade.

2 choice lots, San Angelo. Will trade.

6 room house and lot, Roscoe, Tex. Will trade.

190 acres, 100 in cultivation; all tillable; near Sweetwater, Texas. Will trade.

565 acres, timber, 5 miles from Austin; mostly cedar; timber will pay for land. Will trade.

6-room and 3-room houses, Star, Texas. Will trade.

New home, just completed, 24th and Burnett.

Lots 11, 12 and 13, Gorman street, West End addition. Sell or trade.

Lots 11 and 12, block R, West End addition.

Good family horse and buggy. Sell or trade.

Have buyers for 2-passenger Ford runabout. Will pay cash.

Inquiries for rollertop desk, gas stove, multigraph machine, neostyle.

TEXAS TRADING CONCERN,
Chalmers Bldg. N. Phone 2269.

FOR SALE—Two south front lots near Sanger Ave.; they belong to non-resident, who says to sell at once for $1250; this is a bargain. George M. Knebel, 706 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE—A half block of lots next to Waco Vista addition; owner desires to sell at once; the price is a bargain; they will make the buyer money. Takes quick action to get these. Geo. M. Knebel, exclusive agent, 706 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE—ON A PROFIT-SHARING BASIS.
One-half block of choice lots on Farwell Heights, beautifully located; just opposite the new school that's being erected at a cost of $40,000, and we consider that we are offering a great opportunity for some one to make a fine investment for the present [illegible] is willing to sell at a price that insures the "other fellow" a good profit.
CRAVEN REALTY CO.
704 Amicable.

SMALL PAYMENT down, balance easy, house and lot, [illegible] J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—1105 Sherman St., new 5-room bungalow with bath room, two large porches, barn. Price $1800—$200 cash, balance $16 per month. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE—26 lots in Baylor addition, wholesale price; a bargain. Who wants to make money? Moore & Moore, "The Bargain Hunters."

THAT BAY CITY TRIP
We go Monday night. Your interest to see us. Hander & Edens, 508½ Austin; new phone 1598.

BARGAIN on Herring avenue; price $3,000. Ben F. Dancer & Co.

AUSTIN avenue two story bargain; bringing 8 per cent on $12,000; sell less, small cash payment or trade smaller place. Address Box 688, 74 old phone; new 75.

COKE, HORNE AND CO., real estate and general insurance, 601 Amicable Bldg., New phone 1215.

TWO STORY house on south side, 8 rooms, price $2,750. Take some trade. Ben F. Dancer & Co.

FOR SALE—2318 Washington St., 6 rooms, reception hall, bath, etc., will take an automobile or vacant lot as first payment, balance easy. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE.
Several nice homes near Sanger avenue school; several homes near Baylor at a bargain; twenty-five-acre tracts suitable to build nice homes on, within two miles of Baylor; twenty of the choicest lots within one-half block of the new school building site on Farwell Heigts.
I also have business property that I would recommend as an investment.
If you can be interested in any of the above property call and see me.
T. W. GLASS,
119 South Fifth St. Both Phones.

FOR SALE—New bungalow of five rooms, bath, etc., on Herring Ave. Price $2150—$450 cash, balance easy. This is a cozy little home; better see it Monday. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable.

N. T. Cheatham. J. M. Milstead.
CHEATHAM & MILSTEAD.
Real Estate Brokers.

Notwithstanding the fact that trading has been a little quiet for the past few weeks, we have closed four good trades during the past ten days. Of course, there is a reason; we have got the goods and we hustle. We still have some good bargains to offer, either in homes, vacant lots, business property or farms. Here are a few for this week, in which we can offer some inducements:

South Fifth, close in, 50x165, good 4-room house, all conveniences. A bargain at $2500.

Austin street, eight blocks of business part, modern 9 rooms, all conveniences, large rooms, splendid home or rooming house proposition. $10,000, small cash payment, balance easy; or will take smaller place as part payment.

Gorman St., 1300 block, two lovely 5-room cottages, modern, well built and every convenience. Lots 60x165, south front, splendid community. Investigate these if you want a nice little home.

75x165 corner 11th and Jefferson, one six-room and one four-room house, all conveniences. Good rental proposition. Price $7500, small cash payment, balance to suit.

North 17th, 50x165, beautifully terraced lot; lovely new six-room house, every convenience, hardwood floors, beamed ceilings, billiard room, heating plant, solid concrete foundation, handsome 2-story garage and servants' room. Most complete home in the city; must be seen to be appreciated. Small cash payment, balance to suit, or might take in less expensive property.

One-half block, Bell's Hill, high, smooth and pretty; one block of [illegible] well, $500 per lot, small cash payment, balance to suit. Cheapest [illegible] on the hill.

We have a few small farms, well located, that we can trade for moderate priced residences. Also some large ones that we can trade for city property of any kind that is worth the money. Some splendid bargains to offer on trackage.

We make a specialty of exchanges of properties, and can handle almost any kind of trade. Come to see us.

CHEATHAM & MILSTEAD.
404 Amicable. [illegible]

WHY [illegible] we have [illegible] bungalow on College [illegible] it don't [illegible] artesian [illegible] will like it [illegible] vacant lot [illegible] trading [illegible] Amicable [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

For Sale—Real Estate.

TRACKAGE PROPERTY—60x165 feet on Mary street; can sell at a bargain. C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 South Fifth St., phones 776.

FOR EXCHANGE OR SALE
Fine small gin plant, located in good community; will gin from 1000 to 2000 bales per season. Plant is in splendid condition. The right party can clear from $3000 to $4000 per season; priced low down and can be had in exchange for good property that is worth the money. See me at once.
J. B. WOODY,
Royal Hotel.

LIST your property with us. C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 South Fifth St., phones 776.

See us for anything in Waco real estate—from a cottage to an elegant home.
STAMPP & [illegible],
601 Amicable Bldg. Phones 1792.

BLACK LAND farms for sale, both large and small; good terms given; have four good farms; can sell crop and give possession at once, and they are bargains; write for our booklet describing Godley and its black land farms. John A. Jackson, Godley, Tex.

WACO GOING SOME.
The final signing and recording of the hotel papers makes us almost see the new [illegible] hotel; the good rains, fine crops, interurban activity, general private and public improvements and above all the conditions in the old town is making real estate investments active, and when money matters get a little easier everybody will want to get in the game. Take a tip from us and get next to some of the good deals that we have to offer. We call attention to the following:

1. Five room house, two blocks of Farwell Heights school, only $1,[illegible]; will take $150 cash and easy terms to suit. Get busy.

2. Large house and two lots right on corner, near Baylor, $4,000; take $1,000 cash, balance easy. Tell us how you want to buy.

3. Nice little bungalow on Clay street, $1,800. We can make the terms right.

4. Nice five-room new house on Wood street, East Waco, only [illegible]; will take as small as [illegible] cash payment, balance like rent.

5. Two good houses on [illegible] street, East Waco, for [illegible] small payment and easy terms.

[illegible]

For Sale—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—[illegible] 6-room bungalow, reception hall, bath, lights, gas, barn, close in, North Waco. Special price [illegible] cash, balance easy. C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 South Fifth St., phones 776.

FOR SALE by owner, a nice two-story residence, new, on [illegible] of the best residence streets in North Waco; [illegible] Address 516 Amicable.

DO NOT FORGET that we can sell or trade residences in any part of Waco. Johnson-Sharpe Realty Co., 83 Provident Bldg.

BEAUTIFUL bungalow for quick sale; certainly it will be to your interest to see this beautiful home. If in the market for something good, nothing in the city like it; 6 rooms, as follows—Quite swell and large living room, beam ceilings, handsome [illegible] mantel, swell light fixtures; large dining room, beautifully arranged, beam ceilings; two swell bed chambers, with southern exposure, with swell bath connecting; extra large kitchen with nice pantry arrangement, with breakfast room adjoining; extra swell front gallery, servant's room and large barn; classy cement job on full [illegible] block to car line on one of the best paved streets and best neighborhoods in close in North Waco. It will look better than it sounds. Price [illegible] Price only holds good for few days. R. A. [illegible], 514 Amicable, old phone 604, new 326.

WHEN you want to buy or sell lots see H. N. Fannin, the lot specialist. He can satisfy your wants, and can save you money. With Peyton Randle & Co., 105 S. Fifth St., phones 2342.

FOR SALE—Modern home of 8 large rooms, bath, two fire places, nice shades, located on North 15th St.; price [illegible] cash, balance to suit. T. E. Haney & Co., 304 Amicable.

LAND INVESTMENTS ARE AS SAFE AS U. S. BONDS.
For this week we are going to offer some one a great opportunity to secure a high class country home, consisting of one hundred acres of choice good land in a high state of cultivation and well improved. This land is located just six miles north of the city on pike road and can be bought for the next few days for [illegible] cash, balance on easy terms.
CRAVEN REALTY CO.
704 Amicable.

[illegible]

Help Wanted—Male.

LOCAL representative wanted [illegible] Address National Co-Operative Realty Co., V-[illegible] Marden Building, Washington, D. C.

WANTED, AT ONCE—[illegible] MEN WHO ARE WILLING TO [illegible]
The Southern State Cotton Corporation [illegible] Dallas, Tex.

ACT as salesman [illegible] Dallas, Tex.

I WANT ten men at once to learn the barber trade; new method; only few weeks required; positions waiting; tools furnished; money earned while learning. Write today. A. B. Moler, President Moler System, Houston, Texas.

YOUR calls for hauling will be [illegible] Transfer Co.

[illegible]

WANTED—Two neat appearing young men to work on trains; [illegible]. Apply the Union News Co., Katy depot.

WANTED—15 to 20 men to work in lignite mine at [illegible] Co.

SALESMEN—[illegible] Advertising System, Nashville, Tenn.

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—Experienced woman [illegible] Old phones 207 or 204.

FOR SALE—[illegible]

Automobiles, Tires and Accessories.

[illegible]

Special Notices.

PALM Cafe, new proprietor, quick service.

WANTED—Two rooms and board for two; in private family preferred. B. J., News.

WAGONS AND BUGGIES
For Sale—We carry both rebuilt and new stock in delivery and dairy wagons. Our rebuilt wagons and buggies are splendid values for the price, while our new stock in quality, finish and prices cannot be surpassed in Central Texas. Automobile and buggy painting is our specialty. High class blacksmithing and horseshoeing.
WACO CARRIAGE CO.,
221 S. 7th St. Old phone 353, new 730.

LADIES send for trial package of Brilliant Glass Polish for mirrors and eye glasses. Send silver dime for information worth $10. C. T. Lewis, Vickery, Tex.

A house on North 17th street, Herring avenue or Columbus street. If you are looking for a home call us over either phone, 2342, and let us show you before you buy.
PEYTON RANDLE & CO.
105 South Fifth Street.

WANTED—Your order for hauling your goods, moving your safe, machinery or building material. Hunter Transfer Co.

A LIMITED number of pupils for tutoring in grade and high school subjects will be received.
Miss Elliott, 918 North 17th st.

PLENTY of new and secondhand furniture at Johnson Furniture Co. The New Furniture Store, at 320 S. 8th st. All kinds of repairing. Old phone 325.

WANTED—To do your lead water connections on Columbus st., also any other plumbing you may have anywhere. Flood Plumbing Co., 121 S. 8th st.

ATTENTION, LADIES! We have just been fortunate enough to secure the agency of the American Queen Corset. It positively is the most stylish and comfortable corset you can wear and the only corset with protection front shield fully protecting the tender skin of the wearer. Front or back laced. If unable to call or telephone, a card will bring me to your home. We also make dresses, tailored skirts and do alteration work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mrs. A. M. Williams and Miss Willie Carmichael, 212 1-2 N. 5th st., New Phone 2294.

I MAKE a specialty of automobile rebuilding, repairing; also machine work. Full line of supplies. J. W. Mitchell, 618-20 S. Fifth St., old phone 197.

SPECIAL—The State Detective and collection agency, 418½ Austin. Your business solicited. Phones 1146. C. H. Lewis, W. A. Miller, Managers.

VACUUM CARPET CLEANING—Prices cut in two. Call Wilson's wagon. New phone 1831.

MARRY—Thousands rich anxious to marry. Write Mission Unity, San Francisco, Cal.

THE experience and practice is behind the "Boss" who looks after the shoeing. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 S. 8th St., phones 871.

"THE BEST" in all kinds of repairing, painting, trimming and shoeing at Pat Hopkins' Shop on South Eighth street, phones 871.

ALL doubts removed as to the quality and style of the job when painted at Pat Hopkins' Shop on South 8th St., both phones 871.

IF IT'S "quality" you want, "Uncle Pat's" shop on South Eighth street is the place to get it. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 South Eighth St., both phones 871.

IF YOU want a way yonder the quickest and best in bookkeeping, banking and shorthand, a fine course in telegraphy, attend Hill's Business College. Open day and night.

"No Matter What You Want,"
See
The Dunken Realty Co.,
115½ S. Fifth St.

IF YOUR shoes pinch your feet you don't like to run, neither does your horse. Uncle Pat fits 'em up right. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 South Eighth St., both phones 871.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

FOUND—Cameo pin; owner can have same by describing pin and paying for ad.

LOST—One small ledger day book with vegetable account. Reward, new phone 1870 W. S. P. Everett.

LOST—A pair of gold glasses on train No. 7 May 30. Reward if returned to 1120 S. 9th. Phone No. 1306Y new.

The government of Siam will erect three land stations and equip the vessels of its navy with wireless telegraphy.

The total number of cattle on farms in the United States has decreased 20 per cent in the last five years.

Educational.

ATTEND TOBY'S BUSINESS COLLEGE. NONE BETTER. OPEN ALL YEAR. ALSO TEACH BY MAIL.

SUCCESS SHORTHAND, best in the world, at Hill's Business College. Easy terms.

Business Chances.

SEE PAYNE & ETCHISON for anything in real estate. 405 Amicable, phones 1156.

WANTED—Practical partner in planing mill; or will sell all my interest in business. Apply Charles M. Bialkowski, Wichita Falls, Tex.

FOR SALE—Greatest bargain ever offered. A money making proposition. First-class pool parlor, located in best part of city. Guarantee a good business. Long lease and cheap rent. Come or write at once if you want a bargain. Vincent Nicosia, 318 Austin St.

FIELD'S FAMOUS $15.00 SUITS.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

LATEST Oliver Typewriter, practically new, using original ribbon; terms $35 cash and three $5 monthly notes. Address Round Up, Baylor University, Waco.

FOR SALE—Steinway & Son's piano in fine condition, cheap for price asked. Apply 1426 Herring avenue.

WANT A PIANO?
I have a credit slip of $87 good on any piano or piano player at Leyhe Piano Co. which I will sell for $15. This credit slip is good for either cash or installment and if you are going to buy a piano this is a chance to get it cheap. Address E. R. S., care News.

THRESHER for sale or trade; large Reeves engine, large Buffalo Pitts separater; all up in fine condition; now running in Williamson county; price $2000. I also have for sale $3000 equity in fine four-stand gin plant located in Williamson county; been run 3 seasons; all up in fine condition; iron clad building, one story; should gin upwards of 2000 bales this season. Will trade either or both for good property. J. T. Dillard, Godley, Tex.

PEA GREEN alfalfa, direct from irrigated farms, 5 to 10 cars per week. Write or wire Farmers and Fruit Growers Association, Fort Stockton, Texas.

FOR SALE—One oak sideboard, one cellarette, one kitchen cabinet; phone new 378.

A SNAP—To open business in best town in Texas; stock of ready to wear notions and millinery, invoicing $4,000. Will sell cheap. Address P. O. Box 117, Marlin, Texas.

FOR SALE—Five-passenger Oakland 40; has run 5500 miles. P. W. Riggins, new phone 2530, old 220. 1409 Amicable Bldg.

FOR SALE cheap for cash—New single road wagon, new harness and good horse. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TYPEWRITER—Will sell my secondhand Oliver typewriter for $35. It's a bargain. Either phone 776.

FOR SALE—Secondhand 3,000 pound elevator; will sell at a bargain.
WILLIS-HALFF COMPANY.

FOR SALE—Secondhand Racycle, fully equipped. In good repairs; will sell at a bargain.
WILLIS-HALFF COMPANY.

FOR SALE cheap for cash—Good, gentle family horse and buggy, stylish and up to date in every particular. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FOR SALE—Extra nice five-piece mahogany parlor suit, leather upholstering. Will sell cheap for cash.
PERCY WILLIS, either phone.

FOR SALE—Overland car, model 47, fine condition; good tires; offered at $825; sacrifice price if taken at once; owner needs money. Texas Trading Concern, Chalmers Bldg., rooms 2, 3, 4. New phone 1369.

FURNITURE bargain, contents 4-room house for sale, $50; can give possession this week. 1911 Webster street.

FOR SALE—One 7-horsepower Twin Excelsior motorcycle; been run 400 miles; best of care, at bargain. Guarantee Cycle Co., 510 Franklin.

FOR second-hand automobiles see F. O Arnold, 706 Austin St. New phone 301; old phone 359.

HONEY—Two 60-pound cans, comb, $15; strained $12; prices f. o. b; references, National Bank; cash with order. J. A. Simmons, Uvalde County, Apiaries, Sabinal, Texas.

SODA FOUNTAIN—We have made up ready for prompt shipment 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20-foot latest iceless, pump system outfits, new and slightly used at a saving in price, on easy monthly payments. The Grossman Company, Inc., Dallas, Texas.

FOR SALE—One second-hand model 38, 4-passenger Overland, in perfect condition; new tires. F. O. Arnold, 706 Austin, Old phone 359.

CITY MAPS for sale by W. H. Jones. 606 Amicable Bldg.

Money to Loan.

WANTED—To rent a nice four-room house close in, not to exceed $20, to parties who will care for place. Renter, care Morning News.

IF YOU are interested in securing sure-enough 5 per cent money in the future to buy or to build homes, business or church houses, see W. P. Meroney, 1512 Amicable Bldg.

MONEY to loan on good chattel security, $50 and up. See Elmer Barnett, 406 Amicable Bldg.

LOANS made on farms and ranches on long time. Correspondent for H. P. Draught & Co. Your business will be appreciated. N. D. Andress & Co., 810 Amicable Bldg.

FARM and city loans promptly handled at lowest rates. Vender's lien notes bought or extended. J. M. Milstead, agent, room 301 Amicable building.

Situations Wanted.

MY SERVICES available as a sick male nurse; give best references. Apply D. S. D., Morning News.

Rooms and Board.

ROOM AND BOARD—One large room, also small one, in private family. Hot bath. Table board a specialty. 2281 S. W. phone. 1026 North 5th street.

TO couple, nice large room, with best meals, in select residence part. 1232 Columbus St.

ELEGANT furnished rooms, well arranged for families or single rooms, with board; pure artesian water. Close in. Dupree's residence, 700 South Fourth St., both phones 479.

For Rent—Rooms.

ROOMS; also light housekeeping. 930 Austin.

TWO rooms unfurnished for light housekeeping. New phone 1527.

FOR RENT — Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also south bedroom. 215 N. 7th, new phone 2470.

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished room, close in; private family; all conveniences. New phone 1146.

TWO furnished rooms near Cameron Mills. Old phone 1903, 2024 Webster.

THREE upstairs rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping, close in. Apply 321 North Eighth St.

ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, with bath. 905 Baylor St.

FOR RENT—Newly furnished front room in private family of two; no other roomer; modern conveniences. Phone, new 2626, old 612. 816 Columbus st.

FOR RENT—Large south room in private family to gentlemen. Old phone 1959.

FURNISHED rooms for rent. 511 S. 8th st.

FOR RENT—To couple without children, two rooms furnished for light housekeeping; rooms are at 211 North Seventh St. Apply to Golden Rule Shoe Co., 518 Austin Ave.

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished upstairs rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply 313 North Twelfth St.

THREE ROOMS, south front; cool, well ventilated; all modern conveniences, including bath. 407½ Franklin, new phone 1551.

NICELY furnished rooms with board. Best accommodations in the city for the money, $4 per week, and only 3 blocks from Austin avenue. 629 Jefferson street. New Phone 1744X.

ROOMS FOR RENT—New phone 2409Y.

For Rent—Houses or Flats.

WANTED—3 or 4 rooms, furnished, for light housekeeping; give full details. P. B., News.

FOR SALE—We have a swell brand new bungalow on Sanger avenue which is just the thing for a home. It is high and cool, a south front corner and the house is a dream. You can buy this. Call and let us tell you how. McDonald-Penland Co., 614 Amicable, both phones.

FOR RENT—$22.50 per month, 1016 Burleson, 6 rooms, all modern, new and good neighborhood. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

LIST your rent property with me. I will get you a tenant. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

BEN F. DANCER & CO.,

If you want to rent a home
Phone either phone 27.
If you want a tenant for your house
Phone 27.

1510 and 1511 Amicable Bldg.

Rental Dept., R. B. Harrison.

COLORADO SPRINGS — Furnished houses for rent; complete lists mailed on application. The Bennett Shellenberger Realty Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.

WILL RENT to responsible party for next two or three months, my furnished house, 27th and Sanger streets. All modern conveniences. Apply at residence or Dr. J. F. Bailey, 72 Provident Bldg.

FOR RENT.
A fine location, close in on Columbus St., with south front; five rooms and bath. For terms, see
THE CRAVEN REALTY CO.,
704 Amicable.

FOR RENT—The upper story of 416 Austin Ave.; also large wareroom back of 416. See Sherrod & Co.

FOUR-ROOM house, north part of city. Call W. R. Abell, new phone 1257.

BEN F. DANCER & CO.
Real Estate and Loans,
Suites 1510-1511 Amicable.

For Rent—Five room bungalow, North Seventeenth, half block from the car line, just the thing for the June bride, a cozy little home as could be desired.

Nice five room house on West Columbus street, three blocks from car line, only $25 per month.

Only twenty-two fifty for this six-room house on West Indiana avenue.

Elegant ten-room house on Speight street, quick car service; just the thing for a boarding house; best neighborhood in the city.

Six-room house on South Eighth, beyond Speight street, only $25.

Furnished ten-room house on South Ninth; just the place for those wishing to attend the summer school at Baylor.

East Waco houses, where there is no mud in the winter and plenty of breeze in the summer; only $10 per month.

BEN F. DANCER & CO.

FOR RENT—Beautiful Austin avenue two-story residence, nicely situated for renting rooms; every convenience; see Chas. A. Weathered & Co., 1303-1304 Amicable Bldg.

FOR RENT—Nine-room south front two-story house with servant room and barn, 1621 Austin. Ring new phone 75, old 74.

FOR RENT—After first of July, new, modern, 5-room cottage, with bath, West End addition. Ring 2033Z new phone.

NICE four-room cottage with hall, bath and all modern conveniences. Located on 20th between Fort and Jefferson. Rent $20 per month. See G. H Luedde.

FOR RENT—11-room house on Austin St. Ben F. Dancer & Co.

FOR RENT—Five room house, all modern conveniences; No. 510 N. 19th St. Old phone 1354. T. Jeff Smith.

A new cap for motorists can be made to fit any size head by an adjustable strap that encircles it.

Stocks and Bonds.

WILL sell 50 Western Casualty and Guaranty at $11.25 per shade; 100 Republic Trust at $6.50 per share. H. W. Foster, Box 1255, Dallas.

WE will buy, sell or exchange: Great Southern Life, San Antonio Life, Amicable Life, Southern Union Life, Texas Life, Western Casualty & Guaranty Co., Southland Life, Continental Trust (Houston), Republic Trust, also bank and industrial stocks.
NORTH TEXAS SECURITIES CO.,
710 Southwestern Life Building,
Dallas, Texas.

WE ARE in the market for any number of shares of Amicable Life, National Exchange Insurance & Trust Co. and Southern Union Life of Waco. If you are desirous of selling your stocks list them with us; we pay highest cash prices for all Texas securities. The Waco Exchange, 1404 Amicable Life Bldg., phones new 404, old 19.

For Sale—Vacant Lots.

FOR SALE—Three of the best lots in Huaco Heights. Small payment down and one dollar a week. Call 714 South Eighth, or phone 2383, new phone.

FOR SASH, cheap, 100 feet on 24th and Columbus ; take a look and make us an offer. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FOR SALE—Two south-front lots in north part; high elevation; one block from car; sewer, gas, water; price $700 each; easp terms. Address E3, care of Morning News.

FOR SALE—Two lots in Farwell Heights addition at a bargain. T. W. Glass, 119 S. 5th St.

A SEASHORE homesite, $2 cash and $2 monthly. Special sale of lots at Clifton-by-the-Sea at half usual prices. Large homesites, high and sightly, only $50, $2 monthly. No taxes, no interest. Most beautiful suburban bay shore resort on the coast. Midway between Houston and Galveston. Finest bathing beach on the bay; bath house and pavilion now completed. Many new homes; thousands of dollars already in improvements. Los 50x125 feet. Railroad station on ground. Bay shore property values increasing 50 to 100 per cent yearly. Your opportunity for home or investment. Write for free maps, plats and illustrated literature. Only a few lots at this price. Act quickly. E. O. Glenn, 435 First National bank building, Houston, Texas.

Trade or Exchange.

WANTED—To trade for automobile; must be worth price asked; no junk. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE for other property, at a bargain, the best lot proposition in Waco for cheap houses. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FOR TRADE—Eight-room 2-story house, good neighborhood, in North Waco. Will take small place in part payment. C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 S. Fifth St., phones 776.

TO EXCHANGE for other property, 7-room residence located on best part of N. 5th St. An ideal home. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

LIST your property with us for quick results. On ground floor. C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 South Fifth St., phones 776.

TO EXCHANGE for Waco property, good farm near Chilton, 172 acres. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FOR TRADE—Seven lots and 2 houses. Will trade for farm. What have you? C. C. Shumway & Co., 103 S. Fifth St., phones 776.

TO EXCHANGE for good clear property, a fine small farm in Bosque county. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE for other property, fine cotton gin in good neighborhood and close to Waco. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE for small residence, a nice well located home on N. Fifth St. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE at $25 per acre, 311 acres of good land on H. & T. C. railway, three miles south of Hearne; this is a snap; wood alone is worth double the amount. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE for roadster in good condition, a good lot proposition. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE for other property, a good proposition between Fifth and Sixth on Washington. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE—133 acre farm, three miles this side of Morgan on T. C. Ry. 100 acres fine tillable land, balance good pasture and under hog fence; two sets of improvements; will make the right price and take good residence. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

TO EXCHANGE for auto, well located lots on which ten cheap houses can be built and easily rented at $80 per month. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

FURNITURE TO TRADE—For horse and buggy or anything of value that I can use; have library and dining tables, 7 chairs, 3 rockers, 2 dressers, folding divan, enameled iron bed, springs, two mattresses, gas range, 9x12 rug, 30 yards matting, set of dishes and a few other items. This furniture has been used only three months and is as good as new. Will sell all or separately for cash, at less than you can buy any place in city. Call 797, new phone.

VACANT LOTS to trade for an automobile. Ben F. Dancer & Co.

TO EXCHANGE for other property, a splendid gin proposition, close to Waco—will take good auto as part pay. J. B. Woody, Royal Hotel.

Typewriters and Supplies.

WE maintain a free employment department for the accommodation of stenographers and employes. Call on us when in need. Underwood Typewriter Co., 115 South Fifth St.

TYPEWRITERS and supplies; best brands. J. A. Orem & Co., The Oliver Agent, Sixth and Austin Sts.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in Olivers, Underwoods, Fox Visibles, Royals, etc. Easy Payments. Address HIXON & MORRISON, Smith Premier Agency, 302 Fannin St., HOUSTON, TEXAS.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS GET BUSY—Sell "Ambrew" Concentrated Beer Extract for making beer at home just by the addition of water. A genuine, sparkling, foaming beer for one cent a glass. Real lager beer, not a near beer, not a substitute. The genuine article. Strictly legitimate; can be sold anywhere, wet or dry. No license required. If $50 a week or more looks good to you, get busy. Enormous demand, sells fast, coins you money. Something new, everyone buys, a sure repeater. The season is on—get ready for the warm weather—the big thirst. Small, compact, carry in your pocket. Territory going fast. No experience necessary, all or spare time. Send no money. Don't waste a moment, just a postal today. The Ambrew Company, Dept. 2801, Cincinnati, O.

GOOD income selling sturdy knitting quality boys' and girls' stockings. Write for samples. Talca Knitting Mills, 1011 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

AGENTS WANTED—Health Insurance, $20 weekly, benefits cost $1.00 per month. Big money to agents. Progressive Relief Association, Dept. 3, Southwestern Life Bldg.

AGENTS, both male and female, for staple article. Sells like wildfire. Big commissions. Send 10 cents for sample and terms. Sabine Manufacturing Co., Desk 41, Orange, Texas.

1000 AGENTS WANTED at once to sell a self-heating sad iron; fuel and labor saver. Pay salary or commission. Agents make from $15 to $20 per day. Ladies make good representatives. Imperial Sad Iron Co., Fort Worth, Tex. Box 285.

WE want a few first-class salesmen to sell stock in a million-dollar wholesale grocery now being organized and to be chartered under the laws of Texas. Apply to the Citizens' Investment Co., 1004 Southwestern Life Insurance Bldg., Dallas, Tex.

I WANT A TEACHER.

To make $1000 or more during vacation selling lots at popular prices on the easy-payment plan in one of the prettiest additions to the city of Dallas.

No experience or capital necessary. We will teach you the real estate business then appoint you our representative in your community.

Pleasant work adn large profits to the hustler. Write for particulars.

FRANK G. JESTER & CO.,
1001-2 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

"I'll Trade You."

I HAVT a stock of hardware and store building in Travis, Tex., cash value $3500, which I will trade for Waco property or residence as equal value. Warren Blakeley, Lott, Tex.

I HAVE an equity of $200 in a beautiful Highland Place lot, well located, which I will trade for a diamond of equal value or might pay some difference. E. R. S., care News.

TO TRADE—500 acres choice prairie land, three miles from town of Columbia, Brazoria county, Texas; black loam soil, for good business property in any North or East Texas town. Address T. E. Hogg, Columbia, Texas.

FOR SALE cheap, or will trade unimproved property, 1400 N. 11th St., new, five rooms, all conveniences. See W. E. Lessing, with Owen Lumber Co.

TRACKAGE PROPERTY IS A FINE INVESTMENT IF WELL LOCATED.

We have one block of the best located trackage in the city, at a price that will make a fine investment for some. This property has access to all the railways entering the city and is an ideal location for a wholesale house or a manufacturing plant.

CRAVEN REALTY CO.,
704 Amicable.

BEFORE buying or selling any real estate better see the Sisco Realty Co., room 1, Prov. Bldg. We have an advertising department and can handle your advertising, large or small, in city or country. Phones old 401, new 29.

WE HAVE four parties who wish to buy home ranging in price from $2500 to $5000. Owners having such properties for sale at a bargain will do well to list them with us at once. Marshall, Neblett & Zizinia.

Fire Insurance.

FIRE, tornado, accident, health and residence burglary insurance, surety bonds. W. O. Van Wyck, 705 Amicable. Both phones.

Medical.

THE HOME of the Good Shepherd. Maternity for Women and Girls, Waco Texas, old phone 1407.

WHY SCRATCH and lay awake at night suffering with any skin disease when you can get a medicine from the Bitting Eczema Remedy Company of Mexia, Texas, that will cure you.

DO YOU suffer with Eczema, Piles or Dandruff? If so write the Bitting Eczema Remedy Co., Mexia, Texas.

One French inventor is hanging the cylinders of his aeroplane engine below the shaft to aid stability, while another is trying out a propellor with six blades, instead of the two commonly used.

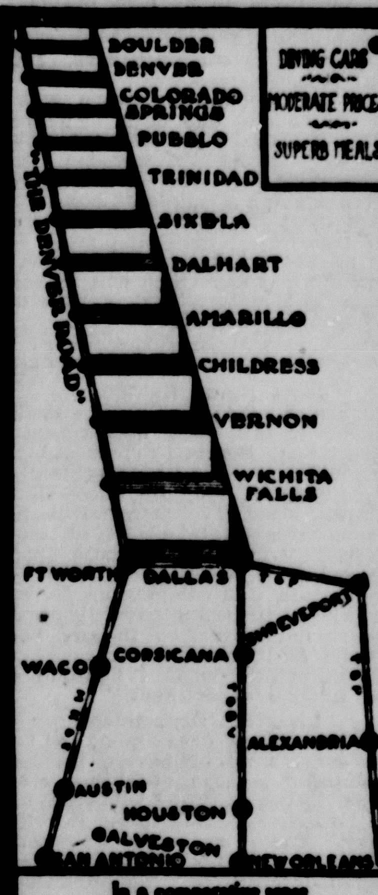
READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.



In a comparative sense
COOL COLORADO
with its numerous incomparable attractions and refuges for Vacationists and those needing health-renewing influences, is but a few steps away and the Fast Double-Daily Through Trains of the
The Ft. Worth & Denver City Railway
(including through-sleepers between Denver and points on the T. & B. V. the T. & P. and M. K. & T. Rys., as indicated hereon) eliminate travel-hardships and inconveniences and assure unbroken comfort and pleasure in both directions. If in doubt, let me send you some Coolness, in booklet form, free!
A. A. GLISSON, G. P. A.
Ft. Worth, Texas

H.&T.C.
Week-End
Popular Excursion
Galveston and Return
$4.65
Selling for trains leaving Waco 10 a. m. and 10:15 p. m., Saturday, June 21st, limited to return Monday, June 23rd, 1913.
Tourist Sleeping car through to Galveston. Reservations can be made at any time.
H. & T. C. ticket office, 112 South 4th street.

Chris's Cafe
You will enjoy your meals and your stomach will benefit by eating here. Only the best and freshest foods served in season and in the most appetizing manner.
CHRIS'S CAFE
Opposite Amicable Building on Austin Street.

Here's a New Animal.

(Salt Lake, N. Y., Cor. New York Times.)

A new species of animal has been found in this state. It has acquired the local name of Hodag, or side-walloper, because the legs on the left side are shorter than those on the right. According to William Baley, an old trapper, this is caused by the fact that the animal constantly runs around the side of the mountain in one direction. Baley caught one the other day.

"I have trapped around this country for forty years. Kit Carson and I were pardners for many years, and I am still in the business, but gol darn if this isn't the first one of the dingbasted critters I ever saw. Its head is something like that of the African anteater, pictures of which animal I've seen. It has a very long nose and long tongue, and ears covered with little scales.

"The eyes of the critter are large and fiery, and the skin around the eyes is red. Its teeth are long, and it has four big tusks. It is covered with coarse brown hair, which lies to the right, down the mountain side. Its tail is covered with long gray hair up to about two inches from the end, when it becomes a sharp horn. It probably uses this as a weapon if attacked from behind, for the critter's long and short legs prevent it from turning around to fight.

"There's also something remarkable about its feet. Each foot has three claws in front and three behind, and a double heel right in the middle. From his tracks you can't tell whether he is coming or going, by gosh!"

The old trapper, and "pard" of Kit Carson, is familiar with every kind of a weapon, even to the bow and arrow of the Indians. It is possible that he is skilled in the use of the "long bow" also.

Tomatoes raised on Milam county truck farms are fresher, sweeter and better.

MKT
St. Louis and Return $30.15
Kansas City and Return..$23.35
Chicago and Return $39.85
New York and Return ...$59.30
Stop-over allowed within final limit, Oct. 31. Through Sleeper for Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.
WM. A MORROW, C. T. A.
600 Franklin St.

S. A. & A. P.
Week End
Excursions
—TO—
CORPUS CHRISTI
PORTLAND
INGLESIDE
ARANSAS PASS
ROCKPORT.
$5.35
Tickets on sale every Saturday, good to return following Monday.

SUMMER
EXCURSION
VIA
COTTON BELT ROUTE
On June 1 to September 30, limited to October 31, we will sell round trip tickets at very low rates. Liberal stop-overs allowed.
To all points in the Southeast, call on
W. S. GILLESPIE, C. P. & T. A.,
111 S. Fourth Street.

Southern Pacific Co.
Atlantic Steamship Lines
"Morgan Line"
Three Sailings Weekly
Between
New York and Galveston
Unexcelled service, unequaled time. Unsurpassed facilities for handling all classes of freight to and from New York, and points in Atlantic Seaboard Territory.
R. S. STUBBS,
General Freight Agt.,
366 Broadway, New York.
J. G. MeyerHoefer, D. F. A.
Sunset-Central Lines,
Waco, Texas.

I.&G.N.
Attractive LOW RATES to all
Summer
Tourist
Resorts
in United States and Canada. Stopovers and choice of many desirable routes.
City Ticket Office, 110 S. 4th St.
J. C. JONES, P. & T. A.

Don't Throw Your Money Away
for something that costs a little and is worth less. Promote home enterprise by spending your money for Waco products. I have as big and fine a stock of Woolens as can be found in the state, and it will pay you to examine it and leave your order now for a Summer Suit or Trousers.
Yours for the next suit
MIKE ADAM, Tailor
121 S. 4th St.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Falls County Fair to Be Big July Event at Marlin

Four Days of Exhibits and Races—Many Prizes Are Offered for the Displays. People Are Loyal.

Marlin, June 14.—The Falls County Fair and Agricultural association at Marlin will open July 22, and three days of entertainment features will follow. This year the third annual fair promises to be bigger and better than ever before in its history. Officers of the association have been liberal with time and money to secure the best attractions.

The first day's events commence at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, July 22, when Hon. Barry Miller, former state senator and later district judge of Dallas county, makes the opening address. Judge Miller is recognized as one of the most brilliant speakers in the South.

At noon sharp, all of the fair departments and attractions of the carnival will be thrown wide to the public. These are numerous, there are cattle exhibits, agricultural displays, needlework displays, a poultry department, sheep and goat department, automobile department, hog exhibit, culinary department, girls' department women's department, whirligigs, "hobbie-horses," ferris wheel, tent shows, freaks, animals, and an aggregation of interest centers that provide a good investment for a dollar and several hours.

Races Four Days.

One of the features of the fun-fest are the races to be held during the four days. On the first day there will be two mile heats and two dashes, one of the latter free-for-all entry. Prizes total $500.

On the second day there will be mile heats and one dash. The prize money allowance for this day is also $500.

The third day will be staged with mile heats and a couple of dashes. The heats carry an award of $200 each. The free-for-all half mile mule dash will be worth $17.50 to the winner.

On the last day there will be buggy racing and feature dashes with over $600 in prize money.

All races will be governed by the American Trotting association rules.

At Horse Exhibit.

Judges of horse-flesh will be in their element at the horse department, of which Albert Eckert is chairman. Entries, which close at 7 o'clock the evening of July 21, may be made in the following classes: Coach horses, percheron, Norman, standard bred, saddle horses, jacks, mules, Shetland ponies. All ages must be computed from January 1, 1913, and competition for special prizes will be limited to bona fide farmers not interested in any horse or mule dealing firm.

There will be several hundred entries in this department.

Livestock Department.

In the cattle department will be seen every kind of bovine in Texas from the Longhorn to the sleek-skinned Jersey. The following kind may be entered: Shorthorn, Hereford, Jersey. The prize money totals into a large sum. This department is of especial interest to the dairyman-farmer, who desires to increase his earnings by intelligent dairying.

J. H. Claybrook is chairman of this department.

Swine Department.

Much interest centers in the swine department, and Chairman Andrew Butler has already received a number of letters asking for information concerning the entries.

Premiums will be awarded the following breeds:

Poland China, Duroc Jersey, Berkshire. A sweepstake entry is also provided for.

In the sheep and goat department, Andrew Butler chairman, entries in the following classes may be made: Shropshire and Angora.

Agricultural Displays.

The agricultural department will probably have the largest number of entries, and to the farmers of Falls county it will be one of the attractions.

Entries under the following heads may be made: Corn, cotton, cotton seed, forage crops, sugar cane, potatoes, vegetables. F. H. Woodland is chairman.

For Women and Girls.

There are separate departments for women and girls. Mrs. Hope Harrison Hawkins is chairman of both.

For women under the head of fancy work the followin gentries may be made: Drawn work, point lace, honiton and Battenburg, Irish crochet, filet crochet, knitting and tatting, filo embroidery, satin stitch and eyelet, infants' outfits, worsted and silk quilts, calico quilts.

To girls under fifteen years of age prizes will be awarded for the best exhibits of the following work:

Cake, any kind, loaf; two loaves of bread; cake, layer; tea cakes, twelve, fancy little cakes; home-made candy, any kind; best plate, vase, tankard or stein, painting on fabric, pitcher, punch bowl, pin tray and bon-bon box, creamer, sugar bowl or cup and saucer, general display; fancy artisle, hand made; specimen of machine work, specimen of hand work, button holes, six; hemstitching, embroidery, specimen point lace, specimen Battenberg, filet crochet, doll outfit, three pieces; patch work quilt, worsted or silk quilt, cotton sofa pillow top, silk sofa pillow top, general display.

Culinary Prizes.

The culinary department is given a liberal margin for entries. First and second prizes are provided for; first prize in any entry is worth $1, second place takes half of the first prize amount. The general entry heads are for pickles, catsups, sauces, cages, bread, butter, preserves, canned fruits, vegetables, best general display.

Premiums for Poultry.

The poultry department is in charge of M. E. Chambers, chairman. It promises to be one of the great attractions of the four days of the fair. All specimens will be judged by comparison. Premiums will be awarded on breeding pens, cock, cockerel, hen, pullet, turkeys, geese, ducks, ornamental fowls.

The chairman of this exhibit, M. E. Chambers, is anxious to institute a poultry exhibit. He has issued a call for all poultry men interested to meet him at the Elks' club in the evening of July 22, to help in the formation of such an association.

Schedule of Fees.

The following schedule of fees for entrance of exhibits and animals into the various departments has been adopted by the association:

No animal or article that is for sale can be entered for premium; such animals or articles may be marked "for sale" and placed on exhibition.

Horses, $2.50 per head for entire meet; cattle, $2 per head for entire meet; sheep, $1 each for entire meet; goats, $1 each for entire meet; hogs, $1 each for entire meet; chickens, 25 cents for entire meet; ducks, 25 cents for entire meet; geese, 25 cents for entire meet; turkeys, 25 cents for entire meet.

All animals and fowls must be in the fair grounds by 7 p. m. July 21.

In addition to the regular premiums that will be awarded the merchants in the town have prepared a special premum list. These will be open to all classes. For the convenience of all women who attend the fair a special rest room has been fitted up in the Commercial club. Every convenience will be provided.

Patriotic Fair Association.

Prettier and more conveniently located fair grounds will not be found anywhere in the state. The association has spent much time upon the arrangement of the buildings, grandstands and pavilions. They are roomy, cool and comfortable, and well appointed.

The Falls County Fair and Agricultural association, a $20,000 corporation, was formed three years ago. Its growth has been phenomenal. The association is backed by 325 stockholders, and is operated solely for the purpose of exhibiting and developing the resources of Falls county and surrounding country. Its directors desire to encourage better and improved methods of agriculture, and the raising of more and better breeds of horses, cattle, hogs and poultry.

The officers of the association are: J. L. Litteral, president; W. W. Turner, vice president; C. W. Adams, secretary; George O. Bletsch, treasurer; R. C. Zimmerman.

Men Who Support the Fair.

A number of prominent Marlin and Falls county business and professional men are connected with and strongly support the association. They are:

McKinney & Woodland, groceries.
Palmer & Norwood, groceries.
Paul Scheiblich, groceries.
Rush, Gardner & Bartlett, hardware, implements and buggies.
Farmers State bank, Perry.
Marlin National bank.
W. T. Palmer, baker and fancy eatables.
S. J. Barton, saddlery and harness.
M. E. Chambers & Co., jewelers.
F. E. Smith & Co., groceries.
T. A. Reeves & Co., dry goods, hats.
R. P. Campbell, dry goods.
First State bank.
C. Augustat, groceries.
Sanitary bakery.
Fink & Green, meat market.
Joe Lyons, real estate, insurance.
First National bank.
Levy Bros., gents' furnishings.
Falls County Telephone Co.
Holloway Bros., gents' furnishings.
Joe Sebesta, boarding house.
H. G. Dupuy, boarding house.
A. Eckert, Stamp, Texas.
Marlin Oil Co.
Marlin Ice and Electric Co.
Falls County Abstract Co.
Marlin Horse and Mule Com. Co.
B. J. Miller, photographer.
A Threadgill, jeweler.
Rice Drug Co.
George Frank, groceries.
Denning & Co., undertakers.
Tom B. Ellsberry, saloon.
A. O. Bowden, jeweler.
G. T. Epstein.
First State bank, Otto, Texas.
L. A. Bletsch, general store, Otto, Texas.
James barber shop.
Allen City Drug Co.
Marlin Lumber Co.
Marlin sanitarium.
McGuffin & McDonald, contractors.
Bethesda bath house.
Majestic Hotel and Bath House.
Dr. Cook's bath house.
W. T. Goode, insurance, real estate.
Independent Gin Co., Perry.
Farmers' Gin Co., Perry.
Marlin Steam laundry.
Renfro-Martin Drug Co.
S. H. Powers, Otto, Texas.
Kyser Furniture Co.
City Barber shop, M. Kortye, Prop.
Marlin Transfer and Livery Co.
Wm. Dow & Sons.
Finley & Co., plumbers and tinners.
Barnes Racket Store.
Elite Confectionary.
Herman Frick, blacksmith.
Dixie Theatre, Marlin.
Frank Peacock.
W. R. Jones, real estate.
J. W. Christian, groceries, bakery.
Schimming & Eddins, plumbers, tinners.
Majestic Thetre.
J. W. Hoke, real estate.
Marlin Democrat, news and job printing.
O. H. Ludwig, Perry.
W. M. Gunnell & Co., hardware and implements.
Portele Bros., contractors and builders.
S A. Sluverman, jeweler.
Olympia Confectionery.
W. L. Pattillo, real estate.
Nash, Robinson & Co., lumber, hardware.
Bunch-Adams & Co., dry goods.
Wolf, the Florist.
Turner's saloon.
Riesel Hardware and Lumber Co., Riesel.
The Marlin Abstract Co.
Smth Drug Co.
First National bank, Mart.
Old Corner Confectionery.
Jones & Son, insurance.
Theo Czirr, saloon.
Marlin Bottling works.
D. Adam, tailor.
Central Texas Livestock Ins. Co.
J. W. Hoke, real estate.
I. N. Conyers.
J. J. Thompson & Co., livery.
First State bank, Chilton.
Wm. Cameron Lbr. Co., Chilton.
Chilton Gin Co., F. T. deGraffenreidt.
M. G. Bray, Chilton.
C. F. Brod, saloon, Lott.
Lott Real Estate Co., Lott.
Hailey Dry Goods Co., Lott.
Farmers' Gin Co., Lott.
Roy Eddins, garage.
Alamo Meat Market.
Gardere & Holloway.
The Marlin Meat Market.
Ferber & Groves, barbers.
S. A. Silverman, jeweler.
Jabe & Mack Tailoring Co.
"No Name Hat," Bunch, Adams & Co., agents.
Fred Knecht, liquors, etc., Otto, Tex.
John L. Warhol, blacksmith.
F. E. Smith & Son, groceries.
Model Laundry.
Farmers and Merchants, the new bank, Riesel.
Bishop Lands, W. F. Elliott, Jr., manager.
Southwestern Tel. & Tel. Co.
P. Bayer, tailor.
E. A. Gordon, Jersey Farm.
Sanitary Bakery, John Tax, Prop.
The Fair, G. T. Epstein, Prop.
City Barber Shop, M. Kartye, Prop.

Something About Marlin.

Marlin, the "Carlsbad of America," is noted for the following things:

Marlin is a noted health resort.

Marlin has fifteen miles of cement wells in the world.

Marlin has fifteen mles of cement sidewalks.

Marlin has fifty-four miles of graded gravelled streets.

Marlin has curative water that makes it the Mecca of all persons suffering from rheumatism.

Marlin has a most delightful climate, free from malaria.

Marlin has fou rof the best equipped bath houses in the south.

Marlin has the mineral water that cures stomach troubles.

Marlin has a high school that affiliates with the State university in twenty-one units.

Marlin has twelve handsome churches.

Marlin has water that cures all blood and skin diseases.

Marin has within her trade territory four distinct kinds of soil, that will produce anything that is planted therein.

Marlin has three banks with average daily deposits of $950,000.

Marlin has free mail delivery.

Marlin has a first class ice plant.

* * *

Milam grapes, raised in Milam county are the finest flavored of all Texas grapes.

* * *

In testin gtungsten lamps for durability a French railroad uses a machine which subjects sample lamps to all sorts of jolts and jars, the breaking of a filament shutting off the motor which operates it.

LIVE STOCK TRANSPORTATION

Department of Agriculture Has Fixed Certain Rules for Humane Conduct.

In connecton with the enforcement of the twenty-eight hour law, the bureau of animal industry has made investigation of the feeding, watering, and resting of cattle, sheep, swine and

Feeding—The amount of feed which interstate transportation. The results of this investigation and the conclusions based thereon are announced as an indication of the views of the department of agriculture as to the minimum requirements of the law. other animals while in the course of should be given to different classes of animals varies with the length of time between feedings and the weights of the animals. For each twenty-four hours the ration for horses and cattle should not be less than 1½ pounds of hay to each hundredweight of animal, for sheep ,not less than 1½ pounds of hay to each hundredweight of animal; and for hogs, not less than 1 pound of shelled corn, or its equivalent in ear corn, or other grain, to each hundredweight of animal. For periods greater or less than twenty-four hours, the ration should be greater or less, respectively, in the same proportion.

Unloading—The only practicable methods for railroads to transport animals, other than hogs, without unloading during each period prescribed by the statute for rest, water and feeding, are in "palace" or similar stock cars and with emigrant outfits. There are cases in which exceptional facilities complying with the law make unloading unnecessary; for instance, specially equipped cars conveying show animals and blooded stock. In such cases care should be taken to observe the law. In all cases, if animals are not unloaded, sufficient space to permit all the animals to lie down in the cars at the same time must be provided.

As to Hogs—Hogs may be fed, watered and rested without unloading, provided (a) the cars are loaded so as to allow all the animals to have sufficient space to lie down at the same time, (b) the trains are stopped for sufficient time to allow the watering troughs to be prepared and to allow every hog time to drink his fill, and (c) care is exercised to distribute properly through each car deck sufficient shelled corn, or its equivalent in ear corn or other grain, for each hog.

Unloading Pens—All pens into which animals are unloaded must contain adequate facilities for feeding and watering and suitable space on which the animals can lie down comfortably for resting. Covered pens should be provided for unloading animals in severe weather.

The Turkish Soldier.

(Chicago News.)

Bernard Grant, who has been with the Turkish army in the present war, has many a good word to say for the Mohammedan soldier. Concerning the Turk at prayer he writes this: "As the sun sank and twilight came, with its deepening shadows, many of the soldiers who had descended from the train took off their boots and prayed. A hush fell upon the scene, and I was deeply impressed with the sight of those men proclaiming their faith under the open sky and praying to the god of battle—to Allah—whose name was upon their lips. They raised their hands to their ears with that strange Oriental gesture which signifies that the man is listening for the whisper of the great voice of the Almighty One, and prostrated themselves so that their foreheads touched the earth, and sat down cross-legged, swaying backward and forward until once again their heads were bowed to the dust. But always they kept their faces turned toward the setting sun. These men were praying that the Mohammedan spirit might vanquish all its enemies as in the days of the prophet, and that the crescent might rise supreme over those who challenged its might.

"Moreover, the Turkish soldier was honest. Thousands of starving men were able to look untempted upon the stores of a newepaper correspondent whom they could have robbed and murdered unchallenged and unreproved. Other soldiers cast covetous eyes upon our stores. They were famished, and yet hunger had not made them fierce, but tamed them, so that fortunately for us they had not the spirit of the looter, nor pluck enough to show fight. That seemed to me remarkable. Here were we, two men of a foreign race, in the midst of a starving army, while we had stores, yet there was no serious attack upon us, and our property remained as safely in our hands as if we had placed our cart in the middle of Hyde park under police protection.

"The terrible Turk, as he has so often been called, and as I had often imagined him, turned out to be a man of law, a respecter of property and an honest fellow, even when he was gnawed by hunger and supported by enormous numbers of hungry comrades, who in one moment or two could have killed us and taken possession of all we had."

* * *

Valuable discoveries of asbestos and chrome iron have been made recently in South African mountains.

Shakespeare

SAID

"Twere Pity They Should Lose Their Father's Lands"

and such an occrrence would be unfortunate indeed but there is a way now to prevent these happensngs or at least of getting something in return should you meet with such misfortune.

"CONSULT US FOR SAFETY"

National Exchange Insurance and Trust Co.

Largest Texas Company
Writing Title Guaranty Insurance

Authorized Capital $10,000.00
Assets Over Half Million Dollars

OFFICERS

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ALLAN D. SANFORD, Title Officer.
W. M. CALDWELL, Asst. Title Officer.

SENTENCED TO DIE

The Hour: 9 a. m.

The Day: Wednesday, June 25

? ? ?

We Came to Waco

Because we believe in the present and future worth of Waco dirt, and we are backed up in this belief by the fact that Waco today is the fastest growing city in Texas.

We handle both city and farm property and are in a position to give the best of both at the most moderate cost.

Right now we have some especially inviting properties. If you are in the market call and see us or write for information.

E. D. Skinner & Son

612 Amicable Bldg.
New Phone 1966.
WACO, TEXAS

Are You Particular?

Do You Dress Well?

Then We Are the Laundry for You.

White People Only

The Progress

Phones 1300

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

If You Want Grades and Service, See

D. M. WILSON

SASH, DOORS, HARDWARE

14th and Franklin

LUCAS PAINTS
ROOFING

LUMBER

PHONES 1849

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

Fly Time Is Screen Time

Send us your orders for all kinds of Fly Screening and Fly Traps. The Best Stock in the City.

Nash Robinson & Co.

W. T. Watt, President. J. K. Rose, Vice President. E. A. Sturgis, Cashier. W. T. Clifton, Assistant Cashier.

Provident National Bank

WACO, TEXAS.

Capital, Surplus and Profits

A Half Million Dollars

SOLICITS THE ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS AND INDIVIDUALS, and promises careful attention to business entrusted to it.

WIRE SIGNS

When in the market for Wire Signs, Window Guards, Wire Lockers or Wire Office Fixtures, send us your plans for our prices.

Southern Wire and Iron Co., Dallas, Texas

NOTICE

About July fifteenth we will remove our Retail Store and Offices to the Horne building on Austin, near Sixth street. Our factory will remain in its present location. The room, 80x40 feet, now occupied by our store and offices, will be for rent about July fifteenth. We will rent it as a whole, or will cut it into four stores 20x40 feet.

HILL PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.

TAN SHOES

For Ladies' summer wear.

Nothing more appropriate, more seasonable

THE

Connor Shoe Co.

Offer This Week an Elegant Line of Tans, Button Oxfords and Pumps

AT

$2.50

THE PAIR

WARNED TO SAVE CATTLE.

Government Warns South to Save Herds by Breeding.

Washington, June 14.—Grave warning to the southern states, especially Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and Florida, against the wholesale exportation of their cattle is contained in a special statement issued today by the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture.

In the past twelve months, says the statement, buyers from the middle west have taken from that district thousands of animals, many of which go to the slaughter houses, when they should be retained for breeding purposes.

"Some people of the south," says the bureau, "seem glad that these cattle are being shipped out, as the number of scrub cattle is being reduced and the south will get better cattle as the result. They do not consider that if the shortage of cattle is such as to cause buyers to come from the far west to buy these scrub cattle for breeding purposes, the chances of southern farmers refilling their pastures with good cattle are indeed small, but where are the good breeding cattle to come from at a reasonable price?"

Union Barbers Win Strike.

Houston, Texas, June 14.—Union barbers have about won their demands for 10 o'clock closing Saturday night and five cents extra for neck shaving effective July 1. Thus far but one union shop owner is standing out against the men and it is expected that he will come into line. Local hardware dealers report an immense sale of safety razors in anticipation of the changed order of things.

Wall Paper—Cameron & Co.

Falls 1000 Feet.

Lisbon, June 14.—A Portuguese aviator named Manlo was killed today when his aeroplane collapsed at a height of 1000 feet.

Americans Beat Japs.

Tokio, June 14.—The touring baseball nine of Leland Stanford, Jr., university defeated the University of Keio today, 1 to 0. The Americans made four hits to Keio's two and the Japanese made three errors.

A prize of $1,000 has been waiting in Philadelphia since 1850 for the first resident of North America who shall determine by experiment whether or not infra-red rays are transmitted with the same speed as other light rays.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

International Sunday School Lesson

Jacob Before Pharaoh

Second Quarter. Lesson XI. Gen. 47:1-12. June 15, 1913.

(The Story.)

Filial piety and brotherly love shine in the character of Joseph with greater brilliancy than any jewels that studded his rich regalia as viceroy of Egypt. Even if he had not rendered his great humanitarian service to famishing nations and won a place in the select company of the world's prime ministers, these lovely personal traits would save him from oblivion. . . . For Joseph blood was always thicker than water. It mattered not that his brothers had been envious and cruel. He forgave and loved them. He used all the arts he had learned in statecraft to reform them, crowding back his natural feelings. He kept incognito, that no mixed motives should dominate them. He used various devices to remind them of their guilt and lead them to repentance. When thoroughly satisfied they were really new men, he revealed his identity, and that, too, without any "I am greater than thou" manner, but with such a cataract of affection as fairly swept them off their feet and waked the echoes of his palace. What is more, he acknowledged them before king and court. Clad in robes of state decked with insignia, he took these rustic, sun-burnt, barefooted shepherds by the hand and led them up to Pharaoh's jeweled throne and acknowledged them as his own brothers. He scorned the curling lips of envious courtiers when his own lowly origin was then revealed. He faced them with dauntless courage when he saw their racial prejudices against shepherd's kindling. He obtained for them the reservation of the fattest pasture-land that even Egypt could boast. Right royally did Joseph act the brother's part. . . . Affecting as the meeting between the brothers was, that between father and son was even more so. After two decades of separation they fly into each other's arms; the father, who had kept the blood-stained coat as a token of a son believed to have long since perished; the son, who through tribulations deep had climbed unaided and by his own intrinsic merit to glory and a commanding position of world-wide power. And Joseph no more hesitated to present his father to court than his brothers. The patriarch in presence of the Pharaoh makes a scene for poet and painter. . . . Joseph's words to Pharaoh are an elegy. Well may he call his life a pilgrimage. Gerar, Padanaram, Succoth, Bethlehem, Beersheba, Egypt, are only a few of the milestones. . . . His days also were comparatively few, for his grandfather had lived forty-five years and his father fifty years longer than himself. His life, too, had been checkered with "evil." He had suffered the ills inseparable from duplicity, had robbed his brother and thus exiled himself. The deceptions he had practiced on others had been his own bitter fate. Cursed with profligate sons and robbed of one pre-eminently virtuous, and, to end it all, now famine stricken—that word "evil" surely sums his whole life.

The Teachers Lantern.

The entrance of Israel into Egypt is one of the most fateful events of history. It is novel and picturesque, but at the same time is fraught with consequence of first importance, not merely to the Hebrew, but to the human race. . . . Egypt was Israel's schoolroom. There he learned art, literature and law. A pastoral people were there converted into a town-dwelling folk. The tent there began to give place to the house. . . . In the furnace of Egyptian bondage also the loosely-federated tribes were about to be fused into a compacted nation. . . . If the hand of a wonder-working Providence is visible in any human event, it certainly is in this. . . . Joseph's statecraft is evident in his direction of his brothers to announce to Pharaoh that they were shepherds, always had been, and would continue such. By this means he raised the bar of caste between Hebrews and Egyptians, and prevented the former from being absorbed by the latter. In this it is evident that he understood in part at lease the divine plan and the promises of God to Abraham and Isaac. He recognized himself as an instrument for their fulfillment, and certainly acted his part wisely. . . . The admission of pastoral tribes into Egypt supposedly at this period is matter of record in the inscriptions. . . . This Pharaoh was a good sort of man; he felt his debt to Joseph, and proposed to pay it by befriending his brothers, or he was actuated by humanitarian feelings in general. . . . All things considered, perhaps the most remarkable act in Joseph's whole career was the dedication of his two sons to the cause of Israel. They might have had power and wealth; one of them might have even succeeded him as prime minister of Egypt. But Joseph preferred that they should suffer affliction with the people of God. His reward was appropriate and great. They were recognized as own sons of Jacob and became founders of tribes that bore their names.

The Young People's Devotional Service.

June 15, 1913: Proverbs 4:10-27. Favorite Verses (II) in the Proverbs.

As from an inexhaustible reservoir, Solomon's thoughts flowed out in many channels. It is believed that Aristotle reproduced his philosophy and Aesop his fables. He is the eldest of natural scientists and most prolific of poets. But all his wisdom finds its most valuable expression in his proverbs, which have been called the sanctification of common sense and the philosophy of practical life.

International Catholic Truth Society

A month from today, the 15th of July, is the anniversary of the translated of the relics of St. Swithun.

We have little authentic information of the details of St. Swithun's (not Swithin) life. The early biographers of our saint, Lanfred and Wulstan, gave practically no particulars of him, and to the life by Gotzelin we must look for such as we give. Gotzelin was a monk who came to England with Hermann, who was bishop of Salisbury from 1058 to 1078. This erudite writer embodies in his work all the traditions that remained to be collected concerning the saint in his time. St. Swithun was born of noble parents in the reign of King Egbert, and early displayed a leaning towards the religious life. He was ordained priest by Helmstan, bishop of Winchester, in 838. The fame of his learning and sanctity of life going abroad, the king appointed him guardian and tutor to his son Ethelwulf, and held him in the highest esteem. In the reign of Ethelwulf he was raised to the See of Winchester, and was consecrated by Ceolnoth, archbishop of Canterbury. The zeal of the new bishop knew no bounds, and his love of the poor and charity towards all was in marked contrast to the harshness towards himself and the austerity of his life. His biographers emphasize his tireless energy in building new churches and renovating old ones, and we read, so much influence had he over Ethelwulf, that this monarch, at his suggestion, bestowed a tenth of his lands for the use of the church and for religious purposes. William of Malmesbury tells us that Bishop Alhstan, of Sherborne, was Ethelwulf's minister for temporal, and St. Swithun for spiritial matters.

His humility and austerity were so great that he always undertook his diocesan journeys on foot, irrespective of the season of the year and the climatic conditions, and his charity towards the poor is best illustrated by the fact that, though he frequently gave banquets, at his table were to be found not the rich and powerful, but "the halt, the lame and the blind" of his flock.

He built a bridge over the Itchen, "near the the eastern gate of his cathedral city," and so substantial was the work that, when Gotzelin wrote, the stone arches still remained. The same biographer tells a pretty story in connection with this bridge. A market woman in crossing it fell and broke some eggs she was carrying in a basket. St. Swithun, pitying the poor creature's misfortune, blessed the basket and the eggs were found whole and unbroken!

St. Swithun died on the 2nd of July, 862, and was buried at his own request without the church—"outside, in a vile, unworthy place," as he pleaded.

One hundred years later, when St. Dunstan and Ethelwold of Winchester were supplanting the secular canons by monks, the new cathedral of Winchester which they built was dedicated to St. Swithun, the former one having been under the patronage of SS. Peter and Paul.

In Memory of Titanic Hero.

The heroic conduct of Father Byles, who went down in the Titantic, will not be forgotten by the present generation. Future generations will learn of the inspiring zeal of Father Byles from the mural plate which has been set up at St. Edmund's college, Old Hall Green. The brass, which has been erected in the college cloister, opposite the tombs of the vicars apostolic, tells in graphic language the story of the brave man's heroism. The following is the inscription:

Pray for the soul of Rev. Thomas
Roussel David Byles,
formerly Student and Professor of this college,
Who having embarked for New York
on the ship Titanic,
When that vessel struck an iceberg
and became a sudden wreck
In the midst of that mighty horror
of April 14, 1912.
He twice refused the offered safety of
a lifeboat
Choosing rather to comfort the Catholics and other Christians
With the supreme consolation of the
faith
And so to die with them
Too numerous to be saved from the
deep
But not to escape eternal loss.
Thus did he follow in the footsteps
of the Good Shepherd
Thus did he lay down his life for the
sheep.
R. I. P.
"Bid Me Come to Thee upon the Waters."—St. Matthew xiv. 28.

Ladies of Calvary.

"The Ladies of Calvary" is the name of a French society devoted to the relief of all sufferers and invalids, but more especially of those stricken with cancer. They are not a congregation for they pronounce no vows; but they live together, wear a black dress, and have fixed times for prayer. The late directress of the society, Madame Philipon, was a magnificent type of the active, intelligent Frenchwoman, full of Christian zeal. Left early a widow with an only son, she watched over his education until she saw him assured in a successful career. His marriage and subsequent appointment to a magistrature in Algeria would have made her life empty but that she turned with ardour to charitable works. Imbued with an intense pity for incurables, she offered her services to the Ladies of Calvary, and took her turn night and day in nursing the unfortunates afflicted with the terrible disease of cancer. She was soon chosen to be head of the society, and became responsible for many admirable innovations in the organization of the establishment. The noble ministrations of the society did not exempt it from the suspicion and disfavor of the government. At the time of the dispersal of the congregations, the police commissary who came to inspect the building was asked by Madame Philipon to visit the wards. He was so overcome at the sight of the hideous wounds of the patients that he begged to be excused from continuing. He sent such an eloquent report to the authorities of the nature of the society's work that it has not since been molested.

WACO CHURCHES

Baptist

FIRST BAPTIST.

Dr. F. C. McConnell, Pastor
(Corner Fifth and Webster.)

Dr. McConnell will preach at the usual services at 11 a. m. and at 8:15 p. m. W. G. Carroll of Beaumont will render a solo at the morning hour and Miss McClark, teacher at the Rusk academy, will furnish special music at the night service in addition to the anthems by the choir. Sunday school meets at 9:30.

SEVENTH AND JAMES.

Rev. W. W. Melton, Pastor

"Christian Sympathy" will be the pastor's morning theme. Ordination service of Stanley Jones will be held at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Evening sermon at 8:15 as usual by the pastor. The choir, under the direction of Prof. J. M. Evans, will render specially prepared anthems at both services. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m.; Junior B. Y. P. U. at 5 p. m., and the Senior union immediately following.

EAST WACO BAPTIST.

Rev. P. H. Faulk, Pastor.

"Obligation of a Husband to His Wife," and "Marriage From the Standpoint of a Wife" will be the subjects discussed at a feature service tonight by Pastor Faulk and Mrs. A. H. Newman, respectively. Services at 11 a. m. will be conducted as usual by the pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Mrs. Harrison will sing "Will the Circle Be Unbroken" at the evening hour.

CLAY STREET BAPTIST.

Rev. O. E. Bryan, Pastor.

Pastor Bryan will preach at 8:15 p. m. on the theme of "General Judgment." The morning hour will be devoted to the celebration of and a sermon on the Lord's Supper. Sunday school at 9:30; Senior B. Y. P. U. at 5 p. m. and Junior Union at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting is held on Wednesday evenings and the Ladies' Aid at 3:30 p. m. with Sunbeams in connection.

PROVIDENT HEIGHTS.

Rev. Harlan J. Matthews, Pastor.

Superintendent N. P. Lowrey urges that large and prompt attendance of the Sunday school meet him at 9:45 a. m. Pastor Matthews has chosen themes for the morning and evening services that are especially vital to members of the church and he desires all members to attend. Special music at both services. The public has a cordial invitation.

COLUMBUS STREET.

Rev. F. S. Groner, Pastor.

Dr. S. A. Smith, formerly of Louisiana but now of Waco, will preach at the 11 o'clock hour on "Jesus Christ the Light of the World." A musical service conducted by Mrs. C. J. Biars, assisted by the choir, will take the place of the sermon at 8:15 p. m. The public has a cordial invitation to attend.

Pastor Groner, who is now at Asheville, N. C., recuperating his health, is reported to be improving nicely and is expected to return about the first week in July.

Methodist.

FIFTH STREET.

Rev. Ashley C. Chappell, Pastor.

Rev. J. J. Creed will preach at the morning service in the absence of Pastor Chappell, who has religious business in Fort Worth today. The evening service will be dispensed with in behalf of the revival at Austin Avenue church. Sunday school as usual at 9:30.

On Tuesday the members of the Young Ladies' Missionary society have planned a program known as "A Trip Around the World." Different houses of the city will be decorated to represent different countries of the world, beginning with the church building, and the trip will be made in automobiles.

AUSTIN AVENUE CHURCH

Rev. Hubert D. Knickerbocker, Pastor
(Austin Avenue and Twelfth.)

Special services have been planned today as a climax of the revival which has been in progress for the past several weeks. Rev. R. P. Shuler, the evangelist, will preach at 11 a. m., 4 p. m. and 8 p. m. At the afternoon service, for men only, Dr. Shuler will speak on "Jaw." The night sermon will be preached on the church lawn with "Not Dead But Dammed and Doomed" as the theme. Members will be received into the church at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school meets at 9:30. The public has a cordial invitation to all of the meetings.

SCANDINAVIAN METHODIST.

Rev. Oscar E. Linstrom, Pastor.
(North Tenth and Vermont.)

Morning sermon at 11 a. m. and in the evening at 8 p. m. by Pastor Linstrom. Sunday school at 10 a. m., conducted by C. A. Ryden. The pastor extends a most cordial invitation especially to the Swedish and Norwegian people. The church may be reached easily by taking the North Ninth street car.

MORROW STREET.

Rev. A. D. Porter, Pastor.

Rev. J. N. McCain, assistant superintendent of the Orphans' Home, will preach at 11 a. m. in the absence of the pastor, who has gone to supply Rev. R. P. Shuler's pulpit at Austin. Mrs. Schuh will sing at this hour. Services at night will be dispensed with on account of the Austin Avenue revival. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m.

ELM STREET.

Rev. J. J. Creed, Pastor.

Sunday school at 9:30 will be conducted in an enthusiastic way as a feature of the day's services. The classes each gave subscriptions to the new church building fund and will have individual class rooms when the building is completed. Preaching services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. under the tent. Visitors are promised "a cool seat and a cool drink but a warm welcome."

Presbyterian.

Rev. J. J. Grier, Pastor.
(512 North Thirteenth.)

Miss Upshaw of Dallas will sing at the morning hour and the choir will furnish special selections. Usual services by Pastor Grier at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. and the Christian Endeavor holds its session at 7 p. m. All visitors are assured of a hearty welcome.

Christian.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN.

Rev. F. N. Calvin, Pastor.

"Our Possessions" will be Pastor Calvin's morning subject, at which service the Lord's Supper will be observed. At the evening hour the pastor will discuss the liquor and cigarette question. Extracts will be given from Richmond P. Hobson's great temperance speech in the house of representatives. Bible school at 9:30 a. m., S. M. Hamilton, superintendent. Christian Endeavor meets at 7 p. m.

Christian Science.

The Christian Science church will hold its regular service at the auditorium of the Public library at 11 a. m. "God the Preserver of Man" will be the subject of the lesson-sermon. Sunday school meets at 9:45 a. m. and the testimonial service is held on Wednesday evenings at 8 p. m. Reading room, 1811 Amicable building, hours 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., and 4 to 7 p. m.

Episcopal.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rev. W. P. Witsell, Rector.
(Fifth and Columbus.

Morning prayer and sermon by the rector at 11 o'clock and in the evening at 8:30. Holy communion will be celebrated this morning at 7:30. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. The rector extends a cordial invitation to all who are interested.

Downtown Mission.

Rev. I. S. Boyles, Superintendent.
(605½ Austin avenue.)

The superintendent will give in five minutes a brief account of what the mission has done in six months, and will give outline for the future work, calling attention to the illustrated lectures, the first of which filled the large hall Friday night. Pastor W. T. Gray, of the Herring Avenue church, will preach. Services will close in due time for the Shuler meeting at 4 p. m. at Austin Avenue church.

A special feature of the 3 o'clock services this afternoon will be a duet by the "Heavenly Twins." Superintendent Boyles will preach at the evening service. All the friends of the mission are specially invited and everybody will be welcomed.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL CONGREGATION.

Rev. W. Urban, Pastor.

Services will be conducted tonight in English by the pastor in the Scandinavian Lutheran church on the corner of North Tenth and Jefferson. Sermon begins promptly at 8 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR LESSON JUNE 15TH.

Verses in the Proverbs—Prov. 4:10:27.

Daily readings—
Beginning of Knowledge — Prov. 1:7-19.
Duty Verses—Prov. 3:1-4.
Peace Verses—Prov. 3-27-35.
Diligence—Prov. 6:6-11.
Wisdom Verses—Prov. 9:9-18.
Nuggets—Prov. 13:1-12.

Answers to be Chosen from the Proverbs:

What verses help you most in sorrow?

What verses help you most in temptation?

What verses help you most in sickness?

What verses help you most in time of doubt?

What verses help you most to keep pure?

For Responsive Reading:

Prov. 22:1. A good name is rather to be chosen than great riches and loving favor rather than silver and gold.

2. The rich and poor meet together; the Lord is the maker of them all.

3. A prudent man foreseeth the evil, and hideth himself, but the simple pass on and are punished.

4. By humility and fear of the Lord are riches, and honor, and life.

5. Thorns and snares are in the way of the forward; he that doth keep his soul shall be far from them.

6. Train up a child in the way he shall go; and when he is old he will not depart from it.

7. The rich ruleth over the poor, and the borrower is servant to the lender.

8. He that soweth iniquity shall reap vanity; and the rod of his anger shall fail.

9. He that hath a bountiful eye shall be blessed; for he giveth of his bread to the poor.

A Book Social.

How to start a library, was the question confronting the Endeavorers in the Christian church of Beeville. Some one suggested a "book social" and they agreed to try it. They realized a sum sufficient to buy a number of good books and they will from time to time add to this church library as they may be able. This society is also helping to pay for a piano for their church.

The Endeavor societies in many of our churches are vieing with the ladies' aid societies in helping to make the house of God more attractive, as well as of greater help to humanity.

Behind Prison Bars.

The Kentucky union is doing a splendid work for prisoners, writes Miss Georgia Dunn. Grateful prisoners and ex-prisoners write: "Keep up Christian Endeavor in prisons; do not on any account let a bit of it be hindered; it is one of the greatest things that a prisoner can have brought to him, and it is one of the greatest blessings to the state of Kentucky that we know."

This will call to mind to the Texas Endeavorers the great work being carried on in our own state by Mother Sloan, superintendent of the prison work department of the Texas Christion union. Mrs. Sloan has recently written of a work on this line we can all assist in. Her letter is as follows:

"Wanted—For the prison at Rusk, second-hand magazines and religious books and papers. These should be such as men will enjoy, as there are no women or boys at that prison. Let your good literature committee gather up as many as possible, box them and prepay the freight to the chaplain, Rev. S. M. Tenney, Rusk, Texas. Also reading matter suitable for boys from ten to twenty years will be acceptable at Gatesville on the same condition of prepaid freight. Help us in this all you can. Cordially, (Mrs.) S. M. Sloan, prison superintendent, Texas, C. E. Union.

Milam county peaches have a better flavor.

We Sell Shoes They All Look Up to

"WICHERTS" GENTEEL PUMPS

$4.00

Miller-Cross Company

EXCLUSIVE FOOTWEAR

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ABE NOVICH'S

ANNUAL SKIDOO SALE

Has Been Continued for Another Week

Do not fail to take advantage of the Big Savings to be made here on all purchases

50c Dress Patterns 25 Cents

FOR MONDAY ONLY

Limited to one Pattern to Each Lady Visiting the Skidoo Sale

All Ladies' Up-to-Date Hats, Childrens' Hats and Sailors

AT HALF PRICE. MONDAY ONLY

ABE NOVICH

300 ELM STREET, EAST WACO

ON TO GETTYSBURG.

Forty-five Thousand Veterans to Camp on Battlefield.

Philadelphia, June 14.—Forty-five thousand veterans of the Civil war, wearers of both the blue and the gray, have asked the Gettysburg anniversary commission to provide accommodations for them during the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the famous battle next month. These figures were given out yesterday at Harrisburg by Dr. Samuel C. Dixon of the state department of health as a final estimate.

Under the most favorable conditions there would be many cases of illness among the old soldiers during the encampment, Dr. Dixon estimated.

But a much greater number, it is feared, will suffer because of the heat, excitement and the strain of travel. Among the provisions for caring for the sick, arrangements have been made with hospitals in cities within a radius of forty miles to receive cases from emergency hospitals to be established on the field.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to extend to each and everyone our heartfelt thanks during our sad hour of bereavement and also for the many beautiful floral offerings.

None knew him but to love him,
None named him but in praise;
A precious one from us has gone,
A voice we loved is still;
A place is vacant in our home
That never can be filled.

MRS. ED HOXWORTH and FAMILY.

Fresh Honey

We have just received the first shipment of fresh Uvalde honey

Quarts..........................50c
Pints............................25c

Royall's Original Coffee

3 lb. Cans.....................$1.00
1 lb. Cans.......................35

WINES—Sherry, Port, Angelica, Scuppernong, Claret.

COLD BEER—Budweiser, Schlitz, Blue Ribbon, National Export.

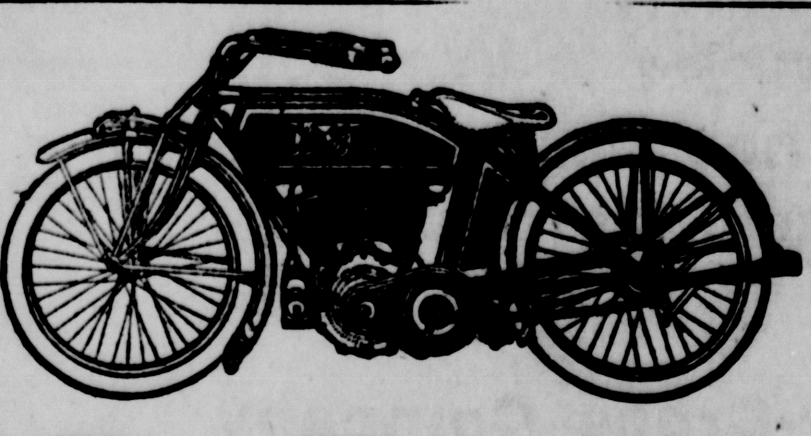
J. A. EARLY

313 Franklin Street

You're Out! If you have not perfect digestion, liver activity and bowel regularity. These should be daily functions in order to maintain health.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

will help you when those organs become weak and lazy. We urge a trial today. **Insist on Hostetter's.**



"The Excelsior

Is the Motorcycle for Me"

Is heard on every hand as one after another of the boys fall in line and buy the big "X."

The Grip Control Clutch makes the Excelsior worth $50 more than any other machine, but it SELLS for LESS than others of an inferior make. The EXCELSIOR is the quality machine—its name stands the world over for Endurance, Reliability, Comfort, Speed and Beauty.

Demonstrations.

Hall Cycle & Plating Co.

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MARLIN SANITARIUM BATH HOUSE

Only Steam Vapors Here. We Have Our Own Laundry

Located within a few feet of the famous Hot Well. Has no superior as a well appointed bath house.

The Sanitarium is connected with the Arlington Hotel by a subway which enables guests to go to and from their baths without being exposed to outer air.

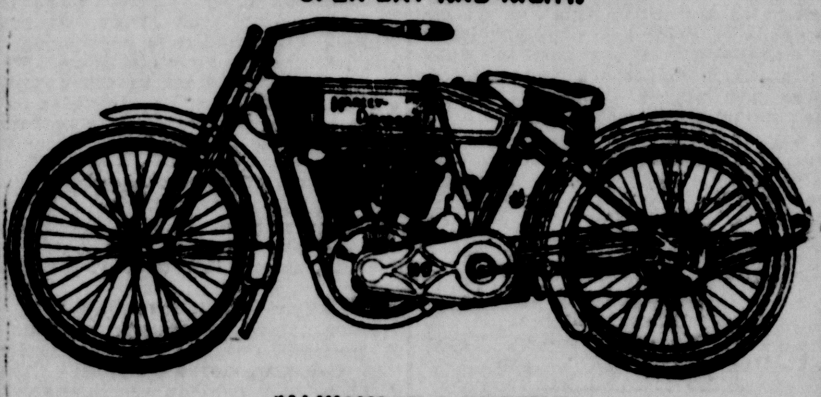
The attendants have had years of experience, and are universally polite and courteous.

CASH VALUATION, $70,000.
Run Strictly on its Merits, and Not by "Boosters."
F. H. RAGSDALE, N. D. BUIE, M. D., Owners.
F. H. RAGSDALE, Manager.
MARLIN, TEXAS.

Analysis of Marlin's Famous Hot Mineral Water, by Prof. E. Everhart, P. H. D., University of Texas.

Calcium Sulphate	3.95	Sulphate of Alumina	12.20
Sodium Chloride	112.39	Sulphate of Magnesia	16.15
Sulphate of Potash	.80	Sulphate of Lime	34.10
Sulphate of Soda	312.32	Bi-Carbonate of Soda	11.66
Sulphate of Iron	3.02	Insoluble Matter	1.88

Total grains per gallon, 508.47.
Free Carbonic Acid Gas, per gallon, 3.60 cubic inches.
147 degrees Fahrenheit.
Depth of well, 3,350 feet.



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$200 MODEL K "THE BIG 4"
Both Magneto Equipped

Pope Motorcycle

$165
$200
$215
$250

Pope MOTOR CYCLE

It will pay you to see the 1913 Pope

Guarantee Cycle Co
510 Austin Street

E QUALITY HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED

U. S. MAY NOT OBJECT

U. P. WOULD EXCHANGE $38,000,000 OF S. P. STOCK FOR PENNSY'S B. & O. HOLDINGS.

On Surface the Plan Looks O. K., Says Attorney General McReynolds—Power Division.

Washington, June 14.—Attorney General McReynolds today began considering the proposal of the Union Pacific railroad, made to the United States court at St. Paul, to exchange $38,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock for the Pennsylvania railroad's holdings of the Baltimore and Ohio. Such an arrangement, incidental to the dissolution of the Union Pacific merger, the attorney general said, did not on the surface present a situation to which the government could object.

With its present holdings, the proposed transfer would give to the Union Pacific 38.2 per cent of the outstanding stock of the Baltimore and Ohio. By acquiring $38,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock, the Pennsylvania would control 14 per cent of the entire outstanding stock of the Southern Pacific. So far the attorney general has not found any indication that competition would be suppressed.

ARE TO FILE A TEST SUIT

I. & G. N. Wants to Know the Reasonableness of Intangible Valuation.

Austin, June 14.—It became evident today in the state tax board that the International and Great Northern railway company is preparing to institute a lawsuit to test the reasonableness of the intangible valuation to be put on that property, if same approximates that adopted last year and sent out in preliminary estimates this year. The preliminary estimate is $14,000,000.

HOLD AN EFFICIENCY MEETING

Katy Freight Men in Session at Hillsboro Today—Pennington Is Chairman.

The regular get-together meeting of the freight station agents of the Central Texas Katy lines will be held today at Hillsboro. Traffic matters are to be considered by the freight men, and suggestion made to facilitate the handling and transportation of freight. The meeting has heretofore been held at Waco.

A business session will be held in the morning at the headquarters of the Hillsboro chamber of commerce. After dinner the freight men will be entertained by the Hillsboro Boosters' club.

J. E. Pennington, Katy freight agent here, will be chairman of the session. The corresponding secretary is R. L. Nethery, Katy trainmaster at Waco.

Would Register Bonds.

Austin, June 14.—Application was today made to the railroad commission for authority to register $280,000 of bonds of the Stephenville, North and South Texas line, acquired by the Cotton Belt and completed.

Announces Tariff Amendment.

Austin, June 14.—The railroad commission today announced amendment to the tariff on sundry commodities placing a rate on cotton bale tie buckles in less than carloads of thirty-five cents per hundred pounds from Houston and the same rate to apply from Galveston.

Katey Magazine Out.

The June number of the M., K. & T. Employes' Magazine, devoted to the interests of the employes of the Katy and to the system, has just been issued. The magazine contains a number of articles of general interest; efficiency talks by the "men higher up;" and timely safety articles. The last feature—to make the Katy safe—is being pushed, not only by the management, but by the employes of the road.

NEW ROAD GETS CHARTER

Dallas, Fairfield and Gulf Line to Build From Dallas to Jewett, in Leon County.

Austin, June 14.—The attorney general today approved and the secretary of state filed the charter of the Dallas, Fairfield and Gulf railway company with a capital stock named at $105,000 and the principal office of the company at Fairfield, Freestone county, Texas. The incorporators are T. J. Alexander, D. D. Peevy, W. H. Miller and others.

It is proposed to build a railroad from the city of Dallas in a southeasterly direction through Dallas county to Ferris in Ellis county, and from there through Navarro county to Fairfield in Freestone county, and from that point through Freestone county to a point near Jewett, in Leon county. The proposed mileage of the road is about 100 miles.

ELKS PLAN EASTERN TRIP.

Will Mobilize at Temple for Journey to Rochester.

Temple, June 14.—The "On to Rochester" committee appointd by the Temple Elks lodge some time ago with Clough Shelton as chairman, reports great interest being exhibited and a special sleepng car for Central Texas Elks and their friends will be placed here for their use July 2 or 3. It is expected that a large party will mobilize here. The official route will be via the Katy to St. Louis; Illinois Central to Chicago; New York Central to Rochester. The train leaves Fort Worth at 7:45 p. m. July 2. July 5 is to be spent in Chicago and a half day Sunday, July 6, at Niagara Falls, Rochester being reached at 5 p. m. July 6. The candidacy of Tom J. Darling of Temple for grand secretary of the order is responsible for much of the activity being displayed.

Milam county peaches have a better flavor.

Store Fixtures For Sale

5 Plate Glass Show Cases
1 Umbrella Case.
4 Clothing Cabinets.
1 Triple Mirror.
1 Vestibule Show Case.
45 Feet of Hat Case.
1 Singer Sewing Machine.
1 Oliver Typewriter.
1 Burroughs Adding Machine.
1 Diebold Safe.
All Shelving, all Tables.

Apply to

H. L. Gilmore & Co.

Adjusters at

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403 Austin Ave.,
WACO - - - TEXAS

See the dollars in a course of the famous Byrne shorthand and bookkeeping or telegraphy. We hold the world's record for speed and accuracy in a given time. 1500 enroll annually and more than double and treble their earning capacity. Why not you? Fill in and mail for free catalog of America's largest business training school, Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Tex.

Name 13
Address ....

Tupaco Floor Sweep

TURNER PAPER COMPANY

Jesse R. Joyner, Mgr.

Old phone 695; New phone 383

209 South Fourth St.

Closing Exercises of Jewish Sunday School Are Tonight

Closing services of the Jewish Sunday school for the year will be held tonight at the Progress club on the corner of Sixth and Franklin streets. The children will stage a Biblical play entitled "Ruth," and in addition a musical program will be rendered.

Following the program for the evening there will be a dance, Miss Flora Lippard being in charge. Misses Ray Naman and Lottie Naman will direct the music.

The following musical program will be carried out:

Vocal solo—Miss Harry Sachs.

Violin solo—Willie Lipshitz, accompanied by Bernard Sachs.

Piano solo—Miss Rose Silvers.

Vocal duet—Miss Leah Friedman and Phil Crown.

Piano solo—Miss Dorothy Rosenthal.

Vocal trio—Misses Florence and Leah Goldberg and Jack Sachs.

Milam county raised potatoes cook and eat better. Try them.

Milam county raised potatoes cook and eat better. Try them.

Gospel Is Taught By Sense of Sight

The Down Town Mission workers, associated with Superintendent I. S. Boyles, were delighted with the results of the first sacred entertainment Friday night at the Evangelistic Mission hall at 608½ Austin avenue. The hall was packed, and the mission workers were congratulated on securing the illustrated lectures. The lecture was on "The Last Week of the Christ."

The large stereopticon pictures, 9x10 feet in size, in colors, pleased the audience and held their interest for nearly an hour.

This sacred entertainment on a larger scale cost thousands of dollars, and tens of thousands of people from all over the world go to see it once in ten years at Oberamagau. The people of Waco can see it free by the courtesy of the mission workers, backed up by the best people of the city.

This first exhibit was so enjoyed that those who heard the lecture Friday night asked the mission to repeat it. This will be done Tuesday night, and all who wish may call at the office of the superintendent, 608½ Austin, for a free ticket. The mission hall is beautifully furnished, and is fitted up with electric fans, so that it is comfortable even in the warmest weather.

The meetings continue every night at the mission hall, but the two nights of special features will be Tuesday and Friday. Everybody is welcome.

PILES CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P, Notre Dame, Ind.

MEXICAN IS ARRESTED

OFFICERS SAY RODRIGUEZ ANSWERS DESCRIPTION OF HILL COUNTY MURDERER.

Will Be Held at Jail Pending Arrival of the Sheriff of Hill County.

Believing that he is the man wanted in Hill county for murder, Deputy Sheriffs Lee Jenkins and J. M. Morgan yesterday arrested Simon Garcia, alias Simon Rodriguez. The man was found at a pool hall at Second and Bridge streets. His description, age and name are said to fit those given in a circular sent out by the sheriff of Hill county in which all officers are told to watch for Simon Rodriguez. A man by that name is wanted for the murder of a Mexican near Aquilla, Hill county.

The killing occurred Thursday night a week ago. According to the information received by the local officers, the dead man was found in a clump of bushes by the side of the road. He is thought to have been dead two or three days before he was found. A knife was the weapon used, and he is said to have been literally cut to pieces.

The amount of money taken from the dead man is said to have been six or seven dollars. The man arrested is an intelligent Mexican and appears to be well educated. At the jail last night he stated that he had been working on the Westbrook place nine miles from Waco, that he had been there all this year and that he just came to Waco yesterday in a buggy. He said he was educated at San Marcos, Texas.

The sheriff of Hill county and a man who can identify the man wanted will come to Waco today to look at the Mexican.

HONORS AT THE UNIVERSITY

Announcement Is Made of the Students Who Have Advanced Credits.

Austin, June 14.—At the Unversity of Texas commencement it was announced that the following honors had been conferred upon graduates of the institution during the past year. All of these honors are of an academic nature and are in recognition of the recipient fitness for advanced study:

Ernest Anderson, B. A., M. D. University of Texas; Ph. D. University of Chicago, has been appointed professor of chemistry in the Massachusetts Agricultural College, 1912-1913 et seq.

B. F. Pittenger, Oldright Fellow in philosophy, 1911-12; M. A., 1912, and fellow in psychology and education, the University of Chicago has been appointed instructor in the history of education at the University of Minnesota.

Thomas Holden has been appointed instructor in mathematics at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

R. A. Thompson, B. S., 1892, M. A., 1893, has been appointed valuation expert, U. S. interstate commerce commission.

Charles Grover Smith, A. B., 1911, whiting fellow in physics, has been awarded the same honor for the coming year.

C. T. Dowell, instructor in chemistry, University of Texas, has been appointed fellow in chamistry in the University of California for the coming year.

S. P. Williams, M. A., 1909, receives an appointment as fellow in philosophy at the University of Chicago for 1913-14.

Charlie Woodruf Wilson has been appointed to a research fellowship at the University of California for the coming year. She has been tutor in zoology for the past two years and received her M. A. this commencement.

Edna McCormick has been awarded a scholarship at the University of Chicago.

Rupert Winthrop Fowler, B. A., 1902, instructor in English here has been appointed to an Austin scholarship at Harvard, scholarships at Yale and Chicago.

Franklin Lafayette Masterson, B. A., superintendent public schools at Huntsville, Texas, for the years 1911-1912 and 1912-1913, has been awarded one of the Austin scholarships at Harvard.

Arnold Romberg, A. B. 1910, John Tyndayy, scholar in physics at Harvadr, has been awarded the same honor for the coming year.

Julian Montgomery, C. E. 1912, residence scholarship in the University of Illinois for the coming session.

Howard R. Thomas, C. E. 1912, has been appointed to a residence scholarship in the University of Illinois for the coming session.

W. S. Hunter, B. A. 1910, instructor in physiology at the University, received his Ph. D. from the University of Chicago at the Christmas convocation, 1912.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by Milton W. Scott & Company, Architects, for the erection and completion of a fire-proof pump station for the Waco City Water Works until Monday 8 p. m., June 30th, 1913.

Plans and specifications are now on file at the office of the architects.

The Water Commissioners reserve the right to accept any proposal or reject all proposals.

S. J. QUAY, Superintendent.

Free Music Lessons.

Several beginners wanted for our training school for music teachers. Tuition free, but $5.00 required for incidentals.

SCHIMMELPFENNIG, Baylor.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

The Goldstein-Migel Co.

Condensed Statement

The FIRST NATIONAL BANK of WACO

June 4, 1913

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$2,394,498.34
Bills of Exchange (Cotton)	9,689.64
Overdrafts—None.	
U. S. Bonds and Premium	605,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	3,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	36,000.00
5 per cent. Fund with U. S. Treasurer	30,000.00
CASH AND EXCHANGE	1,145,602.06
	$4,223,790.04

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$ 600,000.00
Surplus	150,000.00
Undivided Profits	60,727.50
Circulation	600,000.00
DEPOSITS	2,813,062.54
	$4,223,790.04

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TOM PADGITT	Vice President
W. B. BRAZELTON	Vice Pres.
R. F. GRIBBLE	Active Vice-Pres.
GEO. S. McGHEE	Cashier
ROBT. B. DUPREE	Asst. Cashier

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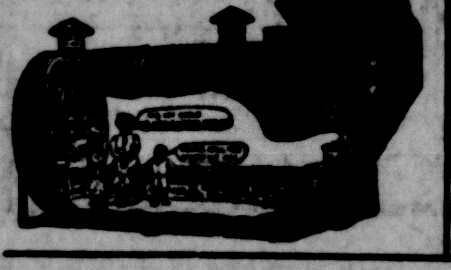

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Write for Catalog.

NEW PROCESS RFG. AND SUP. COMPANY
812 Cadiz St., Dallas, Texas.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW IN WACO.

A modern inventive achievement that brings the utility and and luxury of daily massage without inconvenience or expense to every home.

We want every lady in Waco who is interested in her personal appearance and health, to call and permit our Miss Sarah to demonstrate without expense the Blackstone Vacuum Massager. Our ladies' retiring room is specially prepared so that Miss Sarah can demonstrate and explain to you the many advantages of this massager, which can be attached to any hydrant, anywhere.

This little appliance removes wrinkles and brings the bloom of health to the face of anyone who will apply according to directions.

Come and permit Miss Sarah to give you a free treatment.

Toilet Goods Department at Morrison's Old Corner Drug Store—The Biggest and the Best in Texas.

Watch our Show Windows Today.

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS Chill TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

FOR RENT—Good Suburban Grocery; also Wagon Yard and Wood Yard well located. Also small stock of Groceries.

Hamilton-Turner Grocery Co

Are You Good?

That is the question your banker wants to know. ¶ Saving your money and becoming a regular depositor at the bank will help you to make good. It will give you credit and credit is often as good as money. Success in the business world begins with a bank account. START TODAY.

Central Texas Exchange National Bank

W. H. McCullough, President.
John F. Wright, Actg. Vice Pres.
W. W. Woodson, Cashier.
L. A. Brooks, Asst. Cashier.
P. A. Gorman, Jr., Asst. Cashier.
A. J. Peterson, Asst. Cashier.

Summer Comfort

Can be Obtained at All Times in One of Our

Mohair, Palm Beach and Crepe Suits

J. A. Loughridge

414 AUSTIN STREET—WACO

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx and "Alco" Clothes

BUNGALOW HOT WATER

Pure-Quick-Plentiful

An automatic Gas Water Heater for only $50. Think of it—an instantaneous abundance of pure hot water, for bathing, shaving, cooking or for the sick room.

Economical, Too

100 gallons of hot water for 10c.

We will install it on trial.

HILL BROTHERS & CO.

Phones 302. 705 Austin St.

Work We Do Stays Done.

The Largest Sweeping Compound Factory in the Best CITY in the Center of the Largest STATE in the Largest NATION is our happy location

Demand COTTO-WAXO— All Others are Substitutes.

Cotto-Waxo Products Co. of Texas

WACO, TEXAS

SOUTHWESTERN ENGRAVING COMPANY.

714 Amicable Bldg. Waco Tex.

ELECTROTYPES—Save in composition, wear of type and no danger of getting "pied." Send for our electrotype scale.

NEWS WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

JULIAN HAWTHORNE

FEDERAL CONVICT WRITES FOR THE PRISON PAPER HIS VIEWS.

Men of Education Feel Their Punishment More Than Do the Hardened Malefactors.

The federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., which boasts of an eight-club baseball league modeled after the National league, with all the players and umpires prisoners, has also a monthly six-page paper.

One of the writers in the latest number of this little prison paper called "Good Words" is prisoner No. 4435. Before he was merged with the eight hundred others dwelling apart from the world there No. 4435 was known as Julian Hawthorne, the writer, son of Nathaniel Hawthorne. Hawthorne, it is recalled, was sentenced to prison because of his connection with a mining company that sold worthless stock to the public.

Lamentations Could Not Help.

Writing in the prison paper under the heading "I Sentence You" Hawthorne gives some interesting reflections of the man deprived of his liberty concerning the system that has punished him, and his attitude towards society. Hawthorne says:

"On that memorable day when the judge said 'to the penitentiary,' none of us imagined we were booked for Paradise. We knew we were to undergo an experience which, however interesting and wholesome, would be unwelcome, and that upon our conduct in the premises must depend the degree of our discomfort. We had offended the moral sense of the community, and the community was taking the legal and conventional method to make us sorry for it. We might not like the method, but the state was stronger than we; and human ingenuity had not yet devised any practical substitute for imprisonment as a check upon crime. So, since bear it we needs must, our best course was to bear it and grin. Neither resistance nor lamentations could help.

"Punished and getting punished are man business; no rose leaves or kindergarten about it. To spank a child, to imprison or hang a man, is no doubt a shortsighted and clumsy way to make him better or to protect society; but something must be done and pending further enlightenment we must stick to the old way. Humanitarians have done something during the past hundred years to expose the faults of the old system; and improvements have been made, but in administrative detail only, not in the principle itself of incarceration—of isolating delinquents from association with people outside, and of herding together men of all degrees of ill doing. Law must legislate for masses, not for individuals. Many criminals are made and trained in jails, and society, therefore, is not so well protected as is supposed. But the law of God only can deal with sinners individually, and until mankind is willing to hazard its existence upon the experiment of leaving punishment to Him, there can be no vital change in its procedure.

"Nevertheless, though prisons remain, an alteration has come to pass in prisoners. This is due in part to causes lying on the surface, in part to more obscure ones. It is obvious that modern industrial development has generated many new laws, and has brought under scrutiny of the law whole classes of people who had hitherto been fearless of it. Men of honest purpose are often uncertain whether or not their conduct or their business may be beyond legal reproach, and those who are willing to take chances are prone to find themselves in trouble. These men include many persons of good education, gentle breeding and high intelligence, and hundreds of this type are now going to jail for offenses which have been in a manner created by the new-born scruples of lawmakers and the subtle discriminations of public prosecutors. A new order of prisoners has consequently come into existence; they are criminals not by innate tendency, but by accident and stress of circumstances; by novel conditions not as yet fully digested into the moral sense; and such an irruption into our jails of an unprecedented element could not fail to bring about modifications in the handling of prisoners of all kinds.

Criminal Liability Limits Expand.

"This is the simplest explanation of the greater humanity in prison management which is apparent in some jails and is recommended by public opinion in all. An ignorant and brutal thug, or a depraved and hopeless' degenerate, needs one sort of handling, and men of brains and refinement another. And when the latter class becomes proportionately numerous, the usages of the jail in which both classes are confined will by degrees change for the better.

"For though men of education who commite crimes merit severer punishment than do men who never had a chance to know better, yet their skin is far more sensitive, and a tap of the finger hurts them more than a blow of the "paddler" does the hardened malefactor; but when their misdeeds are inadvertent rather than deliberate, due to the new expansion of the limits of criminal liability, it seems plain that the weight of tribulation on them should be correspondingly lightened. But light methods with one class cannot easily run side by side with harsh punishment of another in the same institution; and the tendency seems to be to lean to the former principle in the treatment of all. It is judged now more expedient for the common good to be lenient to a savage than savage to the man who responds readily to leniency.

"Meanwhile our jails are becoming more instead of less populous; the notable increase of federal courts, and the tendency to concentration of power in the national government over the states, enables convictions to be more easily obtained. Whether or not this increased facility keeps even pace with impartial justice is a question to be solved by experience. A great body of "inspectors" and other officials of courts has been created, and they are naturally eager to justify their salaries. A system of espionage has been established so widespread as to breed uneasines in all walks of civic life. But all evils are accompanied by compensations, and if the processes to obtain convictions occasionally remind us of Russia, yet if they unexpectedly prove the means of admitting the angel of reform into prisons, they may be worth the price.

"REGISTER NO. 4435."

Buy Milam county vegetables—they are better.

We Asked a School Teacher

"Don't you believe a piano has an educational value?"

"Most assuredly," she answered. "Music is a great educational force—yet it is incomparably more needed in the home than in the school room—its great suggestive power can make itself surely felt as an aid to right thinking and right living.

"A child's education is incomparably without a knowledge and understanding of good music, and I am sure the Leyhe pianos are second to none as 'good music' purveyors.

We have for your choice Weber, Ivers & Pond, Mehlin, Packard, Kimball, Chickering Bros. (Chicago), Bush & Lane, Smith & Barnes, Schaeffer, Ludwig, Leyhe, Jesse French, Kohler & Campbell Pianos; the original Pianola Player Piano, which is made only in Steinway, Weber, Steck, Wheelock, Stroud and Stuyvesant Pianos and Leyhe Player Pianos.

All these instruments can be seen on our show-room floor. Come in and examine them for your own satisfaction. You are not forced to buy.

Remember, our prices are absolutely the lowest in America.

Leyhe Piano Co.

The Largest Piano Concern in Texas.

709-711 Austin, Waco.

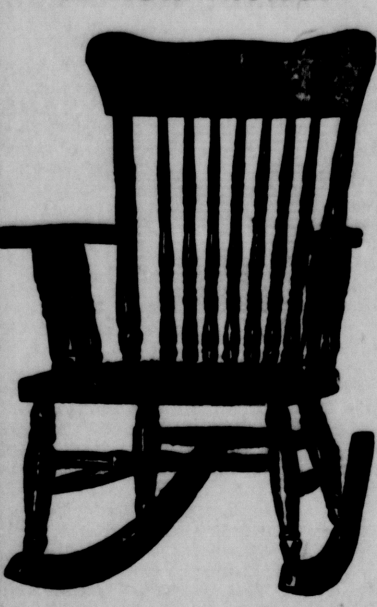
For One More Week

We are going to continue this sale for one more week, giving the residents of Waco and vicinity another opportunity to buy at the same low prices as they did the week past. Remember, you need not pay cash but can use our partial payment plan and can get the goods at the same prices as are quoted here.

Here are a few Specials for Monday

COME EARLY

A New Arrival



A carload of Rockers were just received for this occasion. We have just put them on the floor for sale. Here is a good, substantial and comfortable Rocker that sells for $3.50. We now offer for one day only **$1.95**

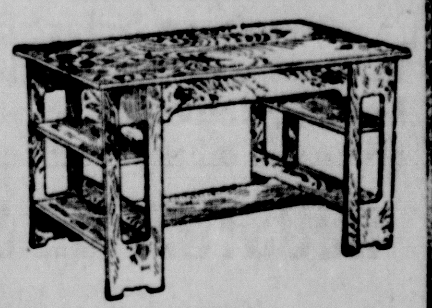
The "Sellers"

Get one now before it is too late.

We again offer this (The Sellers) Cabinet at a reduction of 10 per cent. Other Cabinets from .... **$12.75** UP

Now or Never at These Prices

Library Tables



In Mahogany, Golden, Early English or Fumed Oak, all substantially constructed and beautiful designs. A 10 per cent discount is offered on any of these Tables, and we are offering one similar to cut as a one-day special. It's a beauty—can be had in any finish. Don't overlook this $10.00 Table at **$6.40**

Stratton Furniture Co.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

Tupaco Floor Sweep

TURNER PAPER COMPANY

Jesse R. Joyner, Mgr.

Old phone 695; New phone 383

209 South Fourth St.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

TODAY.

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TURNER PAPER COMPANY

Wholesale Paper and Paper Bags.

Ask Mr. E. O. Turner or Mr. Joyner for prices.

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SATISFACTION

It's a long word—it connects our customers with our store.

One of the most important words in our language.

In business it means everything.

If there is a break in the line let us know—we'll repair it at our own expense.

Let us make your next suit, you'll be satisfied.

LOUIS GABERT

The Leading Tailor.

Do You Buy Right?

Just now is a pretty good time to ask yourself that question: "Buying Tailor-Made Clothes right" means satisfaction and not price. It means, can you wear it and feel satisfied, a suit without that feeling of satisfaction isn't bought right at any price.

Let us make your next suit. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Louis Gabert

The Leading Tailor.

HEALING POWER OF MUSIC.

Scientists Cannot Deny Its Influence as a Therapeutic Agent.

(Paris Herald.)

The oldest legends of antiquity tell us what a mysterious power the men of those days sometimes attributed to music. The songs of Orpheus and the sound of his lyre even, it is said, attracted wild beasts, which came crawling up to listen at his feet, vanquished. The all-powerful beauty of the song of this hero even softened the hearts of the pitiless divinities of Hades. M. Nitello, in an article on this subject published in "Medicina," recalls how, to the sound of Amphion's lyre, the stones became animated and came to place themselves one upon another to build the city of Thebes.

It is difficult to take these pretty legends literally; it is perhaps more rational to believe Old Homer when he says that when Ulysses had been wounded by a wild boar, music made him forget his pain. That is the first case on record in which a remedy is sought in this art.

The Greeks claimed that Esculapius was a son of Apollo. Though it is no longer possible to believe, in accordance with this legend, that Medicine is the daughter of Music, at least it is permissible to think, says M. Nitello, that they are two sisters, the elder of which sometimes gives aid to the other.

But to leave this distant period and come down to Celsi, it is seen that this doctor recognizes already the action of music on the minds of lunatics. Then this same art is indicated by various authors as a remedy for the most diverse ailments. Galien recommends it for snake bites; Athenea, Theophrastus and Aulu Gele believe in its happy influence on sciatica and gout; Theocritus and Tales see in it a means of contending against pest.

It is especially in the treatment of nervous diseases that music has given the best results. Cases of hysteria and epilepsy seem sometimes to have been cured by concerts. The attack, treated at the start, ceased and subsequently occurred more rarely and ended by not appearing any more.

For a long time past musicotherany has been employed in a rational manner. It has been used in the treatment of madmen. Esquirel organized concerts at Chareaton, but he was not very well satisfied with the results obtained. In 1840, Leuret, at Bicetre, renewed the same attempt, but also without much success. Since this period attempts have often been made to divert madmen in this way. It would appear that in the treatment of madness music has not given the good results expected. But if the experiment has not been a success it may be because music is felt in a different manner by every human being and the more so must that be the case with those who are diseased.

The music chosen must touch the patient without, however, the effect being too strong. It is also desirable that it should be "en rapport" with the troubles of which the patient complains. If his circulation is bad, music of a somewhat violent character will have an excellent effect on him. If, on the other hand, he is suffering from a stomach ailment it will increase his pain by causing contractions of the organ which is already painful.

If a convalescent is under treatment and it is desirable to rouse him from a state of torpor, it is necessary to play him a lively march, one of those which are so effective in rousing up soldiers who are tired with marching, giving them new vigor. In this case it is on the locomotor nerves that it is necessary to act, but one must influence first of all the nerves governing the sensibility.

In the case of ailments of the mind, for instance, it is first of all the nerves governing the sensibility that an effort must be made to touch. Music is at once a means of exciting the body, which has become diseased, and a diversion for the mind. To those minds which are no longer conscious of the ordinary life of the world music can still speak. It seems even as if it could put into the brains of the insane a gleam of life. It ought to be able to gather up from afar ideas which have been lost and bring them back to reason. If music cannot cure, it can sometimes soothe.

Eggs Best "Grouch" Cure.

(New York Press.)

Fish may make you brainy, but it's eggs that make you amiable, at least if we can believe the claims made for this particular article of food by a Germany scientist of note.

"Cranks, grouches, nervous wrecks of all kinds, should eat all the eggs they can possibly digest," says Prof. Stiegletz. "Eggs are the best thing in the world fo thosre whose ill-tempers make themselves and every one around them uncomfortable. They should be soft boiled preferably and eaten four times a day for four weeks on a stretch. Then the diet should be stopped and not commenced again for four or even six weeks."

And though no mention is made of whether Easter eggs in particular have any more healthful and cheerful effect than ordinary eggs taken at ordinary times, isn't it always true that "the better the day, the better the deed?"

Earthquake in Europe.

London, June 14.—Dispatches from various points in Southwestern Europe indicate that the earthquake reported today from Sofia was widespread. At Bucharest two distinct shocks beginning at 11:43 in the morning were experienced. At Phillopoli the seismic disturbance began at 11:45. Several towns in Southern Hungary were also affected. In none of these places, however, was there any serious damage.

Pure Foods

Three Things You Get at

Riley Bros. & Co.

Courteous Treatment, Good Clean Goods, Correct Prices.

1301-3 N. 6th St., Waco, Texas.

Both Phones.

STRAW, SOFT, STIFF

HATS

$2 No More No Less

Levin Hat Co.

418 FRANKLIN ST.
Between Fourth and Fifth

New Phone 1137
Old Phone 1140

Hats Called for and Delivered

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

I'LL TRADE YOU 5-passenger auto for horse and buggy or cow and difference. X, care News.

WANTED—A first-class cook, at once. Apply 614 Washington.

QUALIFIED chemists supervise the manufacture of Southern Select Bottled Beer. Our laboratory is equipped with every modern device to enable us to standardize the quality, purity and flavor of Southern Select. Every glass of Southern Select you drink is the result of scientific skill in brewing the finest, cleanest beer that can be produced. "Be sure it's Southern Select"—and you will have the best.

Southern Select Bottled Beer is put up in neat cases containing three dozen pint bottles, delivered to your home, and a credit given on empty bottles returned.

HOUSTON ICE & BREWING CO.

EUGENE TROTT, Waco Agent and Distributor

Delicious Ice Cream Sodas

Visit the "Soda Fountain" at

STETLER'S DRUG STORE

and ask for one of those

"Famous Chocolate Cream Sodas"

Our "Fountain" is new and our "Ice Cream" and "Syrups" are the best to be had. ∴ ∴ ∴

STETLER'S DRUG STORE
Eighth and Austin.

A Big Saving

Reduce the High Cost of Living

Buy United Sample Shoes and cut your Shoe Bill in Half. We have the season's newest styles in $3.50 to $6.00 Samples and Factory Cancellations.

For Men **$2.50** For Women

United Sample Shoe Stores
Upstairs—413 1-2 Austin Ave—Upstairs
Over Golding's Jewelry Store

Every Automobile Owner should have protection with Liability Insurance. Let us tell you about it.

Commonwealth Bonding and Casualty Insurance Company

R. W. SEAWELL, District Agent, 1704 Amicable.

BECKLEY & BECKLEY
THE PROGRESSIVE LAND BROKERS
WE ARE THE HOME BUILDERS
602 AUSTIN AVENUE, WACO, TEXAS.
New Phone 867. Old Phone 218.

FIGHTS BASEBALL "TRUST"

Federal League Charges the Western Union With Refusing to Send Scores.

Indianapolis, June 14.—E. E. Gates, a local attorney representing the Federal league of baseball clubs, departed for Washington tonight to lay before the interstate commerce commission complaint that the Western Union Telegraph company refuses to carry the federal league scores on its "ticker" service.

The attorney contends that the refusal of the telegraph company to carry the federal league scores is a refused to take the business. violation of the Hepburn act and demands an investigation. He declared tonight that the Western Union company had been offered pay to carry the federal league results, but had

While in Washington, Mr. Gates said he would confer with Representative Gallagher, who has a resolution to investigate the National baseball organization to see if it is in violation of the anti-trust law.

Pays Homage at Washington's Tomb

Washington, June 14.—"The homage of Brazil to George Washington," was the inscription on a large wreath of roses and orchids which Dr. Lauro Muller, Brazilian minister of foreign affairs here on a special mission, today placed on the tomb of the great American.

Sons of President Fonseca of Brazil, of Dr. Muller and of the late Ambassador Nabuco, and Lieutenant-Commander Aquino, naval attache here, Lieutenant Moreira and Captain D. A. Fonseca carried the huge floral piece from the wharf at Mount Vernon up the hillside to the tomb.

The presidential yacht Mayflower took Dr. Muller and his party, accompanied by Vice President Marshall, state department and other officials to Mount Vernon. The tree overshadowing the tomb, planted in 1876 by the late Emperor Don Pedro of Brazil, last of the royal rulers of that country, impressed Dr. Muller.

While at Mount Vernon Dr. Muller announced that he would place a bust of Washington in the hall of American patriots in the new foreign affairs building at Rio Janeiro. After having visited the Washington home, he said the simplicity of General Washington was the thing which most mipressed him.

Ambassador Da Gama tonight at the Pan-American building gave a brilliant dinner in honor of Dr. Muller, the guests including Vice President Marshall, the Pan American diplomats, Secretaries Bryan, Garrison and Wilson, Senator Root and other officials. Toasts to the friendship of the two nations, to President Wilson and to others were drunk.

RESPONSIBLE FOR INDIANS.

Government Forced to Pay Doctor Bill of Injured Red Man.

Washington, June 14.—Uncle Sam is just as much a protector and guardian of the life and welfare of his Indian wards as a parent is of his children or husband of his wife.

This principle of responsibility was proclaimed today by George E. Downey, comptroller of th etreasury, in overruling the appeal of Robert W. Wooley, the new auditor for the interior department fo ra reversal of the comptroller's previous decision approving a $900 bill of Geo. P. Sampson of Winslow, Ariz., for treating and nursing back to life a blind Indian who had been run over by a railroad train.

Charley Walker, a blind Navajo of the Leupp, Ariz., Indian school, and ward of the government, deserted by his guide and companion upon the approach of a tarin, was run over. Dr. Sampson amputated his left leg and right foot and cared for him for three months.

The comptroller held the bill a just and reasonable one.

REFUSES $10,000 FOR GIRL.

Declines to Give Up Sweetheart and Enlist in the Navy.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 14.—An offer of $10,000 if he would give up the girl he loved and enlist in the United States navy apparently has been turned down by Charles Jason, son of a wealthy rancher near Niobrara, Neb.

Two weeks ago the elder Jason left a check for $10,000 at the recruiting station here, to be turned over to his son the moment he enlisted in the navy.

The son said he would think it over but he has failed to return and recruiting officers do not believe he will claim the prize. He is believed to have gone to St. Paul, where his sweetheart lives.

SAVES POWER SITE.

Mineral Claims on Water Falls Declared Void by Court.

Seattle, Wn., June 14.—Patents to six mineral claims on the Nooksack river held by the Whatcom County Railway and Light company, were declared void today by Judge Edward E. Cushman in the United States district court and the land which includes 13,000 feet of water falls reverts to the United States government. The water power is estimated to be worth several million dollars. The government contended that the sole object in filing upon the claims was to take the power site and that no mineral deposits ever existed in them.

WILL FIGHT COMMERCE COURT.

Interstate Commerce Commission Says Its Work Is Hampered.

Washington, June 14.—The opponents of the commerce court in the house are prepared for a good fight in the democratic caucus on June 25 on the proposal to abolish that tribunal. Chairman Adamson and Representative Sims of the Interstate Commerce Commission object to any continuance of the commerce court and are prepared to oppose it as useless and destructive of the efficiency of the interstate commerec commission. They believe its duties should be performed.

CAPTAIN SCOTT'S SHIP ARRIVES.

Survivors of Antarctic Expedition Are Greeted by Thousands at Dock.

Cardiff, Wales, June 14.—The Terra Nova, Captain Scott's Antarctic ship, arrived here today from Lyttleton, N. Z., by way of the Straits of Magellan. Thousands of persons lined the quays and met the surviving members of the expedition.

The Adolphus
Dallas, Texas
A Modern Hotel With The Comforts of a Home
European Plan
From $2.00 a Day Up
ALVAH WILSON, Manager.

Vogue Toilet Waters are Favorites Among Select Ladies

Vogue in All Odors Can be Gotten at

ALL NIGHT DRUG STORE
Phones 47
205 South Third
Albert J. Buttery, Mgr.

Tupaco Floor Sweep

TURNER PAPER COMPANY

Jesse R. Joyner, Mgr.

Old phone 695; New phone 383

209 South Fourth St.

Deaths and Burials

The funeral of Emma Gallaway, aged 42 years, who died last night at her home on Peach street, East Waco, will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of her father, A. Gallaway, Peach street. Burial will be made in Greenwood cemetery.

Miss Gallaway is survived by her father, three sisters and a brother. All are residents of Waco.

T. S. Wallace.

The remains of T. S. Wallace, who died yesterday at Dallas, will arrive in Waco today at 1 o'clock on the Katy Limited. The funeral will be held from the station.

Surviving are two brothers, C. T. Wallace and W. T. Wallace, and a sister, Mrs. W. S. Leves, all of Waco.

The pallbearers are as follows: Sherman Vaughn, John W. Baker, Dr. B. B. Bray, D. A. Caufield, John Sears and Will Moore.

NOTED BRITON SUICIDES.

Angus Hamilton, War Correspondent, Cuts His Throat.

New York, June 14.—Angus Hamilton, 35 years of age, one of the most widely known war correspondents of modern times, a fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, cut his throat and killed himself in an uptown hotel today. He was a step-son of Sir Arthur Pinero, the playwright.

It is supposed that the failure of his Balkan war lectures in Canada and this city, led to his act. The management of the hotel where he resided had this morning demanded the payment of his bill.

READ

The Double Page Ad

On Pages 8 and 9

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The Goldstein-Migel Co.

TURNER PAPER COMPANY

Wholesale Paper and Paper Bags.

Ask Mr. E. O. Turner or Mr. Joyner for prices.

Jesse R. Joyner, Mgr.

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209 South Fourth St.

Plan Reception For Returning Waco Adcrafters

Monday night a meeting of the committee of Adcrafters appointed to arrange for an open-air reception to the returning Adcrafters from Baltimore Friday, June 27, will be held at the Adams hotel.

The reception will be held at either Cotton Palace park or at Cameron park. A. D. Adams is chairman of the arrangement committee.

Personal Mention

Julian Sleeper has gone to fill a pulpit engagement at Troupe.

R. R. Wilson is taking his vacation with relatives in Virginia.

Cleon Poole is in Midland.

Day Moore of Tennessee is in the city, the guest of Adrian Moore.

Shaphard Allen is leaving on Monday to spend three months in North Dakota.

Benjamin Sleeper is expected from school in Sewanee on Tuesday.

Charles Syron of the High School is in Virginia.

W. L. Perry is ill in Fort Worth.

J. Ed Brown, the cotton man, is in Rockport.

W. T. Abernathy has gone to Iowa Park.

C. T. Wallace of the county clerk's office, is in Dallas at the bedside of his brother, Tie Wallace, who is very ill with pneumonia.

TO RECLAIM SWAMPS.

Secretary Lane Asks for Law to Drain Waste Lands.

Washington, June 14.—Secretary Lane today submitted a recommendation to congress for a law authorizing the drainage and reclamation by the United States of public swamp and overflowed lands in any state or territory.

While the proposed measure is designed primarily for the reclamation of public lands, it authorizes inclusion in the drainage projects, under specified conditions of state or privately owned swamp lands costiguous to the public land or located in the same drainage basin.

Forest Fires in North.

Detroit, Mich., June 14.—Forest fires are fast assuming serious proportions in Northern Michigan and unless rain comes soon the flames may prove disastrous. Serious fires already have been reported in Kalska, Iosco and Emmet counties, but no lives have been lost and but few buildings destroyed, the damage having been principally confined to land and timber.

Actor's Wife Falls Dead.

Nantucket, R. I., June 14.—Within a short time after greeting her husband upon his arrival here, Mrs. Robert Hilliard, wife of the actor, died suddenly tonight of heart disease at her summer home in Siasconset. Mrs. Hilliard appeared in her usual health when she went to the wharf to meet the steamer bearing her husband.

Go to Colorado.

T. J. Goldberg and family will leave Monday for Colorado Springs, where a month will be spent on pleasure. During the visit in Colorado Mr. Goldberg intends to spend a part of the time hunting and fishing. Many of the principal points of interest in the state will be visited.

Free Music Lessons.

Several beginners wanted for our training school for music teachers. Tuition free, but $5.00 required for incidentals.

SCHIMMELPFENNIG, Baylor.

Attend National Meeting.

Dr. K. H. Ainsworth and Dr. M. W. Bolgin left this morning for Minneapolis to attend the convention of the American Medical Association.

Minnesota Paints—Cameron & Co.

Special Agent Views Plants.

Temple, June 14.—John D. Roberts of Washington, D. C., special agent of the department of commerce, has been here several days checking up the records of lighting and power plants for use in the records of the department at Washington, visiting a number of towns in this territory for the purpose. He left today to continue his work in South Texas. Mr. Roberts formerly resided here and also at Bryan and Houston, where he is well known.

Did You Know the Boss Was Out of Town

Our entire stock will have to move. Help us swell the business. We furnish the house complete.

Get Our Prices
We will get your trade

Ray Rowell
514-516 Austin Avenue

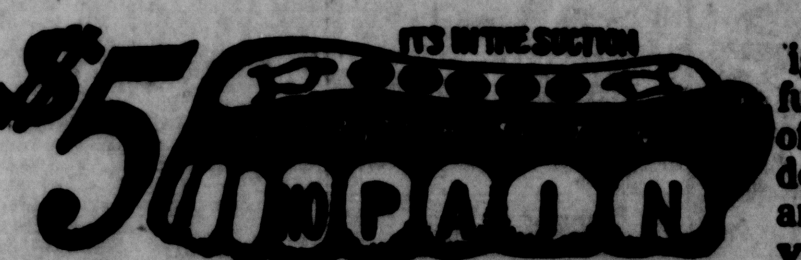
..DURABLE..
PLUMBING

When building, you build for many years—a lifetime perhaps. You desire your home to contain the best fixtures and workmanship obtainable.

Our work is done in accordance with the best methods, and your specifications will be observed so that you will need have no fear of the durability of the entire job—material, workmanship and fixtures.

E. J. VANCE & CO
Both Phones 205 702 Austin Ave.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY



We will for any legitimate purpose furnish the address of anyone we have done work for. Call and let us examine your mouth.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION

Gold Crowns, $3.00. All Fillings 75c up. Bridge Work $3.00 Per Tooth, Porcelain Crowns $3.00

WRITTEN GUARANTEE

NEW YORK PAINLESS DENTISTS

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TEETH AFFECT THE HEALTH

Cleanliness Is Necessary—Germs of Disease Get in the Mouth.

Children's teeth need care, attention, brushing, cleaning, inspection. This is the conclusion reached by the Society of Good Cheer for whom more than 4,000,000 children's teeth have been observed in all parts of the country in the past four years.

Miss Theora Carter, the founder and president of the society, has before her reports from leading dentists and doctors covering children from the age of six to sixteen. The concensus of opinion is that the mouth is the avenue for most diseases to enter the body and the gate should be more carefully guarded. Dr. William Osler, who is considered one of the world's authorities on medicine, asserts that more disease is brought about by neglected teeth than by excessive indulgence in alcohol. Dr. A. Brown Ritchie, the distinguished medical officer of the education committee of the city of Manchester, England, states that measles, chicken pox, whooping cough, mumps, scarlet fever, diphtheria, influenza, and smallpox all have for their method of infection either the discharges of the mouth, nose, or particles of skin.

S. Adolphus Knopf, M. D., in the New York Medical Journal, September 28, says that bad teeth, decayed teeth, or the loss of teeth during childhood renders the delicate system of the child more prone to tuberculosis and germ invasion. He commends Miss Theora Carter and the Society of Good Cheer for its orthodental clinic for the correction of dental deformities of poor children.

Good teeth, clean teeth, and straight teeth means health—especially for children. Dr. Albert D. Persons of Chicago says at the age of six there are four permanent molars erupting in the jaws of the child—two upper and two lower. These teeth take their places immediately back of the temporary teeth. They come in unheralded by pain or the pushing out of a temporary tooth as in the case of the remainder of the erupting permanent teeth. Many mothers think these four teeth coming at the age of six are temporary teeth, but they are permanent.

Miss Theora Carter, founder of the Society of Good Cheer, and the giver of a million tooth brushes, in speaking of these four permanent molars, says:

"Owing to the manner in which these first permanent molars erupt, it is not to be wondered at that parents in general do not realize that these all-important teeth are to be used the remainder of the child's life, but too often confuse them with the remaining temporary teeth, and when the child complains of tooth ache in one of the back teeth, the mother will try and comfort the child with the thought that he pain will soon leave, as the tooth is only a 'baby' tooth, and in a short time it will come out and a nice new tooth will take its place.

"I do not believe that the great destruction of the teeth of children has been impressed forcibly enough upon the parents. They are under the impression that the temporary teeth are of but little value and should be left to themselves and nature will replace them with permanent teeth. Little do they realize that by neglecting these 'baby' teeth the child will grow up with a grave facial deformity which will be a great handicap to their future success in the business and social world.

"It is not enough that we should have the complement of teeth, but each tooth should be in its proper place and each tooth performing its proper function. Unless each tooth comes in contact with the corresponding tooth, it is impossible to masticate the food properly. As the large percentage of crooked teeth are caused by the neglect of the temporary teeth, allowing them to become decayed, to have them extracted, for nature intended them to be removed, allowing the permanent teeth to come in their improper places, the sooner the parents recognize the importance of the proper care of these teeth and instruct the child that it is just as important to clean the teeth as it is to clean its face, the sooner this great destruction of the teeth of children will cease.

The Cause of Decay of Teeth.

There is a prevailing thought among the laity that teeth decay because of the poor construction of their teeth, but this is not true, for so-called sound teeth decay as readily as so-called brittle teeth. The enamel, which is the outer covering of the teeth, is composed of minute hexagonal rods called "enamel rods," and held together by cementum. It depends upon the coalescents of these enamel rods as to the strength or the brittleness of the teeth.

A microganism in the mouth is responsible for the decay of the teeth. This microganism will attack any surface of the teeth, and also adhering tenaciously to the enamel. After this protection has been established, these organisms secrete a fluid which in time dissolves the enamel rods and then enters the dentine, where the resistance is slight, and a rapid undermining of the enamel takes place.

If the tooth brush is brought into play and persistent use made of the same, we will arrest all decay of the teeth.

Whenever you feel the pangs of tooth ache, remember that that tooth is aching because you were negligent and allowed the microganisms to go on unmolested, where by the persistent use of a tooth brush would have avoided this excruciating pain and the subsequent pain of paying some dentist for either filling or extracting the tooth.

Facts To Be Remembered.

A clean tooth never decays.

Natural teeth are better than 'store teeth."

A live tooth is better than a dead one.

A dollar spent in time will save many times nine in the future.

A tooth brush is a necessity—not a luxury.

If we neglected our faces as we do our teeth, we would be ostracized from society.

The world's largest bucket dredge recently was launched in Scotland for use at the entrance of the Suez canal.

Discipline.

(Harper's Weekly.)

Captain Raold Amundsen, Norway's famous explorer, tells this story about a national guard encampment one summer:

A new volunteer, who had not quite learned his business, was on sentry duty one night when a friend brought him a pie from the canteen.

As he sat on the grass eating pie the major sauntered up in undress uniform. The sentry, not recognizing him, did not salute, and the major stopped and said:

"What is that you have there?"

"Pie," said the sentry, good-naturedly. "Apple pie. Have a bite?"

The major frowned.

"Do you know who I am?" he asked.

"No," said the sentry, "unless you're the major's groom."

The major shook his head.

"Guess again," he growled.

"The barber from the village."

"No."

"Maybe"—here the sentry laughed—"maybe you're the major himself."

"That's right; I am the major," was the stern reply.

The sentry scrambled to his feet.

"Good gracious!" he exclaimed. "Hold the pie, will you, while I present arms."

Remarkable Telephone Growth and Development

The best evidenc of general satisfaction and the popularity of the Independent Telephone Co. is the many new subscribers we are securing. The following are the new names added during the last five days:

1906-X—Able, W. R., res. 1316 N. Eleventh.
344 —Austin, J. C., res. 705 Elm.
1585 —Braatz, Fritz, res. 1702 N. Eleventh.
2249-2—Blanchard, H. J., res. 1210 N. Fifth.
2704 —Craven, F. A., res. 1726 N. Eleventh.
1947 —Cayce, Floyd, res. 1704 N. Eleventh.
679 —Craven, J. A., Real Estate, Primm Bldg.
1239 —Curry, B. H., res. 1414 N. Sixth.
1176 —Caldwell, H., res. Nineteenth and Alexander.
1751 —Crippen, J. C., res. 520 Dallas.
1838 —Dillard, Joe, res. 2219 Columbus.
1758-2—Diamond Institute, 1631 S. Third.
533 —Dalton, Crate, 301 Amicable Bldg.
298 —Dromgoole, T. J., res. 1607 N. Sixth.
2249-1—Dockery, J. M., res. 1324 N. Fifth.
2529 —Eastland, L. D., res. 1226 N. Eighteenth.
1107 —Eichelberger, C. S., res. 1304 Vermont.
1230 —Fanen, Harry, res. 1001 Austin.
1464-Y—Getsie, W., res. 806 S. 7th.
706 —Gates, Dr. H. W., 909 Amicable.
963 —Gross Construction Co., S. Eighth, near Katy Hotel.
1923 —Hudson, J. M., res. 1313 N. Eleventh.
1825 —Herring, S. F., res. 1235 N. Sixteenth.
2436-X—Holland, R. L., res. 1320 N. Twelfth.
2668-W—Hayter, J. P., res. 1600 N. Eleventh.
2637 —Hester, J. W., res. 719 S. Fifth.
1906-Y—Kagler, Eli, res. 1321 N. Twelfth.
1647 —Kennedy, Katherine, res. 1710 McKenzie.
1213 —Kilgore, J. C., res. 626 Garland.
1877 —Martin, Mrs. C. M., res. 1302 N. Eleventh.
2377 —Neal, R. T., res. 1517 Chandler.
1709 —Naylor, Dr. L. S., res. Eighteenth and Vermont.
2274 —Pierce, H. I., res. 907 N. Ninth.
2155 —Reed, W. M., res. 723 N. Thirteenth.
2241 —Stone, Miss Grace, 1708 N. Eleventh.
2688 —Smith, Mrs. H. S., res. 1234 N. Eighteenth.
218 —Smith, Nat S., res. 715 S. Fourth.
1292 —Stiles, J. S., res. 1717 Franklin.
2562 —Shumate, W. F., res. 529 N. Ninth.
2081 —Shackleford, E. W., res. 1013 N. Sixteenth.
1274-Y—Sims, Myrtle, res. 514 S. Seventeenth.
2436-Y—Trott, W. A., res. 1407 N. Thirteenth.
N. Eleventh.
N. Fifth.
2622 —Thompson, G. M., res. 1322 N. Eleventh.
780 -Y—Voohies, A. F., res. 1919 Forte.
1040 —Vandervoort, Mrs. H., res. 823 1-2 Webster.
1355 —Warden, F. M., res. 1601 N. Twelfth.
1042 —Williams, S. K., res. 1225 Vermont.
986 —Williamson, J. R., res. Eighteenth and Pine.
1361 —Webb, Mrs. Ida, res. 1423 S. Eleventh.
1548 —Ward, Z. L., res. 810 S. Fifth.
538 —Waco Mfg. Co., Primm Bldg.

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TEETOTALLERS IN EUROPE

Some of the Crowned Heads Refrain From Use of Wines—Some Abstemious.

Though much has been said of Colonel Roosevelt's libel suit out in Marquette, Mich., the teetotalism of President Wilson and the grape juice cocktails of Secretary Bryan, little mention has been made of the crowned heads of Europe, who are just as temperate as either one of them, says the New York Sun.

First and foremost there is the young and pleasure-loving Alfonso of Spain. Though fantastic stories have been published from time to time describing his alleged excesses when in his cups, as a matter of fact he does not drink either wine or spirits, nor does his mother, Queen Christina. Queen Victoria of Spain sometimes takes a glass of wine at dinner, and it was noticed that during her visit to the French republic she sipped champagne with the president.

With Alfonso total abstinence is not a matter of policy or principle, but simply one of taste. He really finds all wines and spiirts unpalatable, but the cellars in the Spanish palace at Madrid are famous and wine is served at every meal.

Ferdinand of Bulgaria.

King Ferdinand of Bulgaria forswore beer, wine, liquors and stimulants of all kinds some years ago on the advice of his clever mother, who he always declares was his most sagacious political adviser. Thanks perhaps to this policy his nerves are always under perfect control; he never loses his temper, never displays any sign of irritation under the most trying circumstances, and this gives him a tremendous advantage in dealing with the hotheaded races of the southeast of Europe.

Queen Emma of Holland.

Queen Emma of Holland is a rather fanatical blue ribboner, and she instilled her temperance ideas into the mind of Queen Wilhelmina. Neither mother nor daughter touches any kind of liquor on any occasion. Indeed wine never used to be served at the palace until the young queen married. Then her husband, Prince Henry, took a firm stand on the question, and after considerable discussion with his mother-in-law, as well as his wife, finally succeeded in having wine served to him and to guests.

The two queens of Sweden and King Gustavus Adolphus are all abstainers, but the cellars of the palace are always well stocked with fine wines, and these are served to guests, though at family dinners water and lime juice are the only beverages.

Dowager Queen Sophia.

The Dowager Queen Sophia of Sweden is really the influence back of this temperance of the royal family and no wine is ever served at her own table. She has for forty years been the most powerful supporter of the total abstinence movement in Scandinavia and has devoted much of her wealth as well as her time and influence to the cause. Her favorite son, Oscar, who is the chief heir to her fortune, although he sacrificed his place in the line of succession to the throne to mary her maid of honor, has for several years been the president of the Total Abstinence society of Sweden.

Emperors Are Abstemious.

The emperors of Austria, Russia and Germany and the King of Italy are not teetoltalers, but they have always been abstemious in the matter of stimulants. The kaiser indeed has done everything in his power to encourage temperance, because, as he declares, "the next war will demand healthy men; war calls for strong nerves, and victory will crown the colors of the nation which consumes the least alcohol."

The crown prince of Germany does drink, and while a student at Bonn he gave offence to the university by protesting vigorously against the drinking of an exaggerated quantity of beer as part and parcel fo the procedure of the old established student societies.

King George Takes Wine.

Information differs widely in regard to King George. It is sometimes stated that he drinks only milk and it is true that he has been seen partaking of this innocent thirst quencher, but he does occasionally take wine as well. Of course at one time in his youth he was a hard drinker; in fact, it was not until he married Queen Mary that he mended his ways and settled down to milder beverages.

It was in King Edward's day that the cellars at Buckingham palace were worth considering. His late majesty was as patircula rabout his wines as about everything else. He drank steadily, yet no one ever saw him the worse for liquor and he prided himself on being a great judge of all food and drink. His favorite hostesses were those who gave him a well chosen meal with just the right wines. He was not in any sense of the word a gourmand, but he was a gourmet, and his people rather admired him for it, just as they secretly admired him for having the best of everything all his life.

Queen Alexandra is not a teetoler and her favorite wine, which is served at lunch and dinner, is a rather heavy burgundy. Occasionally she has champagne, but not as she did in King Edward's day, when a very fine brand of champagne was always served.

At least 3,000 people from more than eight counties attended the meeting of the San Antonio, Blanco and Granite Belt Good Roads association recently held at Lampasas. Representatives were present from Johnson, Bosque, Hamilton, Erath, Mills, San Saba, Brown, Burnet and other counties. Speeches were made by Judge E. M. White of this place; D. E. Colps and A. M. Fischer of San Antonio.

A new German projectile for use against balloons ignites their gas with an electric spark on striking.

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A well ventilated, well lighted store, where shopping is a pleasure rather than a task.

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Sale of Hundreds of Silk Remnants Tomorrow at HALF PRICE

The aftermath of two weeks' busy selling is a large collection of most desirable Silk Remnants and Short Lengths. The lot includes the best selling Silk in the Department, else they would not be Remnants. To make a quick clean up of the lot we place every Remnant and Short Length in the Silk Department on sale Monday at HALF PRICE AND LESS. Remnants run from one to eight yards, enough for trimming, Slip Linings, Shirt Waists, Kimonos and Full Dresses. It would be impossible to describe the Silks in the lot, the variety is too great, for the sale includes Silk of every kind. ALL HALF PRICE AND LESS. Not a few, but hundreds of Full Dress Patterns in the lot.

75c Flouncing 43c — $1.00 Flouncing 69c

The headline tells the story in a nut shell. Spic, Span, New 1913 Embroidery Flouncing at almost Half Price

43c Five hundred yards of Spic, Span, New 2-inch Embroidered Swiss Flouncings, in all the pretty new open work patterns. Our best 75c values at 43c a yard.

69c Our best $1.00 values, many stores get $1.25 for values not near so good, and you'll readily agree this is true; 27-inch Swiss Flouncings, many Bebe Irish patterns in the lot for this sale, 69c a yard.

Wash Fabrics for Mid-Summer Dresses at Special Prices

FANCY FIGURED BATISTES—Light grounds with Dots, Stripes, Checks and Floral Patterns; our 15c quality. Special **11c**

ANOTHER NEW LINE OF FANCY FIGURED LAWNS, BATISTES AND FOULARDS—All new Spring styles. A large assortment of colors to select from for Dresses, Wrappers and Dressing Sacques. Values 10c and 12 1-2c per yard. Special **8½c**

32-INCH MADRAS CLOTH—Light ground, with checks, stripes and fancy figures, for Gents' Shirts and Ladies' Waists, all Imported Shirt materials; fast colors. Values, per yard, 25c and 30c. Special **20c**

32-INCH IMPORTED ZEPHYR GINGHAMS—In all colors wanted for Children's and Women's Dresses. Our 25c seller. Special, only **18c**

32-INCH DEVONSHIRE CLOTH—Yarn dyed fabric, fast colors, in solid Checks and Stripes. Values, per yard, 18c. Special **15c**

New Mid-Summer Shapes in Headwear for All Occasions

We direct attention to our large showing of Mid-Summer shapes and we emphasize the low prices at which they are marked. We offer remarkable values at from $1.50 to **$5.00**

Also a special lot of shapes at Reduced Prices for this week. All Trimmed Millinery at Special Prices.

A Large Assortment of Street Hats, Suitable for Travel at

Half Regular Prices

Wayne Cedared Wardrobes Afford Perfect Protection from Moths

Since its introduction by us to the people of this vicinity the Wayne Cedared Paper Wardrobe has proven its efficiency and worth. Its inception struck an entirely new idea in affording protection from moths, but its remarkable success is creating daily an increasing demand. There is no objectionable odor—only a sweet, fragrant, pleasant moth-defying odor of the forest and cedar. Made into Bags suitable for all kinds of garments and also for Lace Curtains, Blankets, Bed Coverings, Etc. Those for garments are designed to retain the apparel in its natural position, preserving the shape and thus are ready for instant service upon being removed. These Bags are air tight and dirt proof. We also have the Wayne-Cedar Paper for lining Trunks and Boxes.

Prices range 75c and $1.00 for Wayne Cedar Bags.
Price 60c a dozen sheets for Wayne Cedar Paper.

Vudorize Your Porch Make it Comfortable

The Vudor Porch Shade is the most satisfactory, beneficial and durable of any shade made. Vudor Porch Shades transform the hot, sultry, uncomfortable porch into a cool and secluded place of rest and retirement; usable for the ordinary porch and sleeping porch.

The amount of comfort these shades contribute to the home that has a porch is inestimable; they add another room—a private room, free from the public, shutting out the sun, but admitting plenty of light and air and allowing a full view of all surroundings. Durably made, painted a pleasant, lasting shade of green and they operate easily.

Width	Drop	Price
6 Feet	8 Feet	$3.50
8 Feet	8 Feet	$4.50
10 Feet	8 Feet	$6.00
12 Feet	8 Feet	$7.50

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The unprecedented demand for WHITE HOSIERY is responsible for a great scarcity—but not so with the Sanger Store. We anticipated the demand and are prepared to fill every want in Cotton Lisle Thread and Silk.

Infants' White Socks—A complete assortment of sizes from 4 to 8, in fine Maco yarns; all white, at the low price of **15c**

Infants' White Socks—In both Silk and the best Lisle Thread, white as a snow drift, all sizes, 4 to 8, per pair **25c**

Infants' Socks—All Pure Silk, in extra quality, all sizes are here from 4 to 8, the best Silk Socks made, per pair **50c**

Misses' White Hose—The fine Ribbed kind, highly mercerized lisle. A very superior quality, in all sizes from 6 to 9, the best value you ever saw, per pair, at.. **25c**

Ladies' White Hose—Fine Gauze Lisle and medium weight line, full 40 gauge, high spliced heels and double toes, per pair, at **25c**

LADIES' WHITE HOSE—Extra quality of White Gauze Lisle and Silk Lisle. Two different weights, ideal Summer Hose in white, per pair **35c**

LADIES' WHITE HOSE—The best Silk Lisle, our own direct importation. A matchless offering, outclasses all others for the price, per pair **50c**

WHITE SILK HOSE—Phoenix White Silk Hose; four pair in a box and guaranteed to wear three months and will wear longer; per box of four pairs, for **$3.00**

WHITE SILK HOSE $1.00—Top notchers in value giving. We present the best product of McCallum, Phoenix, Onyx. All guaranteed to give satisfactory wear. Per pair **$1.00**

A One Dollar Waist Sale

That Is Most Remarkable for Monday Selling $1.75 and $1.50 Waists at $1.00

Dozens of styles, every one charmingly attractive and fashionable styles, of best Voiles and Lingerie Cloths, dainty low neck and short sleeves models, also high neck and long sleeves; fronts embellished with fine Laces, Embroideries; others are tucked with velvet trimmings, also hand embroidered models. $1.75 and $1.50 Waists **$1.00**

$7.50 and $6.75 Waists at $3.59

A most fortunate Waist purchase by our New York office. These Waists are of Sheer Batiste, beautifully hand embroidered in exquisite patterns, daintily trimmed with Val Laces and Tucking, Dutch Neck, Short Sleeves, finished off with laces; all sizes. $7.50 and $6.75 Waists **$3.59**

Women's Tub Skirts $1.00 $1.50 to $10

A complete assortment of Women's Tub Skirts, in the most approved styles of the season in Eponges, Cordelines, Bedford Cords, Ramie Linen; all new features and cuts are embodied in these Skirts. Priced $1.50, $1.95, up to **$10.00**

$13.75 and $12.75 Voile and Dolly Varden Dresses $10.75

Fresh as a new rose and as stunning as can be, are these new Summer Dresses. There are many captivating new models and every one of them as clever as can be; many are elaborated with Laces and Embroideries; one model with the new Pleated Peplum New Draped Skirts. All sizes and colorings. $13.75 and $12.75. Priced **$10.75**

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In cool and artistic Summer styles, trimmed with dainty laces in Dotted Swisses, Flowered Voiles, Crossbar Muslin, Plumettes and Flowered Lawns. Shown in Empire styles, new style sleeves; matinees also shown. Priced from 98c up to **$15.00**

Eponge and Linen Suits $5.95 to $58.00 One-Third Off

All the Cutaway, Semi-Empire, Russian and Bulgarian Models, that are most distinctive, may be selected from this assortment of Suits. Cotton Eponge, Ramie, Crash and Bagdad Linen. Come in all wanted colors and sizes. All at ONE-THIRD OFF.

Summer Apparel for Misses and Women at $5.00, $7.50 up to $45.00

Dresses that will appeal to women of discriminating taste and judgment as being correct; beautiful conceptions in Dolly Varden and Figured Voiles, Striped Voiles, Pompadour Crepes and Striped and Plain Crepe Voiles. The styles are beautiful, cool and airy looking. Prices $5.00, $7.50, up to **$45.00**

$7.50 DRESSES FOR STOUT WOMEN $5.95.

Dresses for stout women, designed on the correct lines, beautifully trimmed in Tissues and Striped Crepes, in black and white, blue and white, lavender and white. Faultlessly made. Sizes up to 51. $7.50 Dresses for **$5.95**

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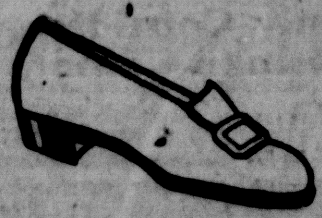

Misses' and Children's Pump and Button Oxford—In Patent, Gun Metal and Tans in both Welt and Turned soles. Prices range from $2.00 to **$3.00**

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Sanger Brothers

COL A. R. M'COLLUM

TELLS OF HIS TRIP WITH JUDGE CLARK TO NASHVILLE.

Has Hope of Vision—Must Have Another Operation in September, Which Will Be Complete.

Col. A. R. McCollum, editor of the [illegible], and Judge George Clark have [illegible] from Nashville where they [illegible] the suggestion of Judge and Mrs. Waller S. Baker, for consultation with an oculist. Col. McCollum said on his return:

"As you no doubt know, I left Waco on May 25 for Nashville, Tenn. My purpose in going there was to consult Dr. G. C. Savage, an eminent oculist of that city, with a view to probable operation on one of my eyes for congenital cataract. As you also know my eyesight has been impaired for years—all my life, in fact. The operation was performed by Dr. Savage Thursday, May 29. I may add right here that during the same time a like operation was performed for Hon. George Clark of Waco, who accompanied me to Nashville. He has been troubled during recent years with an impairment of vision by reason of a cataract, and we decided to make the trip together, which we did. We were roommates at Nashville during our stay there and returned to Waco together. I will also say, for the benefit of his host of friends and admirers in Waco and all over Texas, that in my opinion the operation or Judge Clarke's eye was fully as successful as on mine and that he has excellent reason to hope the final outcome will give him practically unimpaired vision.

Hope for Good Vision.

"I came home with no better eyesight, practically speaking, than I possessed when I left. That should be clearly understood, but I am glad to be able to qualify the statement by saying that I came home with strong hope of eventful good vision The operation performed by Dr. Savage was skillful and successful, as fa ras it went. But it did not go far as I went. But it did not go far could it do so, because there were contingencies and complications that could not be foreseen. As a result I shall have to return to Nashville in early autumn, say in September, for a final operation which will be perfection and completion of the original. That concluding operation, I am assured, is not intricate, nor as important—even though absolutely necessary—as the one undergone by Judge Clark and myself, now more than two weeks ago. I am profoundly impressed with the skill and experience of Dr. Savage as an oculist, as well as his splendid standing as a man and citizen.

"I am led to believe from some of the expressions I heard yesterday that some of my friends may have hoped to see me come home with the operation all completed, with eye glasses properly fitted and enjoying reasonably good sight. I wish that were possible, but it is not the case, and as I have told you it must be quite a little while before the consummation of the program of operation.

"I do not need to tell you, I am sure, how profoundly grateful I am for the situation as it now develops for me, holding the promise that it does. You all who have known me during my life here in Waco understand what a handicap impairment of vision was in my case. I am looking forward with confident hope to better eyesight than I have ever enjoyed in my life, so of course I am grateful. I know I can say fully as much for my friend, Judge Clark.

Had a Great Stay.

"Our stay in Nashville was of course of quiet nature, for it was spent in a darkened room with eyes bandaged; consequently our opportunities for seeing the city or meeting people were of most limited nature. But even an ordeal like that may be passed with reasonable content when passed in the hopes that were coming up in my mind all the time during those days of waiting. I think this about states the situation as it is and I feel grateful that you and other friends should feel the interest in the matter that you do and desire to know just what the situation is. Many kind messages from people in Waco—letters and telegrams came to me during the period of waiting in Nashville ,and you do not know how these cheered us because of the evidence of friendliness on the part of home people.

"I kept fairly well posted on Waco matters during my absence, for although I was in the dark physically, it was not so otherwise. I wanted to hear from Waco every day and I did—not alone in matters of letters and telegrams, but the Waco papers. We had a young man who came every morning and afternoon to read to us and write our letters, so we kept nearly as well posted as one could expect. There is no news like home news, there is no people like home people—facts that I learned to appreciate while sitting in the dark with bandaged eyes in Nashville and waiting to know what the outcome might be."

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